"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Partly cloudy; cooler to-day; fair Thursday; moderate north winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,093. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1910.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

MISS CROKER WED GROOM AT DURLAND'S

Hoboken Justice Who Performed the Ceremony Says He Kept Silent to Save Breen.

FEARED TO LOSE HIS JOB

Bridegroom Upbraids His Sister in New York Restaurant for Admitting Marriage—Then Keeps on Denying.

Facts which came to light yesterday confirmed the original statement of Samuel Engler, a Justice of the Peace in Hoboken, N. J., that he had married John J. Breen, a groom in Durland's Riding Academy, to Miss Ethel Croker, daughter of Richard Croker, the former Tammany leader. That he had performed the marriage is now admitted by Justice Engler, and in an affidavit yesterday he explained why, subsequent to the ceremony, he denied having performed it.

John J. Breen, the bridegroom, dined with his sister and a party of men friends at Healy's restaurant, Sixty-sixth Street and Broadway, last night. Mr. Breen came to the restaurant accompanied by two men friends whose names were not learned. They took a table near the door, and when they had sat there a few minutes they were joined by a young woman and a young man. It was learned later that the young woman was Mr. Breen's sister. The attention of those dining at near-by tables was first attracted to the party by Mr. Breen upbraiding his sister for an interview acknowledging his marriage to Miss Croker, which he charged her with having given to an afternoon paper. This she denied, but in the course of the subsequent conversation Mr. Breen freely discussed with his friends his marriage to Miss Croker, and found amusement in the fact that so far he and Justice Engler had succeeded in throwing the reporters off the track.

"Of course," said Mr. Breen, "she'll go to Europe and I shall stay here."

One of the horsemen employed by Durland identified Breen as a member of the party dining at Healy's, and said that every one at Durland's had known of his marriage to Miss Croker since it occurred. He also said that, contrary to what has been stated since the ceremony, Breen frequently accompanied Miss Croker on her rides in the Park, and their friendship had been the subject of comment among the Durland employes for a long time.

Nevertheless Breen denied the marriage when he was questioned, immediately after his conversation with his friends in the restaurant, by a TIMES reporter. Lifting up his right hand, he said:

"I swear to you I am not married. I did not marry Miss Croker. This is all a 'frame-up' to lose me my job at Durland's. I do not know where Miss Croker is."

Breen asked his sister, who was with him, to deny that she or his mother had confirmed the report of his marriage. She nodded her head.

"You'll swear to it," won't you?" he said, confidently.

"No, I won't swear to it for you or any one else," she said. "I think my word ought to be enough. But what's the use of denying this? The more we deny the more the papers will confirm it," she added.

"Watch me eat!" said Breen to THE TIMES reporter. "I don't look as if I had anything on my mind. Just polished off four lamb chops. You don't think I look worried? If I was a married man, separated from my wife, do you think I could eat a hearty meal like this?"

And, suiting the action to the word, he proceeded to demolish other edibles in large quantities.

Justice Engler in Hoboken made public yesterday his reasons for not informing the reporters of all the facts in connection with the marriage of Breen and Miss Croker. He said that Mr. Breen called upon him late Tuesday afternoon April 26 and told him that he desired to marry Miss Croker the next day. At the appointed time neither of the contracting parties put in an appearance, and Justice Engler thought they had changed their minds, and paid no further attention to the matter. On the following day, Thursday, soon after 5 o'clock, Mr. Breen arrived at the office of Justice Engler in the Second National Bank Building, opposite the Hudson Tunnel entrance, prepared to have the ceremony performed, with the exception that Miss Croker was not with him. Mr. Breen explained that Miss Croker was to have met him at the ferry, but had failed to do so. Half an hour later Miss Croker arrived, and explained that she had taken the Twenty-third Street ferry instead of the tunnel. Justice Engler, after taking the names of the contracting parties, their addresses, and their parents' names, and having them answer further questions, required each to sign an affidavit that their replies had been correct. When the Justice asked Miss Croker her father's name she replied "Richard."

"Do you mean the former Tammany boss?" Engler asked.

Miss Croker replied with a smile, "I think he was."

Justice Engler said he then performed the ceremony, Miss Croker holding a Pomeranian dog under one arm and the bridegroom holding another dog in a similar fashion. The couple were married without a ring.

"Have you a wedding ring?" asked the Justice just prior to pronouncing them man and wife.

"No," replied Mr. Breen, whereupon the Justice completed the ceremony without it. Immediately after the ceremony the couple presented the Judge with a substantial fee, and then departed for Manhattan by the McAdoo tunnel. Here is Justice Engler's affidavit:

My reason for holding this information from the public was because of a promise I had made to Breen when arrangements were made for the marriage, that I would not make the matter public until a record was filed with the Bureau of Vital Statistics. But the information having come out through no fault of mine, I felt that in justice to myself and all parties concerned it would be better to make the marriage public.

Mr. Breen called at my home Sunday, May 1, at 215 Adams Street, Hoboken, and said that later in the day he would call again and would be accompanied by a man. He asked me not to identify him as the man I had married Thursday, giving his reasons that if the marriage became public he would lose his job. I consented, and did deny his identity, and I have since then and until now denied it, because I did not wish to see the man out of a position, and because the bride was anxious that no account of the marriage should appear in the newspapers.

In reply to a question I asked him, Breen said that his wife would sail for Europe on May 4, and that he would stay here. He did not know whether his wife would see her father and mother while abroad.

When I was shown a picture of Miss Ethel J. Croker on Sunday last, I at once recognized it as a picture of the young woman I had married to Breen, but because of my promise to Breen I declined to identify her.

Hoboken, N. J., May 3, 1910.

I have read the foregoing account of the marriage of John J. Breen and Miss Ethel Croker, and hereby certify that it is correct in all its details.

SAMUEL ENGLER, Justice of the Peace.

Witnesses—
WILLIAM COX.
FRED. A. HOAR.

At the Croker home, 5 East Seventy-fourth Street, a young man, who said, [illegible] the eldest son of the family," declared:

"Miss Croker is out of town. Her mother also is out of town. I have nothing to say concerning any reports about my sister's marriage."

Young Mr. Croker was informed about the affidavit of Justice Engler and said:

"I have nothing to say about that."

He was also informed of the statement of Mr. Breen's mother that Breen would meet his sister in New York and tell her the details of the marriage. He said:

"I can't help what the Breens have to say."

MARK TWAIN'S WILL FILED.

Leaves Everything to His Daughter, Mrs. Gabrilowitsch.

REDDING, Conn., May 3.—Under the will of Mark Twain, filed for probate at Redding to-day, all his property, save 5 per cent. in ready cash, is bequeathed in trust to his only daughter, Clara Clemens Gabrilowitsch. The 5 per cent. cash is given to her outright. Arrangements are made for quarterly payments of interest to Mrs. Gabrilowitsch by the trustees.

Mr. Clemens remarked in his will that he took this method of bequeathing his estate to his daughter in order to leave the property "free from any control or interference from any husband she may have."

The home, Stormfield, is valued at $30,000, and there is thought to be about $150,000 on deposit in banks. No estimate has been made of the literary assets, but they will be ascertained by the trustees of the will later in the week.

The will was dated Aug. 17, 1909, and covers eight typewritten pages. It was drawn in Redding and witnessed by Mr. Clemens's secretary, Albert Bigelow Paine, Harry Lounsbury, Superintendent of Mr. Clemens's estate, and Charles G. Sark of New York. The will appoints Jarvis Langdon of Elmira, N. Y.; Zohet S. Freeman, and Edward E. Loomis of New York as trustees and executors.

When the will was drawn, a second daughter, Jean Clemens, was alive, and by the terms of the will each daughter is to receive 5 per cent. of all money on deposit in the bank at once, the residue of the estate to be divided equally and invested by the trustees and the income paid quarterly to the heirs. In case of the death of either heir without leaving issue or will, the whole estate is to go to the next of kin. In case there is issue and no will the estate is to go to that issue.

The heirs are given the privilege of disposing of their shares by will as they may see fit. In case both heirs to the estate die without issue or will, the estate is to go to the next of kin.

The will further says that his daughter Clara and his biographer, Mr. Paine, know his desires as to his literary assets, and directs that the trustees be guided by them in their disposal. No bonds are required of the trustees.

CHILD APPEALS TO POLICE.

Little Girl, Nearly Starved, Says Her Father Drove Her from Home.

A 7-year-old girl, with large blue eyes and a peaked, gaunt face, and clad in a cheap red dress, dragged herself up to Policeman Olpp of the Morrisania Station late last night and begged him to get her something to eat and somewhere to sleep. The child wept bitterly, and told him she was ill and dizzy from walking, having wandered all the way from her home, at 106th Street and First Avenue, since evening.

At the police station she told Lieut. Ivers that she was Mary Ross of 2,042 First Avenue and that she had been driven from home by her father, Michael Ross, after he had beaten her and attacked her mother and younger sister with a club. She said she did not know what had angered him, but wandered as far away from home as she could before hunger and exhaustion overtook her.

The Matron of the station examined the child, and, according to the police, found her arms and legs covered with wounds. An ambulance was called from the Lebanon Hospital, and after the surgeon had dressed the child's wounds she was turned over to the Children's Society.

A detective from the East 104th Street Station went to the house at 2,042 First Avenue, but could find no one of the name of Ross living there. A family named Russo live on the top floor, but no one was at home. The neighbors said they knew of no quarrel such as the Ross girl had mentioned.

100,500 AUTOS REGISTERED.

Poor Men as Well as Millionaries Are Buying Them, Koenig Says.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—Not less than 100,500 automobiles have been registered with the Secretary of State. That number was allotted at the close of to-day's business in the State Department to a vehicle owned by Lieut. Gov. Horace White. The number of licensed chauffeurs is more than 57,000.

If the automobile market and the rush for licenses be regarded as a barometer of prosperity, then, according to the Secretary of State, prosperity is here in real earnest. The number of daily applicants for licenses averages 250.

On this basis Mr. Koenig calculates that the weekly investment in automobiles in this State alone exceeds $1,500,000. This State to-day has more automobiles than any other in the Union and more than all the New England States combined.

"Not only the millionaire is buying automobiles," said the Secretary of State, "but the poor man, too. The records of the office show that 'the poor man's car' is in demand in all parts of the State, particularly in the rural districts."

AUTOS IN HEAD-ON COLLISION.

One Car Wrecked and Occupants Hurt; Other Disappeared.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL LANDING, N. Y., May 3.—Shortly after 6 o'clock this evening an automobile accident occurred near Garrison, nearly opposite Stuyvesant Fish Ferry. An automobile running at a fast clip to New York ran into the big touring car driven by Charles Meyer of Matteawan, who was accompanied by his mother.

The Meyer car was demolished, but the New York car sped on. The Meyers were only slightly injured. Word was telephoned to Chief Thompson of this place, who halted a car driven by G. P. Bingham of 164 West 107th Street. Bingham denied there was any accident, and was allowed to continue. He did say, however, that near Garrison a car came near running into his.

FOUR IN AUTOMOBILE WRECK.

Party Out with Chauffeur When Machine Upset in Forest Hills.

An automobile said to belong to H. S. Albers of 158th Street and Riverside Drive and operated by William Sozhizzi, a chauffeur, of 39 West Sixty-sixth Street, was wrecked on the Hoffman Boulevard, Forest Hills, Queens, last night. It is said that the steering gear broke, causing the machine to upset.

Elizabeth De Sollaux of 536 West Forty-fifth Street had her left collarbone broken. She is in the Jamaica Hospital, at Jamaica. Sozhizzi escaped with bruises and a shaking up. The other two occupants of the car were Samuel G. Lambert of Broadway and Fifty-ninth Street and Grace De Sellam of 56 West Forty-fifth Street. They were bruised, but not seriously hurt.

New, stylish eyeglasses called "Ilkit," with Bisight or Toric Pebbles. Spencer's, 31 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

ARTICLE ON BRITISH KING WITHDRAWN

Action by the Contemporary Review Causes Wonder in London.

NOTHING SENSATIONAL IN IT

Incident May Be Due to the Existing Strong Feeling Against Dragging the Monarch Into Politics.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 3.—A sensation was caused to-day by the news that the May number of The Contemporary Review, which was issued last Saturday, has been withdrawn from circulation and that a revised edition will be put into circulation in the course of a few days.

The Evening News states that this is due to outspoken criticism of the bad taste and disloyalty of certain references to the King in an article which had the place of honor in the review.

Copies of The Contemporary were sent to the newspapers for review on Friday last, but on Saturday all who had received them were requested to return them, as it was desired to revise one of the articles. Beyond this no intimation was given by the publishers of The Contemporary of what had occurred to cause the unusual step of suppressing, or partially suppressing, the review.

At the time of writing this dispatch I have been unable to obtain a copy of the suppressed number, but several persons who have read the supposedly offensive article declare that they are quite unable to understand why it should have led to the withdrawal of the review. The article was entitled "The Opportunity of the King." It opened with a fierce denunciation of the skit on "Hamlet" played by "The Follies" at the Apollo Theatre, and concluded with an appeal to the King, a good sportsman, to arrange a settlement of the controversy between the Lords and the Commons on the basis of an arrangement that would give the Liberals a sporting chance to have a majority in the Upper Chamber whenever a general election has shown unmistakably that the Liberals are in a majority in the nation.

The article generally discussed the position of the King and the extent of his discretion in Constitutional crises. The reviewers into whose hands copies of The Contemporary came in the course of their vocation appear to have returned them at the request of the publishers, two of them at least mildly wondering, after looking through the contents, what could be the reason for the withdrawal.

"I read 'The Opportunity of the King' through," said one, "and there was nothing startling in it."

The suggestion is made that the incident merely shows the ultra-sensitiveness which exists in Court circles at the moment regarding the introduction of the King's name into party politics. "It is probable," according to an English journalist who read the article and saw nothing extraordinary in it, "that somebody represented to the publishers that it was a mistake to suggest that the King should take any part in the political controversy, even in the guise of a peacemaker and sportsman."

The Daily Chronicle to-morrow will say:

"On a rapid perusal, it is impossible to detect anything which could compel the publishers to take so grave a step as to withdraw the copies sent out for review, to reprint the number, and to postpone its publication until nearly the end of the first week in the month. The article is undoubtedly written with considerable freedom and vigor, and it is, of course, possible that some passages may have injured the susceptibilities of some people who are more royalist than the King.

"On making inquiry, there does not seem to be any ground for the suspicion that the suppression of the article was due to any representation made by the King or by any courtier acting with or without his authority."

LAST OF JOHN VAN DE CARR.

Muffled Drums and a Gray Day at Hart's Island as His Body Passes Away

The boys at Hart's Island said good-bye to a friend yesterday morning. Leaving that institution does not usually suggest grief to them, but one was going who had been just and kind. Every one of them appreciated that and tried to show it.

They stood on the island pier, two long, gray lines, each hat held at the left shoulder in salute. The muffled drums and bugle sounded as the body of their Warden, John E. Van de Carr, once Warden of the Tombs prison, was carried between them upon the boat which steamed away.

The clouds which hid the sky were gray. So was the river in front of them, and the winding road over which they had just marched. Everything was gray to the boys at Hart's Island yesterday.

YALE STUDENT REBUKED.

Class Supported Law Lecturer Who Objected to His Gazing Out of Window

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 3.—Beekman Laub of New York City, a Yale Law School senior, was "called down" in the classroom to-day for looking out of the window by MacGrane Coxe of New York, who was delivering a lecture on "Bankruptcy."

Laub gave Mr. Coxe a tart reply and demanded that he apologize on the ground that Laub was innocent of wrongdoing. Coxe admitted that he had spoken too strongly, but the senior class called a meeting and supported Coxe, and asked Laub to stay out of the Law School.

SHOTLAND,
Tailor, 275 Fifth Ave.,

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with newsdealers to-day.

INCOME TAX FAILS IN ASSEMBLY BY ONE

On a Reconsideration Vote the Assembly Kills Murray Resolution.

DEFEAT PROBABLE IN SENATE

Eight Absentees In Assembly When Vote Was Taken—Perkins of Broome Won Over for the Tax.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—On a reconsideration in the Assembly to-day of the vote by which the Murray resolution to ratify the Federal income tax amendment was beaten on April 20 another defeat was administered to the supporters of that measure. The latter gained one vote and so did the opponents, there being only eight absentees to-day, where there were ten when the resolution was first considered. Nevertheless, the advocates of the measure fell one vote short of carrying the day.

So far as the Assembly is concerned, it is believed that the action to-day will settle, for the present session at least, the fate of the proposition urged by President Taft and his Cabinet, but there is nothing to prevent a renewal of the fight when the new Legislature meets next year.

On the day when the Murray resolution was first defeated, by a vote of 74 to 66, two short of a majority in its favor, the introducer served notice that at some future time he would move to reconsider that vote.

The motion remained on the table until to-day. A closed call of the Assembly had been ordered, in preparation for the battle, but so many members were absent during the early hours of the session that it was not until late in the afternoon that Mr. Murray concluded it would be safe for him to call up the motion.

There was a somewhat lengthy debate, during which the arguments advanced for and against the Federal income tax when it was before the Assembly on April 20 were rehearsed again. The recruit won over by the supporters of the bill was Harry C. Perkins of Broome County.

Assemblyman Mitchell E. Friend of the Thirty-first New York District changed his vote from the affirmative to the negative, declaring that the attitude of Gov. Hughes, who is opposed to the measure in its present form, had influenced him. The shifting of Mr. Friend and the absence of Assemblyman John Gerhardt and John J. Herrick, both Democrats, were responsible for its defeat.

In the Senate the resolution is pending before the Judiciary Committee. Now that it has been defeated in the Assembly the upper house could serve no useful purpose in bringing it to a vote there. It is believed, though, that Senator Thomas F. Grady, the minority leader, will seek to get it before the Senate for what political capital can be made of such action on his part as the Democratic leader. But it is regarded as unlikely that the resolution could pass the Senate.

When Senator Hamilton of Chautauqua attempted to introduce in the Senate today his resolution committing the Legislature to a graduated State income tax, Senator Grady accused the Republican majority of arranging for its introduction to disturb and distract both houses at a time when they were considering the Federal income tax amendment.

Senator Davis denied that any arrangement had been made so far as he knew.

"The minority leader knows more about the arrangements of the majority than some of the Republican members," remarked Senator Brackett.

TRY TO STOP BIG FIGHT.

Church Associations Enter Campaign to Influence California Officials.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—Philadelphia Methodist ministers are endeavoring to start a nation-wide protest against the Johnson-Jeffries fight in California on July 4. At the weekly meeting of the Methodist Preachers' Association a resolution was adopted which says:

Resolved, That the permission of this fight can be regarded as nothing less than a National disgrace and calamity to the moral life of our people; that the Philadelphia preachers' meeting protests against the permission of this fight, and that we invite the ministers of all denominations in the State of Pennsylvania and in other States to stir their people and to unite with us in a protest to the Governor of California against the permission to conduct this fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—The San Francisco Church Federation has decided to enter the campaign against the Jeffries-Johnson fight. It was announced that as soon as the matter was in proper shape it would be laid before Attorney General Webb and Gov. Gillett. The Presbyterian Ministers' Union has also expressed its disapproval of prizefights.

Various other organizations throughout the State have taken similar action.

COLUMBUS BOSS INDICTED.

James Ross, Democratic Leader, Charged with Bribery.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 3.—James Ross, recognized for years as the Democratic political boss in this city, and one of the leaders of his party in the State, was indicted to-day on the charge of bribery. At the same time Hamilton G. Deweese, a prominent Democratic politician, who is in charge of the building and loan department of the State Insurance Commissioner's office, was indicted on two counts for rendering false vouchers while assistant in the office of Fire Marshall Jeff Williams.

Ross was President of the Ruggles Gale Company, which furnished stationery to the State and county offices, and concerning which an expose of graft resulted from evidence brought ou at the trial of ex-State Printer Mark A. Slater. He is charged with having tendered bribes to certain officials to induce them to buy stationery from his firm.

BRETTON WOODS' HOTELS, WHITE MTS., N. H.

THE VATICAN SNUBS CARDINAL GIBBONS?

Explanation Offered of the Rebuff to Bishop Paret of Maryland.

HAD GOOD INTRODUCTIONS

And the Cardinal Asked, as a Personal Favor, That a Papal Audience Be Granted to the Bishop.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 3.—The Right Rev. William Paret, Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Maryland, has left Rome for Florence. His friends say that he was not affected by the incident with the Vatican, which is interpreted as indicating the intention of the authorities there to snub Cardinal Gibbons, who so warmly recommended Bishop Paret for a private audience of the Pope.

The Cardinal went so far as to give the Bishop six letters—for Cardinal Merry del Val, Bishop Kennedy, (Rector of the American College,) Mgr. Bisleti, (the Papal majordomo,) &c.

When Bishop Paret inquired the best way to gain an audience of the Pope he was informed that his introduction to Cardinal Merry del Val was the most important, and was quite sufficient to effect his object. He went to the Vatican, but could not see Cardinal Merry del Val. He then wrote to the Papal Secretary of State, explaining that Cardinal Gibbons had requested that an audience be granted as a personal favor to himself, (Cardinal Gibbons.)

Cardinal Merry del Val's secretary answered, regretting that the Pope was not giving audiences at that time. Bishop Paret replied that he would be in Rome for several weeks, whereupon he was informed that his Holiness "is neither a picture nor a statue to be inspected and criticised" and that the requested audience could not be granted.

The friends of Bishop Paret consider this an affront to Cardinal Gibbons.

It is reported that shortly before he departed Bishop Paret was told that he might see the Pope in collective audience amid a crowd of other persons, which offer Bishop Paret ignored.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 3.—While Cardinal Gibbons has declined personally to discuss the refusal of the Vatican to grant a papal audience to Bishop Paret, the Rev. P. C. Gavan, Chancellor of the Archdiocese and a member of the Cardinal's household, has given out a statement in all probability dictated by the Cardinal.

"The refusal to grant an audience to Bishop Paret," he says, "must have some cause behind it which has not yet been revealed. Until this revelation is made it would be only just to suspend judgment and abstain from manufacturing reasons out of whole cloth which are unworthy of the high character of the Vatican authorities. They never act on the impulse of the moment.

"It can be said without question that the refusal of the audience was not instigated by any animus against Bishop Paret as a member of the Protestant Church. All the world knows that the Pope has always granted audiences to and received most courteously Americans of all beliefs, whether lay or clerical.

"It is most unjust to attribute the refusal to any feeling against Americans. The Pope is not only not anti-American, but, on the contrary, is most friendly to America and Americans, and has expressed his good-will whenever the opportunity has been presented."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Nothing is known here of any intention on the part of the Vatican to administer an indirect snub to Cardinal Gibbons by refusing an audience to Bishop Paret of Maryland. It is suggested, however, that, while the Cardinal has always been on good terms with Rome, since the accession of Pope Pius he, together with others of the more liberal American Catholics, has not been quite as closely in sympathy with the Vatican as under the reign of Pope Leo.

Bishop Paret and Cardinal Gibbons are known to be personal friends of long standing.

AMERICAN BANK FAILS.

Private Institution In Mexico Closes and Cashier Is Arrested.

MEXICO CITY, May 3.—The Federal Banking Company, a small private American institution, failed to open its doors today. In consequence, on complaints of some of the mystified stockholders, T. Robert Crump, Jr., cashier, son of the President of the institution, was arrested, President Crump is in the United States, but is expected to return to Mexico within a few days.

Several weeks ago Mr. Crump made the statement that he was considering the liquidation of the bank's affairs. Since then it is said nearly every depositor has been paid. The failure of the United States Banking Company was a blow to the Federal bank, as Mr. Crump did not withdraw his securities from the defunct bank. The company continued receiving deposits up to the close yesterday.

The Federal Bank was organized three years ago. Its capital stock was $250,000.

SPECIAL FAMILY TRAIN.

Millionaire Sends for Children, Grandchildren, and Great-Grandchildren.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, May 3.—Evaristo Madero of Monterey, Mexico, who is said to be worth many millions of dollars, summoned his seven daughters and seven sons and their children and children's children to his bedside in San Antonio, where he has been for several weeks for his health.

He chartered a special train from Monterey to the border, and the passengers included his fourteen children, fifty-two grandchildren, and thirty-nine great-grandchildren. The sight of them did the old man much good, and the doctors say he may recover.

Señor Madero is 74 years old and is one of the wealthiest land and cattle men in Mexico. He was once a well-known politician, serving for twenty years as Governor of Coahuila. If he recovers he wants to tour the United States with his

STEAMERS IN COLLISION.

The Ligonier and Santurce Strike and a Crew Is Rescued.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Wednesday, May 4.—Word was received here early this morning that the steamers Ligonier and Santurce were in collision off Cape Cod and that the former was sinking and the crew was being taken off.

The message of the collision was received by the Scott Wrecking Company by wireless, stations having been recently established here and at Cape Cod.

The Santurce is a schooner-rigged steamer, built at Wilmington, Del., in 1898 by the firm of Harlan & Hollingsworth. She is of 1,122 gross tonnage, 225 feet in length, 41 feet in beam, 21 feet 2 inches depth of hold, and is owned by the New York & Porto Rico Steamship Company and commanded by Capt. S. T. Morgan.

The Ligonier is a schooner-rigged steamer built at Camden, N. J., in 1903 and owned by the J. M. Guffey Petroleum Company of Porth Arthur. She is 352 feet 5 inches long, 46 feet 4 inches beam, and 26 feet 2 inches depth of hold, of 2,397 gross tonnage. Commanded by Capt. Cates.

MISHAP TO THE CRETIC.

Propeller Broken—Vessel Is Going Into Dock at Naples.

NAPLES, May 3.—The White Star liner Cretic, which arrived here yesterday from New York, will go into dock for repairs to a broken propeller.

GEN. GREENE OPERATED ON.

Former Police Commissioner Suffered from Appendicitis.

Gen. Francis V. Greene, ex-Police Commissioner, is in the New York Hospital, in a grave condition following an operation for appendicitis.

Gen. Greene was taken to the hospital about a week ago, and operated on. Since then he has had favorable periods, but these have been succeeded by unfavorable ones that have caused his attendants considerable anxiety. Last night the hospital officials would give out no extended statement in regard to the patient. Gen. Greene was taken ill about two weeks ago. He consulted with his physician, who diagnosed the trouble as appendicitis.

ST. PAUL IS REPUBLICAN.

Democrats Lose for the First Time in Fourteen Years by 5,000.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 3.—Herbert P. Kelly, Republican, to-day defeated Henry G. Haas, Democrat, for Mayor of St. Paul by about 5,000 plurality.

St. Paul has not had a Republican Mayor for fourteen years. The Republicans made their campaign principally on the question of high taxes.

VIKING TREASURES STOLEN.

Christiania Museum Robbed While Bjornson's Funeral Was In Progress.

CHRISTIANIA, May 3.—While the funeral of Björnsterne Björnson was in progress this afternoon a serious theft was committed at the National Museum.

A thief smashed a glass case and abstracted between seventy-five and one hundred articles of gold, including rings, bracelets, and chains of the Viking age, of great historical value.

The thief escaped, and as yet the authorities have found no trace of him.

CIRCLES STRASSBURG SPIRE.

German Aviator Goes Round It Twice —Wins Two Prizes.

STRASSBURG, May 3.—The German aviator, Wienczlers, to-night carried out a brilliant flight in his Antoinette monoplane.

He started late in the evening from the aerodrome, four miles from the city, and passed over Strassburg, twice encircling the steeple of the Cathedral, which is 462 feet high. By this achievement he won the prizes offered by Count von Wedel, Governor General of Alsace Lorraine, and Baron von Bulach, the Secretary of State.

The aviator then returned to the aerodrome and made a safe landing.

WILL CRUISE IN THE ARCTIC.

Whitney and Rainey Hope to Charter a Sealing Steamer.

ST. JOHN'S N. F., May 3.—Arrangements for a cruise in Greenland waters next Summer are being made by Harry Whitney and Paul Rainey, who are negotiating for the charter of the sealing steamer Blothio for their expedition.

Mr. Rainey cruised along the Labrador Coast last Summer with Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell, the famous medical missionary of Northern Newfoundland and Labrador. Whitney, who spent the previous Winter hunting musk ox in the arctic, was the first white man to whom Dr. Frederick A. Cook announced his alleged discovery of the north pole.

TO GUARD SOCIETY RACERS.

Detectives Hired to Stop Thefts at Meadow Brook Meets.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., May 3.—The racing committee of the Meadow Brook Club is taking extra precautions against having members and guests robbed by pickpockets at the meet Saturday afternoon, as happened at Cedarhurst last week.

In addition to having Sheriff Foster guard all parts of the grounds, the Pinkerton Agency will have men on hand to arrest and lock up all pickpockets found on the ground and they will be kept under lock and key until after the races.

LESS BEER FOR BREWERYMEN

In Return for 8-Hour Concession Employes Will Take Only 2 Drinks a Day.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Employers of brewery workers in this city have granted an eight-hour workday, and in return the employes have agreed to take not more than two drinks of beer in the eight hours.

No wave of temperance reform on the part of the brewery management, however, is responsible, but a wish to get a full measure of work out of the employes.

Before and after working hours it is agreed that the employes can drink all the beer they want.

DEWEY'S AMERICAN WINE HOUSE.
Only half Block east of Fulton St. Sub. Station.
M. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 183 Fulton St., New York.

TAFT LEGISLATION IN INSURGENT HANDS

The Whole Administration Programme Threatened by Their Grip on the Railroad Bill.

ITS DISMANTLING GOES ON

Senate and House Drop So-Called Pool Agreement Clause—House Retains Long and Short Haul Provision.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The events of the day in both Senate and House showed that the radicals are gaining in ability to shape up the railroad bill to their own liking, and to-night the regulars, lugubriously, are prophesying that the whole Administration legislative programme is disrupted; that everything is going to smash, and that Congress will adjourn before long with nothing done.

But the insurgents are singing a different song. They have demonstrated amply their power in the House to fix the bill to suit themselves and then to put it through. In the Senate they were quick to-day to see the drift of the proposition from the regulars to drop out Sections 13, 14, and 15—these providing for control of the issue of securities, along with Sections 7 and 12, the agreement and merger sections. They say the dropping of Sections 7 and 12 is due to the vigor of their fight, and that the power which can put objectionable sections out of the bill also can keep desirable provisions in it.

There was a short conference of Senate insurgents after adjournment this afternoon to discuss plans of action for the next few days. But adjournment was so late that not much was accomplished and there will be another conference to-morrow.

Meantime Sections 7 and 12 were dropped unanimously by the Senate to-day in accordance with the agreement reached yesterday evening. In the House an attempt to strike out Section 6, the long and short haul provision, was beaten soundly. Then, after Section 7, the so-called pooling agreement section, had been amended so as to provide that rates made pursuant to an agreement between roads should be approved by the Inter-State Commerce Commission prior to becoming operative, the whole section was stricken out. On the vote by which this section was stricken out such Regulars as Sereno Payne and Walter Smith sided with the Insurgents. The situation of the bill to-night is undoubtedly somewhat perilous.

There are many predictions that no bill at all will be put through as a result of the chaotic conditions in both Senate and House. The old Regular control is gone, and the Insurgents rapidly are becoming responsible for legislative action. Nothing could possibly have demonstrated the demoralization of the Regulars in the Senate better than an incident of the afternoon when Senator Smoot, who was Mr. Aldrich's right-hand man in the tariff fight, stood up within five feet of the old leader and in a lively tilt maintained his opposition to the Aldrich proposition on the long and short haul controversy. It was an incident quite without precedent in the Senate, and there were many who saw it who declared freely that it could not have occurred if Senators Aldrich and Hale had not declared their intention to retire from Congress at the end of their present terms.

"That is where Cannon is wise," said one observer. "He is going to quit, but he will never say so as long as he is in the position of power. He will never give the opposition that handle on his supporters."

The insurgents openly are delighted with the situation, especially those in the Senate. One of their leaders said this evening that they understand perfectly the regulars' tactics in charging them with opposing the Administration measures and seeking to disrupt the programme.

"If they give us the chance," he added, "we will give them some bills that they either will have to pass or take the responsibility for opposing, and we can stand either move on their part."

To the regulars' charge of bad faith toward the President the insurgents reply just as they did on the tariff bill, that they are the ones who are standing really for the fulfillment of the platform promises, and that their amendments seek merely to make the bill vital and effective, to live up to the party pledges.

But as to what will come in the next few days there is no telling yet. There is some division among the insurgents on certain propositions. They generally are in favor of the principle of Sections 13, 14, and 15, but not of the language as it stands in the Administration bill. They want to make the control of the issue of securities effective, and hold that certain amendments to the pending measure are necessary for that purpose. Senator La Follette, however, does not regard control of security issues as vital. He is for physical valuation of railroads as the necessary preliminary to the effective adjustment of rates, and believes that is what should be sought now. But the other insurgents do not believe he will refuse to stand with them if it is decided at their conference to stand for the control of security issues.

Not much stock is taken in the prophecy of the unhappy regulars that all legislation will fail as a result of the situation. The combination is evidently strong enough to put through bills of some kind in both houses, and the real question is as to what will occur in conference. The senior committee members in both Senate and House are surely against whatever measures the combination will put through.

The insurgents see the danger of emasculation of their bills in conference, but so far have not discussed measures to procure the appointment of their own men as conferees. If they take that step they no doubt can send the measures to President Taft and leave it to him to sign or veto them or let them become law without signature.

In the Senate Mr. Elkins for the Committee on Inter-State Commerce brought up the question of eliminating the objectionable sections from the bill as soon as the morning hour was concluded. In the end this was accomplished without a dissenting vote. The actual amendment striking out the seventh section was offered by Senator Clay of Georgia, and Mr. Elkins supported the Democrats' proposal rather than give the insurgents the credit of the victory. Senator Nelson of Minnesota then called up his long-pending amendment striking out Section 12, and that was agreed to unanimously and practically without debate.

That ended the legislative progress of the day, and the rest of the afternoon was devoted to debate. Senator Dixon's amendment incorporating the long and short haul clauses into the bill was pending all the while, but when the voting was finished this afternoon Mr. Heyburn made an attempt to attach his name to the measure by introducing an amendment of his own to the same effect. His discussion on this amendment was still in progress when the Senate adjourned.

Mr. Aldrich again took the field in opposition to the amendment. He succeeded in confusing Senators Heyburn and Smoot, both regulars, though both are against him on this subject, by questioning them as to the effect of the amendment on rates should it be worked both ways. He asked them if they though that Reno should have the same rates as San Francisco from New York, and they seemed to assent. He then asked if they thought Kansas City should have as good a rate as Reno, and finally he got his opponents up against the question whether they thought the rate from New York to Baltimore should be the same as that from New York to San Francisco.

The Senate from Rhode Island declared

the proposed amendment tended to destroy the competitive system of rates that has grown up in this country, and to replace it at best by tariffs based on mileage. That, he said, was a hopeless plan and one that, if formally adopted, would have made impossible the development of the West.

"The railroads themselves recognize the necessity of giving to remote farmers a cheap market," explained Mr. Aldrich. "That is the only way by which they can reach a market at all."

Returning to the subject of the advantageous rates accorded cities on the coast as opposed to those further inland, Mr. Heyburn charged that especially favorable rates had been given to Portland, Ore., because the officials of the railroads owned real estate in that city.

"All the great cities in the West," Mr. Aldrich replied, "are great either because of their natural location or because in order to develop them and their trade the railroads gave rates that they did not give to other cities."

Mr. Heyburn replied that without his amendment the bill would not pass. The bill, he said, needed something put into it to recommend it to the country.

After comparatively limited debate the House struck from the Railroad bill Section 7, permitting traffic agreements between railroads. The amendment to strike out the entire section was made by Representative Madden, a regular, of Illinois, and was adopted through a combination of Democratic, insurgent, and regular votes, the final vote by tellers being 110 to 91. Previous to this there had been a standing vote on the amendment, which resulted in a tie, 102 to 102, but the requisite number of organization votes failed to stick for the showdown. For the first time in many a day such regulars as Sereno Payne, Walter Smith, and Hamilton of Michigan lined up against an Administration measure as it came from the committee and voted to eliminate the section. Representatives Lindin of Illinois and Anthony of Kansas, both regulars, also joined temporarily the Democratic and insurgent factions that have fought practically every section of the bill.

The House by a decisive vote retained the long and short haul clause, which provides that no common carrier shall receive a greater rate of compensation for a shorter than for a longer distance over the same route, and prohibiting the collection of any greater through rate than the aggregate of local rates. Heyburn moved to strike out this section, his argument being that it would interfere with competition. The motion was voted down 172 to 48.

Before taking up the Railroad bill today Representative Mann, in charge of the measure, endeavored to gain unanimous consent that the consideration of bills on the Wednesday calendar, the regular order for to-morrow, should be postponed and that the Rate bill should have precedence. Representative Underwood of Alabama objected to any interference with calendar Wednesday.

TAFT MAY BREAK SILENCE.

Apparently Is Suppressing Desire to Place Blame Where It Belongs.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 3.—President Taft explained here to-day that he was not sufficiently acquainted with the latest details of the situation in Washington to allow him to comment on the Railroad bill.

"But the morning papers publish an obituary of the bill," suggested one of his interviewers.

"Many obituaries are premature," retorted the President.

It is known, however, that the President has grown tired of the professions of some of the National legislators in both branches of Congress that they are for his measures, (when they visit the White House,) but who work against these same measures, according to his view, as soon as they get back to Capitol Hill. In public speeches some of these Senators and Representatives also have expressed their loyalty to the Administration, only to resort to tactics which the President regards as being inimical to the legislative measures which he has recommended.

Mr. Taft is far from having lost all hope, but it is believed that he is discouraged by the lack of support from men who nominally belong to the party of which he is the titular head. As there seems to be a lack of a working majority in either branch of Congress, the chances for the various Administration measures seem anything but bright. The President still adheres to the view that Congress should bear the responsibility for its own acts of commission and omission, and it is believed that in the last analysis he will endeavor to place the blame where he thinks it belongs.

Several times of late to those who have talked with him it has seemed that the President was about to make some statement regarding the situation, but he has refrained, evidently in the hope that matters would right themselves without drastic action on his part.

MODERN TENEMENT EVILS.

Mrs. Kelley Says Sweatshops Are Increasing and Congestion Worse.

The modern tenement of the lower east side does not destroy the sweatshop nor prevent congestion of population, according to Mrs. Florence Kelley, Secretary of the National Consumers' League and a leading settlement worker. Mrs. Kelley was a speaker last night at the Present Problem Dinner, held at the Hotel Imperial, Brooklyn.

She said the new-law tenement had been in existence eleven years, and all that time sweating and congestion on the lower east side had been growing worse every year, until now the evil was more pronounced than at any time in the history of the city. As a corrective the modern tenement was, therefore, a flat failure.

This statement from Mrs. Kelley, who is recognized as an authority on social conditions in New York and in Chicago and other large cities of the country, occasioned surprise, but it was not inferred by the audience that Mrs. Kelley believed that no improvement had been made in the sanitary standards of the new-law tenement over the old, but that overcrowding was just as excessive now as under the old law and more so.

Mrs. Kelley declared conditions would grow worse so long as the manufacturer was permitted to send work into the homes of the people. This practice had resulted in fixing a certain standard of thought and living on the east side, she said, and that standard would not be materially changed until the cause had been removed. She thought that every effort should be made to have the Court of Appeals reverse itself in the decision which permitted making workshops of homes as the chief means of breaking what she termed "the habit of herding."

She pointed to Germany and other European countries as far in advance of this in caring for large populations. In Germany, for instance, she said, the location of factories is both an advantage to the city and the operatives.

According to Mrs. Kelley, herding has extended beyond the east side. With the coming of bridges over the East River and tunnels under both rivers the east side population has flowed to Brooklyn, Queens, the Bronx, and New Jersey, carrying with it the standards of living which result in a sweated and congested population.

"You have but to go to certain parts of Brooklyn, Queens, and such New Jersey towns as Jersey City, Hoboken, and Weehawken to see the influence of the east-side tenement and the east-side standard of living," she declared. She thought it was due to these territorities, as yet less affected than the east side, to have such legislation as will prevent further growth of these conditions.

Ex-Controller Edward M. Grout spoke on the Jamaica Bay harbor project, saying some extension of the harbor facilities of the city must come if it is to withstand the keen competition of Norfolk and Newport News. He declared that what was to be attempted in Jamaica Bay had been done many times in Western Europe. It was simply converting into serviceable land what was now neither land nor water.

Whether Jamaica Bay was to be a world harbor or an auxiliary to the city harbor proper, he said, only time could determine.

Mr. Grout said he hoped the time would come when the borough would universally rejoice in consolidation, and that borough rule and the cry for autonomy would be forgotten in consideration of the best interests of the entire city.

Other speakers were Deputy Tenement House Commissioner Frank Mann, who said that congestion in Brooklyn so far meant too many people in rooms, not too many people to the acre; Irving T. Bush, and Prof. Frank J. Goodnow.

TSAI TAO PROCLAIMS CHINA'S AWAKENING

Thirst for Foreign Knowledge Is Now General There, He Tells Asiatic Society.

PLANS FOR HER NEW ARMY

It Will Consist of Thirty-siv Divisions Organized on Lines Outlined by the Late Emperor.

His Imperial Highness Prince Tsai-Tao of China, in the course of a speech he delivered at the twelfth annual dinner of the American Asiatic Association at Delmonico's last night, said that the thirst for foreign knowledge is general throughout the Chinese Empire, and that at the present moment the "old order of things is fast giving place to the new." The youthful Prince spoke in the language of the Manchus and was deeply in earnest in everything that he said. He is youthful in appearance, but this was all forgotten when, in a clear, strong voice, he began to speak, in a tongue that to all in the room, except his own personal staff, was unintelligible. Afterward Lord Li, the son of the late Li Hung Chang, who speaks English fluently, translated what the Prince had said, and then the diners, when they found out what it was all about, jumped to their feet and gave him three cheers.

Brig. Gen. Ha Han Han Chang also made a speech, in which he said that China, for purposes of defense, was now organizing and equipping an army of eighteen divisions of infantry, artillery, cavalry, and engineers, adding that the organization of this modern army would be completed in 1912. Gen. Ha is the smallest man, physically, in Prince Tsai-Tao's suite, but he has a big baritone voice, and the ease with which he spoke proved that he is, as one of his fellow-officers said, the best after-dinner speaker in the Chinese army.

The dinner was served in the main hall of Delmonico's, and was attended by some 200 members of the association and their friends. The decorations were the entwined Chinese and American flags, while the menus were in book form, the outside cover being a steel engraving of the young Prince. Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard was toastmaster. The Prince was seated between Gen. Hubbard and Lord Li, while on the left of Gen. Hubbard was Chang Yin Tang, the Chinese Minister to Washington. Others at the guest table were Col. Hugh L. Scott, Superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point; Brig. Gen. Walter Howe, U. S. A.; Col. Walter S. Schuyler, U. S. A.; Consul General Midzuono of Japan, Consul General Yang of China, Prof. F. W. Williams of Yale, Silas D. Webb, Adjt. Gen. Nelson H. Henry, N. G. N. Y., the newly appointed Surveyor of the Port of New York; Lowell Lincoln, Henry Chang, a son of the Chinese Minister; Gen. Ha, Yung Kwai of the Chinese Legation, and the Rev. Dr. John Handley.

China's Army a Benefit.

Gen. Hubbard, the toastmaster, spoke of the greatness of China and the close relations that exist between that nation and the United States. He said that all educated and thoughful Americans have no wish for the Chinese that is not for their individual and national happiness. The duty, he added, of the educated men of both countries was to increase this goodwill among all classes of citizens, and then, turning to Prince Tsai Tao, he said: "We do not doubt that the military establishment whose growth you are promoting will strengthen the Chinese Empire, and surely it will be no menace to the United States."

Prince Tsai was then introduced, and as the youthful Chief of the Chinese General Staff arose the diners arose and gave him three cheers that made him smile broadly. When the cheering stopped the Prince made his speech. When the Chinese officers and the diplomats from Washington applauded, the Americans took the cue and joined in. This is what the Prince said, as translated by Lord Li:

"I thank you for the honor you have done me this evening. I am glad to have this opportunity to meet the members of this association, for I know well that you are friends of China, men who possess an intimate knowledge of Chinese affairs, taking a lively interest in China's welfare and progress, and sympathizing with our hopes and aspirations.

"The work of this American Asiatic Association has rendered China better understood by Americans and America better understood by Chinese. One of the chief objects of my present mission is to promote this good understanding. Through the American Asiatic Association many a public man from the East has been brought into contact with prominent men of the West. There is no surer means of drawing East and West together into friendly and close relations.

"It is an encouraging sign of the times that Americans are taking a much greater interest in what is going on in China than they did a little while ago. The free interchange of views on questions of public interest cannot but be advantageous to both countries. On the other hand, we also wish to know more about other countries. Our officials and merchants are beginning to travel more and more to foreign lands in search of information and opportunities. This thirst for foreign ideas is having its effect upon the whole country. China is now passing through a great crisis in her history. The old order of things is fast giving place to the new. What we need most now is men—men able to do the work that has to be done.

"Though we have established schools and colleges in all parts of the empire as fast as we can, it will be some decades yet before we can hope to have such schools and colleges as you have in this country. Still we have made a beginning. In the meantime we intend to send a steady stream of students to your country. Thanks to the generosity of the American Government, in remitting a portion of the Boxer indemnity, China is able now to send 100 students to this country each year for the first four years and fifty thereafter. There will soon be 400 Government students in this country. These students on their return to their own country cannot but give a good account of themselves.

"It is my sincere hope that they will do their part in guiding the affairs of their country in the path of progress and reform and in binding China and the United States together with a strong tie of friendship and good feeling."

The Chinese Minister was the next speaker, and he spoke less than 100 words. He said that his mission to the United States was similar to that of the American Asiatic Association, which was to bring the United States and China into closer and more friendly relationship.

China's Military History.

Prof. Williams, who then spoke, praised both the modern and the ancient China, and was in turn followed by Gen. Ha, whose toast was "The National Chinese Army of the Imperial Guard," of which he is the commander.

Gen. Ha recited briefly the military history of China, a history that dates from the Chiro dynasty of 3,000 years ago. He then took up the reorganization of the army that is now in progress.

"China again feels the need of putting her army on an efficient basis," said Gen. Ha, "and with this end in view the late Emperor Kwang-Hsu ordered the reorganization of the War Office, to which are especially attached the General Staff of the army and the Bureau of Military Training. At the same time it was decided to organize an army of thirty-six divisions, and this work was to be completed in 1912.

"Now the Chinese Army consists of eighteen divisions, each composed of two brigades of infantry, a regiment of cavalry, and a corps of artillery, each corps with more than fifty guns, a corps of engineers, and a Commissary Department. In order to increase the efficiency of the service the Prince Regent thought best, last year, to detach the General Staff from the War Office and appoint Prince Tsai as Controller General, with me as chief officer. I need hardly add that it is the settled purpose of his Imperial Highness to use the utmost endeavor to bring the Chinese Army to the highest state of efficiency."

Gen. Howe responded briefly to the toast of "The United States Army," and told the Prince that his country had plenty of good material for the creation of an army that would maintain China against all nations. Gen. Howe's speech closed the evening.

Among those present were Charles M. Schwab, Charles R. Flint, John Foord, E. G. Grace, Seth M. Milliken, Thomas M. Orr, Rear Admiral Willard H. Brownson, U. S. N.; Capt. Henry M. Lemly, U. S. A.; Lieut. Vincent Elmore, U. S. A.; Alfred H. Fost, James Speyer, Edwin Hawley, J. Everit Macy, J. H. Poor, Stuyvesant Fish, Jr., Konosuke Seko, and F. H. Sloan.

BUSY DAY FOR PRINCE TSAI.

Policeman Hurt at Mounted Review—Lunches at Schwab Home.

Prince Tsai-Tao, Chief of Staff of the Imperial Army of China, uncle of the baby Emperor, and brother of the Prince Regent of the empire, spent a busy day yesterday. His day began with an early morning review of three companies of the Traffic Squad, which was marred by an accident to one of the policemen, and ended with a dinner given in his honor last night by the American Asiatic Association of this city. Between these two events the Prince visited the Metropolitan Museum of Art, lunched at the home of Charles M. Schwab, put a wreath on the tomb of Gen. Grant, and saw the show at the Hippodrome.

The drill of the mounted traffic men took place on the "Meadows" in Central Park. When the Prince, with his staff and escort of army and National Guard officers, reached the Meadows 115 picked men of the Traffic Squad were waiting. Besides the men who were to drill, the Police Band of forty-six members and the bugle corps of twenty-four men turned out to help entertain the visitors. Police Commissioner Baker, Deputy Commissioner Kirby, and Inspectors Walsh and Titus were in charge of the review.

Police Salute the Prince.

The squadron greeted the Prince with a salute, and then the band struck up the Chinese anthem, after which the mounted men, led by the band, passed in review. Then the mounted men formed squares, flying wedges, and other feats of horsemanship, it was while the flying wedge was being executed that one of the policemen was injured. Policeman Helmus of Traffic C was the man hurt. The horse Helmus was riding reared and fell back on him.

Prince Tsai-Tao turned quickly to Dr. Wu, his physician, who was near him, and ordered him to go to Helmus and give any assistance he could. The Prince told Dr. Wu to tell the policeman that he was very sorry that he had been injured and hoped his recovery would be speedy. Helmus told the surgeon that he was not badly hurt, and in turn asked him to thank the Prince for his sympathy. Helmus was then taken in Commissioner Baker's automobile to the Arsenal, in Central Park, where it was found that his injuries were not serious.

On his arrival at the Metropolitan Museum of Art the Prince and his party were met by Edward Robinson, the Acting Director, and Joseph H. Choate, Vice President of the Board of Trustees. Mr. Robinson and Mr. Choate escorted the Prince first to the section where the J. Pierpont Morgan collection of Chinese porcelains, one of the finest in the world, is on view. Next he saw the Heber R. Bishop collection of jades and the Hoentschel collection of decorative art, all of which Lord Li, who accompanied the Prince, said proved of great interest to Prince Tsai. The Prince also showed much interest in the Japanese art collections and the American paintings.

The luncheon at the Schwab home, in Riverside Drive, at Seventy-third Street, followed the visit to the Museum. The house was decorated within and without with the entwined flags of China and the United States. Two great yellow standards of China were displayed on the Riverside Drive front of the house, one hanging from the roof and the other just above the main entrance to the house. On either side of the flags were the American colors. Another big Chinese flag, flanked by American flags, was suspended from the Seventy-fourth Street side of the house.

Including the Prince and his suite, there were forty-eight persons at the luncheon. Among them were Chang Yen Tang, the Chinese Minister to the United States; Andrew Carnegie, George Westinghouse, William Ellis Corey, Judge E. H. Gary, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Col. Walter S. Schuyler, U. S. A.; J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., George W. Perkins, Jacob H. Schiff, Henry Phipps, Melville E. Stone, Paul Morton, William G. McAdoo, Charles A. Scribner, Frank A. Munsey, Charles R. Flint, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Dr. S. A. Brown, Capt. Henry R. Lemly, U. S. A.; Major R. S. Foster, N. G. N. Y., and Archibald Johnson. Mayor Gaynor and Thomas A. Edison sent regrets.

Carnegie Tells of China's Future.

There was only one speech made at the luncheon, and that was by Mr. Carnegie. It was a short one, and followed the toasts to the health of the Prince, the Emperor of China, and the President of the United States. Mr. Carnegie spoke of the great future of China, and told the visitors how much the world was indebted to China for its inventions, among others of gunpowder, the printing press, and the compass. He said he did not believe in gunpowder, but he did have the greatest respect for the printing press and the compass.

Grant's Tomb was visited immediately after the luncheon. The Prince put a wreath of white and red roses on the tomb. Lord Li, the son of Li Hung-Chang, put another of lilacs and lilies, while the Chinese Minister, acting for the Chinese Government, put one of orchids. The Prince and his suite were uncovered while the wreaths were being put on the sarcophagus.

On the northern side of the tomb, inclosed by an iron fence, are the two trees planted there in May, 1897, by Li Hung-Chang. These trees are over ten feet tall now. Lord Li stood before the tablet on which the names of Li Hung-Chang and Grant appear for more than a minute, while the Prince read carefully the Chinese inscription on the bronze tablet. Lord Li, when he left, turned to one of the attendants and thanked him for the care that has been taken of the trees planted by his father.

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TAFT, HOME, ENJOYS SIMPLE PLEASURES

Talks to the Loyal Legion and at Library Anniversary, Besides Unveiling Thomas Statue.

'GEE, IT'S GREAT TO BE HERE'

"Fine," He Says, "to Snuggle Up to Old Friends Who Believe You're Doing Your Best Despite Criticism."

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 3.—For the first time since a few days before his inauguration as President of the United States William Howard Taft returned to his native city this morning. As he settled himself down in a cozy chair, one of his favorites, in the home of his brother, Charles P. Taft, he turned to the company about him and said:

"Gee, it's great to be home!"

There were all sorts of outbursts from the people as they saw the President, a band of little children waving flags at him as he passed Highland Public School on the way here. At the station there were hundreds of his old friends and neighbors. As he walked up the entrance to his brother's home 4,000 people shouted a welcome, and throughout the day there were hundreds of such incidents as this.

President Taft held a conference with Wade S. Ellis and Arthur I. Vorys on the train into Cincinnati. He went to the Mercantile Library at noon and delivered an address. The occasion was its seventy-fifth anniversary.

After calling on his brother the President went to the residence of Lucien Wilson, an old friend living in East Walnut Hills, and took lunch. From there he went to the home of Jacob D. Schmidlapp and attended a reception in honor of himself and Count von Bernstorff, German Ambassador to this country. Then he made a speech to the Loyal Legion at Masonic Hall at 4 o'clock. From there he went back to his brother's home and took dinner at 6 o'clock.

This evening he went to Music Hall, where he listened for two hours to the Theodore Thomas Orchestra, which played "Judas Maccabeeus," as the first rendition of the May festival. At an appropriate moment the concert was halted and President Taft unveiled the marble statue of Theodore Thomas which will rest on one of the arcades at Music Hall.

After the concert President Taft went to the Queen City Club, where the elaborate Lawrence Maxwell dinner was served at 11 o'clock. Mrs. Lawrence Maxwell presided in spite of a broken arm which she received yesterday as she was leaving the Hotel Sinton to go to her carriage. She said this afternoon that she could stand the strain of having it tightly bound and hung in a sling. This was arranged, and she got through the dinner. Gov. Harmon of Ohio and ex-United States Senator Joseph B. Foraker were guests. Frank Van Der Stucken, official director of the association, was present also, and the President congratulated him on his successful concert, commenting especially on the singing of the boys' chorus.

Late to-night the President left Cincinnati for St. Louis, where he will be a guest to-morrow, and where he will see the Reds and Cardinals play in the afternoon.

At the Loyal Legion meeting the President, after declaring that he had been "too young to fight in the civil war and too fat to take part in the Spanish war," said:

"It is a pleasure to come to one's home, especially when you have been in Washington and have been chided gently for your shortcomings, and to snuggle up close to those who are fond of you, who have respect for you whatever happens, and who believe that, however great the obstacles are and however severe the criticism may be in other parts of the country, you are doing the best you can."

TWO HURT TRAINING JUMPERS.

F. A. Clark and His Trainer Thrown at Meadow Brook—Horse Breaks Neck

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., May 3.—While schooling a hunter for the races to be held at the Meadow Brook Hunt Club on Saturday afternoon, F. Ambrose Clark was thrown and had his collarbone broken, in addition to receiving painful bruises and cuts about the face and body, this morning.

John Hastings, who is employed by Clark as trainer, was also thrown and knocked unconscious, being brought to Hempstead in an auto before he regained consciousness. The two men had been galloping their horses over the flat and taking a few of the jumps now and then. The big bay thoroughbred which Mr. Clark was riding suddenly swerved just as he was in the wings of the jump, then quickly changed his mind and cleared the obstacle. The swerve and sudden jerk of the jump threw his rider to the ground, where he was picked up by men who had witnessed the accident and taken to the clubhouse. Hastings's accident happened a few minutes after that of his employer. His mount went at a jump full speed, and in taking off missed the distance and came down with a crash. Hastings fell on his head and was knocked unconscious. Dr. Laneheart was called and set the broken bone of Mr. Clark and brought both men to Hempstead, where Hastings revived. Hastings suffered no ill effects from his fall.

Hardly had the two men left the course when H. L. Bell, who was riding a green hunter belonging to W. C. Hayes, came a cropper in the same manner as Hastings, with the exception that Bell was uninjured, but the horse fell on his neck and head, and was killed, his neck being broken. Both Mr. Bell and Mr. Clark are members of the Meadow Brook Club and expected to ride in the races Saturday. The hunter that was killed was valued by Mr. Hayes at $1,000.

BRYAN'S DAUGHTER MARRIES.

Mrs. Leavitt Is Now Wife of Lieut. Owen, a British Army Engineer.

LINCOLN Neb., May 3.—Mrs. Ruth Bryan Leavitt, eldest daughter of William J. Bryan, was to-day quietly married to Lieut. Reginald A. Owen of the Royal Engineer Corps of the British Army, which is stationed in Jamaica. Only members of the family were present.

The Rev. Harry F. Huntington of Crete, Neb., an old friend of the Bryan family, who officiated last Summer at the marriage of W. J. Bryan, Jr., performed the ceremony. The rooms were decorated for the event with palms, Easter lilies, and lilies of the valley. Mr. and Mrs. Owen left for Jamaica.

The bridegroom, who is 26 years old, is the son of T. C. Owen, a London business man.

Ruth Bryan was first married nearly seven years ago, when 18 years old, to William Homer Leavitt, an artist nearly twice her age. She obtained a divorce from Leavitt in March, 1909, with custody of their two children, who are now in Germany.

CITY BREVITIES.

The steamer C. W. Morse of the Hudson Navigation Company, which had her piston rod damaged last week and was laid up for repairs, will resume her regular trips next Thursday, starting for Albany at 6 P. M.

K. Midzuno, the Japanese Consul General in New York, has returned to his post after an absence of seven months in Japan.

Caught between two Subway trains as a southbound train started from the Fourteenth Street station yesterday, George Law, 70 years old, of 46 East Thirtieth Street, suffered severe lacerations and contusions about the body. He was taken to his home in a taxicab.

Sheriff's jury reports pronouncing Charles P. Newton and Jennie de Grass Moniban incompetent were filed with the County Clerk yesterday. Newton, who has personal property valued at $63,653 and real estate valued at $38,880, has delusions. Mrs. Moniban, who has property valued at more than $6,000, suffers from alcoholism.

ROBBED IN THE WILLARD.

Col. Collier Awoke to Find a Thief Searching His Clothing.

Col. D. C. Collier of San Diego, Cal., who came East about ten days ago in the hope of enlisting the aid of Col. Roosevelt in the selection of San Diego as the proper place to hold the Panama Exposition in 1915, reported yesterday on his return to this city from Washington, that he had been robbed of $125 while visiting at the capital.

"I have made forty trips across the American Continent," said Col. Collier last night, when seen at the Hotel Astor, "in the last twenty years, but no one ever succeeded in robbing me until last Monday morning, when some one entered my room at the New Willard Hotel in Washington and stole $125 from my trousers.

"I occupied a room there with my friend, R. F. Connelly of San Diego. It was about 4:15 Monday morning when Connelly was awakened by a strange noise. Getting out of bed, he was startled to see the figure of a man crouching in one corner of the room.

"The burglar was going through my trousers as well as Connelly's, but he dropped them in a hurry when Connelly cried out, and succeeded in escaping from the roof before we could get at him or turn on the lights. When we finally got out in the hall the man had disappeared.

"Connelly had $75 taken from his pockets and my pockets were cleaned out of every penny. The chances are that we left the door of our room unlocked when we retired for the night, for there were no marks of a jimmy that we could find.

"I ascertained yesterday morning, before I left Washington, that the matter had not been reported to the Central Office there, so I reported the robbery myself. The police agreed to notify me if they got any trace of the thief, but as so much time has now elapsed since the robbery I think the chances of catching the thief or recovering the money very slim."

Col. Collier will stay at the Astor for several days, awaiting a reply to his cable from Col. Roosevelt in regard to the exposition. San Diego, it is said, is determined to hold the exposition in 1915, even if Congress doesn't help. Her citizens have already obtained $1,000,000, and have pledged themselves to give bonds for another $1,000,000.

ARREST G. BRONSON HOWARD.

Playwright Held In Baltimore for Jumping Bail Here.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 3.—George Bronson Howard, author, playwright, and war correspondent, who has been in Baltimore for several weeks, was arrested to-day as he was strolling downtown. At police headquarters he was told he was wanted in New York for forfeiting a bail bond and carrying concealed weapons. He was released on $1,000 bail.

Just prior to his trip to Europe last October, Howard was arrested in New York City, charged by Theodora Gerard, an actress in "Havana," with attempting to kill her. Later she declined to press the charge and went to Paris. Howard said this afternoon:

"I want it understood that I have not been in hiding, and the police could have found me in New York on my return from abroad about a month ago. I had intended returning to New York in a few days, by which time I had hoped the matter would have been arranged."

George Bronson Howard, playwright and co-author with Wilson Mizner of "The Only Law," was arrested on Aug. 21 in this city on complaint of Theodora Gerard, an actress of 46 West Thirty-fourth Street, who charged him with the robbery of a diamond ring worth $750. She alleged, too, that he had demanded a necklace worth $3,500 and, failing to get it, had threatened to take her life next night at the Casino, where she was then playing in "Havana."

Howard was arrested at the theatre, but insisted that the ring was his property. Later, the police say, he was released on bail, which he forfeited.

OVERBOARD FROM TRAIN.

Miss Freda Stepped Into Broad Channel, Thinking She Was at Her Station.

Miss Mary Freda, 24 years old, of 14 Kiley Avenue, West Arverne, L. I., unwittingly walked overboard from the platform of a Rockaway Beach train into the waters of Jamaica Bay about 1 o'clock yesterday morning. It was one of the deepest places in the bay, just west of the Broad Channel drawbridge, and she owes her life to the fact that the swift tide at that point carried her back under the railroad trestle, where she clung to one of the piles until Robert Cannon, one of the train brakemen, was lowered to her assistance by Conductor Oscar Whaley and his men. Miss Freda was hauled back to the trestle and put aboard the train to continue her interrupted journey.

Miss Freda was asleep when the train was held up in the block west of the Broad Channel drawbridge, which was open. Awakened by the stopping of the train, and believing that her destination had been reached, she arose hastily from her seat in the centre passenger coach of the train, went out on to the car platform, and in the darkness stepped into space and fell into the water.

CIGARS UNITED

Chains of stores are successful because they increase values and reduce prices. They bring the manufacturer and the consumer together. United Cigar Stores bring the cigar factory to the smoker and thus sell him cigars at wholesale prices.

This week it's a

5 for 25c CIGAR

Name—LA TUNITA

The size is Princessa.

To boost this cigar to a sale of 12,500,000 a year in United Cigar Stores very little else has been done than to ask people to try it.

A real zest peculiarly its own belongs to the Tunita.

Outdoors or indoors it "holds the fire" equally well whether smoked fast or slow. Just the thing when you can't resist that craving for the solace of tobacco—at those times when nothing else in the world but a good cigar will satisfy.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

STANDARD CORDAGE PUT IN BANKRUPTCY

Petitioning Bondholders Say Management Was Inefficient and Wasteful.

DEFICIT REACHED $602,526

Proceedings Now Said to be to Prevent Further Dissipation of Assets—Differences in the Company.

The Standard Cordage Company, which has been limping along since 1906 as a reorganization of the Standard Rope and Twine Company, was put into involuntary bankruptcy yesterday in the United States courts. The majority interests in the company, which was reorganized by a committee of which J. B. Clews was the chief factor, had previously applied to the State courts for a voluntary dissolution, and an order to show cause was issued by Justice Blanchard, returnable May 31.

The Standard Cordage Company was capitalized at $2,800,000, with a bonded debt of $2,805,373 first mortgage bonds, and $2,471,685 adjustment income bonds. It was the eventual successor, through several reorganizations, of the old "cordage trust," which had a meteoric career on the Stock Exchange a dozen years ago, and carried to ruin a number of firms, including the Waterburys.

Yesterday's bankruptcy proceedings brought to a conclusion differences of opinion among the management which have been manifested ever since the Clews reorganization. The company has been losing money steadily, and efforts have been made before this to wind it up. About this time last year it was stated that a receivership had been decided upon, but because of the refusal of some of the security holders to accept one of the Directors as receiver the matter was deferred. A committee was then appointed to conserve the interests of the bondholders, and President Wilson issued a circular holding out hope of improvement in the company's condition.

The company has not been operating its plants for some time, and in their petition the creditors allege that from its organization up to Sept. 30, 1909, the company has shown a total deficit of $602,526. At the time of the reorganization business was started with a cash capital of about $1,000,000. On April 1, 1910, the company's reports show, according to the petitioning creditors, that there was on hand in cash $130,730 and other live assets estimated to be worth between $300,000 and $400,000. It was to prevent the further dissipation of the assets of the company that the involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed. The petitioners were three second mortgage bondholders—Jacob Fleischbauer, $1,000; John Allen, $700, and Philip H. E. Neldig, $500.

Judge Holt appointed Lindsay Russell receiver with a bond of $100,000, and enjoined the company from proceeding with the voluntary dissolution of the corporation.

The petitioners are represented by Wollman & Wollman, and they are holders of a portion of the $2,471,685 adjustment income mortgage bonds. The property securing the first mortgage bonds is not worth more than $1,000,000 according to the statement filed in court yesterday, and the debts are $2,400,000 over this issue. It is also stated that assets outside of the property securing the bonds do not exceed $600,000.

The petitioners allege that the management has been inefficient and wasteful. It says:

"Ever since it commenced operations the company has lost money, despite the fact that other people in the same line have been able to make a profit. Practically all of the $1,000,000 cash working capital has been wasted, as shown by the annual statements of the company.

"Merchandise was sold at less than cost of manufacture. Prior to Sept. 30, 1908, an officer bought a large amount of hemp and failed to enter it on the books. A very large loss was made on it, and the Directors, after they discovered the purchase, did not remove the officer."

It is also alleged that the property of one of its subsidiaries in Chelsea, Mass., which was sold for $120,000, was worth very much more.

An officer of the company who is in sympathy with the action in the State courts for voluntary dissolution said yesterday that an application would be made at once to have the temporary receivership vacated.

LOCAL OPTION IN ALABAMA.

Prohibition Nominee for Governor Loses In Democratic Primaries.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 3.—Returns to-day from sixty-seven counties show that Emmet O'Neal, local optionist was nominated for Governor in the Democratic primary held in this State yesterday. His majority was 12,000 over his opponent, H. S. D. Mallory, who ran on a prohibition platform.

The following candidates undoubtedly were nominated: Cyrus B. Brown, Secretary of State; C. Brooks Smith, State Auditor; J. H. Willingham, Superintendent of Education; Reuben F. Koelb, Commissioner of Education; Lean McCord, Railroad Commissioner; J. T. Dowdell, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; John C. Anderson, Ormond Somerville, and A. D. Sayle, Assistant Justices, and Senator H. Bankhead, who polled more votes than both of his opponents.

T. P. DANIELS FORFEITS BAIL.

Charged with Fraud, Former New Yorker Fails to Appear for Sentence.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 3.—In the United States District Court to-day T. P. Daniels, head of the Bankers' Bond Company, was called for sentence on a fraud charge before Judge James S. Young at the request of District Attorney J. H. Jordan. He failed to answer, and the District Attorney thereupon moved for the forfeiting of his bond for $1,500, which was done. Later a warrant for his arrest was handed to United States Marshal Porter.

Daniels had been arrested on a warrant charging him with using the mails in a scheme to defraud. Daniels is said to have victimized persons everywhere, especially New York, where some years ago he conducted the firm of Daniels & Co. at 6 Wall Street, and carried on a bond business. Daniels claimed to be a son of Supreme Court Judge Charles Daniels of New York, and was married to a daughter of a prominent Buffalo attorney.

The Pittsburg authorities have several other charges against him.

Actresses to Receive President Taft.

The actresses who are to receive President Taft at the opening of the Actors' Fund Fair next Monday afternoon will be Viola Allen, Mme. Nazimova, Blanche Bates, Marie Tempest, Charlotte Walker, Elsie Ferguson, Nance O'Neill, Valli Valli, Louise Dresser, Hattie Williams, Jeanette Beecher, Mrs. Sol Smith, Ruth Maycliffe, Edna Bruns, and Julia Sanderson. Twelve of the handsomes show girls and chorus girls have been chosen to assist them as flower girls. It was the original plan of the directors of the fair to have the committee of actresses consist of only twelve and have them chosen by the leading dramatic critics. It was found, however, that only five of those so chosen would be in the city at that time, and so the further selection was made by the Advisory Board of the fair.

AUTOMOBILES

OUR REPUTATION for selling cars of greatest intrinsic value is YOUR GUARANTEE.

We distribute the Hupmobile, $750; Everitt 30, $1,350, and Koehler 40, Torpedo Body, $1,650.

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NEW YORK, Broadway and 54th St. BROOKLYN, 120 Livingston St.

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HARRISON FISHER

the well known artist, says:

"I have used Sanatogen since the first of the year and find it a wonderful tonic. I am recommending it to my overworked friends."

B&G Sanatogen THE FOOD-TONIC

That Iron Band Around Your Head

Overwork—subjection to continual strain both in pleasure and business—the speed and intensity with which we act—are all causes of nervous disorders.

Their first effect may be "constriction"—or they may develop as headaches, vertigo, restlessness, weariness or depression. The universal endorsement of the medical world proves the wonderful efficiency of the work of Sanatogen for just such cases.

Composed of Albumen and Sodium Glycero phosphate—it tones the entire system, enriches the blood, induces sleep and soothes the nerves. Scores of the world's famous people have voiced their sentiments in favor of Sanatogen, scores are daily finding it the world's greatest help toward health.

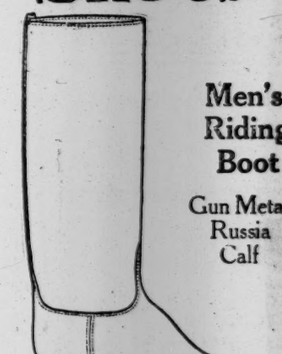
Write for Dr. Saleeby's Book "The Will To Do"

It is very interesting reading and contains some vital points about the nervous system and its relation to your everyday health that you ought to know.

Get Sanatogen from your druggist—If not obtainable from him, write

The Bauer Chemical Co., 506 The Everett Bldg., N. Y.

Hanan Shoes



Men's Riding Boot

Gun Metal Russia Calf

The dividing line between the correct and the incorrect in riding boots is so difficult to determine that it is all the more important to be certain of absolute correctness by wearing Hanan's.

Six Broadway Stores

Broadway, corner 38th St. | Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, corner 29th St. | Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
1095 B'way, near 23d St. | 297 B'way, near Duane St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

Landay Victor

400 Fifth Av (Opp. Tiffany's.) 27 West 34th St. (McCreery's side.)

OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

WINS WATER COLOR PRIZE.

Artist R. M. Shurtleff Receives Award for His Picture, "June."

The American Water Color Society, at 215 West Fifty-seventh Street, announced last night that the Evans prize of $300 for the most meritorious water color painting by a nartist of this country had been awarded to R. M. Shurtleff for his picture entitled "June." William T. Evans some time ago offered the prize to the society, specifying that it be awarded by the Jury of Selection of the American Water Color Society to the artist producing the best water color.

There is no age limit to bar out either very young artists or those of advancing years, but the one who once wins the prize is thereafter ineligible.

ADVICE TO YOUNG M

Packard
MOTOR CARS

"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"

Licensed under Selden Patent

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
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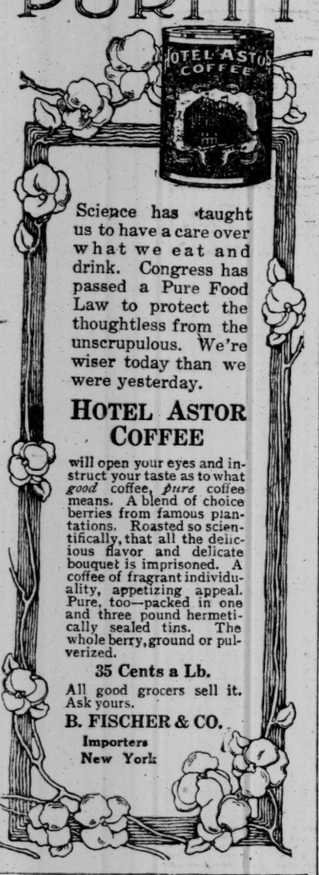

Science has taught us to have a care over what we eat and drink. Congress has passed a Pure Food Law to protect the thoughtless from the unscrupulous. We're wiser today than we were yesterday.

HOTEL ASTOR COFFEE

will open your eyes and instruct your taste as to what *good* coffee, *pure* coffee means. A blend of choice berries from famous plantations. Roasted so scientifically, that all the delicious flavor and delicate bouquet is imprisoned. A coffee of fragrant individuality, appetizing appeal. Pure, too—packed in one and three pound hermetically sealed tins. The whole berry, ground or pulverized.

35 Cents a Lb.

All good grocers sell it. Ask yours.

B. FISCHER & CO.
Importers
New York

A SPRING Clearance Sale this week. All our imported models and entire made-up stock at attractive reductions.

BERGDORF & GOODMAN CO
Custom Tailors to Women
32 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant

ONE BOHN electric fan will fill your office with a life-giving breeze all day long.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Youth Gets Good Position

Here is an example of the efficiency of The New York Times Want advertising department as an advertising medium for those seeking situations:

The New York Times:

The advertisement I inserted in the Situation Wanted column of The Times was the means of my obtaining a good position with an excellent firm. I am grateful and I advise any one seeking a situation to advertise in The New York Times.
GEORGE KRASKIN,
1-3 Willett St.

Here is the advertisement:

BOY, 16, desires position with a reliable firm; can furnish best of references; has attended high school; ambitious, reliable, and willing. George Kraskin, 1-3 Willett St., city.

When you seek a situation advertise in the newspaper which is read by high-class employers.

The New York Times has a daily circulation exceeding 175,000 copies and is read by more employers than any other New York newspaper.

Go to any advertising agency or telephone 1000 Bryant.

The New York Times.
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

NEW REPORT TO-DAY ON QUEENS GRAFT

Commissioner Will Submit Evidence to Gaynor Showing Corruption in the Borough.

TWO CHECKS IN QUESTION

Witnesses Say They Did Not Go to the Proper Inspectors, but to Gresser Men.

Raymond B. Fosdick, Commissioner of Accounts, to-day will submit to Mayor Gaynor his second report on the existence of graft in the government of Queens County.

This report, supplementing a presentation of testimony purporting to connect Borough President Lawrence Gresser with the corrupt actions of heads of departments appointed by him, will be corroborative and cumulative in nature. Like its predecessor, it will deal with Gresser, and it is said that it will show conditions in Queens to have been worse in recent years than in Manhattan, the Bronx, or Brooklyn.

Commissioner Fosdick examined nearly a score of witnesses yesterday, among them being Justice Alfred Denton of the Third Municipal Court of Queens, who was formerly Commissioner of Public Works under Gresser, and is now said to rank with ex-Sheriff Herbert Harvey as a political boss.

Denton was called to corroborate evidence given by Joseph Nelson, the deposed clerk of the Sewer Department, who threatened when thrown overboard as the graft ring began to feel the pressure of the storm, to drag after him all those who let him go.

Failing to obtain from the Citizen's Committee a promise of immunity in return for a confession, Nelson finally went before Commissioner Fosdick, who accepted an affidavit from him and set about to get corroborative evidence.

Until yesterday Commissioner Fosdick made but little progress, as Gustave Newman, his star witness, refused to say when under oath the things that would be necessary to complete the chain of evidence given by other witnesses and furnish complete corroboration.

Newman testified that he had been asked in Borough Hall to sign an Inspector's report on a sewer connection that he had never seen made, and for which $50 had been collected and diverted, it was charged, into President Gresser's campaign fund. But when it came to the point of telling who it was asked him to sign the report, and who it was that afterward begged him on his knees not to make the matter public, Newman wilted.

His lawyer at that hearing was Municipal Court Justice Denton, the star witness of yesterday, and when he in his turn was asked to give the testimony Newman had refused, he declined on the ground that, while he knew who the public official was, he was not at liberty to tell, since he learned it in the confidential relationship between a lawyer and his client.

An Inspection Check.

Denton's testimony of yesterday forms the feature, it is said, of to-day's report. It was not, however, on the matter of the fifty-dollar inspection check and the manner in which it passed into campaign funds instead of being disbursed to a bona fide employe, but upon another item of misdirected collections, which Nelson described in a second affidavit, and on which the witnesses of yesterday were examined.

Commissioner Fosdick described Denton's testimony last night as highly satisfactory to him. It was said that he was a reluctant witness, but when pressed in cross-examination he gave answers embracing the information that the Commissioner sought.

The item forming the basis of to-day's report has to do with a fee of $96 which Nelson says he paid to one man on the order of Cornelius Burke, Superintendent of Sewers, only to find that Gresser wished to have it paid to another, whereupon the check was recalled and a duplicate issued to the second man, and paid. It was to cover inspection work actually done by neither of the men, but by a regular city employe who prepared the report ready for the signature of the man Gresser wished to receive the money.

Nelson's affidavit covering the case sets forth that during the Summer of 1909 a sewer was constructed at Bayswater, Far Rockaway, and a sum of money was deposited with Nelson to be paid out as salary to an Inspector.

"At the request of Cornelius Burke," Superintendent of the department," the affidavit continues, "I sent an employe of the Sewer Department who was on the department's pay roll, to act as an Inspector, and he handed in reports to me in his own handwriting, but unsigned.

"At the end of four weeks Mr. Burke, the Superintendent, took the reports, and in the course of a day or two handed them back with affidavits signed by one Thomas Brown to the effect that Brown had performed the inspection work mentioned in the report at the direction of the Superintendent of Sewers. I then gave him a check drawn to the order of Thomas Brown for the amount of the inspection fees, namely, $96.

Called to See Gresser.

"Within a day or two after this I was called to Mr. Gresser's office and he [Gresser] asked me what I had done with the money deposited with me to cover inspection fees on the work in question. I told him I had given it to Mr. Burke by check drawn to the order of Thomas Brown. Present at this conversation were Mr. Burke and John M. Cragen, then secretary to the Borough President.

"Gresser's reply was to the effect that they had no right to appoint an Inspector on this work, as he had already appointed one, whereupon under the direction of the Borough President the check drawn to the order of Thomas Brown was returned to me and destroyed and a new check for the same amount was made out to the order of one Kreuscher.

"I have the original report of the man whom I sent to do the inspection work, also the affidavits which Brown made. The reports submitted to the department by Kreuscher are copies of the original, and I do not believe that Kreuscher ever did any real inspection work. I have made a search and have been unable to locate Thomas Brown."

Nelson was recalled yesterday to be questioned in connection with this supplementary affidavit, after Justice Denton and others had testified. It was said that one of the bogus Inspectors had been located, and under cross-examination had made a corroborative confession. He started out with the assertion that he actually did the inspection work, but when asked to sign his name so that it could be compared with the name signed to the report, he broke down, according to one report, and told the whole story of his service as a dummy for work done by others, or not done at all.

From John Cassidy, formerly an employe of the Highway Department, who was summoned to appear this morning before Commissioner Fosdick, the Commissioner expects to hear a story of what became of the stones from a causeway built at the city's expense, and afterward hauled away to become portions of material used in contracting jobs done by the favored Queens ring.

Unofficial reports have it that Cassidy, who is said not to be related to the Queens boss of that name, knows who gave the order for the removal of the city's stone and what city teams hauled it to the sites where it now does duty, it is said, as paving in a church yard, foundation stone in one of the largest Queens houses, and as ornamental pillars in an automobile garage in one of the largest of the Queens villages.

Outside of the direct interest in the developments expected from Commissioner Fosdick's office to-day, citizens in Queens yesterday were most interested in the sudden rush of suspected residents to take Summer vacations. Many familiar faces were reported missing, while rumors spread that several had gone to Philadelphia, others to Europe, and some to Florida to spend the heated season. Herbert Harvey, the ex-Sheriff, who assisted Gresser in his last campaign, will be a witness before Commissioner Fosdick within a few days.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY
MADISON SQUARE, NEW YORK
B'way & Lispenard St. B'way & 72d St.

Mercantile and Personal Accounts received subject to check or on Certificate of Deposit. Interest paid on daily balances.

CHARLES KATZ SENTENCED.

Man Convicted in Windsor Trust Case Bailed Pending Appeal.

Charles Katz, found guilty of grand larceny in the first degree for his share in the Windsor Trust frauds of last Summer, was sentenced by Supreme Court Justice Marcus yesterday to hard labor in State Prison for not less than three years nor more than seven years. On motion of his counsel, John F. McIntyre, he obtained a certificate of reasonable doubt, and was released in $35,000 bail pending the decision of the Appellate Division.

Katz seemed ill and dejected when he was brought to the bar yesterday, a strong contrast to the affable man who has become a familiar figure in the Criminal Courts Building in the last month. It was said that until the last moment it never occurred to him that the jury would convict him.

The reasonable doubt in the mind of Justice Marcus is based on a possible legal defect in the indictment, which charges plain larceny, without reference to the fact that Katz acted in concert with others. The District Attorney does not consider the contention a sound one, and the motion was opposed. It was granted only after a long conference in Justice Marcus's chambers. The defect, if it be a defect, was corrected in the indictment found against Leonard J. Field.

MARRIN FACES GRAND JURY.

Investigating His Fast Wire Service in Bucket Shop Crusade.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The establishment of a direct connection with the Marrin "fast wire service" by one of the leading wire concerns of the country seems to be object of the inquiry now pending before the Grand Jury, which to-day continued its investigation of the methods of acquiring stock quotations by bucketshops.

Five officials of the Western Union gave evidence to the Grand Jury and were followed by Frank Maier and Thomas Marrin, who are said to have owned the Marrin service, and by three operators of the fast wire.

The officials would not tell what they had testified to, but it is understood they aided the investigators.

By the testimony of Moier and Marrin Special Assistant Attorney General Bielaski expects to establish that their fast service was furnished to bucketshops ahead of the ticker service. They will be asked to explain the origin of their information. Through the operators the Government hopes to show that this information was not the result of wire tapping.

The reported leak of New York Stock Exchange quotations to bucket shops through a member was denied to day by W. E. Bishop, the official investigator of the Exchange, who also will testify before the Grand Jury.

The Consolidated Exchange authorities have called to account Thomas Marrin, whose wire headquarters in Mongomery Street, Jersey City, were raided on Saturday by the Federal authorities. He has been summoned to appear before the Ways and Means Committee of the Exchange.

Although Marrin has been a member of the Exchange since 1888 he has not appeared on the floor in the memory of any of the present active members, and when the news of the raid was published the Governors were not able to say whether he was a member until they had consulted the Exchange directory.

LAWYER GUILTY OF FORGERY.

Doellinger Caught in Philadelphia Lecturing in a Moving-Picture Show.

Henry A. Doellinger, once a lawyer in this city, pleaded guilty in General Sessions yesterday to forgery in the first degree. It is three years since he fled this jurisdiction, under indictment, together with his wife, for mortgaging some property of which his wife, by means of false signatures, was held forth as the owner.

Mrs. Doellinger was convicted and released on suspended sentence, but it was not until a few weeks ago that Detective Rayens traced the husband to Philadelphia, where Detective Flood arrested him in a moving picture show as he was delivering an interesting lecture on the Passion Play.

He will be sentenced on May 13 by Judge Crain.

DIED OF RARE DISEASE.

Man Who Lost His Memory Had a Form of Meningitis.

An autopsy was performed yesterday on the man who died in St. Joseph's Hospital in Yonkers Sunday afternoon, living for three weeks with his mind a total blank as to his past. It was found that death had been due to a rare form of meningitis which had so affected the man's brain as to destroy his memory while not impairing his other mental faculties. The man has not been identified.

For ten days he was in a state of coma at the hospital. Then he recovered consciousness, but his memory was gone and he couldn't tell who he was. There were no papers or letters in his clothing to identify him. An hour before he died he wrote on a sheet of paper that his name was Otto Gable. Scores of persons have called at the hospital to view the body, but none has identified the man.

NOT AFTER WEALTHY BRIDE.

Prince del Drago Says His Brother Doesn't Seek American Heiress.

Prince and Princess Giovanni del Drago arrived yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., to visit Newport friends of the Princess, who was Mrs. Schmidt, the widow of the millionaire proprietor of the Lion Brewery.

The Prince said that there was no truth in the report which had been cabled from Paris that Prince Francesco del Drago, his elderly brother, sought a rich bride.

Value of Imports Still Going Up.

A report issued yesterday by George W. Wanmaker, Appraiser of the Port, shows that in April foreign merchandise to the appraised value of $81,215,723 was received. In April, 1909, the values were stated to be $78,725,064, while in the previous year the record was put at $55,115,660. The appraised value of precious stones and pearls for April was $2,811,132, as compared with $2,418,242 in April, 1909. One hundred and thirty-eight automobiles, appraised at $277,250, were imported in April, in comparison with 172 cars, appraised at $315,662, in April, 1909.

Newfoundland Sealers Catch 320,000.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 3.—With the last of the Newfoundland sealing fleet safe in port, the year's total catch of seals amounts to 320,000, an unusually large number. The steamer Aurora, which was reported missing, arrived last night with a catch of 11,000 seals. The Aurora had been cruising along the cost of Northern Labrador, and for that reason was not reported by other vessels.

JERSEY SEWER WON'T POLLUTE UPPER BAY

Settlement of Government's Suit Against State Assures Proper Sanitary Precautions.

EVERY POINT IS CONCEDED

Passaic Valley Agreement Expected to Have Bearing on Bronx Valley Sewer Suit Now Pending.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—A controversy which has been pending in the United States Supreme Court for two years between the Government of the United States and the State of New Jersey over the discharge of sewage of the Passaic Valley into New York Bay was concluded satisfactorily out of court to-day. Attorney General Wickersham for the United States signed a contract which previously had been signed for the State of New Jersey by the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners, in which an adjustment of the question was set forth.

All the important requirements of the United States for the protection of navigation and for preserving the purity of the waters of New York Harbor and the health of adjoining communities were conceded by New Jersey. Solicitor General Bowers had charge of the matter of adjustment for the Department of Justice.

The issue grew out of the proposed construction of a great trunk sewer to carry the sewage of the Passaic River Valley into New York Harbor without, in the opinion of the Government, any considerable or effective arrangements for the protection of the harbor and its surrounding communities. New York State filed a suit in equity to enjoin construction, and the Government followed with an intervening complaint against the work being done without proper arrangements for treatment of the sewage after modern scientific methods. The United States contended that the matter discharged would impair the navigability of New York Harbor and endanger the lives of the people living at the forts and stations.

The adjustment reached, it is believed, will attain the desired results. More extensive and careful plans for the treatment of the sewage have been adopted, by the common consent of the United States and New Jersey, than ever have been used in any similar project in this country. The agreement sets forth in detail how the result is to be accomplished through the use of coarse screens, grit basins, self-cleansing mechanical screens having small apertures, extensive sedimentation basins, scum boards, and a pump well, whence the sewage will be pumped under pressure through a tunnel to a point in New York Bay near Robbins Reef Light for dispersion through a series of outlets. New Jersey guarantees absence in New York Bay of visible suspended particles of sewage.

The results reached in the New Jersey litigation are expected to have an important bearing on a similar controversy pending in the Supreme Court between the National Government and New York regarding the Bronx Valley sewer now under construction.

ATTACK ON STRIKE BREAKERS.

Leather Workers Suddenly Pounce on New Operatives in the Katz Factory.

Sympathizers of the striking operatives of the Katz Brothers' leather factory at 135 and 137 West Twentieth Street attacked twenty-five of the manufacturers' new help last night, soon after they left the factory. The men hired as strikebreakers have been sleeping at the factory, but last night, supposing that matters had quietd down and that the attack of three weeks ago would not be repeated, some of them planned to go to their homes.

The twenty-five had reached Twentieth Street and Sixth Avenue, and were about to enter the Hudson tunnel to take trains when they found themselves surrounded by about forty strike sympathizers. These men sought to induce the new hands to join in the strike for the recognition of the Leather Workers' Union, and failing in this one of their number gave a signal.

Fully fifty more men, sympathizers and striking employes of Katz Brothers' factory, as the police allege, suddenly augmented the force detaining the new help. Then the attack followed. Some of the strikebreakers were struck with blackjacks and clubs in the hands of the sympathizers, and soon a small riot was in progress. The yells and shouts and the sight of the struggling mass of men near the tunnel entrance alarmed scores of women who were leavings stores in the vicinity, for the attack was made just at closing time, and the corner is in the heart of the shopping district.

Two of the new employes managed to break away at the commencement of the trouble, and they ran back to the factory and told their Superintendent, who telephoned to the new West Twentieth Street Station. The reserves caught five of the rioters and locked them up. They were fined $1 each later in the Night Court.

NEGROES' EYES ARE BEST.

Poor Sight of Whites Due to Ancestry, Physician Declares.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The white man's ancestor has bequeathed to him a lot of afflictions from which the negro is free, according to Dr. J. L. Minor of Memphis, Tenn., at the American Ophthalmological Society, one of the organizations of the Congress of American Physicians and Surgeons, which began its sessions here to-day.

Dr. Minor said negro children had a better vision than white children, their eyes showing a remarkable absence of refractive errors, due, he contended, to ancestry. He said that old age did not make the inroads on the eye of the negro that it did on a white person and that crosseyes were almost unknown.

The constituent societies held separate meetings in the forenoon. In the afternoon the entire congress considered the subject of "Artificial Immunization." To-night Dr. Edward L. Trudeau of Saranac Lake, N. Y., President of the association, addressed the congress on "The Value of Optimism in Medicine."

BRADLEY MARTIN, JR., LOSES.

He Must Pay Duty as an American Resident—Loeb Upheld.

The Board of United States General Appraisers affirmed yesterday the action of Collector Loeb in exacting heavy duties on dresses, children's wearing apparel, etchings, and other personal effects brought to this country by Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., on their arrival from Europe on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria on Oct. 9 last.

Mr. Martin testified before the board that he was born in the United States of American parents, and has never acquired citizenship in any other country.

Appeal for the Northfield Schools.

The Northfield Schools, at East Northfield, Mass., founded by the late Dwight L. Moody, began their present year with a deficit brought over from last year. Of the $100,000 necessary to meet this and current expenses, $35,000 still has to be raised before July 31. This is the last stage of the schools' effort for the year and is the most difficult. An appeal is made to friends to enable the institution to attain its original aim, which was to assist young men and young women of small financial resources to the advantages of an education.

FUNERAL TRIP COST $1,448.

But Supreme Court's Bill for Attending Service in Albany Will Be Paid.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Because it cost $1,448.94 for the Justices of the Supreme Court to go to Albany to attend the funeral of the late Justice Peckham the Auditor of the Treasury for the State and other departments declined to allow the bill. The Controller of the Treasury, however, has overruled the Auditor, so that Marshal Wright of the Supreme Court will not have to meet the bills from his personal funds. In his statement of expenses rendered to the Auditor Marshal Wright included these items:

Fifty fares, Washington to Albany and return	$772.00
Rental parlor cars	102.00
Rental dining car	160.00
Commissary supplies	148.30
Hotel and carriages	238.60
Messenger fare	2.00
Baggage, tips, and taxicabs	25.95
Total	$1,448.85

Caleb R. Layton of Delaware is the man who is credited with refusing to pass a bill from the Supreme Court. Auditor Layton, in commenting upon the bill, says:

"I can find no authority for paying the expenses from the appropriation for 'miscellaneous expenses, United States Courts, 1910,' and I decide that they are not payable therefrom."

Marshal Wright appealed to Controller Tracewell. The Controller's opinion, which was rendered to-day, held that Layton was in error.

Mr. Tracewell cites the fact that the account of Marshal Wright "bears the express approval in writing of Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice of the United States." The account was sworn to before the Chief Justice by Marshal Wright as being "correct and true," and paid "in good faith."

Many persons have pointed out that it takes less than twelve hours to make the journey from here to Albany, and that the parlor car and dining car were held for four days, during a considerable part of which time the members of the party were living in hotels. It was pointed out that for two trips of less than twelve hours each supplies costing $148 were liberal.

Nothing appears in the voucher to show the number of persons who went to Albany, but the fifty fares are accounted for by the railroad regulation governing the charter of private cars.

HOLDEN SALE'S 11TH DAY.

Total Sum Realized on the Collection Reaches $80,635.

It was the eleventh day's sale of the Edwin Babcock Holden collection yesterday in the American Art Galleries, and Auctioneer Thomas E. Kirby sent the total up to $80,635. Ferdinand Meder paid $130 for an etching by Albrecht Durer, "Christ in the Garden," fine, strong impression from Dr. Strater's collection.

A Durer woodcut, "The Holy Family," with the two angels, one playing a guitar, also from the Strater collection, brought $100, (Keppel;) another Durer woodcut, "St. Jerome in His Study," $60, (Meder;) "The Monstrous Pig," by Durer, from the A. Firmin-Didot collection, $60, (Scoville;) "The Cannon," etching by Durer, from the Dr. M. Meyer collection, $50, (Scoville;) "Israel Puttnam," [sic,] painted by Jean Wilckinson in Boston, sold in London by Thomas Hart, half length, in uniform, quarto mezzotint, $47.50, (Goodspeed;) "The Honorable Mrs. Elizabeth Stanhope," painted by Sir Joshua Reynolds, engraved by C. Watson, published 1790, first state, with title "Contemplation," $42.50, (Keppel;) "Major Gen. James Wolfe," full length, in uniform, folio, etching, published in London, scarce, $33, (Fridenberg;) "Madame Du Barry," half length, oval, small folio, painted by Drouais, engraved by Beauvarlet, $110, (Williams;) Chaucer's "Canterbury Pilgrims," by William Blake, impression on Japanese paper, $37.50, (Busse,) and "Aglaia Clipping the Wings of Love," by Thomas Burke, after Angelica Kauffmann, $44, (Sabin.)

A number of mezzotint engravings by the eminent American artist, S. Arlent Edwards, was in the sale. The highest price for one of these was $27, (Busse,) a signed artist's proof of Mme. Sophie Elizabeth of France, after Nattier.

To-day the collection of engravings by Claude Ferdinand Gaillard, for which Mr. Holden paid $7,500, will be sold.

TRAIN KILLS WAGON DRIVER.

Hits His Team at a Crossing in Stapleton, S. I.—Two Horses Dead.

A wagon belonging to Thomas Morgan, a contractor of Stapleton, S. I., loaded high with lumber and driven by James McLarney of McKeon Street, Stapleton, was struck by a southbound passenger train of the Staten Island Railway at the Wave Street crossing shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The wagon was hurled fifty feet across the tracks, McLarney, halfway between there and the train, suffering a fracture of the skull, fractures of both legs, and internal injuries. He died half an hour later at the Smith Infirmary. One horse was killed outright and the other had to be shot.

Edward Lovell, engineer of the train, and Daniel Hayes, the conductor, were arrested on a technical charge of homicide, but released in custody of the counsel for the railway company. The railroad crossing at the point where the accident occurred is equipped with automatic bells to sound the alarm for approaching trains. McLarney, apparently though he could pass before the train reached the crossing.

Alimony for Mrs. R. A. Browne.

Supreme Court Justice Fitzgerald granted an interlocutory divorce yesterday in favor of Julia Marion Manley Browne against Raymond A. Browne, giving Mrs. Browne custody of her 12-year-old son, Raymond M. Browne, and her 8-year-old daughter, Marion G. Browne, and allowing her alimony at the rate of $20 a week. Browne is a manager for Shapiro, the music publisher. The Brownes were married on June 16, 1895.

RED MEN OBJECT TO RECOUNT

Osage Indians, in Capital, to Oppose New Enrollment of Tribe.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—A delegation of Osage Indians of Oklahoma, the richest tribal nation on earth, arrived in Washington to-day to protest against any effort to reopen the enrollment of their tribe. There are several measures before Congress with this purpose, and the red men will register their objections to the Senate and House committees.

The rolls of the tribe, closed in 1907, show 2,230 members. The wealth of each, including lands, is estimated between $20,000 and $30,000.

Each member of the nation owns 377 acres of land and is entitled to $3,800 of trust funds. They have been granted title to the surface of the land, while the underlying minerals have been reserved to the tribe for twenty-five years.

The lands are rich in oil, the royalty on the production of which in November, 1909, yielded the tribe 50,248 barrels, or 22.53 barrels per capita.

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You're in right—

Because
We Guarantee
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The materials and workmanship will always be *the best.*

The Tobey Furniture Company
11 West Thirty-second Street
(*Near Fifth Avenue*)

Nahan Franko and Orchestra, Daily In Restaurant.

31 Years Leaders of Fashion
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SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.

This Massive $10 Rocker, at $6.50

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HANDSOMELY patterned frames, quartered oak finish; extremely large curved back, which fits the body to perfection. Very special at

$6.50

Also other patterns in Mission polished mahogany. As the number is limited, we suggest that you make your purchase without delay.

Simpson Crawford Co., 6th Ave's Finest Store.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

ANNOUNCE, BEGINNING THIS MORNING
AND CONTINUING FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE WEEK,

The Mid-Season Clearance Sale of
Fine Tailored Suits for Women

This event marks the very first important break in prices of our high grade Suits, involving about 500 garments which will be sold

at greatly reduced prices

to make way for hot weather apparel now arriving daily. The styles concerned in this offering are this season's newest and the workmanship is in strict conformity with the Saks standard, which means perfection of fashion and finish.

The prices arranged for this sale are as follows:

Suits heretofore 25.00 at 16.50
" " 35.00 " 21.50
" " 59.00 " 32.50
" " 75.00 " 39.00

Note.
These are not "Sale" goods or purchases made for a "sale," but our own regular stocks, which were the best values in New York even at their regular prices.

This Sale will be your best chance of the season—do not let it pass unnoticed.

Studebaker

Rebuilt and Repainted
"30" H. P. Touring Car, painted red, with red leather upholstery. Equipment of top, glass front, prestolite tank, lamps and tire irons. Tires like new.

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PERFECT
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An old friend of the family
ESTABLISHED 1866

Consult DR. FORTH About Your **EYES** NO CHARGE.
EYE DEFECTS—EYE-STRAIN positively permanently corrected by the DR. FORTH CONTROL METHOD.
No Drugs—No Drops.
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Reading and distance eyeglasses in one. No ugly, annoying lines. Most convenient, helpful, elegant eyeglasses made.
Eyeglasses, everything for the eyes.
Forth Gold-Filled Reading Glasses $2.
DR. ARTHUR FORTH,
358 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Block Above Borough Hall Subway Depot.

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

Dr. JOHN H. MEYER'S PURIFYING PLATE POWDER
Is the Ideal Purifier and Cleanser for Artificial teeth; absolutely destroys all forms of mouth bacteria and disease producing germs. A clean Plate fits better, keeps the mouth cool, sweet and wholesome and the general health is benefited.
For Sale by All Leading Druggists.

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293 Fifth Ave., near 31st St., N. Y.
CHINESE CURIO COMPANY
Porcelains and Potteries of Various Periods, Oriental Art Jewelry and Old Chinese Embroideries.
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PURITY and EXCELLENCE
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water
Ask your Physician
Not Genuine without the word
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ROOSEVELT VISITS SCENE OF "HAMLET"

Walks on Ramparts at Elsinore, Where Ghost Is Said to Have Appeared.

HE STARTS FOR CHRISTIANIA

To Deliver Nobel Prize Speech To-morrow—Loving Cups and Plaques Presented to Him.

COPENHAGEN, May 3.—Ex-President Roosevelt left here at 9:30 to-night for Christiania, where he will arrive shortly after noon to-morrow. At Christiania the feature of his visit will be the Nobel Prize speech. This will be delivered on Thursday afternoon in the National Theatre.

An enormous crowd gathered at the station to bid farewell to the Roosevelt party. Minister Egan had been invited to go to Christiania, but he decided to remain here, having just received news of the death in the United States of his wife's mother.

Col. Roosevelt was the recipient to-day of two loving cups, one bearing the Danish coat of arms and the other the American arms, and also four plaques from the Royal Porcelain Works, upon which were pictured several wild beasts. In making the presentation the manager of the works told Mr. Roosevelt that they were "wild beasts of Africa."

Mr. Roosevelt accepted the plaques graciously, and, while examining the figure of an elephant, looked up suddenly and said smilingly: "This is not an African elephant."

"That is quite true," replied the manager. "These plates were made specially. We have no study of African elephants and so used Asiatic."

The incident caused a great deal of amusement, and the Colonel remarked: "I am very glad to have all kinds of elephants."

The municipality this evening gave a dinner at the City Hall in honor of the ex-President, which was attended by 250 of the leading men of the city. The dinner began at 6 o'clock, so as to allow of plenty of time for Mr. Roosevelt to catch his train. The Mayor presided, and all the members of the Cabinet were present. The Mayor proposed the health of the guest of honor in admirable English and the company cheered enthusiastically as he concluded, "Long live Roosevelt!"

Mr. Roosevelt, in responding, touched upon the similarity of the problems confronting all free countries. He was cheered when he left the dinner and by great crowds that had gathered outside the City Hall.

The Roosevelts began a charming day in Denmark's capital and the adjacent country with an automobile drive to the castle of Fredericksborg, which was built by Frederick II. in 1562, the main portion being replaced by the present structure in 1602. In the castle church six Danish Kings have been crowned.

A visit to the National Museum was made the occasion of a friendly demonstration by the students of the Government School. The students met the party in the great court of the castle, and, waving their college banners, shouted a welcome. Mr. Roosevelt acknowledged the greeting in a brief speech.

The motor drive was then continued to Helsingör (Elsinore.) The Roosevelts were accompanied by a party which occupied six more automobiles, and included Foreign Minister Schavenius and others of the Cabinet, the Burgomaster of Copenhagen, American Minister Egan, Mrs. and Miss Egan, and various officials of the court. The party visited the castle, which is the supposed scene of Shakespeare's "Hamlet," and where, Copenhagen antiquarians say, recent researches have established that Shakespeare and his company of actors actually performed the tragedy. Col. Roosevelt walked on the ramparts where the ghost is said to have appeared.

The Roosevelts, with others of their party and many who had come by train from Copenhagen, had luncheon aboard the Scandinavian-American Line steamer Queen Maud. Vice Admiral de Richelieu presided and toasted Mr. Roosevelt. The ex-President, in responding, said that the only thing lacking about the Danish-Americans in America was that there were not enough of them.

The Queen Maud passed between squadrons of Danish and Swedish warships. These accorded to the ex-Chief Executive of the United States honors which are usually paid only to royalty. The flags on the warships were dipped, the officers and men saluted, and the bands played American airs. Many merchants vessels in the harbors of Helsingör and Copenhagen flew the Stars and Stripes.

The Danish-American Society of Chicago has, with Mr. Roosevelt's consent, entered him as a member of the development company which is reclaiming lands in the district of Jutland for public purposes. The society presented to Mr. Roosevelt ten shares of non-dividend-paying stock.

SECRET FRENCH DIRIGIBLE.

Balloon Able to Go Fifty Miles an Hour Is Being Completed.

PARIS, May 3.—The surprising announcement was made to-day that there has been constructed, under the direction of the War Department and with strict secrecy, a dirigible balloon of the semi-rigid type capable of a speed of eighty kilometers (approximately fifty miles) an hour, and that the machine would be ready to take part in the Summer army manuoevres.

The new military craft has been named the "Fregate." It measures 3,200 cubic meters and has two "nacelles," or cars, within which are contained motors designed to develop 240 horse power.

WELL-KNOWN M. P. UNSEATED

Sir Christopher Furness's Election Declared Void Owing to Agents' Acts.

LONDON, May 3.—Sir Christopher Furness, the well-known ship owner, who, as a Liberal, has represented the constituency of Hartlepool in Parliament since 1900, was to-day unseated by the court and his recent election was declared void on the ground that there had been illegal employment of demonstrators and payments made through his agents.

The court emphasized its conclusion that Sir Christopher was not personally guilty of any corrupt or illegal practice, but added that he must suffer for the acts of his agents.

ADMITS ACCOUNTS ARE SHORT

But Perry Hale, Old Yale Full Back, Is Not Worrying Over the Charge.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 3.—The arrest of Perry Hale, the old Yale football full back, is expected on the charge of misapplying funds belonging to the City of Middletown. Hale, who is City Water Commissioner, admits he is short more than $5,000 in his accounts, but says that muddled bookkeeping is the only reason for it.

Prof. Fosher of Wesleyan University, who was recently elected Mayor, began a vigorous action against Hale as soon as he took office. He demanded that Hale be prosecuted criminally, and to-day the Board of Councilmen voted to allow the Mayor to proceed.

Hale takes the action of the city Government as coolly as he used to receive a signal to buck the Harvard line. He was full back on the famous eleven Captained by Gordon Brown, who is nephew of J. Pierpont Morgan, and it is believed that Brown will endeavor to save him from jail.

Japanese Seaport Burned.

TOKIO, May 3.—Two-thirds of Aomori, the flourishing seaport on the north shore of the main island of Japan, were destroyed by fire to-day.

HUNGARIAN ELECTION RIOT.

One Man Killed and Two Mortally Injured—Further Trouble Feared.

BUDAPEST, May 3.—The campaign in the Hungarian elections, which will be held in June, is rapidly approaching fever heat. A political meeting at Karansebes to-day broke up in a fight between the supporters of the Nationalist and Labor Parties, in which one Laborite was killed and two were fatally injured. Further trouble is feared.

There are already 950 candidates in the field for 413 seats.

TELLS OF SWOPE POISONS.

Doctor Describes Strychnine and Cyanide He Found in Col. Swope's Body.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 3.—Dr. Victor C. Vaughn, a toxicologist of Ann Arbor, Mich., regarded by the State as its most important witness in the trial of Dr. B. C. Hyde for the alleged murder by poison of Col. Thomas H. Swope, began his testimony late to-day.

Searches for poison made by him alone, and also with the aid of Dr. Walter S. Haines of Chicago, said Dr. Vaughn, had resulted in the discoverey of the following:

Twenty-six thirty-thirds of a grain of strychnine in the entire liver of Col. Thomas H. Swope. Signs of cyanide in the stomach. A trace of strychnine in a kidney.

A suggestion, but no positive proof, of cyanide in Chrisman Swope.

Strychnine in Miss Margaret Swope, who recovered from her illness.

Cyanide in capsules said to have been thrown into a street by Dr. B. C. Hyde, when he was expelled from the Swope home the night of Dec. 18 after the death of Col. Swope.

In reply to hypothetical questions regarding the convulsions suffered by Col. Swope, Chrisman, and Margaret Swope, Dr. Vaughn said that in his opinion they had been caused by the administration of some convulsive poison. Cyanide or strychnine would produce such symptoms, said the witness.

Dr. Walter S. Haines, resuming his testimony of yesterday, gave similar testimony. He was examined regarding the discarded capsules found in the street, mentioned by Dr. Vaughn, and envelopes which contained the capsules and the cards upon which they were fastened were offered in evidence.

Describing the nature of cyanide, Dr. Haines said:

"The poison may disappear from a body in a few days or may remain for several months. It is a volatile poison. Embalming fluid would harden the tissues and tend to prevent the escape of the poison, and volatilization of the cyanide would be prevented in a measure if a body was frozen."

As a result of a clash between Prosecutor Conkling and Attorney Frank P. Walsh, the jury to-day came into possession of a part of the story of the disappearance of the Grand Jury notes in the case. When the first trouble arose between the attorneys two weeks ago the jury was not in the room. When Mr. Conkling made reference to the "stolen Grand Jury notes," Mr. Walsh shouted that they were lost through the blundering of the prosecutor's office.

"They were stolen," responded Mr. Conkling, angrily.

"Who stole the notes?" queried Mr. Walsh of Mr. Conkling.

"I can't say; but I know who retained them and refused to give them up until the court threatened to send his client to jail," answered the prosecutor.

COUNTRY CLUB TO BE SOLD.

The Knollwood Will Be Turned Over to a Real Estate Co. and Improved.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 3.—The Knollwood Country Club, on the outskirts of White Plains, was authorized under an order of Supreme Court Justice Keogh, filed to-day at White Plains, to sell its property to the Knollwood Real Estate Company for $100,000 for the purpose of allowing the corporation to make certain improvements.

The application for the order was signed by John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company, who is a resident of Tarrytown, and C. P. Matthiessen, Walter H. Merrall, and Fred P. Kimball, Directors of the club and of the new real estate company.

According to the petition the club is in need of money to meet its maturing notes and unpaid obligations, and to make extensive improvements to help its membership and to attract new members.

COTTON SHIPMENT STOPPED.

1,800 Bales Held as Possible Assets of Failed New Orleans Firm.

NEW ORLEANS, May 3.—Through a restraining order issued in the United States Court a shipment of 1,800 bales of cotton, alleged to be among the assets of the failed spot cotton firm of Knight, Yancey & Co., has been held up at this port.

The cotton already had been stored on the steamer Ingelfingen, consigned to Bremen and Genoa. The restraining order was brought about by a petition which the receivers of Knight, Yancey & Co. filed to-day alleging that the original bills of lading for this cotton have been destroyed.

The master of the vessel is ordered to appear next Friday and show cause why the cotton should not be seized.

Duke and Duchess d'Arcos Here.

Duke and Duchess d'Arcos arrived yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. from Europe to spend two months with friends in this country. The Duchess was Miss Jane Lowery, an American girl. The Duke was Spanish Minister at Washington from 1899 to 1903, and since that time has been at The Hague and St. Petersburg, and is now Spanish Ambassador at Rome. His castle in Spain, the family seat, is at Jerez, near Cadiz, whence sherry is supposed to come.

PEARY IS HONORED BY LEADING BRITONS

Many Distinguished Men at the Luncheon at the Royal Societies Club.

CHEERS FOR MRS. PEARY

"Who Let Him Go"—Capt. Bartlett, Also at Luncheon, Welcomed with Enthusiasm.

LONDON, May 3.—London is making much of Commander Peary. Interest in his visit is not confined to scientific circles, but is general.

To-day a great crowd in the streets adjacent to the home of the Royal Society, where he was entertained at luncheon, awaited the arrival of the American explorer and gave him a hearty reception. Entering the clubhouse of the Royal Societies Club, he was received with a noisy demonstration of welcome by a distinguished party of scientists and explorers. When, a few moments later, Capt. Robert Bartlett, commander of the arctic steamer Roosevelt, arrived, the applause was renewed.

Lord Halsbury, President of the club, presided, with Commander Peary seated at his right. Capt. Scott, the leader of the British Antarctic Expedition, was at the head of the lower table, with Capt. Bartlett in the place of honor. Vice Admiral Sir George Nares, one of the oldest surviving arctic explorers, was among the notable guests, others being Lord Strathcona, Lord Roberts, Sir George Reid, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Sir Hiram Maxim, Dr. Scott Keltie, (Secretary of the Royal Geographical Society,) and many explorers, travelers, and naval officers. The American Embassy was represented by Secretary Phillips and Commander Simpson, Naval Attaché. American Consul General Griffiths was also present.

Toasts to King Edward, President Taft, and Commander Peary were drunk. The speakers, in addition to Lord Halsbury and Commander Peary, included Major Leonard Darwin, President of the Royal Geographical Society; Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Sir Hubert von Herkomer, R. A., and Sir David Gill, the scientist and author.

Lord Halsbury, in introducing Commander Peary in a eulogistic speech, said:

"We want to show him how distinctly and universally we do him honor." He added that the American explorer had solved one of the greatest problems of the world's history through his tenacity and energy.

After the party had cheered the Commander, Sir George Reid shouted: "Three cheers for Mrs. Peary, who let him go." These were given heartily.

Then the guest of honor outlind the story of his expedition to the north pole. He paid frequent compliments to Capt. Bartlett, whose name was invariably received with much enthusiasm. When the speaker declared that the poles would be the dearly bought heritage of the Anglo-Saxon race, and that the world "will whirl between their two ensigns," there was loud and prolonged cheering.

After the luncheon several hundred prominent members of Parliament, writers, and officers were presented to Commander Peary.

CONVINCED PEARY GOT THERE.

Letter from Admiral Chester—Fight in Congress to be Renewed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Rear Admiral C. M. Chester (retired) is more convinced than ever that Commander Peary reached the north pole. A letter was received from his to-day by Representative J. Hampton Moore, whose defense of the explorer in Congress recently attracted wide attention. Admiral Chester was one of the committee of three members of the National Geographic Society who examined the Peary records. The others were Henry Gannett and O. H. Tittman.

Admiral Chester says his belief that Peary reached the pole has been strengthened since he made his report to the Geographic Society by an investigation which he has since carried on. He adds:

"This investigation, I want it understood, was not taken with a view to checking Commander Peary's work, but simply as a contrast to a like examination of photographs purporting to have been made by another claimant for polar honors, which showed the converse of this proposition."

In view of this statement from Admiral Chester and the honors which have been conferred upon Commander Peary in London, Representative Moore intends again to take up in Congress the fight for honors for Peary.

DOUBTS JOHN THE BAPTIST.

Dr. Bradley Thinks There's Evidence to Show He Was a Rival of Jesus.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 3.—Was John the Baptist a Christian? After nearly 2,000 years his credentials are questioned, and W. P. Bradley, Ph. D., in the current number of the Biblical World, reads him out of the Christian church on evidence found in the New Testament. He admits the highe character of John and his success as a preacher, but thinks there is evidence that he was a rival of Jesus.

John undoubtedly was the harbinger of the Messiah, he says, and as the people were looking for a Messiah who would deliver them from Roman oppression, great multitudes were attracted by his preaching, so the first three Gospels say, but the fourth Gospel, he asserts, puts John on record "as being neither the Christ, nor Elijah, nor that prophet like unto Moses, but only a 'voice,' a 'witness' to the coming one."

"Did John recognize Jesus as the Messiah at all, and did he bear testimony thereto? Neither Mark nor Luke says that he did. Astounding silence under the circumstances. John certainly was considered the forerunner of Jesus by both these writers, and yet they do not mention that he recognized Jesus or proclaimed him to be the Messiah."

Utopia Violet
Exquisite Toilet Water
Has the natural fragrance of great masses of fresh Flowers. The BEST at any price.
50c and 90c. A BOTTLE.
Hegeman Drug Stores
New York, Brooklyn, Yonkers, Jersey City.

RUBBER IN LONDON LACKS ANY BUYERS

One Hundred and Eighty Tons Offered in Mincing Lane and Withdrawn.

SHARE MARKET IS AFFECTED

One Explanation Is That Importers Are Not Prepared to Accept Decline in Prices—Another Auction Monday.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 3.—A situation unprecedented in the annals of commerce in the City of London arose at the fortnightly rubber sales in the Continental Sale Rooms in Mincing Lane to-day.

About 180 tons of plantation rubber were offered for sale in various lots by ten different firms of brokers, and practically the whole of the rubber was withdrawn. After a considerable amount of discussion and negotiation between buyers and brokers, an arrangement was reached by which the whole of the unsold rubber will be offered again on Monday, and in the meanwhile none of the lots will be offered for sale by private treaty.

An explanation of the extraordinary situation that is offered by one of the firms of brokers selling is that importers were not prepared to accept the decline in prices at which the buyers opened the sale, while individual buyers on their part were afraid to show their hand without being able to gauge to what extent their competitors would buy.

When the first catalogue or two had been gone through without any lots being knocked down at the low bids made, buyers ceased bidding altogether, and the sale thus came to a standstill.

A representative of one of the leading firms of buyers said that there was no sort of compact among buyers to boycott the sale, nor was there any agreement of any sort to refrain from buying, and the whole position was quite unpremeditated.

Another statement made in explanation of the withdrawal was that the selling brokers were confident that the American demand for rubber must force prices up to a point equal to the recent record sales, the stocks on hand in America being said to be very low.

The market in rubber shares was naturally depressed to-day by the deadlock in Mincing Lane.

Here to Unveil Polish Monuments.

Dr. Adam von Dobeszynski arrived yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. from Cracow, Poland, to unveil the monuments to Pulaski and Kosciusco, the Polish patriots, at Washington on May 12. He is the proprietor of the Nowa Reforma newspaper at Cracow.

S. & H. Green Trading Stamps With All Cash or Charge Purchases

Dry Goods **Greenhut & Co.** Wearing Apparel

Ready Today!!!
Our May Sale
of
Lingerie Waists at $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00
Usually sold from $2.50 to $5.
Second Floor—Greenhut and Company—Wednesday.

Severely Tailored Mohair Suits for Women, $22.50

That's Fashion's latest edict for those who would be up to the minute in style. That's not the only recommendation for these suits, either — they are really practical and serviceable.

The sheen of the mohair gives a lasting newness, and the closely woven nature of the fabric prevents it from gathering the dust; then, too, they are so dressy and exceedingly smart.

Every suit lined with taffeta or peau de cygne. Colors gray, green, cream, white, blue and black.

Mohair Suits that usually sell for $29.75,
at $22.50

They are the ideal suits for present wear—especially adapted for city and country wear and for motoring.

Second Floor—Greenhut and Company—Wednesday.

Greenhut & Co., Sixth Ave., 18th to 19th Street

ANDREW ALEXANDER
Men's Summer Shoes
in full supply—*Tan Calfskin* pumps, Service ties, oxfords and high shoes—*Brown Kidskin* oxford and lace styles—*Russet leather* tennis and golf shoes—*White Buck* and canvas oxfords and shoes—no matter what your need, the proper shoe is here.

SIXTH AVE. AT NINETEENTH ST., NEW YORK

1887 Brill Clothes Ready to Wear 1910
THE BRILL TWENTY
1910 MODEL SUITS

A little different from the suits you've been accustomed to at $20. Ready to wear, in the broad meaning of that significent term. Ready, in bright seasonable color effects, and quiet dark tone combinations, in the popular unshorn worsteds, smooth cassimeres, cheviots or homespuns. Good fabric, fine lines, and intelligent craftsmanship—you'll find these in the BRILL TWENTY.

Stetson's $3.50 Derbies, light weight and self-comforming, 1910 shapes and shades. Stetson's soft hats, $3.50 to $12.

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
Harlem Store Open Evenings.
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.

HUNTER BALTIMORE RYE
IS THE MOST POPULAR WHISKEY IN AMERICA BECAUSE NONE BUT THE BEST MATERIAL IS USED IN ITS MANUFACTURE—THE GREATEST SKILL AND CAUTION IS EXERCISED IN DISTILLING AND MUCH TIME IS ALLOWED FOR ITS MATURITY. THESE ARE SOME OF THE REASONS FOR ITS HIGH STANDARD OF QUALITY AND GENERAL EXCELLENCE

HUNTER BALTIMORE RYE
FRANK MORA & C. H. ULRICH, Representatives, 15 William St., New York, N. Y.

RACE TRACK LOBBY SEES LAST HOPE FAIL

Brackett Amendment to Oral Betting Bills Defeated, Indicating Passage of Original.

CANON CHASE WINS VICTORY

Long Discussion Centres About the Definition of Bookmaking, Which His Amendment Settles.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 3.—Bolder than the lobby in the days when the Black Horse Cavalry held sway, those who represent the "men who have invested millions in race tracks" appropriated the privileges of the Senate floor to-day when the oral betting bills were on final passage. These representatives included Joseph S. Auerbach, attorney for The Jockey Club; Andrew H. Miller, Frank H. Hitchcock, E. C. Cowdin, and Harry T. Oxnard, Directors of The Jockey Club or race track officials.

At times Mr. Auerbach sat at the side of members of the Senate or leaned over their seats to talk with them, while the others sat with the Senate's visitors at the side of the Lieutenant Governor's desk. Senator "Christie" Sullivan, who hoped to get an amendment to the principal bill, apparently was the busiest member of the Senate.

Canon Chase of Brooklyn, who has spent several weeks in Albany in the interest of a stricter law against professional betting on race tracks, stood behind the Senate rail during the debate, and after the anti-betting forces had scored a victory, wrote an amendment, which was offered by Senator Josiah T. Newcomb and passed.

The Jockey Club's representatives believed they had gained a strong point when Senator Brackett, Chairman of the Codes Committee, introduced an amendment they favored. In the course of a long debate there were various definitions of "bookmaking," and Senator Grady supplied the technical knowledge which other Senators admitted they did not possess.

When the bill was reached in the Senate to-day Senator Brackett offered an amendment striking out the words "makes book with or without writing," and making it a misdemeanor punishable by a term in the penitentiary when any person "prepares by writing or other record and displays lists or menoranda of odds offered to be bet" upon the result of any race or other contest. The effect of the amendment would be to define bookmaking by the words quoted.

In speaking in favor of the amendment Senator Brackett said the legislation of two years ago virtually put an end to bookmaking at the tracks, and he believed the language of the law should be so plain that those who make friendly wagers at the track or elsewhere should not be subject to arrest.

"You can't make a book without a record," Senator Grady said in defending the Brackett amendment. "Making a book is betting for or against every horse in a race, which, in case of a round-up, would give certain profit to the bookmaker. Since the legislation of two years ago there has been no bookmaking at any of the tracks. There are handbooks in saloons or on street corners, but no bookmaking. Don't understand me as supporting race-track gambling as it was called by those who called stock gambling dealing on margins. That is gone under the present law."

Senator Newcomb declared that the Brackett amendment was weak and incomplete, and Senator Agnew read a definition of a bookmaker, who he said was a professional who bet under a system whereby he could not lose. The Brackett amendment was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Senators Allen, Bayne, Brackett, Caffrey, Cronin, Cullen, Emerson, Frawley, Grady, Grattan, Harden, Harte, Holden Kissel, McManus, Ramsperger, Schulz, Stilwell, C. D. Sullivan, T. D. Sullivan, Wagner—21.

Nays—Senators Agnew, Brough, Burlingame, Cobb, Cordts, Davenport, Davis, Gardner, Gledhill, Griffith, Hamilton, Heacock, Hewitt, Hill, Hinman, Hubbs, Mackenzie, Meade, Newcomb, Platt, Rose, Schlosser, Travis, Wainwright, White, and Witter—26.

The Senate afterward amended the bill by adding the following words prepared by Canon Chase:

"Bookmaking referred to in this section shall mean the laying or publishing of odds to all comers or to the public."

Under the Senate rules the bill must be reprinted and remain on the desks of the Senators three days before it can be moved. The votes taken to-day indicate that it will be passed as soon as it can be reached.

Upon the motion of Senator Agnew, its sponsor, the bill prohibiting the publication of odds through newspapers and otherwise was amended to-day. The principal change was to change the word "betting" to "bookmaking" in describing odds which may not be published. Senator Agnew said he offered the amendment in deference to those who believed the publication of odds on football games or boat races should not be prohibited.

Foley Bill Called Comic Opera.

After a lively debate the Assembly by a vote of 98 to 10 passed the Foley bill increasing from $5,000 to $50,000 the fine for violation of the Donnelly anti-trust law. This vote was taken after Majority Leader Merritt had failed in an effort to have the bill recommitted and thus encompass its defeat. This motion was voted down, 52 to 62.

"Seems to me this bill is comic opera, pure and simple," said Mr. Merritt.

"Why not put in a provision making the penalty boiling in oil?"

"The penalty should at least be raised from $50,000 to $29,000,000," suggested Jesse S. Phillips, another Republican leader.

The Assembly by a vote of 100 to 17 passed the so-called "White Rats" bill, limiting to 5 per cent. of the salary involved the fee theatrical agents may charge for procuring employment.

The "White Rats," an organization of vaudeville performers, say that under the present law these booking agencies can charge practically what they please. The bill has been before the Legislature for two years, but has not been passed by either house until now.

The Citizens' Union to-day presented a petition to the Legislature asking for the defeat of the proposed New York City charter, drafted by a legislative committee, on the ground that it embodies grave defects, and for the enactment of such specific reforms affecting the administration of New York City for which circumstances seem to call.

The petition was signed by William J. Schieffelin, Chairman of the Citizens' Union; Julius Henry Cohen, Chairman of its Committee on Legislation, and Laurence A. Tanzer, head of the Citizens' Union sub-committee on charter.

Pensions for State Employes.

For the first time in the history of the Legislature the Senate to-day went on record in favor of the principle of pensioning the civil employes of the State. By a vote of 34 to 12 the upper house passed the Thorn bill making mandatory the giving of a pension to teachers in State institutions who have served thirty years, at least ten of them in this State.

"You will find that pensions under this bill will be paid by persons poorer than the teachers themselves," Senator Hinman said.

"This bill provides for a system of coddling," Senator Brackett declared. "It is undemocratic, and is a dangerous step toward Socialism."

Senator Grady, chief defender of the bill, said that it was only by a pension system that good teachers in the normal schools could be prevented from going to other States. On the original rollcall there were only 32 votes in favor of the bill, and as the measure involves a State appropriation Senator Grady declared he wanted a two-thirds vote.

Upon his request the names of some of the Democratic members were called again, and Senators Wagner and Caffrey changed their votes from negative to affirmative. The bill now goes to the Governor.

EXPLOSION STARTS FIRE.

Brooklyn Contracting Firm's Plant Completely Wiped Out.

Firemen from engine companies responding to four alarms and the members of three fireboat companies last night fought a blaze which completely destroyed the building of the Cranford Company, contractors in asphalt and tar work, at Ninth Street and the Gowanus Canal, Brooklyn. The company's plant faces Ninth Street and extends along the east side of the canal to Tenth Street.

On the canal side the fireboats played streams of water from all their hose lines, and it was said by a high official in the department that the assistance given by these craft probably prevented a spread of the fire along the canal.

Across the canal, about forty feet away from the burning building, stood the large power house of the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company, which supplies power to the Smith and Ninth Street trolley lines. The fireboats stood directly between this structure and the burning asphalt plant, thereby giving it protection as well as fighting the fire at close range.

It was about 8:30 o'clock when William Tracey, one of the watchmen employed by the company, stepped from the yard into the rear of the two-story brick building used as an office. He heard an explosion from the two-story frame building used as a plant on the north side of the office building. It was learned later that there were two engines, one a gasoline and the other operated by petroleum, used for generating power in the building. It is believed that the gas engine exploded. The oil soaked floors furnished fine fuel for the blaze which followed the explosion and the flames spread rapidly through the building. When Tracey went to investigate the entire building seemed to be ablaze.

Back of the plant was a three-story building used as a mill. A shed between the plant and the mill was the means of extending the fire. Alongside of the mill was a large swinging crane with an arm extending 100 feet in the air. The fire consumed all the woodwork around the base of the crane, although the apparatus itself was imbedded in a solid concrete foundation. The flames shot up all around the crane, and this was the first thing the fireboat crews gave their attention to, it being apparent that the crane was in danger of falling on the firemen.

At the east end of the yard about 500 barrels of crude oil and tar were stored. Back of this pile were three tanks, two of them containing 1,000 gallons of crude oil each, and the third containing 500 gallons of gasoline. As soon as the first companies of firemen arrived their attention was called to the tanks, barrels, and their contents. With the wind blowing the sparks from the burning buildings and the blazing emblems all over the yard only the heroic work of the firemen prevented a second explosion. Six companies were kept constantly busy while the fire lasted, playing streams of water on the tanks and barrels.

Two barges moored alongside the asphalt plant were also partly burned. The fireboats saved them from complete destruction. The fire spread to the woodwork around the water's edge of the Ninth Street bridge on the east end, but was put out before it did any serious damage to the mechanism of the bridge.

The only accident at the fire happened to one of the firemen. Lieut. William Dorey of Engine Company 169 was injured by a plank falling on him. He was removed to the Long Island College Hospital.

The loss to the asphalt company was estimated at $150,000.

FIRE DESTROYS OLD CHURCH.

Priests Rush Through the Flames to Save the Chalice and Holy Vessels.

Fire thought to have started from a lighted candle in the vestry of the Roman Catholic Church of the Presentation at Rockaway and St. Mark's Avenues, Broklyn, late last night, destroyed the one-story frame building, which is one of the oldest Catholic churches in East New York.

The Rev. Father James Flynn and his assistants, Fathers Clarke and Bourke, aroused from slumber in the adjoining rectory by Policeman Hollwell of the Brownsville Station, broke through a window of the fire-filled church and rushed to the altar in time to save the chalice and the holy vessels.

Two alarms of fire were turned in by Deputy Chief Duffy.

DID you ever stop to think how much you are influenced by the location and surroundings of the business houses with which you deal?

¶ Other men are influenced in the same way.

THE NIGHT & DAY BANK BUILDING

Fifth Avenue and 44th Street

MARK RAFALSKY & CO., AGTS.
On the Premises 'Phone 6990 Murray Hill

TO CURE DEBRIS $100.

Special Sessions Unsympathetic Toward Discoverer of a New Disease.

Laughter filled Special Sessions yesterday when G. E. Harley of 1,221 Bryant Avenue, the Bronx, was convicted and fined $50 for practicing medicine in this State without a license. He has an Indiana license, and as he paid his fine he declared he would "leave the confines of this inhospitable sovereignty for all time."

On Feb. 27 a woman detective in the employ of the New York County Medical Society consulted Dr. Harley, who said he was a Mechano-therapist, for a sore throat. He said he would treat her for $100.

"Your whole right side is full of débris," he said solemnly; "I will cure you by tissue renovation."

She balked at the price, and they compromised on $65, to be paid in weekly installments of $2. In addition he sold her certain foods at prices of his own, but threw in some sixteen pages of typewritten instructions.

This recipe for "Hasty Soup" was given with recommendations for frequent use:

"Put in a soup bowl ½ ounce chipped onions, 1 ounce grated carrots, 1 ounce flaked pignolias. Fill with tepid water, stir, and serve at once."

This is the way the detective with the sore throat was exhorted to bathe:

"Put four inches of water in the tub. Now, with the hands, wet the stomach and back opposite the stomach, then take the hands and dash water against the stomach region. Now step out of the bath, and, with the water that is on the body, wash the rest. Dry the body with the hands, using no towel under any circumstances. Repeat seven times each week."

When Harley was arrested an examination of his correspondence showed that all over the country there are disciples loyally bathing after his directions and, from their accounts, deriving no end of benefit therefrom.

TO ACCEPT HARRIMAN GIFT.

Assembly Also Provides for Improvement of the Park.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—The Assembly today passed the bill introduced by Rutledge I. Odell of Rockland providing for the acceptance by the State of a gift of a large tract of land in Rockland and Orange Counties from Mrs. Mary W. Harriman, widow of the railroad magnate, to be used as a State park.

The bill contains provision for the appropriation of $1,000,000 for extensions and improvement.

The lower house also passed Mr. Odell's measure providing for the issue of bonds to the amount of $2,500,000 to be used by the Palisades Park Commission in extending and improving the Palisades Inter-State Park, which ultimately will adjoin the park created out of the Harriman gift.

The bond issue proposition must be submitted to the voters at the election this Fall.

Wm. Knabe & Company's 68th Weekly PIANO SALE

We are offering To-day a limited number of

USED PIANOS

recently taken in exchange for new

KNABE *MIGNONETTE* GRAND PIANOS and KNABE-ANGELUS PLAYER-PIANOS.

These instruments have been put in the very best condition, and can be seen in our warerooms to-day—our weekly sale day. In order to rid our floors of these Used Pianos (as we need every inch of floor space to display our large lines of pianos and player-pianos) we offer them at the following low prices:

Specials in Grand Pianos.

Knabe; Mahogany; a beauty; like new; was $950. Now $760

Knabe; Rose "Mignon"; very slightly used; was $750. Now $585

Knabe; Rose; Baby; fine order; was $850. Now. $495

Knabe; Rose; Baby; fine order; was $850. Now. $420

Geo. Steck; Baby; fine order; was $750. Now reduced to only..... $360

Kranich & Bach; Baby; fine order. Now reduced to only..... $335

Erard; Baby; fine order; was $750. Now reduced to only..... $265

Specials in Upright Pianos.

Knabe; Mahogany; very desirable; was $750. Now $595

Knabe; Mahogany; like new; was $600. Now.. $435

Knabe; Mahogany; rented few months; was $500. Now..... $395

Knabe; Rose; fine order; was $500. Now... $275

Chickering; Rose; fine order; was $600. Now. $265

Weber; Rose; fine order; was $500. Now... $245

Steinway & Sons; Rose; fine order; was $500. Now $220

Ivers & Pond; Mahogany; fine order; was $400. Now $185

Smith & Barnes; Mahogany; fine order; was $300. Now..... $145

H. Meub & Son; Oak; fine order; was $250. Now ..... $ 90

Whitney & Co.; was $250. Special at only.. $ 60

NEW PLAYER-PIANOS (selling elsewhere for $750) $390

Terms to Suit Your Convenience

NEW PIANOS (selling elsewhere for $300) at only... $190

$5 Down, $5 Monthly

Wm. KNABE & Co.

Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DAINTY ROBES D'INTERIEUR

THERE IS A RETIRED PLACE WHERE YOU MAY LOOK AT THESE GARMENTS LEISURELY.

The Display Includes Charming Breakfast Sacques and Gowns, Tea Gowns, Kimonos and Negligee Robes in the Latest Paris Models.

Peignoir, copy of a Cherult model; made of hand-woven matelasse in rich Paisley design; coat effect, sleeve extending downward in tunic, side fastening of orange silk crochet buttons, thread lace collar, embroidered in tiny flowers; cuff to match; lining of pale yellow messaline, $69.50.

Breakfast Sacque, imported, made of sheer tucked linon, formed into medallions by irregular bands of Normandie lace; fan-shaped panel front and back, drawn into filet ribbon insets, raised flowers, leaves and vines merging into lace; fastening of pink satin ribbon roses; gathered sleeve to match, caught with ribbon roses, $63.75.

Breakfast Gown, imported, en train, made of French nainsook trimmed with Valenciennes in Mechlin design; undergown of blue silk; alternating tucks and lace bands, trimmed with loose cross bands and diamonds of embroidered nainsook; knee girdle, sleeve and corsage knots of crushed blue satin ribbon, $88.50.

Dressing Sacque, hand-made, of pink crepe de chine, and Valenciennes lace in bretelles; each panel pink-embroidered with flower spirals; rose and streamers of pink satin ribbon, $24.89.

Boudoir Kimono, made in Japan, of white satin crepe, covered with raised dragon and sunset embroidery in old blue, white and gold; lined with old blue silk; pocket sleeve, with upper and lower armhole; fringed obi sash to match, $84.75.

Boudoir Gown, imported, en train, made of shell-pink messaline; cascade fichu and knee sash of pink chiffon and point gauze lace; tucked chiffon sleeve, undersleeve of lace; shirred messaline loops at fichu, sleeve and tiny back yoke, $119.50.

Tea Gown, Francis model, en train, decollete, of draped pale blue crepe de chine, bordered with silver cord and fringe, over silk underrobe; deep flounce of St. Gaudens lace, mounted on chiffon clouded silver tissue, right sleeve to match; left sleeve and diagonal overdress of black net delicately embroidered in silver and gold thread, $195.00.

Stateroom Robe, imported, made of old rose flannel, stitched in folds back and front; full length rever faced with Pompadour brocade in pastel shades; elbow sleeve faced to match, slash showing muslin-and-lace pleated undersleeve, $41.89.

Traveling Case de Luxe, imported, of pale blue hand-woven matelasse and China silk; contains silk kimono, pin tucked in squares back and front; silk granny cap; matelasse slippers, silk lined, kid soles; matelasse siesta rug, bordered and lined with silk, $49.79.

COQUETTISH BREAKFAST CAPS.

Bewitching Styles Ready-Made, or We Make Them Up to Match Negligees.

Imported Breakfast Cap, made of embroidered point d'esprit gathered into cascade, ending in short streamers; face frill of real lace—old-blue Pompadour fillet, held by Irish crochet and silver rosettes—$12.49.

Breakfast Cap, made of shirred white silk, full neck ruffle; fillet of tiny rosebuds ending at shirred rosettes—$5.49.

Granny Cap, made of shirred point d'esprit over blue silk; huge rosette of knotted satin ribbon—$2.97.

BRIDES TAKE TO LACES

THEY WANT THEM RICH AND REAL, WITH NOT TOO MUCH TO PAY.

Here Are Laces and Lace Handkerchiefs That Are Beautiful Enough to Be Handed Down as Heirlooms.

Duchesse Lace Handkerchiefs, $2.24 to $12.48.

Duchesse and Rose Point Handkerchiefs, $4.38 to $14.38.

Rose Point Handkerchiefs, $7.38 to $15.48.

Point Flanders Handkerchiefs, $5.74 to $14.89.

Carrickmacross Handkerchiefs, $7.96.

Princess Lace Handkerchiefs, 89c. to $4.96.

Hand-spun Linen Handkerchiefs, embroidered in delicately wrought Appenzell, $2.98 to $18.96.

Duchesse and Rose Point Lace Yokes, $7.74 to $43.74. Chemisettes, $7.69 to $22.89.

Duchesse Lace, Rose Point, and the two combined, in insertings and flounces, $1.49 to $17.39 a yard. All-over, 18 inches wide, $33.74 to $38.49 a yard.

Carrickmacross and Limerick Lace, $1.24 to $11.48 a yard.

Bretonne Lace, quite new, and similar to the Lierre, insertings and flouncings, 79c. to $5.62 a yard.

Bruges Lace, $1.24 to $9.63 a yard.

Princess Lace, 74c. to $5.39 a yard.

THE GRACE OF GARNITURES.

Artistic Forms Re-Beautied with Pearls and Crystal and Silver.

Pearl Passementerie, touched with silver or crystal, is strongly in vogue for ornamenting the bodice and drapery of the silk wedding gown. Pearl Festoons and Cabochons are as much used to drape the bridal veil as flowers, the Cabochons holding its fulness in place over the ears, and the Festoons in a gleaming fillet among folds of tulle and lace. Similarly, Cabochons are used on the bridal slippers, alone or in combination with chiffon.

Pearl Drop Ornaments, Cabochon with festoons and fringe, used on veil, shoulder, bodice or knee drapery, 62c. to $4.96 each.

Pearl and Crystal Garnitures, in bolero, yoke and collar effects, $4.96 to $19.89.

Pearl Drop Fringe, 83c. to $3.96 a yard.

Pearl and Crystal Festoons by the yard, $6.64 to $11.48.

Pearl Nailheads, 37c. to $1.59 a yard.

Pearl Garniture, forming bolero, deep centre panel back and front, border of silver embroidery, edged with crystal and pearl fringe, $19.89.

Pearl and Silver Tunic, in conventional design, bodice covered with opalescent paillettes, knee depth side panels embroidered in large white flowers, $53.89.

YOUR FAN AND GLOVE WHIM.

For Brides and for Gifts of Brides to Their Bridesmaids.

Duchesse and Princesse Lace Fans, mounted on mother-of-pearl sticks, $8.69 to $14.24; with gold etching on sticks, $24.24 to $40.24.

Princesse Lace Mitts, elbow length, $1.94 to $3.74.

Silk Lace Mitts, elbow length, 98c. to $1.69.

Embroidered Silk Gloves, elbow length, $1.44; wrist length, $1.19.

Suede or Glace Kid Gloves, 8 to 20 button length, $1.79 to $5.44; wrist length, two clasps, 94c. to $1.69.

R. H. MACY & CO.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

FINE PARIS LINGERIE

STITCHES FINE ENOUGH TO HAVE BEEN MADE BY FAIRY FINGERS.

Brides-Elect With Innate Refined Tastes Instinctively Prefer This Exquisite Handmade French Lingerie That We Import in Large Quantities.

Lingerie Set, delicate French nainsook, trimmed with real French Valenciennes lace and medallions, knots of pink satin ribbon threaded through embroidery—Nightgown embroidered to waist in double garland of carnations; knee band of medallions and embroidery—deep footing of lace; graceful wing sleeve; Chemise and circular Drawers to match, $185.00.

Sheer batiste, in Empire style; yoke of Nightgown embroidered in rose sprays, set with baby Irish lace and real Valenciennes, threaded with white satin ribbon; wide cap sleeves to match; Chemise and ruffled drawers to correspond, $140.00.

Fine French batiste, trimmed with real German Valenciennes lace; Nightgown has six-pointed yoke, embroidered in tiny sprays of flowers, above clusters of minute tucks, circular sleeve inlaid with pointed gores; threading of blue satin ribbon; Chemise and umbrella Drawers to match, $93.00.

Petticoat, of filmy batiste, wide circular flounce embroidered with Marie Antoinette flower baskets, garlands and bowknots, deep footing of lace; underflounce to match; broad blue satin ribbon band with streamers above flounce, $68.74.

French nainsook; gathered flounce alternating serpentine Cluny lace with interlacing sprays of embroidered flowers; deep footing of Cluny; underflounce to match; wide pink satin ribbon and streamers heading ruffle, $28.24.

Combination—French nainsook Corset-cover and circular Drawers, trimmed with thread lace edging and inserting in ribbon designs. Top and bottom heavily seed-embroidered in flowers and lace leaves, threaded with blue satin ribbon, $34.89.

French batiste, trimmed with Cluny lace; back and front in tiny tucks, embroidery of ribbon and dot design; square drawer-flounce with deep corner embroidery; threading of blue satin ribbon, $18.24.

PURE SILK UNDERWEAR.

At Our Price It's Far from Being an Extravagance.

"Marchioness" Knit Silk Vests, embroidered in varied floral designs—French band top, $2.39 and $3.34—trimmed only with Valenciennes lace edging, $2.79.

Knit Silk Knickerbockers, white, knee gathered into garter band, $3.49.

Knit Silk Combination, white, hemmed top and knickerbocker drawers, $4.89; with umbrella-shaped drawers, $5.89.

PRINCESSE SLIPS ARE IMPORTANT.

At Least One of Them Should Be Included in the Trousseau.

Italian Silk Princesse Slip, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, messaline knee flounce tucked in clusters, double footing, lace edged, $11.89.

Messaline, lace trimmed, accordion pleated flounce of German Valenciennes lace, $13.49.

Persian Lawn, trimmed with French Valenciennes lace. Corsage border of finely embroidered medallions, ribbon-run; circular knee flounce of alternating lace and lawn, upper strip ribbon-run, with loop ends, $11.89.

Linen Lawn, trimmed with point de Paris entre-deux and Swiss garland medallions. Front panels merge into pointed knee flounce, double underflounce, lace-trimmed; shoulder knot and flounce loops of pink wash-silk ribbon, $26.67.

PRETTIEST OF SILK PETTICOATS

Fascinating Styles and a Range of Prices That Fits All Purses.

Italian Silk Petticoat, lace-edged double flounce, accordion pleated, of crepe de chine over china silk, headed by beading ribbon-drawn, $12.69.

Foulard Silk Petticoat, deep circular flounce of alternating point de Paris and messaline bands, the latter embroidered in scroll and eyelet design; five-inch lace ruffle; silk underflounce, $22.49.

Messaline Petticoat, trimmed with fine lace and shirred chiffon bands. Deep flounce of chiffon and lace strips formed into narrow panels by lace crossbands—five-inch lace ruffle, under-ruffle to match, $48.89.

BRIDAL VEILS ARE HERE.

They Are Light in Price for the Light at Heart.

Duchesse Lace Bridal Veil, oval shape, three yards long, Point Applique besprigged with graduated roses. Duchesse border, narrow in front, very deep at back; reduced from $294.50 to $139.50.

Princess Lace Bridal Veil, oval shape, three yards long, allover sprigged design, reduced from $63.36 to $44.74. Oval shape, three yards long, fine flower border, graduating toward back, reduced from $27.48 to $22.48.

SILKS FOR WEDDING DRESSES.

Satin Mignonette, Crepe Meteor, Satin Charmeuse or Satin Panne.

Satin Mignonette, woven especially for us, of Italian silk, softened by a little of the finest wool being worked into the woof—is brilliant, supple and elegant—especially suited for the under-dress to chiffon or duchesse lace; white, ivory white or cream; 54 inches wide, $3.96 a yard.

Satin Panne, soft and lustrous, with silk back, lends itself gracefully to draping and festooning; white, ivory white and cream; 45 inches wide, $2.69 a yard.

Satin Charmeuse, for the youthful bride, has a delightful sheen, twilled silk back, smooth, elastic surface; white, ivory white and cream, 42 inches wide, $2.79 a yard.

Crepe Meteor, soft, heavy, clinging texture, admirably suited to the present modes; 44 inches wide, $2.79 a yard.

THE FLOWERS OF SENTIMENT.

Orange for the Bride and Other Blooms for Her Bridesmaids.

Orange-blossom Sprays, for bodice, sleeve and slipper, 59c. each.

Orange-blossom Coronal, for the veil, 74c.

Orange-blossom Wreath, one yard long, for the veil or dress border, $1.49.

Any of these flowers will charmingly enhance the dresses, muffs, sashes and parasols of the bride's attendants.

Lilies of the Valley, $1.19 a spray.

Imported Orchids, exquisitely shaded, bud, flower and fern, $2.24 to $4.44.

Imported Moss Rosebuds, $2.24 a spray.

Maidenhair Fern, 74c. a spray.

Sweet Peas, perfect copies of the natural flower, $1.49 and $1.59 a spray.

FOOTWEAR FOR BRIDES

PLAIN THREAD SILK HOSE OF COBWEBBY TEXTURE, OTHERS WITH LACE OR EMBROIDERY.

The Bridal Slippers Should Be White Satin, Plain, or Simply Decorated With Rosette of Tulle and Orange Blossoms, Buckle or Cabochon.

French Hand-embroidered and Silk Lace Stockings, light weight, $5.94 to $9.94 a pair.

French Hand-embroidered Silk Stockings, medium weight, elaboration of roses, bowknots and wreaths, $9.94 a pair.

French Cobweb Silk Stockings, double heel and toe, hand-embroidered clocks, $5.89 a pair.

$2.29 a pair, French Silk Stockings woven of superior quality pure silk, double heel, toe and garter top; our special importation; absolutely the best value you'll find. Others sell the same quality at $2.75.

White Satin Slippers, carefully made on fashionable last, slender French heels, $3.49 a pair.

White Chiffon and Satin Rosettes, 59c. to $1.39 a pair; Rhinestone solitaires for rosette, 19c. a pair and up; Rhinestone Buckles in French designs, up to $8.89 a pair.

Boudoir Mules, of brocade, in white and delicate shades, side or centre ribbon rosettes, $4.96 a pair.

Quilted Satin Bathroom Slippers, all colors, $1.49 and $2.49 a pair.

Kosey Traveling Slippers, made of glace kid in dark colors, compact case to match, $2.89 a pair.

OUR LA COMTESSE CORSET.

A French Corset Imported Into This Country Exclusively by Us.

"La Comtesse" Corset is a production of notable French corsetières. It embodies the sweeping, unbroken lines and delicate natural curves required by the present modes with the utmost degree of personal comfort. Over "La Comtesse" the most graceful effects are attainable, giving no suggestion of where the corset begins or ends.

Durability and permanence of lines are assured by fine, strong materials and expert workmanship. Each Corset is carefully fitted and alterations made if necessary, at small additional cost. Imported exclusively by us. Prices range from $7.94 to $29.89.

Coutil "La Comtesse" in summer weight, rustless Walohn boning, long skirt, Valenciennes lace and ribbon at corsage—$12.89.

White Brocade "La Comtesse," rustless Walohn boning, long skirt, corsage trimming of heavy silk lace headed with narrow satin frill—$29.89.

Wash Ribbon Brassière, lace insertings, gathered to boning back and front; no shoulder straps, light and comfortable—$1.98 to $2.79.

BRIDAL GOWNS—QUIET SIMPLICITY.

We'll Show You the Newest Styles and the Prices Are Modest.

Our Gown Room is continually receiving new models from the famous French couturiers. Any one of these can be copied or adapted in white for the Bridal Gown, in a reasonably short time, at modest cost.

Lingerie Gowns will be worn by brides whose preference is for a quiet simplicity. Of these we have many, their only points of similarity being exquisite fineness and distinction.

Bretonne Lace Bridal Gown, en train, mounted on lustrous messaline, square neck, short sleeves, white chiffon overdress in surplice folds, pannier puffs caught under knee, girdle of crushed messaline, $129.00.

French Batiste Robe, en train, hand-made seed embroidery in deep floral arches and tiny sprigs, baby Irish lace yoke, bands to match, $174.00.

French Marquisette Robe, en train, hand-made Russian embroidery of close arabesques, forming back and front panels and deep side bands—real lace yoke and wristlets, $149.00.

French Marquisette Gown, hand-made, trimmed with baby Irish lace and tucking, scalloped surplice bands embroidered in dots and daisies, $64.75.

BRIDE'S GOING-AWAY DRESSES

With Most Fashionable Hats to Match.

Tailored Gown, created by Paquin, made of specially woven Rajah, in natural color. Self-colored chiffon underblouse—Blouse, sleeve and skirt heavily braided in self-colored French novelty cord, relieved by clusters of tinted pearl buttons. Touch of green at collar—green leather belt overlaid with patent leather, $174.00.

Viennese Motor Bonnet, made of sage green chip, draped in taffeta ribbon to match and old gold—ribbon rosettes and ties—cinnamon brown face veil—$18.89.

Dinner Gown, created by Tavernier, made of pale blue chiffon mounted over blue silk veiled in yellow chiffon—silver spangled chemisette veiled with chiffon, held by point venise lace. Surplice folds, fringed pannier sashes and skirt border of blue taffeta, pastel—brocaded; touch of orchid satin ribbon crossing bodice into gold embroidered velvet plaques—$149.00.

Afternoon Frock, made of berry marquisette mounted on melon satin—overskirt effect outlined in satin-kimono sleeve shirred into satin undersleeve—self-colored arabesque embroidery on blouse—crushed girdle and buckle of satin—Dutch neck yoke and armlets of heavy gold lace—$89.75.

Afternoon Hat of white basket straw, rolling brim faced with melon colored straw; crown to match, folded in black velvet—huge shaded pink roses covering brim—$25.89.

Reception or Theatre Gown, made of gray marquisette embroidered in gray over rose-colored satin—simulated double skirt, in tucks, bordered by gray satin bands—girdle to match—yoke and undersleeves of delicate gold lace—$109.00.

Picture Hat, gray hemp turned up at left side, encircled by willow plume in tones of rose and gray—$39.89.

WHITE SILK OR LACE WRAPS.

The Newest Reach to the Knee and Are Embroidered.

Crepe de Chine Wrap, full length, China silk lining; all-over flat hand-embroidery of large flower sprays; circular sleeve in one with yoke, $74.75.

Silk Net Coat, in panels, raised border and yoke embroidery of silk and crystal; pearl tassels, $39.74.

Mantelette, made of silk net in double stole effect, hand embroidered leaf design, double border of ribbon fringe, $59.75.

ADVERTISEMENT.

RICH BRIDAL JEWELRY

DIAMONDS, PEARLS AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES SET IN NEWEST EFFECTS.

We Quote a Few Items That Experts Are Invited to Examine and Pass Upon—It Will Be Time Well Spent—If They Wish to Buy.

A Diamond Corsage Ornament, a Necklace or Rope of Pearls, Jewelled Veil Pins—any of these would be suitable gifts to the bride-elect. Here also are innumerable dainty trifles of fine workmanship for presentation to her attendants.

We carry a large stock of unset diamonds and other precious stones which are set to order in original designs. Sketches and estimates furnished on request.

Wedding Rings, oval or flat bands; platinum inlaid with gold, $13.61; 22-k. gold, $5.41 to $8.36; 18-k., $3.69 to $6.31; 14-k. $3.02 to $6.02.

Diamond Necklace, platinum mounted; 117 pure white diamonds set in flexible bowknot and flower-spray design; three Oriental pearl drops—bowknot convertible into brooch—$689.00.

Diamond Harvest Moon, 34 perfect blue-white diamonds, weighing 5¼ 1-32 k., $725.00.

Diamond Barrette, forget-me-knot and leaf sprays of perfect white diamonds, forming three loops, platinum mounted, $420.00.

Diamond Heart-Shaped Brooch, convertible into pendant, encrusted with 100 perfect white diamonds, weighing 4¼ 1-16 k.; frame for miniature at back, $402.00.

Diamond Bowknot Brooch, filigree ribbon design, 63 pure white diamonds, platinum mounted, $331.00.

Diamond Bracelet, leaf and scroll design; 42 pure white diamonds, platinum mounted, $231.00.

Solitaire Earrings, perfect white diamonds, platinum crown, 2⅛ 1-16 1-32 k., $418.50; 1¼ 1-64k., $211.50.

Solitaire Ring, perfect white diamond in platinum crown, 2¼ 1-64 k., $464.00; 1 1-16 k., $219.00; ⅝ 3-64 k., $97.75.

Diamond studded Gold Mesh Bag, chased, six-inch frame, set with nine perfect white diamonds, weighing 3⅛ 1-64 k.; cabochon ruby clasp, 4½-inch fine mesh, closely gathered, $838.00.

Diamond-bordered Pansy Brooch, exquisitely enamelled, convertible into pendant or watch-pin, large pure white diamond in centre, $224.00.

Oriental Pearls, slender strands, 114 to the strand; gold clasp, $143.00 to $179.00.

Oriental Seed Pearl Collar, twisted double strands held by simple platinum side bars and clasp, $103.00.

Oriental Seed Pearls in Ropes, heavy tassel ends, varying lengths, $68.00 to $436.00; in single strands and twisted double strands, $6.59 to $27.74; in pendants and brooches, $14.50 to $50.00.

Pearl Paved Brooches, heart shaped, diamond in centre, convertible into pendant or watch-pin, $27.50 to $56.50.

Pearl Paved Lace Pin, wishbone shape, enamelled violet with diamond in centre, $16.89; with diamond alone, $15.24.

Gold Bracelets and Lockets, plain, chased or filigree, studded with diamonds, $7.24 to $114.00.

TORTOISE SHELL COMBS.

Many of Them Are a-Sparkle With the Glint of Diamonds and Colored Jewels.

Plain, carved, inlaid with gold, mounted with chased gold bands, pearls and diamonds. These offer a pretty suggestion to the bride for desirable gifts to her attendants.

Chignon and Back Combs, plain or carved tortoise shell, $1.98 to $14.89; with gold inlay, $5.34 to $19.89; gold mounted, $14.89; studded with pearls, $11.89 to $19.49; with pearls and diamonds, $29.49.

Side Combs to match, 79c. to $41.24 a pair.

Braid Pins, of plain or carved tortoise shell, $1.34 to $5.14 each; gold inlaid, $1.98 to $3.96 each.

Barrettes, of plain or carved tortoise shell, 67c. to $5.74; with gold inlay, $8.49 to $12.49; set with pearls, $18.49 to $19.89.

Double Bandeaux, plain tortoise shell, $1.67 each.

Tortoise Shell Hair Pins, many shapes, 8c. to 53c. each.

BRIDE'S AND WEDDING CAKES.

Five Days' Notice Will Suffice for the Delivery of Your Order.

Wedding Cake is one of the specialties of our Bakery. Our Fruit Cakes are made of pure spices and choice fruits blended with rich wines and decorated artistically with icing and spun sugar.

Wedding Cake in fancy white boxes, tied with satin ribbon, 18c to 30c a box. Artistic gold or silver monogram on box at slight additional cost.

Bride's Cake, in tiers, beautifully decorated and ornamented, $6.00 and up.

Ornaments for brides' cakes, large variety, 69c to $5.00 each. Individual designs to order.

ENGRAVED WEDDING INVITATIONS.

Also Announcements, Church and Reception Cards.

Wedding Cards and Plate and first hundred Invitations or Announcement Cards, finest kid-finished paper, $8.97; vellum paper, $7.98.

Visiting Cards—Plate and fifty Cards in Roman or block letters, fifteen letter limit, $1.74; each letter in excess of fifteen letters, 9c.

Plate and fifty Cards in script, 89c.

Invitation and Announcement Plates converted into Ash or Pin or Card Trays at the nominal cost of 99c each.

BAGGAGE FOR THE BRIDE

EVERYTHING FROM LITTLE KITS TO CAPACIOUS WARDROBE TRUNKS.

The Choice of Luggage Here Is Large Enough to Embarrass Brides-to-Be, but the Prices Never Do.

Trunks, Steamer Trunks, Hat Boxes, Shoe Boxes, Travelling Bags, Kit Bags, and Fitted Dressing Bags are of

STRIKING BAKER SHOT IN A RIOT

Another One Stabbed and the Contents of Two Wagons Dumped in the Street.

FAMINE MAY BE AVOIDED

Little Bakers Doing Yeoman's Work at Supplying the Trade of the Large Concerns.

On the owners of homes and dwellers in flats fell yesterday the brunt of the strike of journeymen bakers in Manhattan, Brooklyn, Yonkers, and Newark. Bread there was and rolls in many delivery wagons, but the drivers were in such a hurry to hustle them to the big hotels and restaurants that they quite forgot the household and small store trade.

One striker shot by a special policeman, another stabbed in a riot, and the contents of two delivery wagons spilled on the pavement and tramped to pieces make up the total of the day's casualties.

The big Manhattan bakeries, against which the strike is really centred in an effort to force them into doing business with the union, yesterday settled down for a long siege. They moved cots and coffee pots into their plants, advertised for help, asked for police guard, and gave out announcements that they would not deal with the union and were going to operate with strikebreakers so long as the police could protect them.

Crippled by the walkout of their employes, as all admitted, they concentrated on the restaurant and hotel trade, letting the rest go by the board, but it was announced last night that no hotel's order had gone unfilled.

To-day the strikers say they will extend the zone of action to include the French bakers and pastry cooks in the big hotels, and that once these men are out the task of filling the hotel orders will be much bigger than it was yesterday.

Little Bakers Busy.

The strikers declared last night that they had found a new whip wherewith to lash the really big bakers into line, and that this lies in the little bakers, who are eager to gain from the present trouble all possible increase in their trade. These little bakers, it was said, filed into strike headquarters at the Labor Lyceum in East Eighty-fourth Street, in a constant line, each anxious to sign the union agreement and take several more of his normal quota of men.

In Brooklyn the force of the strike was somewhat lessened through the signing up of 160 boss bakers, who took 400 men back to work. This leaves 240 bakeries in which the strike is still active, and two big ones in which the union failed to get responses from the men.

Strike Vote Taken.

At the headquarters of the boss bakers in Arion Hall a meeting was held at which a vote was taken to continue the strike. Gustave Ridder, business agent of the union, announced to a meeting held in the Labor Lyceum that reports from his pickets indicated that no union men were returning to work, and that the boss bakers were rapidly weakening in their determination to continue the struggle.

In Newark yesterday's developments were toward a more complete strike, and the organization of a community bakeshop in which the public, by taking stock, may receive in return a guarantee from the union of bread at the cost of the wages of the men plus the running expenses of the shop. The plan for a "people's bakery" was formally announced at a meeting of strikers in their Prince Street headquarters, and a committee was formed to advertise the plan and accept subscriptions. All of the bakeries whose proprietors refused to sign union agreements were closed yesterday, and the boss bakers, after a meeting, announced that they would make no effort to reopen with strikebreakers.

The riots and disorder started early when the men who have not joined the strikers started to go to their morning work. John Koboo, a strikebreaker, was accosted as he left his home at 52 West End Avenue to report to the Cushman bakery at 507 West Fifty-ninth Street. He met the arguments and, it is alleged, the restraining hands of the strike pickets, by flashing a knife, with which he slashed John Borschalk of 26 Amsterdam Avenue in the arm and on the head.

The wounded picket was able to walk to the Roosevelt Hospital with the help of one of his fellows, where it was found that his cuts were not serious. Several hours later Borschalk exhibited his wounds in the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, and made them the basis of a complaint for felonious assault against the strikebreaker he had accosted. Koboo, when brought into the station house by Policeman Walsh, retaliated by making a counter charge of felonious assault against Broschalk and a companion, Brotka, who, he said, had struck him as Borschalk laid less militant hands on him.

Strikers Caught Him.

The second disturbance of the day occurred in East Eighty-fourth Street where a driver for Egiers's bakery was luckless enough to be passing the Labor Lyceum as the strikers came out of a mass meeting. They fell upon him and frisked from his wagon 150 loaves of bread, which they threw into the gutter and then stamped it into pulp, shouting and decrying the boss bakers as did they so.

Reserves from the East Eighty-eighth Street Station broke up the street meeting, but members swarmed upon another wagon a little later and treated its bread as they had that of the first one encountered. One striker, Joseph Stebentz, fell into the hands of the police and was fined $10 by Magistrate Corrigan in the Harlem Court, a warning to expect a workhouse sentence if he failed to restrain himself in the future accompanying the fine.

Albert Morris of 62 Avenue B was the first gunshot victim of the strike. He was a striker, on picket duty, and was shot, he declared, by a special policeman at Avenue A and Eleventh Street. He told the story to the police of the Eldridge Street Station, exhibiting wounds in both his legs, made, he said, by the same bullet, another that was fired going wild.

He gave the police the name of a special policeman who he says fired on him, and they are trying to find him. Friends of Morris say his assailant ran away immediately after firing the two shots, while Morris ran for nearly a block before he fell. For that reason policemen who were attracted by the noise failed to find any evidence of casualties at the time the firing occurred.

H. E. Kintlein, member of the Executive Board of the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America, who has supervisory charge of the entire Eastern District strike, said last night, after receiving reports from his force of pickets, that no more than 500 men were at work in the Fleischman, Rockwell, Droste, White, and Cushman bakeries combined, which is 10 per cent. of the normal number of employes.

Managers of these bakeries say that men are applying for work daily, and that they are accepting all who come, so that it will be only a short time before they are operating with a full force.

Six strikebreakers arrived yesterday from Philadelphia for the Fleischman Company.

WHITE SLAVER WILL LAY BARE THE TRADE

Levinson Pleads Guilty and Promises to Tell Whitman All He Knows.

STILL SEEK 11-YEAR GIRL

She Is Believed to be Hidden, Not Murdered—Why the Special Agent Who Saw Her Didn't Rescue Her.

With Harry Levinson's plea of guilty to the charge of placing two girls in the custody of another person, accompanied by his promise of full disclosure to the Rockefeller Grand Jury, the "white slave" investigation took a step forward yesterday, and District Attorney Whitman turned his attention to the search for some trace of the eleven-year-old girl who slipped through the net his agents had laid in the Tenderloin. The rumor that she has been murdered is unsubstantiated so far, and Assistant District Attorney Reynolds denied yesterday that he had ever expressed any belief that she had been.

Some three weeks ago, it was learned yesterday, George A. Miller, special agent of the Grand Jury, hastened from Belle Moore's flat in West Forty-first Street to report that he had seen there a little white girl whom the negress called Helen Hastings. He told Mr. Reynolds that the girl was sent for from outside and that she came in the course of ten minutes and lay on a bed prattling away with no apparent consciousness of her situation. Belle Moore, he says, made it plain that the little girl was not for sale.

Mr. Reynolds sent Miller flying back with orders to pay any price for the child, but Belle Moore met him with the news that the child had sprained her ankle and was being cared for elsewhere.

"For Miller to have seized the child when he first saw her would have thrown the whole case to the winds, and Belle Moore would not now be in the Tombs charged with the sale of girls," Mr. Reynolds explained yesterday in defense of Miller's inaction. "You must remember, too, that he had no reason to suppose the girl would not be within reach after the negotiations for the other two had been completed. She was not the only white child our investigators saw in the 'black-and-tan' houses, but she was the youngest. We have only one reason to believe that she may have met with foul play."

It is understood that the Moore woman, in the Tombs, denies ever having had such a girl in her possession. This description, taken from Miller's memory, was given out yesterday to aid those searching for the child:

"Helen Hastings, 11 years old, 4 feet 6 inches; short, curly, brown hair; dark blue eyes; good teeth; short blue skirt; faded, checkered waist; light blue veil over the hair; black shoes, shoestring garter. She was constantly chewing gum."

So far the police have not gone beyond the city in their search. They have been through every hospital without finding a trace of the child, but they have redoubled their efforts now that the Moore woman is in custody, and there is hope that she may be found.

Harry Levinson, who sold Gussie Ehrlich and Ida Greenberg to Miller for $40, pleaded guilty yesterday to the indictment charging him with placing a woman in the custody of another, a crime that carries three years and $5,000 fine as a maximum. Judge O'Sullivan would not accept the plea until Levinson clearly understood that he would earn no promise of leniency.

"A great part of your future lies in your own hands," said the court. "A full confession of all that you know of the traffic, carrying with it no color of falsehood, may satisfy me that you are doing all in your power to make reparation, and that will be taken into consideration when the question of sentence arises."

Levinson's lawyer said that his client was ready and anxious to aid the prosecution in the extermination of this crime, and that he himself consented to the plea when he saw that the District Attorney's office had "a perfect case." The man was remanded indefinitely.

"He has told some," Mr. Whitman said as he left the court, "and he must tell a lot more."

Clerk Spinney took Levinson's "pedigree."

"Occupation?"

"Salesman."

Counsel for Belle Moore and Alec Anderson have served notice on Mr. Whitman to produce the names of the Grand Jury witnesses which were purposely omitted from the indictments. This must be done on Thursday.

Among Mr. Whitman's visitors yesterday were the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst and George Kibbe Turner.

SHOT A BICYCLE THIEF.

Policeman's Aim Brought Down Man Who Mounted a Decoy Wheel.

Students flocking out of the Brooklyn Girls' High School at Nostrand Avenue and Halsey Street, at the close of the day's session yesterday afternoon, witnessed the pursuit of a supposed bicycle thief who was shot and brought down from the machine he was riding by his pursuer, a policeman. The fugitive was wounded in the hip, and was removed to a hospital. Four shots were fired, and the shooting threw the girl students and the people of the neighborhood, which is in the heart of the Bedford residential district, into a state of excitement.

Many complaints of thefts of bicycles left standing at street curbs have been made to the police of the Gates Avenue Station of late. Patrolman Robert B. Ferris was detailed in plain clothes to try to trap the thief. Borrowing a bicycle from a friend yesterday afternoon, Ferris stood it against the street curb in front of the Brevoort Bank, at Nostrand Avenue and Macon Street. Then he retired into a fruit store across the street to await developments. According to his story he had not been in the hiding place long when a young man came along, and, mounting the bicycle, started to ride away.

Ferris ran out of the store and after the man. He called to him to stop, but the latter paid no heed. Then the policeman dre whis pistol and fired three times in the air to frighten the fugitive. The rider, however, only bent over the handle bars of he machine and worked the pedals more swiftly than before. At Nostrand Avenue and Halsey Stret, in front of the Girls' High School, Ferris saw that the man was escaping from him and he fired a fourth shot. There were screams from the girls on the sidewalks as they saw the rider throw up his hands and fall from the bicycle to the pavement.

Ferris found that the man had been wounded, and, calling an ambulance, had him removed to St. John's Hospital. There it was found that the bullet had entered his right hip.

The prisoner said he was Morris Brownfeld, 19 years old, of 78 Cannon Street, Manhattan. It was said at the hospital last night that he would probably recover from his wound. The police say that there were two other young men who seemed to be with Brownfeld when he took the bicycle, and who disappeared when the pursuit began.

Lithographers Convene Here.

The National Association of Employing Lithographers convened yesterday morning at the Hotel Astor, and will continue in session until to-night, when they will have a dinner. Several hundred delegates from different parts of the country are in attendance.

BROTHER ALDERMEN JACKASSES, HE SAYS

Downing Also Classifies a Few Tammany Members as Ruffians and Blackguards.

THEY WERE HAZING HIM

Board in an Uproar While the Brooklynite Was Unburdening His Mind.

The weekly meeting of the Aldermen yesterday was enlivened by an emphatic protest from Alderman Downing (Rep.) of Brooklyn against being interrupted by the Tammany members. He protested and became personal in his remarks, using such words as "blackguard," "ruffian," and "jackass."

The trouble arose while the Alderman was explaining his negative vote on the report of the Finance Committee recommending the appropriation of $12,000 for the employment of cleaners an delevator men in the new Court House in Queens.

When Alderman Downing arose to speak several members, principally on the Tammany side of the house, began to stamp their feet and pound on their desks. Turning about to face the Tammany men, purple-faced with rage, the Alderman shouted:

"I protest against the conduct of the blackguards in this room. I have stood this long enough, and now I am going to assert my manhood. You're dirty loafers, jackasses, and some of you whom I can point out from the east side are bullies, blackguards, and ruffians."

Above the uproar that followed, President Mitchel, pounding wildly for order, could be heard the voice of Alderman White, who succeeded "Little Tim" Sullivan, shouting: "Does the Alderman mean me?"

"No, I don't mean you, but you know who I do mean," cried Downing.

Then Alderman Walsh pitched in.

"The Alderman's remarks are scurrilous and unparliamentary," he shouted.

"So's your conduct," retorted Downing at the top of his voice.

By this time Mr. Mitchel had restored something like order, and Alderman Walsh demanded that Downing be compelled to retract what he had said.

"All right, I withdraw my remarks," he replied, "but they are true just the same."

The appropriation was voted down.

NO TROLLEY CAR STRIKE.

Demand for Increase in Wages to Go to Arbitration.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., May 3.—There will be no strike of the 1,200 employes of the street railway companies controlled in Central Massachusetts by the New Haven Railroad interests.

At a conference to-day between representatives of the trolleymen and officials of the company it was agreed to submit the matter of an increase in wages to arbitration.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 3.—At the close of a conference between the Advisory Committee of the employes of the Connecticut Company, the holding company for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company's trolley lines, and the officials of the company, late to-day, a statement was issued by the company, saying that the wage schedule was thoroughly discussed. No final conclusion, it said, was reached, but all indications pointed to the ultimate peaceful solution of the matter.

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Consider, for a moment, a piano in the light of an investment.

A proficient knowledge of how to play is, in itself, both costly and time-consuming.

And even with such knowledge at one's command, a piano all too often fails to give proper return for its cost.

The reason is simple.

For a piano's value lies solely in the amount of pleasure it affords. When it is silent, it is unprofitable.

Yet, when human playing is relied upon, there must always be times when entertainment is lacking through the absence of a musician.

Thus, a piano *alone*, as an investment, is usually unprofitable.

This, then, is the reason for the Pianola. Nor should the Pianola be accepted, in this sense, merely as piano player. The name infers too little.

For the Pianola, it should be known, is *more* than a mere mechanical producer of music.

It stands for that form of enjoyment that *endures*—the kind that is equalled only by the human ability to interpret emotions musically—the quality that is *forbidden* the ordinary mechanical piano player.

Owners of the Pianola never know the monotony that comes with the possession of piano players of lesser make.

And through its infinite capacity for the production of *real* music, the Pianola makes of the piano an investment that pays constant dividends in delightful entertainment alone.

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If you intend that any of your family should play the piano by hand the Pianola has an added value.

For no greater teachers of expression exist than the METROSTYLE and the THEMODIST—the two exclusive features of the Pianola that have exalted it to its present high plane.

It is the Metrostyle that gives the true expression—often the composer's own—to every desirable selection.

The Themodist gives artistic accent wherever it is required—on any single note or group of notes—brings out the melody above the accompaniment—provides *governable* touch.

It can readily be understood what infallible guides these devices must prove to those striving to become performers themselves. *A silent instructor, the Pianola, but one of rare efficiency.*

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But prove these facts to yourself. A visit to Aeolian Hall, will thoroughly convince you as to the Pianola's desirability.

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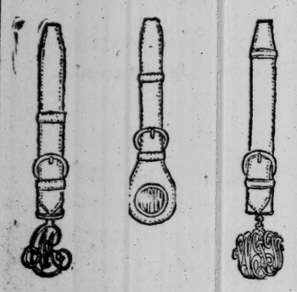

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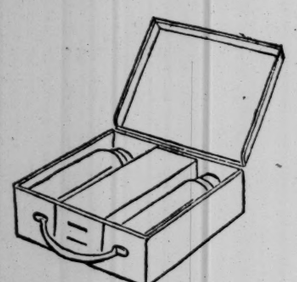

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"OMNIPOTENT OOM" HELD AS KIDNAPPER

Girls Give Startling Evidence Against Bernard's 'Sanitarium' to District Attorney.

KEPT LIKE PRISONERS

They Say Further He Exercised Something Like a Hypnotic Influence Over Them.

Pierre A. Bernard, who, according to his revelation to those whom he has chosen, is no less than the "reincarnation of the Supreme Being, Oom, the Omnipotent," the head of a Sanskrit sect, in which reposes the knowledge and monopoly of mystic powers, occupied the attention of Magistrate Breen yesterday in the West Side Court and Assistant District Attorney Reynolds in the Criminal Court Building. The result was that he found himself locked up in $15,000 bail on an affidavit accusing him of abduction.

Five women, who know something about his case, were taken down to see Mr. Reynolds. He learned from them that the Sanskrit sect was supposed to have headquarters in St. Louis, Seattle, and New York. One of the girls, Miss Zella Hopp, a nineteen-year-old milliner, of 528 East 149th Street, told Mr. Reynolds that Bernard introduced himself to her last October as a healer who thought he could help her in the heart trouble from which she suffers. He was then carrying on an institute at 70 West 109th Street. He asked her for $100 and invited her to come around and see him.

She went with her elder sister and submitted to an examination, which was entirely proper. He advised her to come and stay in his "sanitarium," and with the consent of her parents she did so. Bernard obtained a strong hypnotic influence over her, she alleged, and by means of this induced her, so she told Mr. Reynolds, to submit to improper treatment.

The girl returned home after three weeks, but kept up her visits to the "sanitarium." Her young sister, May, who is only 15, also went there, but no harm came to her. In the apartment was also a third girl, a Miss Gertrude Leo, who, according to what she told Mr. Reynolds, had been induced by the "Oom" to come all the way from Seattle to act as his stenographer.

Like Miss Hopp, she had felt the strange hypnotic power of Bernard, and had had similar experiences. After a time she wanted to go home, and as she had received no money for her work she wrote to her sister, Mrs. Hanford, at Tacoma, Wash., for money. The sum of $100 was telegraphed to her, but this, she told Mr. Reynolds, Bernard took from her. She had made several attempts to escape from the house, but was always frustrated.

Her deliverance came through Miss Hopp. The latter decided that she had better inform Mrs. Hanford of the plight in which her sister was, and so wrote to her. Mrs. Hanford came immediately to New York and applied to the police of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station on Monday night for assistance. The "institute" by this time had been moved to 258 West Seventy-fourth Street.

Miss Hopp told them of the signal by which admission could be gained to the house, and on Monday evening Mrs. Hanford, Miss Hopp, and the police went to the house and carefully rang the bell with a long, two short, a long, and a short ring three times. The door was opened, and the police rushed upstairs. What they saw there was told to Magistrate Breen in the West Side Court yesterday morning when Bernard was arraigned, by Detective Callanan, one of the raiding party.

"This man," he told the court, "says he's a Hindu teacher, and claims to cure people by controlling the spirits."

Magistrate Breen looked curiously at the prisoner, who is 33 years old, a little bald, and wears side whiskers—evidently an American in appearance.

"When we got upstairs," went on the detective, "we saw eight elderly men and five women in tights and bathing costumes. They were just exercising. They were tumbling on a mat, which had strange figures on it. The defendant was standing by a crystal ball and was clad in tights that came to his knees and a jersey on which were some queer figures."

The court asked for more details and the detective said:

"It's a high-class place, your Honor. Fixed up swell. It's next to Frank Platt's house."

He also described how Miss Leo, who was one of the exercises, had run with joy into Mrs. Hanford's arms as soon as she saw her sister.

"This is a most serious condition of affairs," said Magistrate Breen. "I'm going to fix a heavy bail in this case. The District Attorney wanted bail fixed at $25,000 the other day in a case that doesn't seem to be as aggravated as this. Public indignation may run very high in this matter. I will fix bail at $15,000."

Bernard was led off to the cells and a short man with a black beard came to the gate separating the bridge from the spectators' seats and shouted:

"I'm that girl's father. That man ought to be killed, and I'd do it if I could."

His son, who was with him, got him away as quietly as he could. A girl who appeared in court with Miss Hopp and Miss Leo is understood to have been under the influence of the "Oom" also. Her name was not given out, but she was questioned as a witness. The police learned that the men who had been seen at the strange ceremonies in Bernard's house were all attendants on him. He designated them by letters and called one of them "K." The police believe that Bernard had a considerable clientele in the neighborhood of his dwelling, and that women from good families paid large fees to be initiated into the cult.

ASKS $25,000 FOR HER HURTS.

Miss Tasker Sues Upper Saranac Association for Coach Accident.

Maude Fell Tasker, who gives her occupation as "caring for the homes of wealthy persons," has begun an action in the Supreme Court to recover $25,000 damages for personal injuries against the Upper Saranac Association.

In a deposition filed with the County Clerk yesterday Miss Tasker says that when employed by Mrs. James A. Roosevelt in July, 1907, she had occasion to ride in the stage coach of the association in Santa Clara township, Franklin County. The stage overturned, she alleges, and plunged down an embankment.

She sustained a fractured knee, and declares that she has since suffered from nervous troubles which make it impossible for her to do her work.

"SECOND-HAND THEOLOGY."

Old Book Store's Category Seems to Include Talmage Sermons.

An old bookstore in East Twenty-third Street is at present displaying a rather unusual sign, announcing "A Large Assortment of Second-Hand Theology Here." Under this doubtful heading the chief attraction is a complete set of the "Sermons of De Witt Talmage," and along with this a translation of the Koran.

NAMES FOR THEIR AUTOS.

She Bettered Her Husband's Idea of the Proper Label for Hers.

A New York business man purchased an electric runabout for his wife, telling her he had named it, after her, "The Gadabout." Soon afterward the man himself caught the motoring fever and ordered a large touring car for himself. Then his troubles began.

The car came from the West, piece by piece. The tonneau was sent to St. Louis by mistake, and the wind shield proved to be the wrong size. Altogether, the man kept the wires hot between New York and the Western factory for about two months. Finally the car was ready. As the family went to take the first ride his wife informed him she had named the new car after him, "The Madabout."

MANICURING HATTIE'S TOES.

She Is a Park Elephant and Keepers Are Doing an Annual Job.

Keeper "Bill" Snyder started in on his annual task of manicuring the feet of the two elephants yesterday in Central Park. He worked for two hours and finished only one quarter of his work. The rest will be done in the next few days.

During the year much callous gathers on the feet of the elephants, and it has to be cut off every year. Keeper Snyder, assisted by Keeper Henton, started in with Hattie, the eight-year-old animal. She offered no great objection as the keeper chopped off the callous surface and didn't seem to mind the use of sandpaper which finished up the job. Her forefeet were finished in the afternoon and to-morrow the keepers will tackle her hind feet.

Snyder and Henton anticipate trouble when they start in with Jewel, the older elephant.

A female buffalo was born in the park on Monday, and yesterday it made its first appearance in the herd. The keepers are looking for a name for the newcomer.

ACCEPT TARIFF AGREEMENT.

But Canadian Opposition Leader Fears Future American Interference.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, May 3.—The House of Commons to-day passed the resolutions sanctioning the tariff changes agreed upon in the Taft-Fielding negotiations. The discussion was brief, but R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition, made a strong speech, in which he criticised the Government for placing itself in a position whereby it could not change its tariff or make agreements with other nations without consulting the United States.

"How will it be possible," asked Mr. Borden, "at any time in the future to deal with these items in our tariff, the duty upon which has been lowered as the result of these negotiations, without the consent of the Government of the United States? The outcome of he negotiations is practically that the Canadian Government has agreed with the American Government that it will not at any time in the future alter the duties imposed upon these articles without the consen of the United States, unless it is prepared to have the United States instanly impose he maximum tariff.

"Up to the present Canada has been unfettered in her dealings with other countries. Suppose to-morrow Canada undertook to make with Germany or Italy a tariff treaty on somewhat the same lines as that concluded with France. Could not the United States Government demand new concessions to compensate for the German or Italian bargain?

"No one is more desirous than I am for good relations respecting trade or any other matter between their country, or the empire as a whole, and the United States. But we have other considerations. We have considerations of Canada and of Canada's relations to the empire as a whole. I believe it would be the desire of every man in this country who has considered this with any attention that we may at some time bring about a system of mutual trade preferences within this empire, and any negotiations which they enter into with the United States ought to be subjected to that consideration above all.

"I desire that the fiscal freedom of this country shall be so maintained that Canada shall be at liberty at all times in the future to enter into the great scheme of mutual trade preference between the mother country and all the dominions of the empire by which the whole empire will be bound together not only by ties of sentiment but by ties of nterest and of trade to the great good not only of the mother country, but to the great good of every dominion of the empire and to the enormous advantage of this great dominion of ours."

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The "Royal Edward" will inaugurate the fortnightly service of the Canadian Northern Steamships, Limited—The Royal Line—from Montreal and Quebec to Bristol on Thursday, May 26th.

The twin ships, the "Royal Edward" and the "Royal George," are the fastest triple screw turbine boats in the Canadian service. The British port is Bristol (two hours nearer than Liverpool). Special Royal Line Trains within 110 minutes of London. The steamers are driven by the newest type of turbine engines, insuring a maximum of speed and minimum of vibration. Their equipment is the finest ever seen in the St. Lawrence—large staterooms, spacious social apartments, sheltered promenade decks, artistic furnishings, perfect service, and ventilation by thermo-tank system, the fresh air being warmed or cooled as required.

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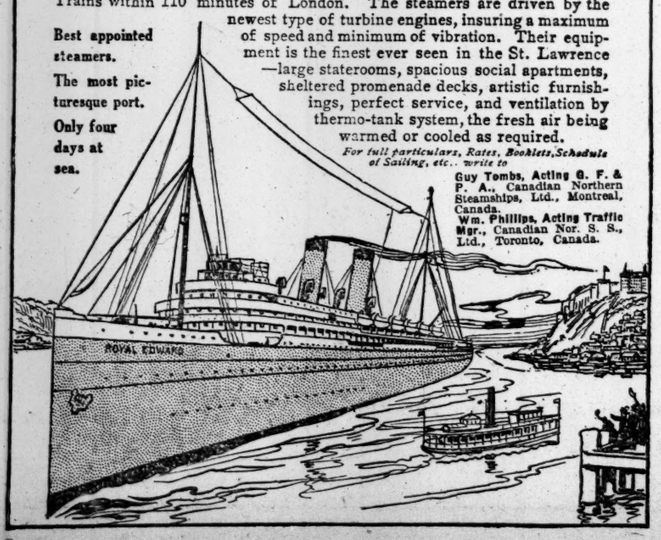

For full particulars, Rates, Booklets, Schedule of Sailing, etc., write to
Guy Tombs, Acting G. F. & P. A., Canadian Northern Steamships, Ltd., Montreal, Canada.
Wm. Phillips, Acting Traffic Mgr., Canadian Nor. S. S., Ltd., Toronto, Canada.

TEACHER SUICIDE WORRIED BY BROTHER

Miss Rice of Pennington (N. J.) Seminary Was Greatly Distressed Over His Letters.

MURDER THEORY SCOUTED

Young Woman Inquired About the Depth of Stony Brook Before She Threw Herself In.

Special to The New York Times.

PENNINGTON, N. J., May 3.—There is no doubt here that Miss Helen Rice, whose body was found in Stony Brook, about a mile from here, on Sunday morning, came to her death by her own act. There is a bare possibility that she was drowned accidentally. There is no possibility that she was murdered by a young member of the Pennington Seminary Faculty, as was indicated by some newspapers this morning.

Miss Rice, daughter of E. C. Rice of Galveston, Texas, came out of the New York School of Art two years ago and came to the seminary here to teach art. She was 29 years old, blonde, plump, and handsome. She was of a reserved nature, confiding little in other members of the Faculty. A brother out in Portland, Ore., sometimes wrote her letters, and at times she indicated that he distressed her a great deal.. Breaking through her reserve once, she remarked to a fellow-teacher:

"Oh, he writes me such terrible letters. I don't think I can stand it much longer."

Pennington Seminary has decided to abolish the coeducational feature after this session, having only boys as students. President J. Morgan Read called Miss Rice into his office on Feb. 14 and told her that she must look for another place for next session, as her place would be abolished after this session.

"That did not seem to worry her very much," said Dr. Read, to-day. "She did not need to worry about money, I am sure; and, besides, she had obtained another position for next session several weeks before her death."

Once or twice last week while at table Miss Rice after eating would lean back in her chair and wring her hands, as if she were in such mental distress that she was compelled to make some demonstration, which was contrary to her usually severly dignified demeanor. That the students and Faculty saw. Some time recently she took pains to destroy every letter she had, including those from her Portland brother.

On Saturday afternoon the seminary baseball nine had a match game here with a Philadelphia team. Before the game Miss Rice and Miss Ida May Vedder, another member of the Faculty, walked down to the old bridge across Stony Brook, which is a famous place for trysting couples and for secret societies attending to initiations. The two teachers tore up some paper and threw it into the water. As the pieces drifted down Miss Rice remarked:

"It takes a long time for the paper to sink, doesn't it?"

Waiting a while, she said:

"How deep is it here?"

"I don't know," answered Miss Vedder. "Could one find out by tying a stone to string?" asked Miss Rice.

"Oh, yes," laughed Miss Vedder, "I should think so. You can find it out, too, by jumping in."

The two walked back to the seminary grounds. Miss Rice sat through the ball game, posed with Miss Vedder for a kodak picture, returned to her room, had dinner at 5:30 o'cloc., and walked down toward Stony Brook with Miss Clendinning, another teacher, but Miss Rice was so uncommunicative that Miss Clendinning turned into her own home. Miss Rice walked on alone.

About 7 o'clock she was seen near the bridge by two little boys, who said she was winding something up on her wrists. She was noticed in the woods near the brook by one or two other persons, but Stony Brook is such a favorite walking and meditating place for the students and Faculty that no one though her presence there strange.

She was not searched for on Saturday night because it was assumed that she had gone home with Miss Clendinning. The next morning they found her body near the bridge. There were no marks of violence upon it. It had caught on a bush near the bridge, and so had not floated down. The lungs were full of water, contrary to some reports sent out, and Coroner Frank K. Grove said it was a clear case of suicide. County Physician Seammell and County Prosecutor Crossley agreed with him. The body was sent to Texas on Monday for burial.

Mrs. Read, wife of the President, found in the young woman's room an address book. Her neat and methodical nature was exemplified by a list of names and addresses in correct order. But some time just before her trip to Stony Brook she had opened this book and had hastily scribbled in large letters across two pages lengthwise the home and business address of her nearest relative, W. A. Freelack, a brother-in-law, of New York. He was quickly summoned, but could give no reason why Miss Rice should have killed herself.

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CITY INSPECTORS IN UNIFORM.

Water Register's Men Turned Out in Drab with Inspector's Caps.

For the first time in the history of the Water Department, the Inspectors of the Water Register's office in the various boroughs went about their duties yesterday in uniform. Commissioner Thompson decided on this reform some time ago on account of the various instances of petty thefts and extortion reported as committed by men posing as Meter Inspectors.

The uniform consists of a dark drab coat and trousers, with a cap like a car conductor's. The cap bears a seal plainly marked "Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity," and the Inspectors are required to wear their shields in plain view on their left breasts, like policemen.

$100,000 SHOE FACTORY FIRE.

Two Concerns Burned Out and 500 Employes Out of Work.

About 500 factory workers, men and girls, were thrown out of employment yesterday by a fire which wrecked the five-story brick building at 317 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. The blaze was discovered shortly before 6 o'clock in the morning by a bartender in a neighboring saloon. The loss was estimated at $100,000.

The entire building is used as shoe establishments by two manufacturers. William Lane occupies the upper three floors, while the lower two floors are used by Thomas Fitzgerald, who is also in the shoe business. Lane had his right arm accidentally torn by a fireman's grappling hook. His plant in Bay Ridge was burned out on Christmas, 1898, and again on Christmas Eve, 1899, fire caused a big loss to his factory in the same place.

Outside Liners to Boston to Burn Oil.

The steamers Yale and Harvard of the Metropolitan Steamship Company will begin their all-water direct passenger service between New York and Boston on Monday, May 23. This season these boats will burn oil instead of coal as fuel.

Optical Trade Papers Merged.

A consolidation of the two oldest optical trade papers of the country, The Optical Review and The Optical Journal, was announced yesterday, to take effect on June 7. The Jewelers' Circular Publishing Company of 11 John Street has heretofore issued The Optical Review, in addition to its jewelry periodical. Vincent S. Mulford, head of that company, will be President also of the new corporation, the Optical Publishing Company, which will issue the combined journals weekly under the name of The Optical Journal and Review of Optometry. Frederick Boger of the Frederick Boger Publishing Company, which has issued The Optical Journal, becomes the Vice President and General Manager of the new company.

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Furs Should Be Stored Now

All furs not already in Storage should be placed there as soon as possible. The even temperature, just below freezing, absolutely prevents damage by moth and the injurious effects of warm weather.

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The perfect fuel for cooking—lighting—heating. Smokeless, odorless, sootless. One PYRO LAMP outshines five kerosene kind. Our STOVES burn PYRO for 1½ cents per hour. See our line of
HOUSE and MARINE STOVES
LAMPS, CHAFING DISHES, PERCOLATORS, SAD IRONS, ETC.
Little ones for little needs—Big ones for big
Daily demonstrations at our New Showrooms
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Charge Accounts of Persons of Acknowledged Respectability Solicited. You'll find it very desirable to have an account with us. Apply to Department of Accounts. 2d Floor.

Very Special Sale To-day of High-Grade
9x12 Royal Axminster Rugs
Positively The Best Wearing Rugs In America.

YOUR particular attention is directed to this sale of Royal Axminister Rugs, for it is one of the most notable that has been announced within a year. Those on the point of buying rugs for their summer homes in the country, mountains or at the seashore will find it particularly advantageous to attend this special sale. In addition we offer at equally attractive prices many other kinds of Domestic Rugs, Carpets, Mattings and Linoleums and Oilcloths.

$27 and $31 Mismatched 9x12 Royal Axminsters $15.85

About twice a year it is possible for us to secure from the mills Rugs of this kind. This year the amount of goods was the largest ever purchased by us and the price was lowest ever paid by us, consequently we are enabled to sell slightly mismatched rugs, size 9x12, ordinarily retailed for $27 and $31 for $15.85.

9x12 Rug Sale

$30 and $35 Seamless 9 x 12 Royal Axminsters $21.70

200 Rugs, size 9x12, heaviest quality Axminster, including 30 of the best designs manufactured for next season's selling. These have no seams, strictly one piece. Colors and designs go through to the back. Styles are almost as effective as the finest Turkish Rug, ½-inch thick. Regular retail value $35.00, for this sale

$18 and $20 9x12 Tapestry Brussels $12.90

Over 300 High Grade Tapestry Brussels Rugs, oriental effects, a number of wood colors, a limited number of floral tones; part of this lot is seamless, all in perfect condition.....$12.90
6x9 Royal Axminster Rugs.....$12.50
9x12 Crex Grass Rugs at.....$6.85

$24.50 Size 9x12 Smyrna Rugs at $16.80

These rugs are all wool and reversible.

Small Royal Axminster Rugs
Size 3x6 Value $4.50 and $5.00, at $2.90
27x63 Value $2.50 Sale Price.. $1.85

$40 and $45 9x12 Royal Wilton Rugs $29.70

130 Finest grade Royal Wilton Rugs, no seams or mitres, all one piece; designs and colors, such as all-over Persian, red and green medallion and two-tone effects..... $29.70
8.3x10.6 Royal Wilton Rugs..... $26.80
3x6 $8.50 Royal Wilton Rugs..... $5.95

Dept. of Linoleums

Designs are copied from the famous German and English linoleums and with care will wear practically as long; 2 and 4 yards wide.

60c sq. yd. for 90c quality | 48c sq. yd. for 80c quality | 38c sq. yd. for 65c quality

Sampson or Potter 40c Oilcloth, sq. yd. 27c
65 Rolls of one and two yard wide, best grade.

Dept. of.. Carpets

$1.40 Velvet Carpets made, laid, lined, for $1.10
150 rolls of different styles and patterns of the standard makes of heaviest grade of Velvet Carpet, including S. Sanford Sons and Alexander Smith Sons and other reliable manufacturers; designs are self tones, practical for dining rooms, parlors, dens, etc. Oriental allover Persian effects, with hall and stairs to match. Yard.....$1.10

$1.10 Tapestry Brussels made, laid, lined, for..... 90c
165 rolls of best grade 10 wire Tapestry Brussels.

Dept. of.. Mattings

500 rolls of the celebrated government standard 116-warp Chinese Matting, each roll weighing 90 or 100 pounds, 40 yards long, enough to cover two ordinary sized rooms.

28c Per yd. for 45c Matting | 25c Per yd. for 35c Matting

Standard Japanese Matting

18c per yd. for 25c Matting | 24c per yd. for 40c Matting | 45c per yd. for 75c Matting

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO. SIXTH AVENUE'S FINEST STORE

We Make a Specialty

of Cleaning and Moth-Proofing Rugs, Carpets and Draperies, and insure same against Fire, Moth or Theft on the basis of your own valuation at low rates.

Phone 6900 Main, or mail brings full information. Estimates furnished.

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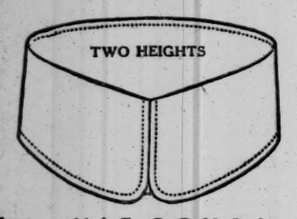
37 to 51 FLATBUSH AVE.

Experts With 30 Years' Experience.

A NEW COLLAR

With a NEW Buttonhole that BUTTONS



Front 2 in. **"ALCO"** Back 1⅛ in.

"EXPLORER"

Front 2¼ in. Back 2 in.

A close front that is different and the New [Patent Applied for] Buttonhole almost buttons itself.

Lion Collars

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THE "EASY SLIP OVER" Buttonhole

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. (MAKERS) TROY, N.Y.

SNUG-AN-EZY SHOES

EASE Where Others Squeeze

They are the only shoes that will give you absolute foot comfort and at the same time perfect shoe style

It is all in the patent last

—that cannot be imitated or duplicated

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Bet. 36th and 37th Street

SAVED FAMILIES LAST YEAR $200,000

HANG COATS, SUITS, SACKS, SKIRTS IN

MANAHAN'S ALL STORES SELL

PINE FOREST **TARINE MOTH BAGS**

TARINE MOTH SHEETS

MANAHAN'S

CEDARIZED MOTH BAGS

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Old Floors Made to Look Like New in Private Homes or Business Offices

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No Problem at All

All employers want competent, high-class help. Advertise in the Help Wanted column of The New York Times and the question is easily solved. The Times includes in its readers thousands of intelligent employes who are constantly seeking opportunities to better themselves.

NEW HAVEN'S RATES TO BE PROTESTED

Commuters Preparing to Appeal to the Commerce Commission Against Higher Fares.

MANY SUBURBS AFFECTED

New York Central Will Make No Change in Its Rates to Nearby Towns.

Commuters along the line of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad are preparing to protest to the Inter-State Commerce Commission over the increased commutation rate which the railroad has filed to go into effect on June 1. These rates will mean a big increase in the cost of living to the army of people who work in New York and live in towns along the line of the New Haven Road, and will undoubtedly make a difference to those who have bought homes making an allowance for the old rate of commutation.

Already petitions have been signed by hundreds of commuters asking the Mayors and Aldermen to take concerted action against the increase. Mayor Edwin W. Fiske of Mount Vernon took the initiative last night when he sent a special message to the Common Council calling attention to the raise.

The Aldermen passed a resolution directing the Mayor to employ counsel to appear before the Inter-State Commerce Commission in Washington and also before the State Public Service Commission to protest against the increase in rates for commuters.

Mayor Fiske in addition to his message to the Aldermen of Mount Vernon also sent letters to the Mayor of New Rochelle and the Presidents of the villages of Larchmont, Mamaroneck, Harrison, Rye, and Port Chester, asking them to attend a mass meeting at the Mount Vernon City Hall on Friday for the purpose of taking a determined stand against the increase.

C. C. Howard, chief clerk to the General Passenger Agent of the New York Central, said at the Grand Central Station yesterday that no change of rate was contemplated on the part of the New York Central. This road handles a very large portion of the suburban traffic out of New York City with its three branches, the Harlem, the Hudson River, and the Putnam.

These tables give a comparison of the old with the new rates as well as the distances from New York. The rate given is that for the regular monthly coupon ticket. The old gradually decreasing "scale basis" is to be abolished and all tickets sold at a flat rate:

Station.	Present Rate.	New Rate.	Miles.
Mount Vernon	5.90	6.75	13.7
Pelham	5.85	7.05	15.0
New Rochelle	6.35	7.65	16.5
Larchmont	6.75	8.10	18.7
Mamaroneck	7.00	8.40	20.2
Harrison	7.50	9.00	22.2
Rye	8.00	9.60	24.0
Port Chester	8.25	9.90	25.7
Greenwich	8.50	10.20	28.2
Cos Cob	8.55	10.30	30.0
Riverside	8.65	10.40	30.2
Sound Beach	8.75	10.50	31.5
Stamford	9.00	10.80	33.5
New Canaan	10.30	12.40	41.2
Noroton	9.35	11.25	37.0
Darien	9.50	11.45	37.0
South Norwalk	10.40	12.50	41.5
Bridgeport	12.75	14.80	56.0
New Haven	16.00	22.00	73.2

The following table shows the rates and distances between New York and stations on the Harlem Division of the Central:

Station.	Rate.	M.	Station.	Rate.	M.
Mt. Vernon	$5.90	13.1	Sherman Pk.	8.00	29.3
Pronxville	5.90	15.3	Pleasantville.	8.05	30.5
Tuckahoe	6.20	16.0	Chappaqua	8.35	32.4
Crestwood	6.35	16.7	Mt. Kisco	8.90	36.7
Scarsdale	6.65	18.9	Bedford	9.50	39.1
Hartsdale	6.90	20.6	Katonah	10.50	41.1
W. Plains	7.35	22.4	L. Mahopac	11.20	50.8
N. W. Plains	7.50	24.0	Purdys	10.65	46.1
Valhalla	7.60	25.4	Brewster	11.20	51.9
Hawthorne	7.90	28.3	Pawling	13.20	63.7

These are the rates on the Hudson River Division:

Station.	Rate.	M.	Station.	Rate.	M.
Ludlow	$5.90	13.7	Phillips M.	7.80	25.0
Yonkers	5.90	14.5	Scarborough.	8.00	28.7
Glenwood	5.90	15.3	Ossining	8.05	30.2
Greystone	6.30	17.2	Harmon	8.35	32.7
Hastings	6.65	18.7	Croton	8.65	33.9
Dobbs Ferry	6.90	20.0	Peekskill	10.30	40.5
Ardsley	7.20	21.0	Garrison	10.65	49.1
Irvington	7.30	22.0	Fishkill	13.15	58.3
Tarrytown	7.60	24.5	P'ghkeepsie	14.10	72.8

It will thus be seen that while the Central commuter can travel from a station, say thirty miles from New York, for $8.05 a month, the New Haven commuter for the same distance must pay $10.30.

PASSENGER FARE INCREASE.

Boston & Maine and Boston & Albany Follows New Haven's Lead.

BOSTON, May 3.—A movement to increase passenger rates on many of the railroads between the Mississippi River and the Atlantic will become practically general in New England by June 1. Following the recent announcement of an advance by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, the Boston & Maine and Boston & Albany managements today stated that they had decided to raise rates, because of the increased cost of operation, due largely to the higher wages insisted upon by the employes.

The local officials of the Boston & Albany Division of the New York Central Railroad say the increase will be made between this city and Albany. The raise will average about 12 per cent., and will take effect on June 1. The new schedules will be filed at once with the Railroad Commission and also with the Inter-State Commerce Commission. Among the notable increases in fares are the raising of those between Boston and Worcester from 90 cents to $1, from this city to Springfield from $2 to $2.25, and from this city to Albany from $4.05 to $4.35.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 3.—The Directors of the New Haven Road will take up the question of raising the freight rates of the system at their next meeting. It was stated to-day that no definite scheme for raising the freight rates had been mapped out, but that the increase in passenger tariff reported to the Inter-State Commerce Commission would not furnish enough revenue to meet the demand imposed by the new wage schedule.

Ex-Treasurer Gets Four-Year Sentence.

CAMDEN, N. J., May 3.—Judge Joline, in the County Criminal Court here today, sentenced Ira S. Champion, former Treasurer of Ocean City, N. J., to four years at hard labor in the State prison on a charge of forgery. Champion, it was charged, discounted a note for $7,000 to which he had forged the name of Louis Cresse, Mayor of Ocean City. He pleaded guilty to the charge a week ago.

MAYOR GIVES HIS TAX VIEWS.

Explains to Andrew Carnegie His Stand on the Personal List.

In discussing the various bills pending before the Legislature affecting the city, Mayor Gaynor expressed himself yesterday as particularly desirous that the measure doing away with the personal tax system, which was introduced at his request, become a law this year. He and President Purdy of the Tax Board both announced themselves in favor of this legislation some time ago, and Andrew Carnegie sent a letter to the Mayor congratulating him on his position.

The Mayor thanked Mr. Carnegie, and they have had some correspondence on the subject. The last letter written by the Mayor to the financier was made public by the former yesterday. It reads:

Office of the Mayor, April 14, 1910.

Dear Mr. Carnegie: I thank you very much for your kind letter of April 13.

The general personal tax law of this State now applies only to a remnant of personal property. There was a time when it covered all sorts of personal property, but by degrees statutes were passed, one after another, specifically taxing certain kinds of personal property, until most of the personal property that formerly fell under the general statute for the taxation of personal property came to be taxed under such special statues.

There seem to be people who deem themselves intelligent, but have no knowledge on this subject whatever. Some one cut an editorial out of a newspaper the other day and showed it to me. The burden of it was that the writer said that he happened to know that my own estate was invested chiefly in real estate, but that I was trustee of a large estate which consisted almost entirely of personal property, and he therefore did not see why I favored the taking of the personal tax off of such trust estate and casting it on my own real estate.

I might have written to this editorial instructor of the community that the large estate which he mentioned, of which I am trustee, has never paid any personal tax under the general personal tax statute, for the reason that it is invested in bonds and mortgages, stocks of corporations, bank stocks, and the like, which are all taxed separately under separate statutes, and not under the general personal tax statute at all. It pays its full quota of personal taxes, but under such special statutes. Up to a few years ago the statute required that mortgages on real estate should be taxed at the same rate as real estate.

It is hard for some people to perceive that the making of a mortgage on a piece of real estate does not create any new property, or add anything whatever to the stock of property of the world. There is still nothing but the piece of real estate.

It is equally hard to make some people understand that if you tax a mortgage, in some way or another the borrower will be made to pay the tax. That is the result of an economic law as faithful as the rising and setting of the sun. You cannot vary such laws by legislation. As Macaulay says, you might as well legislate that the snow shall not fall when the sun is in Capricorn, or that the flowers shall not bloom when he is in Cancer.

In the same way all the property of corporations is taxed under the general laws of taxation, and yet some people would say that we should tax the certificates of shares issued to the stockholders also; not perceiving that such certificates add nothing to the property or substance of the corporation, but only evidence that the holders thereof own the proportion of the corporation mentioned therein.

But it seems of little use for us to talk about it. We must leave something for those who come after us to dispute about, however simple the matter may be.

Sincerely yours, W. J. GAYNOR.

Andrew Carnegie, Esq.,
New York City.

The Mayor also spoke with gratification yesterday on the passage of the Enabling act under the debt limit amendment, and expressed a hope that the Charter Revision bills and the measure uniting the Department of Licenses and the License Bureau will pass.

A CHARITIES CONFERENCE.

Those Interested in Different Philanthropies Will Exchange Their Views.

The first Conference of Charities and Correction ever held in this city will take place on May 10 and 11 at the United Charities Building, Robert W. Hebberd, former Charities Commissioner of this city, presiding.

The purpose will be to give all those who are interested in philanthropic matters a chance to exchange ideas. Every one who is interested in philanthropy may attend and become a member of the conference, which is supported by voluntary contributions.

The first session, which will be held next Tuesday evening, will be occupied with a discussion of the problems of congestion of population. Mr. Hebberd, Prof. Frank J. Goodnow of Columbia, Dr. John S. Billings of the Health Board, Dr. Horace Greely, Benjamin C. Marsh, and Cyrus L. Sulzberger will speak. "Health Rates and Mortality Rates in Overcrowded Rooms" and the "Family Standard in Overcrowded Rooms" will be among the subjects discussed.

On Wednesday afternoon there will be a discussion of the problems relating to dependent children. On Wednesday evening President Hynes of the Brooklyn St. Vincent de Paul Society, Lee K. Frankel, and others will discuss "The Relief of the Poor in Their Homes."

On Thursday, May 12, the conference will adjourn to the Caroline Country Club at Hartsdale, where luncheon will be served. Among the speeches will be one by Dr. William Mabon, Superintendent of the Manhattan State Hospital, on "The Institutional Treatment of the Insane," and another by Vice President Henry Solomon of the State Commission of Prisons on "The Needs of the Department of Correction."

There will also be a discussion of fresh-air charities during the afternoon. Contributions should be addressed to Edward J. Butler, Treasurer, 105 East Twenty-second Street. Other communications should be sent to Morris D. Waldman, Secretary, 356 Second Avenue.

WHARFAGE FEE GRAFT GROWS

Warrants for Three More Dockmasters —Thousands Lost to City.

Police Magistrate Appleton, sitting in the Tombs Court, issued warrants for the arrest of three more Dockmasters yesterday on charges of pocketing the wharfage fees collected by them. Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick obtained the warrants after reporting the cases to the Mayor and obtaining his consent for immediate action.

This makes five Dockmasters who have got into trouble as a result of investigations by the Commissioner. The first disappeared before he could be arrested and the second was arrested last week on a warrant issued by the Mayor himself.

Two of the three men for whom the warrants are out are residents of Manhattan and the other lives in Brooklyn. All three have been in the department for several years. The specific charges against them involve only small sums, but the Commissioner points out in his report to the Mayor that the peculations may run into many thousands of dollars.

STANDARD OIL LOSES IN A REBATE CASE

United States Circuit Court of Appeals Sustains $20,000 Fine of Lower Court.

SHIPMENTS TO RUTLAND

Jury Found Standard Guilty of Receiving Rebates from Pennsylvania and New York Central.

Judge Noyes of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals handed down an opinion yesterday on behalf of the bench affirming the conviction of the Standard Oil Company of New York in the Western Judicial District of this State on forty counts of an indictment setting up the acceptance of concessions from published tariff rates on oil shipments over the Pennsylvania Railroad, the New York Central, and the Rutland Railroad. The Standard was fined $20,000 by the Federal Court of the Western District, and this fine, like the verdict, was upheld.

The conviction was based upon the shipment of a carload of oil for each count of the indictment, twenty-eight counts being for shipments from Olean, N. Y., to Rutland, Vt., and the other twelve for shipments from Olean to Bellows Falls, Vt. The Government established that the Pennsylvania Railroad and New York Central and the Rutland Railroad published and filed tariffs covering the transportation of petroleum at 28½ cents a hundred pounds between Olean and Norwood, and at $28 a tank car from Norwood to Rutland. The indictment was framed by agreement of attorneys for the defense and the Government—there being no question as to the facts—so as to charge that the three railroads knowingly transported a carload of oil as specified in each count at less than the published tariff, and that the defendant company accepted the concession.

The shipments were those of the Vacuum Oil Company, a Standard subsidiary, and the lawyers for the Standard undertook to make their case on a variety of legal theories based on the contention that the admitted facts constituted no offense against the Elkins law, under which the prosecution was brought.

In writing the opinion for the Circuit Court of Appeals Judge Noyes says:

"Now, without reviewing it, it seems sufficient to say that, in our opinion, there was evidence in the case which with all the circumstances and the inferences properly to be drawn therefrom warranted the jury in finding:

"'1. That the defendant before these shipments were made had entered into an agreement with the carriers with respect to the billing, the rates, the payments of the freight, and the continuous inter-State carriage of the oil.

"'2. That the defendant knew that the rates which it paid in accordance with the arrangement with the carriers amounted to less than the published and filed rate for the transportation service.'

"It follows then that if the defendant regarded the published rate as applicable to the route over which the oil, with its knowledge, was shipped, it knowingly accepted a concession from such rate. And if it did not so regard the published rate, if the filing of the rate and the entire course of dealing between the defendant and the carriers amounted merely to a device to circumvent the law, to mislead other shippers and to discriminate in favor of the defendant, still none the less was the concession in violation of the statute.

"In our opinion the evidence was sufficient to warrant the jury in finding that the defendant knowingly accepted a concession, and we find no error in the rulings or instructions regarding the defendant's guilty knowledge."

TO ENJOIN NEW SUBWAYS.

Complaint Being That Queens Borough Is Ignored in the Plans.

Complaining that the Public Service Commission has failed to take any consideration of Queens Borough in the planing and laying out of new subway and rapid transit lines, the Rapid Transit Committee of Queens, with delegates representing civic organizations, appointed a Committee of Ways and Means at a meeting held in this city last night to take steps to enjoin the construction of the proposed Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway and such other new subway lines as might be started in the Boroughs of Brooklyn and the Bronx.

J. M. O'Brien of East Elmhurst was Chairman of the meeting. A committee of five, of which John W. Paris, President of the Real Estate Exchange of Long Island, is Chairman, was appointed to initiate legal proceedings. The committee may try to enjoin later the Fort Hamilton and Coney Island branches of the Fourth Avenue Subway.

Kyrle Bellew Sails for Europe.

Kyrle Bellew and his friend, Frank A. Connor, sailed yesterday for Europe on the Kronprinz Wilhelm. W. F. Connor, a brother of Frank Connor, and for many years manger for Sarah Bernhardt, sailed on the same liner. He said that he expected to manage Mme. Bernhardt on a two years' tour through India nd China, which was to be her farewell to the world. Mr. Bellew said that he was going to visit his old home in Calcutta before he returns to New York in October. "I expect to appear then in a new play," said Mr. Bellew, "but I do not know what it is until I meet Mr. Frohman in London."

Adds Zest to the Best

breakfast, luncheon or dinner. Keiller's Marmalade *refreshes* the appetite. Made of Spain's bitterish oranges—that's one reason why.

Keiller's "Since 1797" **Marmalade**

HE'D CUT OFF 'PHONES OF CITY EMPLOYES

Controller Gives a List of Nearly Two Hundred Who Have No Right to Them.

PRODS STEERS IN BROOKLYN

Reminds Him That He Was Elected on a Reform Ticket Which Promised Economy—A Saving of $50,000.

Controller Prendergast sent to the Mayor yesterday a list of nearly two hundred men in the various city departments who have telephones in their homes for which the city is paying, and recommended that the contracts for nearly all of them be revoked at once. He points ou. that the list includes clerks, deputies, and secretaries, and that in only a very few cases in the Water, Fire, Police, and Health Departments can there by any excuse for the practice.

The Controller also sent to Borough President Steers of Brooklyn a list of the men in his department who have telephones in their homes at the city's expense, which includes the President himself, pointing out that he was elected on a platform of reform and economy and telling him that it is his duty to see that the contracts are cancelled at once.

To the Mayor the Controller said:

Unless very excellent reasons could be shown why the city should pay for telephone service in the private residences of certain of its employes, I believe that it is my duty as Controller to refuse hereafter to pay bills for such private service and will act accordingly. The contracts covering 98 per cent. of the service referred to in the inclosed list ought to be cancelled at once.

In his letter to President Steers the Controller said:

You and I were selected on a platform that promised reform and economy to the citizens of New York. This is neither. It differs in no way from the old order of things which we promised to correct.

The Controller also announced that he had obtained from the New York Telephone Company a substantial reduction in the cost of the city's service, which will save about $50,000 a year. The cut is 40 per cent. on interborough calls and 25 per cent. on suburban calls.

The list which the Controller sent to the Mayor includes the principal departments in the city. Some of the names are Deputy Fire Commissioner O'Keeffe, the surgeons of the Fire Department, a score of doctors in the Health Department, including Dr. Lederle, Dr. Biggs, and Dr. Park, the Police Inspectors and Commissioner Baker, Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards, and several men in his department, nearly fifty of the engineers and Inspectors in the Water Department, Bridge Commissioner Martin and E. E. Schiff, his secretary, and Charities Commissioner Drummond.

GARGAN ON TRIAL FOR MURDER

Killed His Father-in-Law and Brother in Saloon—Insanity the Plea.

John C. Gargan, the Brooklyn young man who shot and killed his father-in-law, Martin W. Hynes, 60 years old, and his brother, Harry Gargan, in a saloon at Marcy and Lexington Avenues, Brooklyn, on Feb. 19 last, was put on trial for murder yesterday before Justice Kelly in the Supreme Court.

Shortly after the trial opened it became apparent that a plea of insanity would be entered. The jury was completed before court adjourned for the day. Gargan's crime was the culmination of marital troubles, for which he blamed his father-in-law. It was said on account of Gargan's habits Hynes took his daughter away from her husband the night before the shooting to his home in Richmond Hill.

WOMAN DEAD OF A FALL.

Police Say Mrs. Wagner Fell Out of a Window Accidentally.

Mrs. Minnie Wagner, a widow of 63, who lived with a married son and his wife at 2,358 Crotona Avenue, the Bronx, was found dead early last night with her skull fractured, on the stone pavement at the bottom of an airshaft directly under her bedroom window. The police record at the Tremont Avenue station gives her death was accidental.

Mrs. Wagner had been under medical treatment lately for heart trouble, and the Coroner was told by her family that after a visit of her doctor yesterday morning she seemed despondent.

Telephone Directories Go To Press

The New York City and Suburban Telephone Directories for the summer months go to press

Friday, May 6th.

Any changes or additions to listings for this issue must be arranged for on or before above date.

Call at nearest Business Office.

New York Telephone Co.

Every Bell Telephone the Center of the System

The Meriden Company

Silversmiths

Have Removed from 218 Fifth Avenue to their New Store

49 and 51 West Thirty-fourth St.

Special exhibitions of the things beautiful in Sterling, Silver Plate and Cut Glass during the opening weeks.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Hundreds of Smith Gray & Co. Suits and Spring Overcoats, regularly priced 20 and 22.50.. 15.50

Hundreds of Smith Gray & Co. Suits and Spring Overcoats, regularly priced 22.50, 25 and 27.50, 18.50

These extreme values are accomplishing their purpose, which is to bring into intimate touch and consequent relationship those who seek clothes possessing character, identity and class, that they may learn not only of the many excellent qualities of Smith Gray garments, but of the values which regularly obtain in Smith Gray & Co.'s stores.

The garments offered at these special prices are from two sources—the $15.50 garments being our regular lots specially priced—the $18.50 garments the result of a policy which does not permit of waiting till July or August to dispose of small lots of one, two or three of a kind which naturally result in our best selling styles, but necessitates their immediate disposal.

Every garment is a Smith Gray garment, tailored after the manner which has for 65 years won the appreciation and patronage of New York's most critical dressers.

The models are the smart new two and three button Smith Gray Spring designs.

The Suits include Blue Serges, Fancy Blues, Gray, Stone and Steel shade Worsteds, Velours and Cassimeres in all the smart Grays and Black and White effects in Pin Check fancy weave Silk Stripes, Glen Checks and Club Checks—in fact there is included every fabric and design that covers the entire good clothes range of style.

The Overcoats include Smart Grays in a dozen different shades, a number of Olive Tan and Brownish shades—included are many of the very smartest and nicest garments we have—those fancy new diamond and double herringbone weaves and other styles so extremely popular at present. Many of these garments are exclusive styles and the models all show that individuality and character which have made Smith Gray Overcoats so deservedly popular for three generations.

We invite you to take advantage of this unusual offering—with the firm belief that if you do and thus become acquainted with Smith Gray quality and value, your permanent patronage is assured.

Motor clothes for owners and chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

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T. KELLY

263 Sixth Avenue—104-106 West 17th Street

Piano Outfit for $225.00

Don't delay. We only have a limited quantity of these piano outfits left for this remarkable sale.

These pianos are in the newest and most beautiful original designs; have double veneered case, bird's-eye maple lined, patent rust-proof back. They are equal to any piano sold elsewhere at $500. Guaranteed 10 years.

Price includes music cabinet, stool and cover or scarf FREE.

CASH OR CREDIT We take payments as low as $5 down; $1 weekly or $5 monthly. Our Pianos are not stencil Pianos. They are made for us exclusively by the highest class manufacturers. You have their guarantee and ours. Other Pianos as low as $195.

PRICES MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

DIAMONDS

Special, Wednesday, May 4th

TO-DAY we shall offer a larger list than usual of special diamond rings. We mean by special that we have no duplicates. They will be sold with our refund agreement and with the distinct understanding that the money will be refunded if any in this sale can be duplicated elsewhere for less than double our price. We are actual diamond cutters, with a factory in Brooklyn, and sell direct to the consumer. We often have large, showy diamonds that in cutting come out with small imperfections. These we sell very cheap; in fact, we have diamonds at all prices from $28 to $500 per carat. All our prices are guaranteed about one-half less than elsewhere.

OUR REFUND AGREEMENT PROTECTS YOU AGAINST LOSS.

CHARLES A. KEENE, Importer & Cutter of Diamonds **180 Broadway, New York.**

Founded 1881—Near Fulton St. Subway Station.

LONDON, 50 Holborn Viaduct. PARIS, 44 Rue Lafayette.
AMSTERDAM, Sarphatistraat 33. ANTWERP, 90 Rue du Pelican.

SHOWS RECORD OF COHALAN WARRANT

It Indicates That the Document Left the Mayor's Office Before Gaynor Entered.

DENIAL FROM CHIEF CLERK

That McClellan or Any One Told Him to Tell Gaynor That It Had Been "Held Up."

Mayor Gaynor showed to callers at the City Hall yesterday the receipt book for warrants which leave his office for that of the City Chamberlain after they have been signed by the Mayor's Chief Clerk. In the sheet dealing with Dec. 31 appeared, among a large number of other items, the entry of the $48,000 payment to Daniel F. Cohalan, responsibility for which The New York American has since attempted to attribute to Mr. Gaynor by methods which provoked a bitter attack by the Mayor on W. R. Hearst at the Associated Press dinner last Thursday night. The signatures on the sheet show that it was passed by the Mayor's office and received by the City Chamberlain's office on Dec. 31; that is, under the McClellan administration.

In a letter to The Brooklyn Eagle yesterday, Mayor Gaynor made his position in the whole matter clear. He is ready to admit that Controller Prendergast spoke to him about the warrant on Jan. 1, although he has no distinct recollection of it. In refererce to ex-Mayor McClellan's cabled assertion that he instructed Chief Clerk Curtin to speak to Mr. Gaynor about the warrant, the Mayor asks why Mr. McClellan did not do so himself during their interview immediately before the inauguration ceremony. He also quotes Mr. Curtin's statement that Mr. McClellan never spoke to him (the Chief Clerk) about it.

Mayor Gaynor's Letter.

Mayor Gaynor's letter to The Brooklyn Eagle is as follows:

"Several have called my attention to the misstatements of fact of your editorial of yesterday. You say that the Controller informed me on Jan. 1 that the Controller's warrant to Mr. Cohalan was held up by the Chamberlain, and then say: 'Shortly afterward the statutory secretary of the Mayor to sign warrants signed this one and the City Chamberlain paid the $48,000 to Cohalan.' This is the reverse of the fact, and your readers may well wonder why you should publish it. It is the falsehood which Hearst utters; but why should you repeat it instead of the positive and well-known truth which is as follows:

"Cohalan filed his claim in the Controller's office in November for services rendered by him and three other assistant lawyers for two years in forty or more franchise tax suits on the enjoyment of State Attorney General Jackson, elected on the Hearst ticket. Hearst being then hand in glove with what he calls 'Tammany.' It went through the usual course of examination and audit, and was finally audited and made a fixed and legal liability of the city by Controller Metz on Dec. 29, 1909. No one questions that he acted honestly and properly, and yet the Hearst implication is that he did not.

"The next step was for the Controller to draw a warrant on the City Chamberlain for the payment of the claim. This was done on Dec. 31. The warrant was dated that day. On the same day, Dec. 31, it was sent to the chief clerk of the Mayor's office to be by him signed. The Mayor does not sign the Controller's warrants on the Chamberlain, nor do they go to him, but to the chief clerk of the Mayor's office, to be vised and signed by him. The Mayor does not receive them or have anything to do with them.

"The said chief clerk received and signed the said warrant that same day, viz.: Dec. 31, and it was then complete and ready to be presented to the Chamberlain for payment. On the same day, viz.: Dec. 31, at 1:30 P. M., the warrant was delivered to the Chamberlain at his office for payment, and a receipt given for it by him, dated that day, Dec. 31, which receipt was returned to the Mayor's office that same day, filed there, and is now on file there, as any one may see.

All Complete Before Jan. 1.

"These facts and dates are all of record and perfectly well known. Why, then, do you print Hearst's false statement instead, namely, that the warrant was signed after I took office by any one? I never had anything to do with the warrant, nor did any one under me. The whole transaction of it was complete before I took office on Jan. 1 at noon. The warrant was signed and complete and the property of Cohalan, and nothing was left but for the Chamberlain to pay it, which was done on Tuesday, Jan. 4, as soon as the new Chamberlain had qualified, he not having been appointed until Monday, Jan. 3.

"Some one told me on Jan. 1, which was Saturday, or thereafter, that Chamberlain Martin had gone out of office on Dec. 31 without paying some warrant to Cohalan or had held it up. Controller Prendergast says he told me, and therefore he is presumably the one. I had never heard of the matter before and knew nothing of it and paid no attention to it. Indeed, on Jan. 1 I went through the trying work of the inauguration and of shaking hands with over 1,000 persons and receiving many more afterward in the Mayor's room, and left for home soon afterward and had my luncheon in Brooklyn. How any one talked business with me in that crowded hour of my life is more than I can tell.

The Chief Clerk's Denial.

"You also copy from Hearst's paper what purports to be a dispatch that McClellan says he told the chief clerk to tell me the warrant had been held up, and presumes the clerk did so. McClellan did not need to give any such injunction to his chief clerk. He talked with me in the Mayor's room for fifteen minutes or more before the inauguration. He did not say a word of any warrant. His chief clerk says no direction or request was given him to do so, and he never did so. The whole matter had gone through the Mayor's office and was complete before I took office, as every one who has looked for the facts knows.

"The facts are indisputable, for they are matters of record, black on white. The warrant was not signed in the Mayor's office by the chief clerk after I became Mayor, as you must see. I never had anything to do with the matter, as you must see. You further say:

"'The Mayor's speech is emphatic on the point that his statutory secretary to sign warrants signed this one and not himself.'

"There is no such thing in my speech, as every one knows. The 'statutory secretary,' as you call the chief clerk who signed the warrant, Mr. Curtin, signed it under McClellan on Dec. 31, as I have already stated, and as the record shows. He signed no more warrants after Dec. 31, until he was duly deputized therefor by me, as was necessary, his powers having expired with the outgoing Mayor, and I did not deputize him until Jan. 5, which is also a matter of record, whereas the said warrant had already been paid on Jan. 4.

"I regret to have to point out to you these unjust statements of fact by you, inadvertently, of course. The job put up by several whose identity will now grow plainer every day to make it appear that I 'fixed the award' and issued the warrant for payment, as Hearst asserted in his newspapers, at the same time printing a fac simile of the warrant with its date blank, should not be countenanced by The Brooklyn Eagle or any newspaper professing honesty or decency. Come here at any time and see the records.

"W. J. GAYNOR."

CITY DROPS HEARST SUIT.

Court Holds It Responsible for Damages in Fireworks Explosion.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum dismissed yesterday the suit of the city to compel William R. Hearst to pay the damages arising from the fireworks celebration of Hearst's election to Congress Nov. 4, 1902. Eighteen persons were killed and a score injured by an accidental explosion on that occasion. Eighty-five actions were brought to recover damages by victims and dependents of victims. Some $1,700,000 in judgments against the city have already been obtained, and the total claims will probably amount to $3,000,000.

Justice Greenbaum acted after a jury had been selected. Clarence J. Shearn and Samuel Untermyer represented Mr. Hearst, who was sued individually and as President of the National Association of Democratic Clubs. Assistant Corporation Counsel Pierce and ex-Assistant Corporation Counsel Stover represented the city. The suit dismissed was a test case, which will decide all the others. It was brought to enforce the payment by Hearst of a judgment of $20,000 obtained against the city by the widow of Dennis Shea, who was killed by the explosion.

Counsel for Mr. Hearst asked for the dismissal of the suit on the ground that the Aldermen had granted a permit for the celebration, and had thereby made the city liable for the accident. The Court of Appeals had decided that the city might be held.

Mr. Shearn, on leaving the courtroom, said to Assistant Corporation Counsel Pierce in a jocular tone:

"If Gaynor fires you for this, come over to my office and I'll get you a better appointment."

Two More Victims of Dynamite.

GREENSBURG, Penn., May 3.—Two Russian miners were instantly killed and two of their fellow-countrymen injured to-day, when dynamite stored in a lower room of a foreign boarding house exploded, blowing the frame house to splinters and hurling its fifteen sleeping occupants in all directions. It is thought some one inexperienced in the handling of dynamite tampered with the explosive.

Columbia Freshmen Win on Track.

The Columbia freshman track team defeated the High School of Commerce in a dual meet on South Field yesterday afternoon by the score of 48 to 42. H. H. Jacobs, Columbia's star freshman sprinter, had little difficulty in winning in both dashes from J. Ravenell, the colored interscholastic champion. He won the hundred-yard dash eased up in 0:10 2-5, and walked away with the 220-yard dash in 0:23 2-5. The freshmen won seven of the ten events, but the schoolboys had a well-balanced team and almost won out in the point score. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by H. H. Jacobs, Columbia, '13; J. Ravenell, Commerce, second; G. Young, Commerce, third. Time—0:10 2-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by H. H. Jacobs, Columbia, '13; J. Ravenell, Commerce, second; N. B. Ward, Columbia, '13, third. Time—0:23 2-5.

440-Yard Dash.—Won by J. Rosenbaum, Commerce; F. Wolters, Commerce, second; S. S. Simpson, Commerce, third. Time—0:54 1-5.

880-Yard Run.—Won by J. Rosenbaum, Commerce; L. Lockwood, Columbia, '13, second; W. C. Cox, Columbia, '13, third. Time—2:09 3-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by S. Reichman, Columbia, '13; W. C. Cox, Columbia, '13, second; W. Hasse, Commerce, third. Time—4:36 3-5.

120-Yard High Hurdles.—Won by H. H. Leslie, Commerce; W. Hasse, Commerce, second; Q. Roerhman, Columbia, '13, third. Time—0:18 1-5.

220-Yard Low Hurdles.—Won by N. B. Ward, Columbia, '13; A. Cheval, Commerce, second; H. H. Leslie, Commerce, third. Time—0:28 2-5.

Running High Jump.—Tie between W. Roos, Columbia, '13, S. Mandell, Columbia, '13, and Q. Roerhman, Columbia, '13, at 5 feet 3 inches.

Running Broad Jump.—Won by N. B. Ward, Columbia, '13, with a jump of 20 feet 4 inches; I. Rosenberg, Commerce, second, with 18 feet 9 inches; A. Cheval, Commerce, third, with a jump of 18 feet 7 inches.

Shot Put.—Won by W. Roos, Columbia, '13, with a put of 40 feet 10 inches; J. Conan, Commerce, second, with a put of 39 feet; C. Webber, Commerce, third, with a put of 37 feet.

Pathfinder Arrives at Wichita.

WICHITA, Kan., May 3.—There remains less than 1,000 miles of the 1910 Glidden tour route to be mapped. The pathfinder car bearing Dal Lewis, American Automobile Association scout, reached here this afternoon, having crossed the Oklahoma-Kansas line in a 120-mile run from Enid, Okla. The recent heavy rains did not impede the progress of the car to any extent, and the trip across the State of Oklahoma under the escort of the Oklahoma Automobile Association was accomplished in less than three days. To-morrow the pathfinder car starts for Kansas City. The tour as mapped from Cincinnati to Dallas and thus far north covers more than 1,800 miles. The entire route, ending in Chicago, will be about 2,800 miles, a greater distance than any previous National tour has covered.

Kildare Men's Games at Wakefield.

The annual picnic and games of the Kildare men will be held at the New Irish Park, Wakefield, next Sunday. The feature will be the challenge Gaelic football match between Cork, champions of Munster, and Kilkenny, champions of America. The lovers of Gaelic football have been awaiting the meeting of these two teams for years and a large crowd will witness the play. The championship match between Kildare and Queens County will be another bitter struggle, and it can safely be said that the two games will be worth going miles to see.

Game Wardens to Shoot Stray Dogs.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 3.—The game Wardens of all the counties of New Jersey met here to-day with the Fish and Game Commission and had a general talk behind closed doors regarding the proper enforcement of the fish and game laws. The Wardens were instructed to see that stray dogs do not wander afield in this State. It is said that much valuable game is destroyed by tramp dogs, and the Wardens were instructed to shoot them. After a conference with the commission President B. C. Kuser entertained all of the Wardens and his brother Commissioners at a dinner at the Trenton House.

INTHE ROPED ARENA.

Johnny Marto will have Frankie Smith, the San Francisco lightweight, as an opponent at the Madison Athletic Club, Sulzer's Harlem Casino, 125th Street and Second Avenue, to-night. Tommy Murphy was to have faced Marto, but Murphy said he did not have sufficient time to get into condition. Smith, however, should give Marto a good "go," as he is clever and a hard hitter.

Six boxing bouts and a wrestling match will make up the card for the Sharkey Athletic Club show to-night. Johnny Moran will probably box Kid Ghetto in the ten-round wind up.

Jim Flynn, having found it impossible to get into condition for such a hard bout as he believes Tony Ross would give him, Manager McMahon of the Empire Athletic Club has decided to stage a contest that he had been saving for a later date. He will put on Jimmy Clabby, the Norwich welterweight, who in the last year has come to be reckoned with among the claimants for the world's title, and Mike "Twin" Sullivan, who is generally recognized as being the best man in the class. There will be several excellent preliminaries. Tommy Murphy and Leach Cross will be the headliners at the Empire a week from Thursday.

Dan Savage, Jersey's champion welter, and Young Wildfang, a welterweight from Canada, are rapidly rounding into condition for their ten-round contest, which is to be held at the Long Acre Athletic Association in West Twenty-ninth Street on Thursday evening.

Young O'Leary will claim the bantamweight title if he beats Monte Attell at the National Sporting Club next Friday night. O'Leary maintains that he had a shade the better of Johnny Coulon in Brooklyn two weeks ago, and regards Monte Attell as the next best man to Coulon.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Major W. A. Phillips, Ordnance, to Seagirt, to inspect ammunition.

Capt. G. H. Stewart, Ordnance, to Seagirt, N. J., to inspect ammunition.

Capt. L. F. Garrard, Jr., Quartermaster, to the Philippines, for examination to determine his fitness for promotion by the Examining Board at Manila.

Major T. U. Raymond, Medical Corps, is detailed as a member of the Examining Board at Manila vice Major C. C. Collins, Medical Corps, relieved.

Major D. C. Howard, Medical Corps, to Columbus Barracks for temporary duty, thence to Jefferson Barracks.

Capt. W. W. Wilhelm, Ordnance, will join his regiment.

The Navy.

Lieut. A. W. Johnson to the Delaware.

Lieut. W. R. Van Auken to the Naval Academy.

Lieut. C. S. Kampff to the Michigan.

Ensign W. B. Woodson to duty on staff commander Atlantic Fleet on board the Connecticut.

Ensign J. E. Pond to the Petrel.

Midshipman A. S. Kemman, resignation accepted.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Mayflower at Piney Point, Md.; Flusser, Reid, Apache at New York; New Hampshire at Portsmouth, N. H.; Wolverine at Cleveland; Chattanooga and Samar at Shanghai; Michigan at New York.

Sailed—Sioux from Boston for Rockland, Me.; South Carolina from Provincetown for Hampton Roads.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

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Travel De Luxe—Fine Accommodations—Splendid Cuisine and Service.

PEOPLES LINE
NEW YORK AND ALBANY
Magnificent steamer ADIRONDACK or C. W. MORSE leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily. (Sundays excepted.) Leaves Albany daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 P. M.

CITIZENS LINE
NEW YORK AND TROY
New steel steamer TROJAN or RENSSELAER leaves Pier 46, N. R., foot W. 10th St., at 6 P. M. daily. (Saturdays excepted.) Sunday steamer touches at Albany. Leaves Troy daily (Saturdays excepted) at 7:30 P. M.

ROUND TRIP **$2.50** via both lines; 10 day limit.
Direct rail connections at Albany and Troy for points North, East, and West; horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.
THE POPULAR SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE — Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St. WEEK DAYS at 6 P. M. Catskill-Hudson Coxsackie. Phone 1098 Spring.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

SPECIAL CLEARING SALE OF NEW AND USED PIANOS.
Read the list carefully. Just what you are looking for may be here, and at a price that will save you from $100 to $200.

Steinway upright	$175	Chickering upright	$200
Steinway upright	225	Wissner upright	185
Weber upright	175	Knabe upright	250
Weber upright	250	Haines upright	160
Milton upright	150	Bradbury upright	100
Bent upright	125	Lindeman upright	200
Kranich & Bach upright	$200		
Ives & Pond upright	140		
James & Holmstrom upright	175		
Steinway Baby Grand	475		
Sohmer Baby Grand	500		
Ives & Pond Grand	475		
Weber Pianola Grand	1,275		
Aeolian Orchestral Organ	125		

The Weber Grand Pianola Piano referred to cost $1,875 a few weeks ago, and is in perfect condition. Over 100 rolls of music go with the Orchestral Organ. Several Pianolas, Angelus, and Cecilian Players, good as new, at half price and less.
CONVENIENT TERMS ARRANGED.
New York Salesrooms for
IVES & POND PIANOS,
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Come see and hear the TEL-ELECTRIC PIANO PLAYER, the latest and most wonderful of all. Requires no pumping; attachable to any piano, grand or upright; may be placed as far from the piano as desired.
THE TEL-ELECTRIC COMPANY,
299 5th Av., corner 31st St.

CHRISTMAN PIANOS
After comparison with other makes the CHRISTMAN stands out conspicuously superior. Investigate for yourself.
SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY
IN GOOD USED PIANOS.

Steinway Baby Grand	$275.00
Steinway Upright	$250.00
Sohmer Upright	$200.00
Weber Upright	$175.00
Everett Upright	$275.00
Christman Upright	$200.00
Hazelton Upright	$175.00
Haines Upright	$125.00
Weber Upright	$125.00
Weber Upright	$125.00
Erard Upright	$75.00
Angelus Piano Player	$80.00

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SOHMER & CO., 315 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Corner 32d Str.
will sell a number of discontinued styles of pianos and player-pianos, also used pianos in excellent condition, and fully warranted, of their own and other well-known manufacture, at greatly reduced prices. Time Payments acceptable.

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5 West 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Mahogany upright piano; also some furniture; cheap. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

Great Sacrifice.—Elegant upright piano, like new; good maker. Stadie's, 270 Willis Av., 139th St.

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IF YOU ARE LOOKING
For PARTITIONS or wish to replenish your offices you cannot afford to overlook me. I am a manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer. Call now.

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TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES; $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Eagle T. Co., 312 B'way.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT.

Application of Third Avenue Bridge Company for a Certificate of Public Convenience and a Necessity.

Application has been made to the Public Service Commission for the First District by the Third Avenue Bridge Company, pursuant to the provisions of Section 59 of the Railroad Law, for a certificate that public convenience and a necessity require the construction of a street surface railroad upon the following streets, avenues and highways, viz:

"Beginning at the intersection of Third Avenue and East Fifty-ninth Street; thence in and upon East Fifty-ninth Street with single track to the existing tracks constructed upon bridge property for the use of street surface railways upon the westerly approach of the Queensboro Bridge; also, with a single track connecting with such tracks on the bridge approach in and upon East Sixtieth Street to its intersection with Third Avenue, and thence in and upon Third Avenue with double tracks to the point or place of beginning."

Thence upon and along the westerly approach of the Queensboro Bridge, in the Borough of Manhattan, upon and along the Queensboro Bridge and upon and along the easterly approach and across the intersecting streets and avenues to the terminal at or near Jackson Avenue, in the Borough of Queens."

A hearing upon said application will be held in the Hearing Room in the office of the Public Service Commission for the First District, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 4:00 P. M., on the 12th day of May, 1910.

Dated, New York, April 30, 1910.
THIRD AVENUE BRIDGE COMPANY,
By WALTER J. QUINN, President.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
From Piers 53, 59, 60, 61, and 62, North River, New York City.

American Line
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Philadelphia..May 7, 10 AM | New York..May 21
St. Louis....May 14, 10 AM | St. Paul..May 28

Atlantic Transport Line
London Direct.
Min'waska..May 14, 10:30 AM | Min'tonka..May 28
Min'polis..May 21, 9:30 AM | Mesaba..June 4

Red Star Line
Dover—Antwerp—Paris.
Finland.....May 7, 11 AM | Lapl'd (new) May 21
Vaderland..May 14, 11 AM | *Kr'l'd (Tu.) May 31
*To Antwerp via Southampton, omits Dover.

White Star Line
Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool.
Arabic.....May 7, 9:30 AM | Celtic.....May 21
Baltic.....May 14, 11 AM | Cedric ....May 28
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Adriatic.....May 4, 2 PM | Oceanic..May 18
Teutonic..May 11, 9:30 AM | Majestic..May 25

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All Steamers of the American Line, Atlantic Transport Line, Red Star Line, White Star Line Are Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signalling Apparatus, Etc.
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well known for steadiness at sea.
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New York to Southampton via
JAMAICA
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Oruba	May 28
Trent	June 11
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Cruises to the North Cape by R. M. S. P. 11,500 Ton Twin-Screw S. S. "Avon." June to August.

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New Twin Screw Steamer **Oceana** 8,000 tons 531 feet long
of the Quebec Steamship Co., Ltd.
Safety, speed and luxury.
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Tours, including Tickets, Hotels and Sightseeing:
5 DAYS..... $35.00
9 DAYS..... 43.50
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Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse..May 17
Kronprinzessin Cecilie.....May 24
Kronprinz Wilhelm.....May 31
PLYMOUTH CHERBOURG BREMEN THURSDAYS 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Sailings
George Washington.....May 5
Bremen.....May 12
Grosser Kurfuerst.....May 19
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm....May 26
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Koenig Albert.....May 14
Prinzess Irene.....May 21
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NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

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Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:57 | Sun sets..6:58 | Moon rises..2:42

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:59	3:41	9:21	9:51
Governors Island	3:10	4:04	10:00	10:34
Hell Gate	5:06	5:14	11:35	12:09

Arrived—Tuesday, May 3.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen, April 26.
SS United States, Copenhagen, April 21.
SS Niagara, Hamburg, April 17.
SS Oklahoma, Port Arthur, April 26.
SS Sabine, Georgetown, S. C., April 28.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, April 30.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, April 30.
SS Altamaha, Brunswick, April 30.
SS Opelika, Texas City, April 23.
SS Concho, Galveston, April 27.
SS Prinz August Wilhelm, Colon, April 26.
SS Daltanna, Rio Janeiro, April 15.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Carmania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Adriatic, Southampton	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Pres. Grant, Hamburg		2:00 P.M.
Oceana, Naples		1:00 P.M.
Roma, Naples		
Estonia, Rotterdam		
Tiarmina, Naples		12:00 M.
Orotava, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracas, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santiago, Santiago		12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Galveston		12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa		12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Geo. Washington, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Lorraine, Havre	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Batavia, Naples		2:00 P.M.
C. F. Tietgen, Copenhagen		2:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Byron, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
Altai, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Clement, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah		3:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Prins der Nederlanden, Hayti	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Panama, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Fornu, Newfoundland	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Arau, Liverpool	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow		3:00 P.M.
Finland, Antwerp		11:00 A.M.
Neckar, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Lusitania, Naples		
Sicilian Prince, Rotterdam		
Oceana, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

The New York Times

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MR. JUSTICE HUGHES.

The prompt and unanimous confirmation by the Senate of the nomination of Mr. HUGHES as an Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court is much more than a compliment to the distinguished nominee. Of course it is that, and as an expression of the amiability of the Senators who might have been expected at least to require the customary deliberation in such a matter it is gratifying.

But its chief significance lies in the implied confidence in men of all parties in the essential impartiality and virtue of the highest court of the Nation. It was in the mind of every Senator that that court has and is entitled to have as its members men of stainless integrity, of moral courage and independence and of sound and healthy judgment. Mr. HUGHES has shown that he is that kind of man, and because he is conspicuously so the Senators made haste to give their "advice and consent" to his appointment. And the confidence thus implied in the court was extended to the President as well. He has earnest opponents in the Senate. Almost any of them might have been pardoned had they taken their cue from the late candidate of their party for the Presidency and protested by their votes against the choice of Mr. HUGHES by Mr. TAFT. But their hearty and unhesitating assent to the President's action was an expression of instinctive recognition of the purity of the President's motives and the soundness of his discretion. In the midst of the hubbub of political passion such an incident is refreshing and encouraging.

PRINCE TSAI TAO'S BULL'S-EYE.

When the uncle of the Emperor of China on Monday evening asked to be allowed to try his hand at rifle practice in the Seventy-first's armory, his hosts doubtless regarded it as the pleasant whim of a curious Oriental. When the Prince at the first trial put a ball into the target, and at the second put one in the bull's-eye, cordial admiration was mingled with a little surprise.

The incident is not without its significance. Prince TSAI TAO is the titular commander of the military forces of China. He is on a tour around the Western world, one of the purposes of which is to study the military organization of armies and the modern methods of developing to the highest point of prompt availability the military resources of the various countries. He was delighted with the work he saw going on at West Point, and is reported to have expressed the intention of adopting a like mode of training Chinese officers, which involves also the adoption of similar means for the training of the soldiers these officers will command. The Chinese of the educated class are known as excellent students, even of matters to which they are unaccustomed. The Chinese of the class from which the soldiers will be recruited are famed for their imitative skill. The latter may, under the training of the former, become serious fighters. They have courage which is indifferent to death, patience, endurance, aptness for discipline. They have been little tested in actual warfare in modern times, for the China-Japan war is now ancient history. But the European officers who have been employed as military instructors report that their men have the making of formidable troops in them.

Suppose it should be the fixed policy of the Chinese Government to form an effective army, as Prince TSAI TAO'S expressions indicate, he and his fellows in the Government may prove to have as good an aim as the Prince in the New York armory. Undoubtedly their task would be a difficult and relatively slow one. The Government lacks coherence. The relations of the Empire to the Provinces are complex and defectively organized. There are conflicting interests, ambitions, prejudices, and passions at work which the Western mind cannot easily grasp. But there is also evidence of a steady and comparatively rapid improvement in these regards. There has been marked progress in enterprise, energy, intelligence, and organization in the last ten years, and such movements may easily proceed with cumulative force. With the growth of an active national sentiment and the amelioration of local conditions China may become within a short time, the history of nations reckoned [illegible]

very important element in the affairs of the world.

In any case it goes without saying that it would be better to have the friendship of her rulers and people than their suspicion and resentment. If it turn out that their progress shall be more and more definite and effective, it would still more be desirable to have their amity. That is the view our Executive has long taken. It is not the view on which our lawmakers, National and State, have acted. The divergence is manifest in the treatment of Chinese other than laborers, which is now the only serious question pending between China and our country. We profess that the Chinese are our friends, and we insult, outrage, and oppress those of them who are within our gates under the protection of solemn treaties, not the laborers alone whose importation we seek to prevent, but those whom our treaties permit to come among us. President TAFT is urging on Congress a request for authority in the hands of the Executive to enforce the obligation of treaties, to protect those we have promised to protect. He ought to have it. It would be only decently fair that he should have it and use it. It would be eminently prudent as well. Why make our Nation the target for the resentment of a nation whose military head shows such aptitude for bull's-eyes?

ART AND MR. HEYBURN.

Senator HEYBURN increased his fame as a destructive statesman Monday by "holding up" the McCall bill for the establishment of a National commission of fine arts. Senator ROOT had called up the bill and spoken in favor of it, and its passage was imminent, when Mr. HEYBURN began a speech which lasted until it was time for the consideration of the railway bill. The Senator's reasons for objecting to the art commission are characteristic and perfectly comprehensible. They help us to take the measure of the man. He despises the "artistic temperament" and urges only legislation which affects the "real affairs of life." He is a practical man, and to be the Gradgrind of the United States Senate is, at least, to be something.

Yet Mr. HEYBURN is not nearly as consistent as Dickens's Mr. Gradgrind or his friend Josiah Bounderby. He is not always practical. Indeed his practicality is frequently quite negative. He is sometimes a futile meddler, and while he despises art as a pastime for the soft-hearted and light-headed he is apt to behave like a troublesome sentimentalist who busies himself about matters quite out of the scope of the Federal legislative body.

The McCall bill will pass the Senate, of course, in spite of Mr. HEYBURN, and the much-needed National art commission will be duly appointed by the President, who will have no little trouble, however, in selecting "seven well-qualified judges of the fine arts" willing to serve their country without pay.

KEEP YOUR EYES IN THE BOAT.

Mr. WICKERSHAM'S oarsmanship is of the genus "freshwater" and the species we forbear to name. It was not at President TAFT'S Alma Mater that his Attorney General learned this way to row a boat:

> The coxswain of the National crew was chosen by the vote of Republican electors in November, 1908, and he is setting the stroke by which with the loyal co-operation of the crew the Republican boat must and will win the goal.

The coach, and stroke, and crew would be likely to throw the coxswain overboard if he gave orders out of his own head. The counsel which that viperish mite shouts loudest and longest is "keep your eyes in the boat." The reason is that, although it is important to keep stroke, no headway can be made unless the shell is kept on an even keel. The Republican craft is rolling a good deal these days, and the trouble is that it is watching the other boat too much. That is why the Republican stroke is neither set nor kept by either stroke or coxswain or crew. That is why our politics is of a sort to drive any coxswain out of his mind and compel him to use language characteristic of his kind, and not adapted to public speaking or publication.

Let Mr. WICKERSHAM ask himself how much of the splashing and rolling in his boat is due to the demand of stroke or coxswain either that the Republicans shall row the Democratic stroke. Surely his "coxswain" was following the Denver stroke when he proposed so many measures which are hopeless if they are to be carried by Republican votes. Does Mr. WICKERSHAM reflect how many of the proposals which he defends are supported by those who in his language can find no abiding place in either the Republican or the Democratic Party as they were in their prime? Is it not a fact that the proposals most prominent in his Republican programme are not supported by Republicans so heartily as by "what we have heretofore considered the odds and ends of politics, and have labeled the 'Socialist Party'?"

Take for example the income tax proposal now pending before the States. That was not in the Republican platform, did not have the personal approval of Coxswain TAFT, and was in rowing rules sustained by Coxswain BRYAN and his entire eight. Now New York Republicans are asked to take their stroke from the other boat, in company with such un-Republican associates as Alabama, South Carolina, Oklahoma, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Maryland, and contrary to the counsel

tion to observe what is happening in both boats. Naturally there is some splashing. Take the corporation tax—that is Democratic, and is being rowed by a scratch crew in the worst possible form. Take the Railway bill, especially the valuation clause, that is making such progress as might be expected by a crew sitting in one boat and pulling the sweeps in the other boat, or taking orders from the coxswain in the rival boat.

Races may be rowed in that way, but they will be lost. Coxswains are useful, but should be put in their place when they undertake to instruct the coach or the stroke. It is the beef in the boat which wins the race, and not the scolding tongue of the little fellow in the stern who makes the whole noise and sometimes thinks himself the crew. After a race is lost the Captain, stroke, and coxswain are likely to be on the carpet before the coach and the alumni, who want to know why the race was not rowed according to the stroke which was taught. It is the faithfulest of the college organs which are reproaching the coxswain and blaming him for steering a course which no crew could win over if the boat is not held straight. The American people are being trifled with when their orders are neglected, and fresh orders are megaphoned on the spur of the moment, but without authority. It is all right if the race is won, but if the boat rolls and swerves, and the men are half rowing out of the boat and not putting in their backs, the scolding of the coxswain cannot remedy the ruin. When Republicans are being read out of the party and measures not in the Republican programme are being enacted by Democratic votes, it is full time for those who give the orders to the crew to make themselves felt above the coxswain's scolding. Americans have neglected their politics too long, and should ask why their orders are not followed by the crew, including every man in the boat.

NEED OF A GROUPING.

Chaos is the situation of the Federal agencies that are supposed to guard the health of ninety millions. Why human diseases should be studied in the Department of Agriculture nobody knows, or why its Secretary should supervise the chemical purity of human foods and drugs. The Department of Justice has charge of physicians and oculists employed in the United States penitentiaries; the Department of State controls the International Sanitary Bureau and the subsidized foreign hospitals; the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service is in the Treasury Department; the hospitals of the Immigration Bureau in the Department of Commerce and Labor, and physicians of the Indian Service, physicians of the Alaskan schools, physicians of the Reclamation Bureau, and hospital staffs of the United States National homes and medical examiners of the Pension Bureau and of the Government Hospital for the Insane owe allegiance to the Interior Department.

In this chaos there is much waste and duplication of effort. All these Federal agencies of health should be grouped together into one bureau, as proposed in the bill that is urged by the American Medical Association. The grouping would eliminate excrescences, reduce cost, and make for efficiency and real service.

STENOGRAPHERS' ERRORS.

We print elsewhere a letter in behalf of the stenographer whose transcripts of "dictated" matter lead her employer to judge hastily that she was born stupid. Some of the causes of stenographers' errors are traced by our correspondent to defects of dictation and utterance, to the dependence by the stenographer upon her ears unaided by her eyes, to the distracting office sounds, and to the fact that the employer sometimes fails to attend to his correspondence early, and it must be prepared hastily and late by a tired assistant.

There are other reasons. A skilled secretary knows that she must correct her employer's errors of diction. A literal transcript of their speech would shock and amaze most men. Handwriting cloaks errors that are revealed in clear type. The average business man might resent the imputation that he could not copy with exactitude a page of typewriting in his own hand; but trial would convince him that this is not an easy undertaking. The stenographer must do more than this. She transliterates the pothooks and crosses, symbols of words, phrases, and sentences improperly framed, uttered in "bunches," heard indistinctly, and, while differentiating likenesses, reconciling contradictions, and plucking out absurdities, produces rapidly by complex movements of mind and fingers a beautiful transcript of what her employer meant to say and didn't.

How many employers owe in part their success in important transactions to the fine bloom put upon their business correspondence by painstaking secretaries?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Affront Widely Advertised.

When a son who thinks his mother has been slandered takes the law into his own hands and inflicts, or attempts to inflict, corporal punishment upon the real or supposed slanderer, most people will commend him and most of those who do not go quite so far as commendation will hold him easily excusable. For that reason is the editor of The Six Towns Times probably wise, or well advised, in continuing to show the remarkable self-restraint which he exhibited while the son of Senator HALE was beating him. He knows of assault and no judgment a suit for damages, and therefore he contents himself with saying that he admires a son who defends his mother.

It will be observed, however, that this is not a retraction—that the article about his mother's political activities and methods which Col. HALE considered so offensive is neither disproved nor answered. All that his use of the whip has accomplished, indeed, apart from the infliction of a little pain and humiliation—neither of which, apparently, did the strangely submissive editor find it hard to bear—has been to give extremely wide circulation to unkind remarks about his mother. They would have remained, had he taken no notice of them, unknown to practically everybody except the few hundred persons who were aware of the existence of The Six Towns Times before the irascible Colonel brought it suddenly into National prominence. As it is, they have gone all over the country, and the question whether Mrs. HALE has or has not been trying to buy for her son a seat in Congress, instead of being raised only in the region where the inhabitants know something about the facts, will be discussed wherever the article has been reprinted. If Col. HALE is content with this achievement, nobody else has any reason to be dissatisfied.

And what bearing has the episode on the proposed bringing of women into politics? Written of a man, what The Six Towns Times said about Mrs. HALE would be considered severe, but it would create no excitement at all, and most people would have only smiled at its old-fashioned eloquence and fervor. Certainly it would have occasioned no resort to whips. But every woman has masculine relatives more or less close, and it is rather terrifying for those relatives to think of the responsibilities that will fall on them if they have to resent and punish all the harsh statements and epithets that political activity and efficiency are sure to bring upon the hitherto gentler sex. Not all editors are as non-combative as is the editor of The Six Towns Times.

A Friend of His Old Age.

It is well worth noting that when WESTON, the pedestrian, stopped for luncheon on the last day of his great walk, of all the many foods which he could doubtless have had for less than the asking, he demanded only a piece of apple pie and a glass of milk. Those he received, and, with strength renewed, he went rejoicing on his way, aged but sprightly. To all seeming, he might, after colloguing with the Mayor on the City Hall steps, have turned around and started back for the Pacific Coast, with good prospects of reaching it well within another ninety days.

Now the American pie is of vastly more popularity than repute. There is, indeed, even among its most fervid votaries an impression that it is "good" in only one sense—that it is just something to eat after one has eaten enough, that its consumption verges on the sinful, and that to let it alone would be profitable to body and mind alike. As a matter of fact, few impressions are less accurate than this one, and WESTON, who has always followed instinct and personal experience rather than authority in deciding questions of training and diet, long since decided that he could gratify his liking for pie with profit as well as safety.

In so doing he has violated the conviction, by some of us inherited from the Puritans and by others acquired, that anything pleasurable is reprehensible, but he very sensibly availed himself of a convenient food that is valuable as well as palatable and supplies elements which, when lacking from any dietary, leave it injuriously incomplete. The hydro-carbons which pie contains are of excellent quality, of sufficiently easy digestion, and they admirably supplement the starches which form so large—too large—a part of the fare within the reach of the pie-eating classes. The people who eschew pie and affect to despise it, obtain the same elements from other and often less hygienic sources. The workingman, especially, is justified in regarding his piece of pie as far from least important among the contents of his dinner pail, and if he eats it first instead of last, and throws away some of the bread and meat if he finds that he has too much, he does nothing that he need regret or be ashamed of.

And between the well made and the ill made pie there is curiously little difference except as regards the amount of joy they give before they pass beyond the realm of taste. The only real objection to any of them is that if eaten in too large quantities they overbalance the diet instead of correcting it. Intrinsically they are all "good," in both senses.

Masculine Scoldings Resented.

We rather sympathize with the correspondent who, tired of hearing about the cruelty of women who decorate themselves with the heads and wings and whole bodies of dear little birds, asked with some anger why the responsibility for this crime was not divided and at least half of it placed on the men who bring these barbaric ornaments to market.

In the one case the motive, however misguided and ineffectually executed, is the altruistic one of creating beauty and giving pleasure, while in the other there is no higher desire than to make money by supplying a widely reprehended demand. This is, of course, only the argument of "You're another!" and that it justifies the women for falling in with what is undoubtedly an evil fashion cannot be maintained and should not be asserted. What it does do, however, is to suggest to men the propriety of refraining from claims to superior virtue in this matter of bird-killing.

But there! the women should not resent our scolding, since it is much less a boast of superiority than a demand that they be better than we are. If they didn't buy the birds we wouldn't shoot them, that's sure, for there would be no money in the slaughter.

Has Turned Anti-Suffragist.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I add a line to what "A Convert to Anti" has to say about Col. Harvey and "The Equal Franchise Society" in your valuable columns?

I attended all the lectures given by this society, and I was a pretty good suffragist when they began. Now I am a sincere "anti."

The constant use of ridicule and sarcasm of all men and women who do not agree with the suffragists was a proof of their lack of material to hold an audience. Most of their statements cannot be verified on investigation. Col. Harvey and Miss Shaw resorted to this form of entertainment, which proved that they had no big arguments to put forth. Certainly, none were heard from any of their speakers. To ridicule "Antis" certainly belittles the cause. Many on the fence went over to the "Antis" in consequence. Better speakers, better arguments, and a kindlier spirit must be put forth by this society if it intends to win out. ANOTHER CONVERT.

New York, May 1, 1910.

Webster's $10,000 Fee.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent is mistaken in several particulars as to Webster's fee in Goodyear vs. Day.

Horace H. Day retained Webster to defend him in the United States Circuit Court for Southern New Jersey, paid him $10,000, and lost the suit. This was in the Winter of 1851-1852. My father drew the check and gave it to Webster. The case was a very lengthy one, and although Webster was in court only one day making his argument, he was engaged many days in reading the testimony and pre-

LEE'S RESIGNATION.

Believed That He Was Released on April 20, 1861.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have followed the discussion in your columns concerning Gen. R. E. Lee. In your issue of April 25, 1910, James D. Bell writes from Brooklyn:

> There is no question that Gen. Lee tendered his resignation that day, (meaning April 20, 1861,) but the resignation was not accepted until April 25, 1861. That fact is stated in Gen. Lee's letter to his wife of May 2, 1861, a portion of which is quoted by your correspondent.

Mr. Bell is correct in his assumption that the resignation of an officer of the United States Army does not become effective until accepted by the regularly constituted authorities of the United States. In the letter of May 2, 1861, above referred to, Gen. Lee wrote:

> I have just received Custis's letter of the 30th, inclosing the acceptance of my resignation. It states that it would take effect on April 25. I resigned on the 20th, and wished it to take effect on that day.

In a letter to his sister, Mrs. Marshall of Baltimore, dated April 20, 1861, and written from Arlington, Va., he says: "I have, therefore, resigned my commission in the army." Note, if you please, that he writes of his resignation as an accomplished act.

Again, in a letter of same place and date, he writes to his brother, at that time a Commander in the United States Navy: "I am now a private citizen, and have no other ambition than to remain at home."

Gen. Lee sent in his resignation from "Arlington, Washington City Post Office," on April 20, 1861, and he surely believed that it would be accepted at once.

There is no doubt but that Gen. Lee believed that his connection with the United States Army ceased on April 20, 1861, and was under that impression from that date to May 2, 1861, the date of the receipt of Custis's letter. Being under that impression he was free to act as any other private citizen.

Having studied the life of this great man to a large extent I have wondered if the acceptance of his resignation was not delayed somewhat longer than it should have been.

WILLIAM R. POPE.

Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., May 1, 1910.

STENOGRAPHERS' ERRORS.

Their Employers Are Responsible for a Good Many of Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You printed a letter recently illustrating the errors of an inexperienced stenographer. I do not wish to excuse the incompetence of many young stenographers, or even of older ones, but I would like to express my opinion on the other side of the question.

It is a common occurrence for men in a business office to dictate letters with a cigar or cigarette between their lips, or with their hands on their mouths, thus causing indistinct utterances and keeping the stenographer guessing at what they are trying to say. Or they are sometimes chewing gum or tobacco, which makes it still harder to understand what they say. The stenographer's eyes are on her book, and she has to rely on her ears to catch the indistinct sounds which come from those "busy" lips, for when we can watch the speaker's mouth it often helps in determining what he is saying. Then, again, one must take into consideration the many sounds in a busy office. For instance, there is the ringing of bells and the tapping of the telegraph instrument and telephone exchange; also the dragging of chairs and walking on uncarpeted floors. All these things handicap the hearing of the stenographer, who often has to guess at what is being dictated. If she is experienced and competent, she may guess right, but I feel sorry for the poor little nervous girl who is afraid to tell her employes that she did not hear what he said and is not competent to supply the missing words correctly.

I might also add something about the men who delay their dictation until 4 or 5 o'clock on account of chatting, smoking, two to three hours for luncheon, &c., and then get very much awake at the end of the afternoon when the stenographer has become tired out with other clerical duties and is in no condition to do justice to this late work. M. M. P.

Brooklyn, May 8, 1910.

"SPARE THE ROD."

Thinks Schoolboys Need the Traditional "Lickin's from the Teacher."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The old order changeth, and if Goldsmith were writing the "Deserted Village" now he would not make the figure of the village schoolmaster, lines 199 et seqq. so entertaining; no "boding tremblers" would trace any disasters in his morning face, for they wouldn't need to care how he frowned. He could come primed with all the jokes imaginable, but the "counterfeited glee" of Goldsmith would have no place with the modern boy for obvious reasons. And with the emphatic passing of the rod, how many speeches of years to come will be deprived of their dearest point, when no one will be able to refer to the lickin' he got from his teacher? It has been a convention for ages past to refer to this, ever with fond recollection—and the victim always professes to think the trouncing "made a man" of him. When Admiral Dewey saddled us with the hornet's nest in the Far East, a former teacher of his emerged from obscurity as having squelched George vi et armis.

But it is completely a thing of the past in New York at least, and the $700 fine on a woman teacher for an "assault" that was made light of by the victim and his mother (neither of whom had complained) is a very effectual reminder to all concerned that they'd better let the child go to ruin, since that is a fixed condition of their employment. Perhaps, however, it will rank as an ineffective fine, like the $29,000,000 penalty. It is really curious, if one thinks of it, that the very same body, the Board of Education, fines a woman $700 for a minor offense and a man, a Principal, $500 for falsifying payrolls in his own favor, not once but eighty or more times, and imposes no penalty on Principals who hire "ringers" to help their scholars win prizes. TEACHER.

New York, May 1, 1910.

No Unions of Mental Workers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Throughout this country there are many labor unions composed of manual workers, but the mental workers seem to refrain from combination with these. Why is this? Are not clerks, salesmen, artists, musicians, literary men, and scientists laborers? Most of them surely are far from being capitalists. It is piteous to see men who are confined in offices on poor salaries from 9 o'clock in the morning until 6 at night fighting, when strikes occur, in the uniforms of militiamen against strikers who are of their own cause. Or to see policemen and soldiers, who also are laborers, shooting down revolutionaries who are their own classmen fighting for their rights. Soon such conditions as exist in Russia may come about, where the Cossack on horseback whips his own kinsfolk. He is too timid from generations of persecution and subordination to realise that the aristocrats are very few, while the commoners are legion.

In this country capitalists are comparatively very few. The laborers, mental workers combined with manual workers, can easily defeat them, and obtain the desired "square deal," but only by complete union.

E. P. O'SULLIVAN.

New York, May 2, 1910.

Dollar Class Honors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This is an example of quite a number of allurements that I encounter in my daily path:

A yearly donation of $100 constitutes a patron.

A yearly donation of $50 constitutes a donor.

A yearly donation of $25 constitutes an associate donor.

A yearly donation of $10 constitutes a member.

A yearly donation of $5 constitutes a contributor.

I wonder what a yearly donation of $1 would constitute me? And I wonder whether a "Dollar Class" in this run of honors would not prove worth while. BUSINESS INSTINCT.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. PROFITS.

Gross Receipts for March, $14,205,000, Almost a Record.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—The Pennsylvania Railroad's gross receipts for March were greater than those of any month except two, last year, and almost equaled the two highest months of 1907. Every month of 1908 was eclipsed.

The gross revenue for March totaled $14,205,903. These figures were exceeded in October and November of 1909 by several thousand dollars. In 1900 the company's receipts at no time went above $12,794,000, but in 1907, the record year, $15,522,392 was the highest. From May to October of that year the revenues were sustained above the $14,000,000 mark.

Whether such extraordinary conditions will prevail this year nobody knows, although it is suggested that the increase in freight rates now being planned by all the Eastern railroads will result in even larger returns, so large, indeed, that the gross earnings may exceed $17,000,000 in the Pennsylvania's best month of 1910.

But the fact that such revenue as March brought to this railroad came t a time when President Taft's legislative programme was being assailed is accepted as indicative of the stability of the trade conditions which began to improve in the Spring of last year.

The fact that the Pennsylvania was the first of the great roads voluntarily to increase the dages of its employes was an indication of the management's faith in the enduring quality of the better tsate of affairs in the industrial and commercial world. While there is an increase in the number of idle cars, this is not looked upon as seriously affecting the situation, for the idle car records fluctuate constantly.

DANE TO TELL US ABOUT MILK

Royal College Faculty Member Will Lecture on the Supply.

Bernhard Boegglind of the Royal Danish College of Agriculture, arrived yesterday on the Scandinavian liner United States to deliver a series of lectures in this country on "The Dairy and Milk Supply," under the auspices of the Danish-American Society. The lectures will be delivered in both English and Danish.

Asked for an opinion on the pasteurization of milk, he replied that it was a fine system where necessary.

"In Denmark," said Prof. Boegglind, "we don't need pasteurization, as we have no transportation of milk. It is delivered to the customer so quickly that pasteurization would not prove a beneficial change to it. The hygienic conditions in connection with the preparation of food in Denmark are as perfect as they can be, and no coloring matter is permitted to be used."

The professor added that the co-operative dairy system in Denmark had proved a great boon to the peasants. He was met at the pier by N. C. Madsen, the President, and a delegation of his countrymen from the Danish-American Society of New York.

THROUGH WITH DIPLOMACY.

Ex-Ambassador Francis Back from Vienna Post for Good.

Charles S. Francis, late United States Ambassador to Vienna, returned yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., accompanied by Mrs. Francis, and left at once for his home, in Troy, N. Y. In an interview with the reporters coming up the bay Mr. Francis said that he was very glad to get back. He had retired as a diplomat, he said, and in future would devote himself to his newspaper enterprises.

Mr. Francis explained that his resignation dated from the end of the previous Administration, but President Taft had requested him to remain until his successor took over the office. He met the new Ambassador, Richard C. Kerens, at Brussels on April 8.

TAFT TO REVIEW THE PARADE.

President Will See the March Up Riverside Drive on Memorial Day.

The reviewing officer of the Memorial Day parade on May 30 will be President Taft. In the parade besides the Grand Army posts will be regiments of regulars, sailors and marines, National Guard organizations, Naval Militia, and semi-military and civic societies. The President will be attended by the entire Congressional delegation from New York.

The column will be in command of Grand Marshal George E. Dewey and will pass north through Riverside Drive. The reviewing stand will be adjacent to the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument.

There will be evening exercises in Carnegie Hall.

DUKE LITTA ARRIVES.

The Author and His Duchess to Visit Relatives in the South.

The Duke and Duchess Pompeo Litta of Milan arrived yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. to visit the family of the Duchess, who was a Miss Berry of South Carolina. They will travel in an automobile through Florida before returning to Italy.

The Duke, who speaks English fluently, is well known as an author. Two of his books, "The Soul of a Priest" and "Modern Italy," were printed in English and attracted some attention in this country as well as in England. Count Silvio Zabarella is traveling with the party.

GOLD PRODUCTION.

Cost Has Been Lowered for First Time in Monetary History.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The very clear and incisive article by Mr. Rooney on the cost of living, which was published in your Sunday issue, should pretty effectually dispose of the argument that the advance in prices has been to any appreciable degree caused by the increased production of gold, and do much to strengthen the proposition that the increase of the tariff rates is a far more effective factor in the situation, so far as this country at all events is concerned.

But at the same time it is scarcely possible to deny that part of the increase in prices means a reduced value of gold, the standard by which all prices are measured; the change arising from the same cause that has produced the increased production, namely, that the cost of producing gold—the amount of exertion required to procure each ounce—has for the first time in monetary history been substantially lowered, very much as was the case with silver when the value of that metal dropped so rapidly about forty years ago.

This is not a matter of speculation, but one of absolute knowledge, and recognising it we can easily see how the producers of gold would be willing to exchange their production for small quantities of other things than they used to do; nay, how they must do so, as otherwise unless the control of gold fields the world over was practically concentrated some of the energy devoted to producing other articles would be transferred to the production of gold. Until, however, the readjustment of production is completed there will be a greater relative reward for energies expended in the production of gold and naturally such production would be stimulated. E. J. S.

New York, May 1, 1910.

CHANTECLER.

Sally flaunts him from a hatpin,
He's on Willie's tennis ball,
Mother sports him as a shoe clasp,
Jennie on her parasol;

Daisy hangs him to her neckchain,
From him Mary takes her tea,
For Augustus he's a pipe bowl—
But I choose him fricassee!

FIFTH AV. MERCHANTS WAR ON SWEATSHOPS

Old Lines of Trade in Danger of Being Driven from the Downtown Zone, They Say.

MUCH STREET LOITERING

Workers in Garment Factories Accused of Using the Corners as Open-Air Employment Agencies.

The problem of how to do away with loitering on the sidewalks along Fifth Avenue between Sixteenth and Twenty-second Streets has been taken up in earnest by the Fifth Avenue Association. At a meeting of the organization yesterday in the Holland House it was arranged to bring about a conference between the General Manufacturers' Association in the women's garment trade, the labor unions, and the Fifth Avenue Association to devise some means of relieving that section of Fifth Avenue from congestion between noon and 1 o'clock on every workday.

The merchants who belong to the Fifth Avenue Association say that sweatshops have invaded lower Fifth Avenue and threaten to drive out many of the old-established merchants along that so-called exclusive thoroughfare. They say that the men and women employed in the plants of the garment manufacturers have contracted the disagreeable habit of congregating along the pavements, especially on the corners, during the luncheon hour, making it obnoxious for buyers and the purchasing trade in general to walk along that part of Fifth Avenue.

The merchants say that unless some steps are taken at once to keep the streets clear of loiterers business will suffer, if it has not already suffered, and that unless conditions are changed in the near future many of the old-established firms along Fifth Avenue will be forced to seek locations elsewhere. Several weeks ago the Fifth Avenue Association began to look into the matter. A committee was sent to see Mayor Gaynor about it and to ask him if he could not do something to relieve the situation.

"What remedy have you to suggest?" asked the Mayor. The committee was obliged to acknowledge that it had no adequate remedy at the time, so Mayor Gaynor told the committee to go away and find some feasible means of breaking up the loitering, and that whenever they had a plan to submit he would see what could be done about it.

Ever since that the Fifth Avenue Association has been trying to hit upon some plan which could be presented to the Mayor. At their meeting yesterday they had Alexander Block, general manager of the Amalgamated Garment Cutters' Association, to discuss the question of street loitering and to offer his advice as to the proper line of action to be pursued. Mr. Block said that his organization was quite willing to co-operate with the Fifth Avenue Association.

"We have tried hard to prevent our men from loitering," said Mr. Block. "We simply can't do it. We have even hired lofts as meeting places at the luncheon hour, but the workers preferred the sidewalk. The reason for the loitering is this: Most of the manufacturers have short seasons. When their busy season is over they tell their men, who have been laid off, to hang around on a certain corner until notified to come back to work. In other words, the corners along Fifth Avenue from Sixteenth to Twenty-second Street, and even farther north, have become employment exchanges in the garment trade.

"Then, too, there is another factor in the congestion during the noon luncheon hour. Tailors leave their shops at noon, get a hasty bite of luncheon, and spend the remainder of the hour hanging around in front of show windows copying the designs shown there.

"I have this suggestion to make—this organization can bring about a conference between the Fifth Avenue Association, the General Manufacturers' Association of ladies' garment trade, and the various labor associations in the trade. I believe that we can thus hit upon some plan which would greatly relieve the conditions there, if not eliminate them. I believe that the police can be induced to make the people move off the sidewalks more rapidly than they do at present. It is a public nuisance and should be done away with."

Cyrille Carreau, a member of the Fifth Avenue Association, suggested that one way to stop the invasion of the sweatshops would be to prevent the construction of high buildings all along Fifth Avenue.

The question of illuminating Fifth Avenue was also discussed yesterday by the Fifth Avenue Association. Albert Jackson Marshall, Secretary of the New York Section of the Illuminating Engineering Society, said that the merchants of Fifth Avenue would do well to adopt the window-lighting system in order to show off their goods at night. He said it would be a better plan than to allow the city to illuminate the avenue.

YOAKUM BLAMES MIDDLEMEN.

Advises Farmers to Organize and Stop Their Excessive Profit.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—Excessive profit taking by middlemen was the reason assigned for high rates for foodstuffs by B. F. Yoakum, Chairman of the Frisco system, in an address which he made this afternoon before the National Convention of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union, now in conference in this city. He declared that the heavy reductions in freight rates of the last few years had been absorbed by the dealers and not shared in by the farmers or consumers.

The railroad man described the demagogic politician as a distributing and expensive middle agent, and urged that he be cut out in the dealings which the railroads and the farmers should have with each other.

"The most important force for the welfare of the Nation will come when the land owners of America are organized," said Mr. Yoakum. "This organization is important not only for the benefits which will come to the farmers, but on account of money which will be saved by the consumers. It is not prices received by farmers which make living expenses high, but the profits of the dealers handling the foods between the farmer and consumer.

"The Florida farmer receives $2.25 for a bushel of green beans, the railroad gets 50 cents for the 800-mile haul to New York, and the consumer pays $6.40 for this same bushel of beans. There is 35 per cent. for the grower, 8 per cent. for the carrier, and 57 per cent. for the dealer. This is not a fair division.

"Thirty cents a dozen was the average price of eggs in New York last year, while the farmers of Arkansas and Missouri received 15 cents. The freight was 2 cents a dozen. The man who received the eggs at a freight station in New York and delivered them to the consumer took 13 cents a dozen profit.

"The farmers and the railroads have something to co-operate with and something to co-operate for. First, let us eliminate the men who talk radical ideas to foster hatred and malice between the producer and transporter. We do not need any middle agent. We can talk straight at one another and save money by doing so. In short, let us work together."

As Mr. Yoakum concluded his address a score of delegates jumped to their feet and hurled questions at him, mostly as to why delegates could not get reduced rates. Yoakum attempted to answer some of the questions, but could not make himself heard. Order was restored finally and the union officers apologized to Mr. [illegible]

MASONIC ORPHANS HERE FOR A TREAT

Ninety-Three Children from the Utica Home Will Attend Grand Lodge Communication.

FIRST TRIP TO THE CITY

Real Brass Beds and All the Luxuries of a City Hotel Provided for the Little Visitors.

It was "lights out" at 9:15 last night at the Hotel Victoria for the ninety-three orphans who arrived here late yesterday afternoon from the Masonic Home in Utica, N. Y., to attend the Grand Lodge session which will meet to-day and to-morrow in the new Masonic Temple in West Twenty-fourth Street. The children range from two to fifteen years old, and the younger ones all brought their dolls and Teddy Bears with them on this, their first visit to New York.

It took two coaches to bring the children on from Utica. They were met at the Grand Central Station by a number of automobiles and taken directly to the Victoria Hotel. Some of the children were tired out after their seven hours' journey, but they all brightened up as they rode down Fifth Avenue, their eyes saucerlike in wonder and amazement at the things they saw.

When they arrived at the hotel they all marched in twos up to the big parlor on the second floor, each one looking fresh and neat in new frocks and suits. Altogether there were fifty-two girls and forty-one boys, and naturally they were all pretty hungry when dinner time came.

They dined at 7 in the grillroom, which has been set aside for their particular use on their two days' sojourn in town, four at a table, with the orchestra playing popular National airs. Some of the little girls were so entranced with the music that they lost their appetites for a while, but they soon made up for lost time.

While the children were eating, Supt. W. G. Wiley, who accompanied the delegation, together with Mrs. Wiley and four assistants, registered all of their names, which took up about ten pages. Twenty rooms were assigned to the children, really the finest rooms in the hotel, with big brass beds.

The sand man put in his appearance among the littlest ones before the dessert was served, and here and there a tiny girl nodded her curly head with her doll baby snug in her arms. Of course, the older children, many of whom attend the public schools in Utica, were wide awake, and they talked and laughed over their experiences and acted like real grown-up folks during the dinner.

But old as well as young were supposed to be in bed by 9 o'clock, and despite the charm of everything new about them, there were many drowsy eyes about this time. Some of the children romped in the parlor for a while after dinner, and confided to their dolls and Teddy bears that they were having the best time in their lives.

Each roomful of children was looked after by one of the older boys and girls, who acted as monitors. Several of the rooms had four double brass beds to accommodate the youngsters, and nineteen of the children occupied the suite used for several years by the late Grover Cleveland.

After "lights out" at 9:15 o'clock the section of the hotel occupied by the children was as quiet as a country lane.

This afternoon the children will entertain the masters of all of the 875 lodges of the State with music, vocal and instrumental. Twenty of the boys and girls are members of an orchestra, and will assist in the entertainment.

They will be treated to an automobile ride through the city this morning, when points of historic interest will be pointed out. To-night they will go to the Hippodrome. On Thursday morning they return to Utica.

The first session of the Grand Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New York, convened formally yesterday afternoon at the new Masonic Temple. When the Grand Master, Samuel Nelson Sawyer, began his address more than 1,000 members were present. This is the first session or communication of the Grand Lodge that has been held in the new temple.

CONVICTS WEEP AT BALLADS.

Geraldine Farrar Sings Old Songs to 1,000 Federal Prisoners.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 3.—One thousand convicts in the United States Penitentiary here were in tears this afternoon as Geraldine Farrar, grand opera star, sang to them, and, noting the emotion of the prison-garbed me nbefore her, Miss Farrar herself wept.

In some way the convicts learned that Miss Farrar would be here this week with the Metropolitan Opera Company, and they sent her a request to sing to them. Miss Farrar gladly agreed, and this afternoon went to the prison where the convicts were gathered in a large auditorium. The convicts cheered her as she entered.

Miss Farrar played her own accompaniments on the piano and for nearly forty minutes she sang old ballads to the convicts. She gave them "Annie Laurie," "My Old Kentucky Home," "Suwanee River," and other similar ballads. She concluded with "Home, Sweet Home," and by that time many of the convicts were weeping and tears were streaming down Miss Farrar's cheeks.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Liners which arrived yesterday from Europe and some of their passengers were:

KAISER WILHELM II. (Bremen)—Duke and Duchess de Arcos, Mr. and Mrs. Xavier Algara, Carmen Algara, Concepcion Algara, Mr. and Mrs. William Allerdice, Miss Eleanor Blodgett, Mr. and Mrs. Homer P. Clark, Mrs. Maria de Chapeamouge, Miss Sophie Chapeamouge, Prince and Princess Giovanni del Drago, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Darbin, Charles T. Francis, late United States Ambassador to Vienna; Mrs. Francis, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Fairweather, A. C. Foster, Fred J. Foote, John W. Garrett, First Secretary United States Embassy at Rome; Charles S. Henry, M. P.; Duke and Duchess Pompeo Litta, Mr. and Mrs. Stanly Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Rawitzer, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Plunkett, Mrs. Henry Siegel, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Truesdale, Gregory Wilenkin, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Waterman, and Count Silvio Zabarella.

BREMEN (Bremen)—Franz Adelmann, Miss Marie Bauder, Mr. and Mrs. O. Bock, Miss Marie Dobry, Miss Antonie Cerny, Miss Christine Broker, Stanislaw Revider, Selig Halpern, Martin Heis, Miss Hilda Hoop, George Innes, Mrs. F. S. Knowlton, Robert Klett, and Johann Lenk.

FINLAND (Antwerp)—George Allen, W. P. Atwell, United States Consul at Ghent; Miss Louise Coleman, Dr. and Mrs. Frank K. Hallock, Prof. Edgar Stillman Kelley, Miss Frances Reed, Mrs. Edward Gay, Mrs. Mary F. Thompson, Miss Lucille Vogel, Mrs. Willy Pompertz.

Among those sailing to-day are:

CARMANIA (Liverpool)—Mrs. H. H. Adams, Mrs. J. Austin, Mrs. W. T. Carter, Mrs. M. A. England, W. James, Miss James Alfred Stern, Mrs. D. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Wright, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Walcott, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Wellmann, Miss C. Pitt, Miss Jane May, Charles Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Ledyard, Dr. and Mrs. D. G. Metheny, John J. Miller, Antonio de Havarro, Mrs. E. W. Kling, and Sir Joseph and Lady Jones.

ADRIATIC (Southampton)—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Miss Carnegie, J. A. Blair, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Andrews, Mrs. Horace E. Bigelow, Mrs. Edward Blake, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Fay, Mrs. Albert Flake, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick McKenney, Mr. and Mrs. John N. Mills, Mrs. W. F. Morgan, Mrs. Paul Morton, Mrs. Chester Leland, Miss Le Roy, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Hoe, Lady Duff Gordon, Miss Agnes Garden, Mrs. John Gibb, Anson Phelps Stokes, Mrs. Frank E. Peabody, Major George Owen Squires, U. S. A.; Miss Helen Phelps Stokes, J. T. Stotesbury, Mr. and Mrs. Bellamy Storer, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Talcott, Col. F. H. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Yerkes, and Miss L. C. Logan.

PRESIDENT GRANT (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. Elbert F. Baldwin, Capt. and Mrs. George Boldt, Miss Annie Clapp, Miss A. Cope, Miss Sarah Darling, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Brown, Mrs. Lydia H. Green, Dudley Hall, Mrs. E. C. Harris, Miss Edith M. Lacey, Mrs. George W. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. William Sage, Bishop and Mrs. Robert L. Rudolph, Mr. and Mrs. R. Sapper, Miss Cornelia K. Vail, Baroness I. von Roltenthal, Mrs. Regina G. Wilson, Dr. C. C. Watt, Jr., Hugh Wallace, S. C. Pierce, Miss Grace Pierce, Theodore Mayer, Mrs. Chester K. Munroe, and W. P. Copeland.

PAORMINA (Naples)—Mr. and Mrs. Pinl Corsi, Miss Grace Evans, F. B. Smith, Mrs. Robert A. Irving, Mrs. G. Di Carlo, John Cella, [illegible] Rossi, Prof. [illegible] Balestrore, and Mrs. [illegible] Fabbri.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell of Washington is visiting her mother, Mrs. Edward Foote, at the Hotel Gotham for a few days. Mrs. Wendell will open her country place at Cazenovia, N. Y., the last of the month.

Mr. and Mrs. De Lancey Kane Jay, (Miss Elizabeth Morgan,) who were married Saturday, are staying at the Curtis Hotel in Lenox.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry K. Porter arrived in this city yesterday from Jekyl Island. They are leaving shortly for Washington.

Prof. Michael I. Pupin and Miss Varvara Pupin will go to Norwalk, Conn., early in June.

Among those taking part in the Fête Chanticler, which will be given in the Palm Garden of the Casino in Central Park on the afternoon of May 19 for the benefit of the New York Diet Kitchen, are the Misses Alice Richard, Dorothy McAlpin, Gladys McAlpin, Louise Freeman, Alice Demorest, Constance Fairchild, Beatrice Barclay, and Helen Smyth.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Tuck French left yesterday for Newport for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodward Haven are opening their country place, Ingleside, in Stockbridge, Mass., to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt have gone to Tuxedo Park for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Lawton left yesterday for Saratoga Springs.

Gregory Wilenken Arrives.

Gregory Wilenkin, financial adviser to the Russian Embassy at Washington, arrived on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., accompanied by his family. He was secretary to M. Witte at the Portsmouth Peace Conference in 1905, and went from there to the embassy at Tokio. Mr. Wilenkin had previously been attached to the embassy at Washington under Baron Rosen for three years, which included the period during the Russo-Japanese war.

Their Golden Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. James Matthews last evening celebrated the golden anniversary of their marriage with a dinner to the members of their family at their home, 208 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn. A big reception had been planned, but because of the illness of Mrs. Matthews the plans were changed. Mr. Matthews is a member of the Brooklyn department store firm of A. D. Matthews's Sons. The employes of this house have presented Mr. and Mrs. Matthews with a gold loving cup as a token of their esteem. To-morrow Mr. and Mrs. Matthews will go to their Summer home at Southold, L. I.

John W. Garrett Here for Visit.

John W. Garrett, First Secretary of the United States Embassy at Rome, arrived yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. for a six weeks' visit, accompanied by his wife. Mr. Garrett said that he had to back in Rome by July 1, as Ambassador Leishman was going away on leave at that date.

Payson McLane Merrill's Ushers.

Payson McLane Merrill, who on Wednesday, June 1, is to marry Miss Dorothy Rand in St. John's Church, Far Rockaway, will have John de Koven Also as his best man. The ushers selected are to be his brother, Charles E. Merrill, Jr.; Lawrence B. Rand and William B. Rand, brothers of the bride elect; also Alfred L. Fergusson, Ellis Adams, Franklin B. Lord, Grenville Parker, and George Page Elry.

Mrs. Henry Siegel Back from Europe.

Mrs. Henry Siegel returned yesterday from her trip to Europe on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. to go to her daughter, Miss Dorothy Wild, who has had a severe attack of heart disease. Mrs. Siegel said that she had gone over to Europe hurriedly to nurse her son-in-law, Prince Dentice di Frasso, and had spent two weeks at his bedside while his temperature gravitated between 102 and 105 degrees. He was getting better when she received a cable informing her of her daughter's illness in New York, and she left by the next steamer.

Luncheon to Paul Mankiewitz.

James Speyer gave a luncheon of twenty covers at the Lawyers' Club yesterday in honor of Paul Mankiewitz, one of the managing Directors of the Deutsche Bank of Berlin. Among those present were A. B. Hepburn, Edward D. Adams, Samuel McRoberts, R. Frankson, Edwin Hawley, Daniel Willard, Henry W. Taft, Henry Clews, Henri Gans of Paris, William H. Nichols, Edwin G. Merrill, Edward E. Bedford, E. D. Henderson, William H. Moore, Jacob Langeloth, Richard Schuster, George F. Baker, Jr., and D. P. Bennett.

Mr. Mankiewitz has been in this country for three weeks, this being his first visit here. He leaves on Thursday for Berlin. The Deutsche Bank is the largest banking institution in Germany. The senior Director of the Deutsche Bank is Arthur von Gwinner, who married Mr. Speyer's cousin, and Mr. Speyer's brother-in-law, Eduard Beit von Speyer, is a member of the Advisory Council.

TO EDUCATE STAGE CHILDREN

Francis Wilson the Founder of Free School to be Opened Monday.

An afternoon school for stage children is to be established this Spring in New York through the co-operation of Francis Wilson and of Franklin Sargent, President of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts. Mr. Wilson and Mr. Sargent yesterday completed a scheme for carrying out their ideas, and on May 9 four rooms adjoining the rooms of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts, in the Carnegie Building, will be set aside for the plan for educating the children of the stage in New York.

The first definite steps toward the establishment of such a school was taken at a meeting held recently at the Players. Mr. Wilson, Rodman Gilder, Jeannette Gilder, Robert Underwood Johnson, Daniel Frohman, Harrison B. Hodges, and two others, whose names are withheld, attended Funds were raised principally in the dramatic profession, and it was voted that the school should be conducted in conjunction with the American Academy of Dramatic Arts, but with a separate corps of instructors.

The teaching will be done entirely by women, and especial attention will be paid to the languages, history, and arithmetic. There will be no tuition charged, and any child appearing on the stage in New York will be eligible. Sessions will last from 1 until 3 o'clock, so that the children may have plenty of time for sleep as well as for play. The term will last from Sept. 1 to the middle of June, although there will be a short term this year, beginning next Monday. Instruction, it is planned, will be largely individual, with small classes.

The officers of the school are Francis Wilson, founder and President, and Franklin Sargent, director.

"HELENA'S PATH" VERY LIGHT

Charles Frohman Produces Hope and Lennox's New Comedy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 3.—"Helena's Path," a new comedy by Anthony Hope and Cosmo Gordon Lennox, produced to-night at the Duke of York's Theatre, is the latest addition to Charles Frohman's Repertory Theatre. It is an extremely light and slight comedy, and met with a mixed reception.

The leading rôles were pleasantly enacted by Irene Vanbrugh, Charles Bryant, and Charles Maude.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Mrs. William H. Taft, wife of the President, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Taft, was in the audience at the Globe Theatre last night witnessing Montgomery and Stone in "The Old Town."

Rehearsals of "Up and Down Broadway," the Shubert Summer review that is to follow "The Chocolate Soldier" at the Casino Theatre, began yesterday at the Casino under the stage direction of William J. Wilson. Eddie Foy is to be the feature player in the piece.

Mrs. Dore Lyon announces that she will produce Von Suppe's operetta, "The Boarding School," at the Berkeley Lyceum next Saturday afternoon, in conjunction with a one-act comedy, "The Bishop's Son," written by herself and Kathryn Jarboe, and "Oh o' Me Thumb," a one-act character sketch, originally

JUDGE E. T. BARTLETT DIES IN ALBANY

Associate Judge of Court of Appeals Expires Suddenly Following a Stroke of Paralysis.

SEVENTEEN YEARS ON BENCH

His Defeat of Isaac H. Maynard in 1893 a Triumph for Pure Judiciary—One of Famous "Two Bartletts."

ALBANY, N. Y., May 3.—Edward Theodore Bartlett of New York, Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals, died suddenly of heart disease at 6:30 o'clock to-night at the Albany Hospital. Last Friday night, while dining alone at the Albany Club, Judge Bartlett suffered a slight stroke of paralysis and was taken to the hospital. His condition, however, was not regarded as serious, and his physician said yesterday that the Judge expected to resume his duties on the bench in a few days.

Shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon a sudden change in his condition was noted. His pulse was bad, and although stimulants were promptly administered the heart failed to respond, and death resulted within a short time.

Gov. Hughes, when he learned of Judge Bartlett's death to-night, canceled an engagement he had made to attend a dinner of Columbia alumnae at the Ten Eyck Hotel to-morrow night. The Governor and Judge Bartlett had been warm friends for years.

"I am greatly shocked to learn of the death of Edward T. Bartlett," said the Governor to-night. "For over sixteen years he had served the State in its court of last resort with conspicuous ability and fidelity, and had enjoyed general esteem and confidence."

The body of the dead jurist will be taken to Skaneateles to-morrow, where funeral services will be held, probably on Friday. The Court of Appeals will adjourn to attend. No service will be held in Albany.

The death of Edward T. Bartlett removes from the New York Court of Appeals one of the famous "two Bartletts" who have for years been Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals. Edward T. Bartlett was 5 years older than his colleague, Willard Bartlett, both of whom were nominated for their respective offices by the Republican and Democratic Parties in 1907. For the former, a Republican, it was a renomination, while for the latter, a Democrat, it was a nomination for a regular election to an office he had filled for some time under a temporary appointment.

Edward T. Bartlett was 69 years old. He was born in Skaneateles, N. Y., in 1841, the son of a prominent physician. He came from a well-known New England ancestry. On his father's side he was a grandson of Josiah Bartlett, a signer of the Declaration of Independence and of the Articles of Confederation, and later Governor of Massachusetts. On his mother's side he was a descendant of Stephen Hopkins of Rhode Island, also a signer of the Declaration of Independence.

Judge Bartlett was graduated from Union College and was admitted to the bar in 1862. He studied law first in Skaneateles and then in Syracuse. In 1868 he came to this city, becoming a member of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, and took an active part in its affairs, particularly in the fight under the Tweed régime for the purity of the Judiciary, which resulted in the impeachment of two Judges.

He was also one of the early members of the Republican Club, assisting materially in its organization during its early days, and in 1888 was made President of the club. In 1891 he was persuaded to become a candidate for the Supreme Court, running against Justice Ingraham, but was defeated.

Two years later he was nominated by the Republican organization to run against Isaac H. Maynard, who had been nominated by David B. Hill and the Democrat machine as a reward for what was popularly known as the "Dutchess County steal." It was on this issue that Mr. Bartlett made his campaign, and after one of the most exciting judiciary fights in the history of the State he was elected by something like 100,000 majority—a triumph for a pure judiciary. This election gave the Republican Party control of the Constitutional Convention which framed the present organic law of the State and sounded the death knell of the Hill machine.

Judge Bartlett took his seat on the bench of the Court of Appeals Jan. 1, 1894, for a term of fourteen years, and was re-elected for a similar term in November, 1907.

Some of the important decisions in which he had a leading part were the Roland B. Molineux case, in which the defendant, after being found guilty of the murder of Mrs. Katherine Adams, received a new trial on the ground that improper testimony had been admitted; the Canfield case, in which the court ruled that Jesse Lewisohn could not be compelled to testify against Canfield, and the Guden case, in which the Sheriff of Kings County had been removed by Gov. Odell because it had been shown that Guden had promised before election an appointment in return for support. His decisions were noteworthy for their clear legal logic, lucidity, and fairness.

Mr. Bartlett was of short, stocky physique, and in disposition reserved and quiet. The first indication of failing physical powers was a little over two years ago, in November, 1907, soon after his re-election, when he was suddenly stricken ill while replying to the congratulatory speeches of his friends at a dinner given in honor of the two Bartletts at the Hamilton Club, Brooklyn. After saying a few words he suddenly staggered and sank to his chair, but under mild restoratives he soon recovered and finished his speech.

Judge Bartlett was never married. While in New York he made his home at the Union League Club. In addition to his membership in the Republican Club and the Bar Association, he was a member of the New York Law Institute, the Sons of the American Revolution, and the New England Society.

Ex-Gov. John L. Beveridge.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 3.—John L. Beveridge, former Governor of Illinois, died to-day at his home in Hollywood. He was born in Greenwich, Washington County, New York, on July 6, 1824. He was educated in New York, and went with his father's family to De Kalb County, Illinois, in 1842. He was elected Sheriff of Cook County, Illinois, in 1866; State Senator in 1870, Congressman at Large to succeed Gen. John A. Logan in 1871. In November, 1872, he was elected Lieutenant Governor of Illinois on the Republican ticket with Gen. Richard J. Oglesby as Governor, and upon the latter's election to the United States Senate became Governor and served four years.

GIULIA STRAKOSCH TO WED.

Daughter of Once Famous Impresario to Marry Kenneth Lee.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 3.—The engagement is announced of Giulia Strakosch, daughter of the once well-known American impresario, to Kenneth Lee of Fairfield Broughton, Manchester.

Miss Strakosch, who previously was very successful on the concert platform, has recently been playing the rôle of the Merry Widow in Continental productions of the operetta.

Anna Held Loses Diamond Pin.

F. Ziegfeld, Jr., the theatrical manager, and husband of Anna Held, is advertising the loss of a diamond pin, for the return of which he will pay a reward of $200 and ask no questions. The pin was lost between 11 and 1 o'clock on the night of April 25, either at Sherry's or in a taxicab between Sherry's and the Ansonia. On that night Mr. and Mrs. Ziegfeld attended the opening performance of a play on Broadway, and after supper at the restaurant went to their apartments at the Ansonia. The pin was missed shortly

CHILDREN IN SHAKESPEARE.

To Give "A Midsummer Night's Dream" for Plant Guild.

For the benefit of the National Plant, Flower and Fruit Guild, the Educational Playhouse Association will present "A Midsummer Night's Dream" on the evening of Thursday, June 2, at the New Amsterdam Roof Theatre.

The officers of the guild are Mrs. John Wood Stewart, President; Gifford Pinchot, Honorary President; Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Margaret Deland, Mrs. William Corcoran Eustis, and Miss Jane Addams, Vice Presidents, and Josiah Strong, John Graham Brooks, Charles Sprague Sargent, George W. Cable, and Gustav Straubermuller, Honorary Vice Presidents. Mrs. Daniel C. Hood is Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Seth Thayer Stewart is Recording Secretary. The Treasurer of the guild is Herbert Gouverneur Ogden and the Secreary Miss Fairfield.

The players in Shakespeare's comedy are school children and live where the guild works. Tickets may be had at the guild office, 70 Fifth Avenue.

Among the many patronesses are Mrs. Felix Adler, Mrs. Tracy Dows, Mrs. James Laidlaw, Mrs. Herbert G. Ogden, Mrs. James Roosevelt, Mrs. Benjamin Nicoll, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Mrs. Daniel S. Lamont, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mrs. Winthrop Sargent, and Mrs. William Sloane.

JAPANESE MINISTER WEDS.

M. Shimarzue Married to O. Yona Hara, Attired in Native Marriage Garb.

CHICAGO, May 3.—M. Shimarzue, Japanese minister and head of the Japanese branch of the Y. M. C. A. that he founded here, was married last night to O. Yona Hara. It was the first Japanese wedding ceremony performed in Chicago. The bride wore the native marriage garb, three gowns, dark, white, and red. The topmost—black—was embroidered with the coat of arms of her family, of high standing in her native land.

Dr. Austin De Blois, pastor of the First Baptist Church, read the wedding service in English, and Bishop Y. Honda, the Japanese prelate, who traveled from his country to be present, read the ceremony in Japanese.

A BANDBOX TRAGEDY.

Clever Sketch at the Lyceum In Which Ethel Browning Acts Charmingly.

LOVE'S UNDERSTUDY, a character sketch in one act, by Richard Fechheimer. Lyceum.

Emily.....Miss Ethel Browning
Gertrude Gordon.....Miss Winifred Voorhees
Joe .....Rockliffe Fellowes

Richard Fechheimer, a new aspirant for fame and royalties, is the author of a one-act play, "Love's Understudy," acted at the Lyceum Theatre yesterday afternoon for the purpose of testing its availability in vaudeville. The little piece was well received and compares very favorably with several of the grim little slices of life imported from time to time for a similar purpose.

"Love's Understudy," which might be called a tragedy in a bandbox, tells the pathetic story of a little milliner's assistant, who loves—not wisely but too well—the porter of the shop, Emily, an undersized creature with a surplus of affection and no figure to speak of, has things pretty much her own way and is entirely happy with Joe, who has promised to marry her. But the serpent in the form of an ex-showgirl, now acting as model in the shop, attracts Joe and fills his head with notions of going on the stage. Emily learns that Joe intends to break an appointment made with her. After imploring him not to desert her she is driven to desperation by Joe's heartlessness. As he starts to go away the little creature picks up a pair of shears from the work table and plunges it in the back of his neck. The curtain falls with Emily prostrate over the dead body of her erstwhile lover, while the showgirl presumably waits for him down the street.

"Anyhow," says the distracted little creature, "I've got him until the cops come," or words to that effect.

The sketch is lightened by the familiar slang of the showgirl, and with a little compression in spots will be even more effective. Yesterday the action was somewhat retarded by the actor of the rôle of Joe, who was forgetful of his lines.

But lovers of good acting were rewarded by a remarkably sensitive and appealing performance of the rôle of Emily by Miss Ethel Browning, a petite, eerie little creature, with a fine ability in characterization, an exquisite quality of tenderness, and a really exceptional gift of emotional expression. Some years ago this actress played here with great success in "Marta of the Lowlands," since which time her appearances on the New York stage have been infrequent. The fact is mentioned as illustrating a wretched condition of affairs in our theatres, where genuine ability is so often sidetracked to make room for young ladies whose chief claim to consideration is an ability to make goo-goo eyes.

Miss Winifred Voorhees filled out the rôle of the model amply and amusingly. There was a familiar, recognizable touch in the presence of a number of striped hat-boxes, which patrons of a certain Fifth Avenue shop could not fail to recognize.

Preceding the play there was a musical programme, to which Connie Ediss, Leo Tecktonius and several others contributed.

JOHN H. CONVERSE DEAD.

Philanthropist, Presbyterian, and President of Baldwin Locomotive Works.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—John H. Converse, President of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, and a prominent Presbyterian layman, died suddenly from heart disease at his suburban home, in Rosemont, near here, early to-day.

Mr. Converse was 69 years old. He was born in Burlington, Vt., in 1840, and was graduated from the University of Vermont in 1861. He first turned his attention to newspaper work, being employed for three years as editorial writer on The Burlington Times. He then went to Chicago, where he was engaged in railroad work for two years, and in 1870 Mr. Converse became a member of the Baldwin locomotive firm, and later was elected President.

Mr. Converse gave liberally of his large fortune to many worthy needs. In 1900 he was Vice Moderator of the Presbyterian Church of the United States. He was also President of the Trustees of the General Assembly and Chairman of the Business Committee of the Board of Publication, as well as of the Committee on Evangelistic Work. He was a Trustee of the Princeton Theological Seminary, Trustee of the Presbyterian Hospital, a member of the University Extension Association, and during the Spanish war he was President of the National Relief Association.

Early in life Mr. Converse was married to Elizabeth P. Thompson of Bay Ridge, L. I., and he had two daughters and one son.

Prof. H. T. Ricketts Dies in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, May 3.—Dr. Howard T. Ricketts, a professor in the University of Chicago, died here to-day of spinal meningitis, which developed as he was recovering from an attack of typhus. He contracted typhus while studying the disease, which is peculiar to Mexico.

Minneapolis's Richest Man Dead.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 3.—Levi M. Stewart, said to be the richest man in Minneapolis, died to-day of inflammation of the lungs. He held more real estate in Minneapolis than any other men, and his estate is computed to be worth many millions. For many years he lived the life of an eccentric bachelor in a small wooden shanty situated in the heart of the city.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. NOAH KNOWLES DAVIS, Professor of Moral Philosophy in the University of Virginia for many years, died in Charlottesville, Va., yesterday.

The Rev. EUGENE LEIBERT, one of the foremost clergymen in the Moravian Church in America, died yesterday of paralysis at his home at Nazareth, Penn. He was 75 years old.

HARMON V. BECKER, 84 years old, late President of the Elmore Automobile Company, died yesterday at his home in Clyde, Ohio, of general debility.

DAVID NEWTON died in Trenton, N. J., yesterday, of a complication of diseases. He was Secretary of Bnai B'rith.

JOHN POWE THURSTON, one of the early abolitionists and an intimate friend of William Lloyd Garrison, died at his home in Rockport,

FOREIGN CONVERTS TALK TO SUFFRAGISTS

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Tell of Their Conversion to the Cause of Woman.

ARGUMENT OF A DOG WHIP

Mrs. Irving Shows How It Convinced One Man of His Error—Mrs. Montefiore a Speaker.

All the Presidents of all the woman suffrage organizations of Manhattan were guests of the Equal Suffrage League of the City of New York at the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon to meet distinguished guests. Two who were not were Mrs. Mackay and Mrs. Belmont.

"I did so hope Mrs. Mackay and Mrs. Belmont would be here to-day," said one in grieved tones.

"Well, I am sincerely glad they were not," returned the other frigidly, and no one knew why one was glad or the other sorry.

Mrs. Dora Montefiore, who arrived in this city from England last week, was the speaker of the day, and Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Irving the guests of honor. Mrs. Montefiore has the reputation of being a militant suffragette, but her speech was largely upon the mother spirit in politics, the need of the "social mother." Mrs. Irving, who isn't a militant suffragist, made a militant speech, telling of a really militant deed which she had performed.

"I never make speeches," she told the Equal Suffrage League, "unless my husband writes them for me, and he did write me some lines to-day, but I didn't learn them. The time when I feel that I want to be a suffragist is when I go to what I to do you call it—the office of the Assessor of Taxes, and there he wrests a good part of my salary from me and doesn't give me any rights, and of course that is not right of him."

Her militant tale began with a conversation with a man who was "really quite fair for a man." He said suffrage arguments sounded very reasonable, but he didn't think the militant suffrage women were ladylike at all. Then Mrs. Irving gave this illustration:

"I took my Irish terrier out for a walk one day, carrying a heavy dog whip because he is some times unruly. While I was out it began to rain and as I raised my whip to call a cab a man came up to me and made an exceedingly rude remark. Now I really didn't intend to do it, but before I knew it I had brought the dog whip down across his face. Then all sorts of unpleasant things passed through my mind, of how I would be taken to the police court and no one knew what, but nothing of that kind happened, for the man slunk off immediately. Now that was not a ladylike thing to do, but you can all see that it was effective."

Mr. Irving was not at first in favor of woman suffrage, he said, because then he was too sentimental, but now that he had been convinced he hoped that if the women had the vote they would help rid the world of war evils—the sweltering hell of vivisection, and war, which was another kind of vivisection."

Mr. Irving became converted to woman suffrage by hearing the women making outdoor speeches in London. He heard Mrs. Pankhurst speak in Trafalgar Square and was greatly impressed by her. He also heard Miss Cristabel Pankhurst speak, but did not think so much of her.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

ARMSTRONG—ROEVER.—April 30, Margaret Roever to Edward T. Armstrong.
ROGERS—TOBEY.—April 30, Marie K. Tobey to Allen M. Rogers.
WALTERS—LAWRENCE.—April 30, Emma J. Lawrence to Daniel Walters.

Brooklyn.

MACDONALD—SKIDMORE.—April 30, Emily Skidmore to Eugene S. Macdonald.
MORGAN—FONTAINE.—April 26, Clara E. Fontaine to John K. Morgan.

New Jersey.

BULLEY—CROMWELL.—April 30, Bordentown, Wilhelmine A. Cromwell to George W. Bulley.
GLASER—LOCHER.—May 1, Union Hill, Hulda Locher to Christian Glaser.
KERBER—GARTLAND.—April 30, Elizabeth Mamie Gartland to Harry Kerber.
KUNDIG—JAENSCH.—April 30, West New York, Mary Jaensch to Frederick Kundig.
QUERODI—KOPAC.—May 1, Tessie Kopac to Ferdinand Querodi.

New York State.

FROST—WOOD.—April 27, Newburg, Bertha E. Wood to Harold Frost.
LENT—NELSON.—April 27, Newburg, Jessie M. Nelson to Perley B. Lent.
MYERS—CLARKSON.—April 30, Tivoli, Mary A. Clarkson to Kellock Myers.
STERN—HELMKE.—April 30, South Nyack, Nora P. Helmke to Richard H. Stern.

Died.

BOWDEN.—At his home, 536 North Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., on Monday evening, May 2, 1910, James Wylie Bowden, M. D., son of the late John and Lucretia Bowden. Funeral services at the house on Thursday, May 5, 1910, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Station at 1:10 P. M. Interment private in Woodlawn. Richmond, Va., papers please copy.

BOWDEN.—Crescent Lodge, No. 402, F. & A. M. Brethren, you are requested to attend the funeral services of our beloved brother and Past Master, James W. Bowden, at his late residence. Wm. R. Hill, Master; W. J. Beamish, Secretary.

BROWNING.—On May 2, after a brief illness, at his late residence, 68 Garden St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Rev. William Garritson Browning, in the 86th year of his age. Funeral services Washington Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Poughkeepsie, on Thursday, May 5, at 2 P. M. Interment at Rhinebeck, N. Y.

CARREAU.—On May 3, 1910, Celina, aged 17 years, youngest daughter of Cyrille and Susan Hoyt Carreau. Funeral from residence, 654 Madison Av., Thursday, May 5, at 12 o'clock. Interment private at Woodlawn Cemetery.

CLARK.—On Tuesday, May 3, 1910, at 9:40 A. M., Leonora Weidler Clark, widow of Alfred E. Clark. Services at her late residence, 6,038 Stanton Av., East End, Pittsburg, on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at Covington, Ky., Thursday morning.

DOWD.—On Monday, May 2, John Luther Dowd, in his 89th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Gilbert L. Bairnes, 7,743 Amboy Road, Bentley Manor, Staten Island, on Wednesday at 3 P. M. Interment on Thursday at Madison, Conn. Hartford and New Haven papers please copy.

DE MEDINA.—At Montreux, Switzerland, on the 17th of April, Cecilia, widow of Carlos de Medina. Funeral at St. Luke's Church, Clinton Av., near Fulton St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 5, at 3 o'clock.

FERRY.—Suddenly, on May 2, 1910, at Phoenix, Arizona, Charles H. Ferry. Notice of funeral hereafter.

Died.

HARDING.—On May 3, Charles A. Harding, son of the late Charles and Margaret L. Harding. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Beloved Disciple, 89th St., east of Madison Av., on Thursday, May 5, 1 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

HARRIS.—At Lakewood, N. J., May 3, 1910, Carolyn Wilson Harris, wife of the late Isaac Harris. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAVILAND.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., May 2, 1910, Alfred Haviland, in the 61st year of his age. Funeral on Wednesday, 4th inst., at 3 P. M., from the house of his brother, Edward Haviland, 30 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn.

HOMANS.—At Englewood, N. J., on Monday, May 2, 1910, Sarah Louisa, widow of the late Sheppard Homans. Funeral service at residence of her son, Sheppard Homans, Jr., Hamilton Av., Englewood, on Thursday, May 5, at 2:30 P. M. on arrival of train leaving New York at 1:20, Erie R. R.

HUDSON.—Karony Virginia, aged 16 months, daughter of William G. and Blanche Hudson, on May 2, 1910, at 8:20 P. M. Interment Cave Hill Cemetery, Louisville, Ky., Thursday, May 5, 1910. Louisville papers please copy.

KEYS.—At Albany, May 2, 1910, Edward, husband of Anna R. and father of Edward Keys, aged 60 years. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BLDG.,) to-day, 11:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

LYFORD.—At Dr. Bull's private hospital, May 2, 1910, Wright Chamberlain Lyford of 15 East 35th St. Funeral private. Committal service and interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Morristown, N. J., on Wednesday, May 4, at 2:30 P. M.

McCURDY.—Suddenly, of heart failure, at her residence, Morristown, N. J., on Sunday morning, May 1, Sarah Ellen, wife of Richard A. McCurdy, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral from St. Peter's Church, Morristown, Wednesday, May 4, at 10:30 o'clock. A special car for the accommodation of friends will be attached to the train leaving New York at 9 A. M. and will return after the funeral, leaving Morristown at 11:44.

MEAD.—At his home, White Plains, N. Y., May 3, 1910, William J. Mead, formerly of Greenwich, Conn. Funeral private.

MULRY.—Suddenly, at Brent

SIX FAVORITES WIN AT AQUEDUCT

Track Record and Fine Finishes Delight Turf-Loving Crowd—Ladasette's Stake.

Aqueduct more nearly resembled Paradise yesterday than it ever before did or probably ever will again. It is quite likely that a big majority of the racegoers who were there on the happy occasion would vote for Aqueduct and say that it was a delightful place, for six favorites won right off the reel, and moreover they were good horses and popular from start to finish.

The fields were bigger and of better class than the average for the season to the present, the track was fast and things went with a run from the first note of the bugle call to the post for the opening event to the whooping delight attending the triumph of James R. Keene's Nightfall, half brother to the stout Peep o' Day, Nightfall, favorite in a filled of ten maiden fillies and geldings, two years old, simply romping home before Busy Miss, the pacemaker, for a good part of the four and a half furlongs, while Miss Nett, a well-supported filly that ran as second choice, was a close third, and at the end the only contender that looked at all dangerous to the winner. With things going so swimmingly, it was not unnatural that a most meritorious performance by Campeon, called for a rally at the finish of the six and a half handicap, third on the card with Campeon, winning in a stoutly contested fight to the post with Beaucoup, in time that set a new record for the track, 1:18 4-5. Campeon was bred and developed by George J. Long at Bashford Manor Stud, just outside Louisville, Ky.

The stake feature of the day was the Suffolk, four and a half furlongs, selling, for two-year-olds, and aside from the fact that Ladasette was the public choice, the result was immensely popular, for Ladasette carried the new colors of Robert Forsythe Little, racing now in the name of the Woodhaven colors. The big stables were fairly well represented in the sprint for the Suffolk, and the pace was fast from end to end, but Ladasette, beautifully ridden by little Guy Garner, hurried only when hurry was needed. Ladasette broke best, but let the others bustle on, and held a place, changing from fourth to fifth until they were coming to the last furlong, where he went on to win in fine style a length and a half before Moncrief second, and the well-supported Edda third.

Jeanne D'Arc had about the race of her life to get up at the end and win by a head in the opening race, from Rialto, while Myles O'Connell, which made the running, and kept Jeanne D'Arc tiptoed through all the race until he got into the last furlong, bled there, and would have been last in another jump, so fast did he close up. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Purse for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs.
E. C. Hildreth's Jeanne d'Arc, ch. m., 5, by Ben Strome-Naome, 110, (G. Garner,) 7 to 20 and out 1
F. D. Weir's Rialto, ch. h., 5, 118, (McGee,) 16 to 5 and 2 to 5 ..... 2¾
H. G. Bedwell's Myles O'Connell, br. c., 3, 108, (Taplin,) 15 to 1 and 2 to 1 3
Horicon, 99, (Langan,) 50 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:13 2-5.

SECOND RACE.—Purse, for fillies and mares, three years old and upward; seven furlongs.
J. C. F. Jacoby's Imitator, b. m., 5, by Mimic-Graziosa, 106, (Hyland,) 9 to 5 and 7 to 10 1
R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Resposeful, b. f., 3, 92, (Diggins,) 11 to 5 and 7 to 10 2
F. J. Pons's Dolly Bultman, b. f., 4, 108, (Griffin,) 10 to 1 and 3 to 1 ..... 3½
Killiecrankie, 106, (Langan,) 25 to 1; Nod, 110, (Clement,) 50 to 1; Sensible, 108, (Butwell,) 6 to 1, and Ethel Day, 104, (Garner,) 5 to 1, also ran. Won cleverly. Time—1:27 2-5.

THIRD RACE.—Handicap, purse, for three-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs.
R. F. Carman's Campon, b. c., 4, by Alvescot-Florite, 97, (Langan,) 8 to 5 and 1 to 2 1
R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Beaucoup, ch. h., 5, 108, (Creevy,) 9 to 5 and 1 to 5 2
Quincy Stable's Casque, 98, (Taplin,) 8 to 1 and 7 to 5 3
Jack Parker, 107, (Queen,) 4 to 1, and Metaphor III., 90, (G. Garner,) 8 to 1, also ran. Won straightened out. Time—1:18 4-5.

FOURTH RACE.—The Suffolk Stakes, for two-year-olds; selling allowances; four and one-half furlongs.
Woodhaven Stable's Ladasette, b. f., by Disguise-Ladasine, 94, (G. Garner,) 5 to 2 and 1 to 1 1
R. L. Thomas's Moncrelf, ch. c., 101, (Moore,) 15 to 1 and 6 to 1 2
G. W. Berry's Edda, b. f., 99, (G. Burns,) 7 to 1 and 2 to 1 3
Agawam, 106, (Creevy,) 7 to 2; Susan, 104, (Butwell,) 12 to 1; Lula, 106, (Nicol,) 6 to 1; Pecani, 109, (Taplin,) 5 to 1; Startler, 99, (Ural,) 30 to 1, and Miss Jonah, 102, (Glass,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won handily. Time—0:54 4-5.

FIFTH RACE.—Purse for three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; one mile.
Beverwyck Stable's Berkeley, ch. g., 6, by Dieudonne-Carness, 117, (Butwell,) 1 to 1 and 1 to 3 1
H. G. Bedwell's Ed. Ball, ch. g., aged, 111, (Taplin,) 7 to 1 and 8 to 5 2
P. Dunne's The Peer, ch. g., 4, 103, (G. Garner,) 2 to 1 and 1 to 2 3
Rustem, 95, (Van Benschoten,) 7 to 1, also ran. Won handily. Time—1:39 2-5.

SIXTH RACE.—Purse for maiden fillies and geldings, special weights; four and a half furlongs.
James R. Keene's Nightfall, ch. f., by Voter-Sundown, 108, (Butwell,) 7 to 5 and 1 to 2 1
Thomas Newton's Busy Miss, ch. f., 108, (Schilling,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1 ..... 2½
Frederick Johnson's Miss Nett, br. f., 108, (Glass,) 2 to 1 and 4 to 5 3
Love Cure, 108, (G. Burns,) 20 to 1; Ortora, 108, (Brady,) 60 to 1; Dolphin, 108, (Doyle,) 50 to 1; Moxa, 108, (Archibald,) 30 to 1; Jerseyman, 108, (Warren,) 30 to 1; Fantasque, 108, (Creevy,) 6 to 1, also ran. Won handily. Time—0:55 1-5.

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—Purse, for two-year-olds; selling allowances; four and a half furlongs.

Pounds		Pounds.
Limpet 106	Aldrain 102	
Whin 103	Sebago 100	
Miss Nett 97	*White Wool 102	
Golden 92	Wickenham 105	

SECOND RACE.—Handicap purse, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

Fayette 116	King Olympian 93	
Norbitt 98	Also eligible:	
Zlenap 95	Firestone 121	
Ardri 113	Montgomery 100	
Grania 90		

THIRD RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; seven furlongs.

*Bambury 105	Bad News 111	
*Eddie Dugan 97	Montgomery 111	
*Frank Purcell 103	Captain Swanson 108	
Rockstone 111		

FOURTH RACE.—The Paumonok Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs.

Prince Ahmed 116	Begom 111	
Ben Loyal 100	Restigouche 120	
Prince Gal 115	Magazine 110	
Guy Fisher 109	Grasmere 104	
Suffragist 93		

FIFTH RACE.—Purse, for maidens two years old; selling allowances; five furlongs.

Sheriff Bradley 107	*Brandy 105	
Euclid 110	Calvinist 107	
Stalwart Lad 107	Doncaster 104	
*Merry Lad 94	Eastern Star 98	
Miss Nett 98	Sake 96	
Judge Monck 101		

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; non-winners of more than two races; selling allowances; six and a half furlongs.

De Burgo 114	Bryce 113	
Acumen 109	Danfield 105	
*Krikina 103	Tubal 112	
Eddie Dugan 106	Parenius 105	
Bob K. 100	*Golden Flora 98	
*Foreguard 110	*Niagara 90	
*Stafford 105	Sallan 95	

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Trotting Men Eliminating Hopples.

CHICAGO, May 3.—The ultimate abolition of hopples was determined upon here to-day at the biennial meeting of the American Trotting Association. W. P. Ijams of Terre Haute, Ind., was re-elected President of the association, and W. H. Knight of Chicago Secretary. Retiring Directors were re-elected.

Seventy-five delegates representing 700 members were present, and by a vote of five to one decreed that there shall be no hopples used on two-year-olds this season, none on three-year-olds next season, nor on four-year-olds in 1912, and that in 1914 the use of hopples shall be barried altogether.

Criticism of College Cheering.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 3.—Organized cheering at Harvard games was the subject of an editorial today in The Harvard Crimson, the leading college paper, which vigorously attacks the practice and declares that it is not only unsportsmanlike, but also eminently unfair to the opponents. It is believed that the editorial sounds the death knell of the strenuous type of cheering which has marked games in the past. The editorial says in part:

"Rattling a visiting team is unsportsmanlike, for it is clearly taking an unfair advantage. This usually takes the form of organized cheering at times which the cheer leaders know is inopportune for our opponents and is really worse than such recognized foul play as tripping a base runner, for it is taking advantage of a circumstance over which the visiting team has no control—namely, that it is on your grounds."

DORMAN EASY FOR GOODMAN.

Vanquished Fighter Beaten In Every Round After the First.

Jack Goodman gave Jack Dorman the worst beating of the latter's career in the main ten-round bout at the Fairmont Athletic Club last night, and only Goodman's inability to land a really hard blow saved Dorman from a knockout in the fourth round, and later in several succeedin gsessions.

Dorman was, as usual, game to the core, and, though knocked down repeatedly by short right-arm swings to the jaw, always arose fighting mad and bravely trying. It was one of the best bouts that has been seen in this city for a long time, each man showing his knowledge of boxing and none of the usual windmill fighting that has marred so many recent contests. The first round was even. Goodman had all the rest.

They sparred cautiously for a moment in the opening session, and then Goodman shot a light left to the face. Dodman landed a right to the stomach, and Goodman answered with two left jabe to the mouth that pushed Dorman's head almost off his shoulders.

Dorman pounded Goodman's kidneys in the short but frequent clinches that marked the opening of the second round. Goodman jabbed twice and cut Dorman's lip with a chopping left hook. He followed these blows a second later with a sharp right chop to the jaw and a straight left to the face. Dorman did not land a clean blow to the fact or body in this round.

Goodman took to jabbing tactics early in the round, occasionally using a short right swing that usually found a resting place on Dorman's jaw. Dorman's rush just before the bell was met with a straight left to face and right to jaw.

A hard left to the paw stopped Dorman's rush in the fourth; following this a right to the body made the Bronx lad wince. Breaking out of a clinch Goodman shot a hard left to the nose. A half right arm swing square on the point of the jaw knocked Dorman down cleanly, but he arose immediately and made a splendid rally. He fought back fiercely, neither seeking nor attempting a clinch. Goodman's blow should have been a knockout, and that it was not demonstrated that the west sider has not any too hard a punch.

Goodman again met Dorman's rush with two straight lefts that almost broke the latter's neck as his head went flying back. In a series of clinches Goodman used Tommy-Murphy uppercut that worried Dorman, but did no harm. Dorman swung right and left, but Goodman stepped inside both. Dorman put a hard right to the stomach, and thereupon Goodman again knocked Dorman down cleanly with a half right swing to the jaw. Dorman was down for only an instant and fought back gamely. Three rights to the jaw further staggered Dorman, and any of them should have put him out. Goodman was a trifle wild and overanxious, however, and Dorman stayed the round.

Dorman landed a right to stomach and another to the face as the sixth round started. Goodman again pushed Dormon's head back with left jabs and started his mouth bleeding once more. Dorman shot a right to the stomach and Goodman put two lefts to the mouth. Three hard left jabs almost pushed Dorman's head off his shoulders. The seventh was like the preceding round, with Goodman still jabbing away for dear life, and all of these blows landing.

Goodman started the eighth with a hard right to the stomach, following it with two lefts and a right to the jaw. Goodman jabbed hree times and got away with them all. A hard right to the jaw did not seem to bother Dorman, but a left to the jaw sent him to his knees. Nevertheless, Dorman went to his corner apparently as fresh as when he entered the ring. Dorman again went down in the ninth under a volley of blows to the jaw, but came back fighting. Goodman's kidneys were red, but otherwise he did not have a mark except a bump over the left eye.

Goodman persisted in the tenth with his tantalizing left jabs, not one of which seemed to be able to miss Dorman's sadly marked face. Goodman fought himself out of several clinches with hard punches to the body, and the end of the round found both slugging away in good fashion. Dorman's shoulders, neck, face, and mouth were cut and scratched, and he was rather a sad-looking fighter. He put up a game fight, but he never had a chance to win.

The semi-final bout produced a six-round draw between Billy Herman and Joe Phillips.

CAMP'S FOOTBALL VIEWS.

More Individuality and Less Concerted Action Under New Rules.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 3.—What are supposed to be Walter Camp's views on the new football rules are published in The Yale Daily News to-day. The News says that they are "the views of a member of the Rules Committee." They follow:

"As the football rules for next season now stand, the game will be played with more individuality and less concerted action, although team play will be, as ever, the most important feature. The accidents and exhaustion that led to serious consideration at the end of last season indicated that some action must be taken to lessen two aspects of the game—the concentrated hammering attacks upon an unsupported tackle; the knocking over of ends who, in their attempts to take forward passes, were in an especially defenseless position. The forward pass had also forced the defensive half backs away from the line and this made the play of the tackles very severe.

"After much time spent in the consideration of possible methods of keeping the forward pass across the scrimmage line, and yet, at the same time provide against these dangers, the committee decided it was impossible. This method was therefore abandoned. In its place they lessened the distance to be gained to eight yards, instead of ten, which, taken in connection with one of the rules passed at their earlier sessions, (forbidding pushing and pulling the runner, and also locked interference,) would seem to render the game less dangerous and less exhausting on ends and tackles.

"The other rules, namely, those forbidding diving tackles and permitting the quarter back to cross the line of scrimmage at any point, would seem to aid in attack, as does the eight-yard rule, and makes up in some measure for the very considerable weakening the offense suffers through the abandonment of pushing and pulling."

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

Automobile Wanted—1909 or 1910, 7 passenger, any good, standard make in good condition; will give unencumbered lots, well located, cash basis. Address, with full particulars, and price, P. D., Box H 158 Times.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

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HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

GRAMERCY COAL STABLES
234 EAST 20TH ST., BET. 2D AND 3D AVES.
40—HEAD OF HORSES—40
ranging in weight from 1,000 to 1,400; these horses are all just out of hard work; some are a little pavement sore, and some are a little thin; a few weeks in the country would add 100 per cent. to their purchase price; no reasonable offer refused.

THE TURF.

Racing at Aqueduct

Every Day—First Race at 2:30 P. M.
Race trains, with Parlor Cars, leave E. 34th St. 10:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:20, 1:50 P. M. Also Flatbush Ave. 11:10 A. M., 12:30, 1:08, 1:30, 2, 2:15 P. M.

The Automobile Exchange in Sunday's New York Times expedites the sale of slightly used motor cars. Buyers and sellers find prompt and efficient service. The result of one small advertisement:—

The New York Times:

We are pleased to advise you that our advertisement in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times last Sunday resulted in the sale of two cars so far this week.

20th Century Auto Co.,
1,615 Broadway.

WHO WILL REFEREE BIG FIGHT ON JULY 4?

Each Side Has Candidates, but a Western Man Will Surely Be Selected.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—The second deposit of $30,000 for the Jeffries-Johnson fight on July 4 was made to-day by Tex Rickard and Jack Gleason with the Metropolis Bank here, which at once wired the money to Tim Sullivan of New York, the official stakeholder.

In the afternoon Sam Berger, representing Jeffries, and Jack Johnson and George Little, Johnson's manager, after a conference decided they would meet at Seal Rock House to-morrow afternoon to discuss the question of a referee. These affairs, together with the arrival of Jeffries at 9 o'clock to-night to escort his wife back to Rowardennan were features of the day as regards the heavyweight fistic conest.

It has been surmised in some circles that the arrival here of Jeffries, coincident with the conference for selecting the referee, means that the former champion wants to take a hand in the matter. Berger, however, says Jeffries will positively return to his training camp on the 8 o'clock train to-morrow morning and will not interest himself in the discussion. The question of a referee has been a source of much gossip.

Berger and Johnson refuse to express their opinions as to whether it will be much of a task to name the third man in the ring, but Tex Rickard admits frankly he looks for a deadlock, and he does not believe the matter will be settled in an hour. Johnson has plainly declared himself in favor of Welsh. There are some who say Jeffries would be glad to see Eddie Smith of Oakland selected, and there is a rumor to the effect that Jeffries has told close friends he would be satisfied with Eddie Graney. One thing is certain—the conference scheduled for to-morrow is to be an open one. Johnson's quarters were selected for the conference after it was announced that the offices of Rickard and Gleason in this city would hardly accommodate the throng. That a Western man will be selected is conceded.

The name of James Morrison of Seattle will be suggested as the second or substitute referee. Morrison is a friend of Rickard, and Tex would like to see the Seattle man honored. He figures that none of the local men who might be turned down would care to act as substitute.

An Eastern story that Jack Johnson had wired a friend in Chicago not to bet that the fight might not take place as scheduled stirred up considerable trouble. Johnson promptly denied he had sent this message.

BEN LOMOND, Cal., May 3.—Jeffries put in a lively forenoon to-day, going four fast rounds with Armstrong. He said it was the first time he could use his right arm freely, as all the stiffness had disappeared from the shoulders. He attributes this good result to rowing, and with other "gym" work Jeffries accomplished as much as usual. When he left on the 2 o'clock train for Oakland Farmer Burns told him to take things easy, as he had done more than was expected.

"I can't remain idle more than one day," replied Jeff. "It's not an effort to work now, and I only wish the fight was billed for next month instead of July, as I know I will be in great shape in another month."

MRS. SCHMITZ'S TENNIS BEST.

Indoor Champion Wins Place in Semi-Final on West Side Courts.

Mrs. Frederick Schmitz, the women's National indoor champion, won her place in the semi-final round of the handicap singles tennis tournament, begun yesterday on the clay courts of the West Side Tennis Club, 238th Street and Review Place. In reaching that position Mrs. Schmitz met Miss Clara Kuttroff. The former was the recipient of the long mark of the tournament minus 30, while Miss Kuttroff played from minus 15. In the opening set the games followed service as Mrs. Schmitz drove well for placement, while Miss Kuttroff passed and shot cleverly for the corners. At the eleventh game Miss Kuttroff lost after twice deuce, so that Mrs. Schmitz, following up her advantage, won the match at 7—5 and 6—3.

Mrs. Frank J. Gould, plus half 15, engaged Miss Bertha Pagenstecher, plus half 30, a lively three-set match before she lost at 6—2, 4—6, and 6—4. Mrs. Gould played a running game in which she swooped down at the net and either scored her ace or was driven back under the fast driving of Miss Pagenstecher. Both women played with dash and spirit. In the end Miss Pagenstecher was helped out by her steadiness and handicap, although Mrs. Gould made the score close. The summary:

Women's Handicap Singles, First Round.—Mrs. Frederick Schmitz minus 30, defeated Miss Gertrude De la Torre, plus 15, walkover; Mrs. E. T. Rice, plus 15, defeated Miss Adele Cragin, plus half 30, 6—3, 6—4; Miss Bertha Pagenstecher, plus half 30, defeated Mrs. Frank J. Gould, plus half 15, 6—2, 4—6, 6—4; Miss Elinor Betton, plus half 15, defeated Miss Frances Steiger, plus half 30, 2—6, 6—1 6—3; Miss Laura Fischer, scratch, defeated Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce, minus 15, 8—6, 6—2; Miss Alice L. Demarest, plus 30, defeated Mrs. Arthur L. Slocum, plus 30, 6—2, 6—2.

Second Round.—Mrs. Frederick Schmitz, minus 30, defeated Miss Clara Kuttroff, minus 15, 7—5, 6—3.

Stagg on New Football Rules.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Coach A. A. Stagg of the University of Chicago has returned from the football conference in Philadelphia with varying emotions. He expressed the belief that the rules as decided on will tend toward a return to the old style smashing game through the line, while at the same time the restrictions passed on some plays will make the game fairly safe, especially because of the prohibition of body checking and pushing and pulling through the line. Stagg said he did not believe the rules would meet with general approbation, and predicted a rather short life for the code as amended.

FEDERAL AUTO BILL.

Chairman Terry Says Measure Will Pass Committee at Washington.

At the monthly meeting of the Executive Committee of the American Automobile Association, held yesterday at the National headquarters, 437 Fifth Avenue, the report of Chairman Charles Thaddeus Terry of the Legislative Board shows that the Federal Registration bill will pass the committee at Washington. Chairman Terry will to-day meet the delegates of the Chicago Motor Club at Washington and will present a petition to the Inter-State and Foreign Commerce Committee containing over 5,000 names.

Robert Bruce was elected Secretary to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Frederick H. Elliott. Mr. Bruce is one of the best posted men on touring information, and under the direction of Chairman Powell Evans of the Touring Information Board this department will meet all the requirements of touring members.

Gov. T. M. Campbell of Texas, Mayor S. J. Hay of Dallas, and the Board of Trade of the latter city extended an invitation to Chairman S. M. Butler of the Contest Board for the Glidden tour to visit Texas, and in particular the City of Dallas.

The week of June 6 was designated as "orphans' week" for American Automobile Association clubs, and from various parts of the country the correspondence at headquarters has indicated that this custom will be more general this year than ever before.

TWELVE CARS IN RACE.

Good Entry List for 24-Hour Race at Brighton Beach.

Entries for the twenty-four-hour free-for-all automobile race on the Brighton Beach Motordrome Friday and Saturday of next week closed yesterday with the limit of twelve cars officially nominated to go the route. The entry list includes two Buicks, two Stearns, and one each of the following: Rainier, Fiat, Selden, Houpt-Rockwell, Marion, Simplex, Cole "30," and Croxton-Keaton. All of these are famous twenty-four-hour race contenders, with the exception of the Selden, Marion, Cole, Houpt-Rockwell, and Croxton-Keaton.

The drivers nominated include the best-known and most expert race pilots in this country. George Robertson and "Al" Poole will again alternate in driving the Simplex car. Louis Chevrolet and his brother Arthur will handle one of the Buick entries, while Robert Burman and George De Witt will be the second Buick team. Ralph De Palma and E. H. Parker will again be seen at the wheel of the Fiat car, while Louis Strang will be chief of the Marion team. Ralph Mulford and Cyrus Patschke will pilot the first Stearns car, and Frank Dearborn and Ray Howard will drive the second. The Rainier team will consist of Louis Disbrow and "Wally" Owen. Montague Roberts will make his reappearance on the track in the Houpt-Rockwell car, with Stanley Martin as his alternate. The Selden crew will be George Mack and Thomas McMahon, while a Cole car will be piloted by W. Endicott and Louis Edmunds. W. C. Spinny is named as chief of the Croxton-Keaton team.

CLINTON MARKSMEN LEAD.

Capture National Scholastic Rifle Championship of the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—The marksmen of De Witt Clinton High School of New York finished in first place in the second annual competition among preparatory, public, and private schools of the United States for the Astor Cup and the scholastic rifle championship of the United States, according to the announcement just made by the National Rifle Association of America, under the auspices of which organization the event was held. Morris High School of New York stands in second position, and the Hitchcock Military Academy team of San Rafael, Cal., finished third.

The De Witt Clinton made a score of 1,821 and showed an average of 182.1 of a possible 200 per boy. By military count the score would be 955, or two points better than the winning score of last year, made by the Morris High School of New York, which made 1,802 this season. A member of the De Witt Clinton team also carried off honors for the best individual scores—William Krefeld making a total of 93 standing and 97 prone, or an aggregate of 190. The best standing score was 93, made by C. Brown and W. Krefeld of De Witt Clinton High School and H. Linicus of Morris High School. Five boys tied with the top score of 97 for prone shooting—H. Wilson of the Wentworth Military Academy, E. Abrahams of the Harvard Military School, R. Adams of the Hitchcock Military Academy, M. Cohen of the De Witt Clinton High School, and William Carside of the Stoneham (Mass.) High School.

Motor Yacht Manchonac Launched.

The new twin-screw cruising motor yacht Manchonac, designed and built by the Gas Engine and Power Company and Charles L. Seabury & Co., consolidated, for A. Gardiner Cooper, Indian Harbor Yacht Club, was launched at Morris Heights yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The yacht was christened by Mrs. Cooper, wife of the owner. The principal dimensions are 68 feet over all, 12 feet beam, and 3 feet 6 inches draft.

The owner's stateroom is located in the forward part of the vessel, and is arranged with a panel and fixed berth. The crew's quarters and motor compartment are located under the midship or bridge dock. Next aft is the galley, followed by a particularly large saloon arranged with two panel berths in forward end and extension transoms at after end. Entrance to this saloon is by companionway from the midship deck and also from the after-deck.

The boat is handsomely finished in mahogany throughout, and will be tastefully furnished. The motive power consists of two Speedway gasoline motors of 32-40 horse power each. A speed of twelve miles per hour has been guaranteed. Manchonac will go in commission in about ten days, and proceed to Greenwich, Conn., where Mr. Cooper has a Summer home.

Among those present at the launching were Mr. and Mrs. A. Gardiner Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Hebard, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Pierce, Miss Helen Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dayton, H. Winslow White, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Cooper, Starr G. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. H. Lockwood, Charles P. Cook, Mrs. Frank Reynolds, Mrs. John Boyd, Miss Clementine Lockwood, W. J. Parslow, John J. Amory, Charles L. Seabury, Miss Marie Seabury, George C. Campbell, and R. W. Stephenson.

The MORA "Torpedo Type" at $2,650 Typifies the very latest type of body construction—which with MORA Strenuous Reliability and Mechanically Right construction make for the ideal car. Its lines are pleasing—far removed from the freakish class. And it has snap, vim and vigor—to take you where you wish to go—and bring you safely home.

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Broadway & 52nd St., New York City.

MALLET PUTTER BARRED.

St. Andrews Puts Ban on American Type of Golf Club.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 3.—The Royal and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews to-day adopted a resolution authorizing the Rules of Golf Committee to add to the clause on "form and make of golf clubs," words which will declare that all clubs with heads of mallet type are a substantial departure from the traditional and accepted form and make of golf clubs. This proposal will bar the use of the Schenectady putter. As this American club enjoys great popularity among English golfers, the decision of the Royal and Ancient Golf Club is likely to lead to considerable controversy.

Shakeup in Annapolis Crew.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 3.—Coach Glendon has made a general change around of his crew which will compete with Columbia here next Saturday, and is trying out Loftin, who is rowing his third year, at stroke. Loftin was moved from No. 4, while Johnston was moved from No. 3 to No. 7. This places two of the most experienced oarsmen in the boat where they will set the stroke for the two sides of the boat. Brown has displaced Meigs at bow, and there is a general shifting around of places. The crew as now arranged is: Brown, bow; Weems, 2; Zenor, 3; King, 4; Merring, 5; Griffiths, 6; Johnston, 7; Loftin, stroke. The average weight is 170 4-5 pounds, which is about the same as the crew which pulled against Harvard.

"Porky" Flynn Wins a Bout.

BOSTON, May 3.—James "Porky" Flynn of Boston led all the way in a twelve-round bout with Morris Harris (colored) of Philadelphia at the Armory Athletic Association to-night and won the decision. Flynn was knocked down twice in the first and third rounds by swings to the body, but landed left jabs on the colored man almost at will throughout the bout.

F. CHAUVENET'S Red Cap
THE RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY OF FRANCE
Invigorates Permanently
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

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Not only special shoes for tennis, golfing, yachting and the like.

Shoes for the hardier sports also.

Sprinting shoes, long spikes, for cinder path, $4.

Jumping shoes, six spikes in sole, two spikes in heel, $5.

Baseball shoes, two cleats, $3.50.

Moccasins for canoe and camp wear, $4.50.

Moccasins for heavy portaging, oil tan, $4.50.

Hunting boots, high, $7.50.

And others!

Everything men and boys wear.

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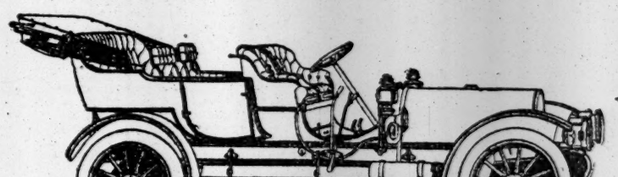
Four years ago this six-cylinder Franklin set the ocean-to-ocean record, and its time has never been equaled or approached. In fifteen days, two hours and twelve minutes it covered the distance from San Francisco to New York.

That achievement stands, and has stood, a constant challenge to all.

That was the year in which Model H first appeared. Other manufacturers were building four-cylinder engines, and they scoffed at the idea of a six. Eventually they followed with their sixes, but Model H has remained supreme.

Model H vindicates the six-cylinder theory of construction. In comparison with the fours it shows added power thirty per cent greater than its added weight. This is an achievement which no other manufacturer has been able to duplicate.

Light and smooth running, Model H makes faster touring time on American roads than does any other motor car. It is easy on all its mechanical parts and on its tires. Thus it combines touring comfort with long life of the motor car, the highest aim in automobile construction. With its high power it has steady torque. Its flexibility is unsurpassed. With large tires, large wheels, full-elliptic springs and a wood chassis frame it eliminates vibration. Above all, you can in comfort go farther in a day's run in a Franklin H than in any other six known.



Model H, six-cylinder, 42-horse-power, $3750 f. o. b. Syracuse. (Top extra)

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THE MAXWELL runabout costs less to maintain than a horse and buggy. For long, hard tours it is just as adequate for two passengers as our big 30 H. P. touring car is for five passengers--the difference is in carrying capacity only. Ask our salesman why--"It costs only 29 cents a day to run." He has the proofs.

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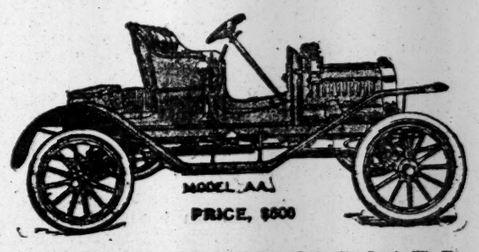

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BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
Brush Cars {Runabout $485. Roadster $495. Phone 5369 Col. John Moore & Co., 1,875 Broadway.
COLUMBIA Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,601 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
CORBIN 1,838 Broadway, (62d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CROXTON KEETON Motor Co., 1683 B'way, Near 52d St. 'Phone 3536 Col.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 8816 Col.
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HUDSON A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA IMPORT COMPANY, 1,825 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
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BROOKLYN DRIVES WILTSE OFF THE SLAB

Giants' Winning String Broken Through Nap Rucker's Superior Pitching.

Those 5,000 people of Brooklyn who set aside the earning of daily bread yesterday to go to Washington Park to see the Giants and Brooklyns play did not make that sacrifice in vain. After Monday's kalsomining they said, "Well, Mathewson cannot pitch every day; there is still hope." There was. With unflinching loyalty, Brooklyn turned out again yesterday. Wasn't Nap Rucker going to pitch? And in Brooklyn isn't Nap the greatest pitcher the world ever saw? Why argue about the answer. The Dodgers turned the tables yesterday. They hit George Wiltse so hard in the third inning that he was taken out. Young Drucke went in then and stopped the onslaught. But it was too late. The final score was 4 to 3. Yes, Brooklyn won.

Three times New York managed to group a pair of hits off Rucker in as many innings, but then the southpaw would close up like a clam. In the sixth, with a triple and a double, it looked as if it was time to say "Good night" to Nap, but he pitched himself out of the hole. Yesterday's crowd was very timid, for, no matter how well Rucker was pitching, there was no applause from the multitude to spur him on. no hurrahs of praise. The Brooklyn folks had an idea that at any moment New York was going to start something. Several times the Giants looked dangerous, and a slight effort in the batting line would have changed the complexion of things.

The Giants started out so fast that it looked as if some one would have to send in an alarm for the Fire Department to haul out the aerial ladder to bring Rucker down to earth again. Devore slapped a bunt in the sod which stuck. Doyle rammed a single to right, and Murray sent out a sacrifice fly which scored Devore. Here Rucker became very haughty and distant. He fanned Seymour. Right off the reel, in Brooklyn's half, Tony Smith rolled one to Fletcher, who was at short instead of Bridwell. Fletcher thought it was a snake, or something like it, and acted accordingly. He made up for the foozle in the next chapter by hoisting a nice double to right centre, but he only got as far as third when the round ended.

Daubert met his demise at first in the second. Happy Smith jammed a single through second. Doyle stretched himself out several feet for it. Land Happy stole second with the police looking right at him. McElveen singled to left, scoring Smith. Smith says his regular name isn't Happy. He just took that to distinguish himself from people of that name who were grouchy. The third saw Wiltse cut the ropes from the dirigible and leap upward. Tony Smith singled to left, and Burch met his finish, Doyle to Merkle. Wheat peppered the ball to centre, scoring T. Smith. Hummel leaned against it with terrific force, and gobbled three bases before Seymour got the bulb back. He scored Wheat, and came in himself on Daubert's sacrifice fly to right.

The Giants almost caught up in the sixth, but what's the use of saying almost. Doyle laced the ball on a line drive to right field. Burch hesitated a moment, then took a couple of steps forward. He misjudged the ball and ran back, but it was far over his cap. No chance. Give Larry three sacks on that. Murray slapped a double to centre, and, honestly, this looked like the time and place to light the fuse. Seymour sacrificed Murray to third, and Fletcher fanned. Erwin spilled the third strike, and was afraid to toss the ball to first, because he knew Murray would run home. On Devlin's perish at first Murray scored. Tony Smith muffed up Merkle's grounder, and he was safe, but was nipped trying to steal second. After that Drucke locked up the hit package, and threw the key away. The Giants had no chance after that.

Drucke, who relieved Wiltse, hurled like a veteran. He refused to give away more than a hit an inning, and pitched steadily when the hassocks were occupied.

In the ninth, did you suspect that there was a deep-laid plan on the part of the New Yorks to rip the fireman's suit of the ball? Fletcher died. T. Smith to Daubert. Devlin popped a foul to Erwin. Merkle waited and was shipped to first with Rucker's compliments. It's up to Meyers. The Indian hit the ball eight times, each one of them going foul. The balls went everywhere but inside the diamond. Umpire Rigler tossed out a brandnew white ball. Every one had his pencil sharpened, ready to jot down a home run, which naturally would send in Merkle also and win the game. But stop your dreaming. The pencils hung just above the score cards, and Meyers derricked a monopiane which Tony Smith hugged. Hurry up there and catch the car and get back to New York. Just remember the date, May 3, for when the history of Brooklyn is written the historian will want to know something about what happened yesterday. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
T. Smith,ss	4	1	1	4	1
Burch, cf	3	0	1	2	0
Wheat, lf	4	1	2	0	0
Hummel,2b	4	1	3	1	3
Daubert,1b	2	0	1	9	0
M. Smith,rf	4	1	2	1	0
M'Elv'n,3b	4	0	1	1	4
Erwin, c	4	0	0	6	1
Rucker, p	3	0	1	0	2
Total	32	4	9	27	12

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Devore, lf	4	1	1	3	0
Doyle, 2b	4	1	2	2	6
Murray, rf	3	1	2	2	0
Seym'r, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Fletcher, ss	4	0	1	1	0
Devlin, 3b	3	0	1	3	2
Merkle, 1b	3	0	0	11	0
Meyers, c	4	0	0	1	0
Wiltse, p	1	0	0	0	1
Drucke, p	2	0	0	0	3
Total	32	3	7	24	12

Errors—McElveen, Erwin, Doyle Fletcher.

Brooklyn	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	—4
New York	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3—3

Left on bases—Brooklyn, 7; New York, 5. Two-base hits—Murray, Fletcher. Three-base hits—Hummel, Doyle. Sacrifice hits—Burch, Devlin. Sacrifice flies—Daubert, Murray. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2; New York, 2. Stolen bases—Burch, M. Smith. Double plays—H. Smith and T. Smith; Devlin and Doyle. Bases on balls—Off Rucker, 1; off Drucke, 1. Struck out—By Rucker, 6; by Drucke, 1. Hits—Off Wiltse, 5 in three innings; off Drucke, 4 in five innings. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Newark.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1—3	6	1	
Toronto	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—2	7	2	

Batteries—McGinley and Vandergrift; Parkins and Crisp. Umpires—Messrs. Hurst and Finneran.

At Baltimore.

										R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1	6	0	
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	4	1	

Batteries—Keefe and Kritchell; Vickers and Byers. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Stafford.

Southern League.

Nashville, 5; Memphis 4.
Chattanooga, 8; Atlanta, 5.
Birmingham, 8; Mobile, 0.
New Orleans, 6; Montgomery, 4.

New England League.

Fall River, 4; New Bedford, 3.
Lynn, 1; Lowell, 5.
Lawrence, 6; Haverhill, 3.
Brockton, 1; Worcester, 8.

Connecticut League.

Springfield 5; Bridgeport, 0.
Hartford, 4; New Britain, 0.
New Haven, 7; Holyoke, 4.
Waterbury 4; Northampton, 1.

American Association.

St. Paul, 6; Milwaukee, 0.
No other games scheduled.

Results of Billiard Matches.

George Moore, the champion three-cushion carrom billiard player of Greater New York, who is meeting all comers at McGraw's Billiard Academy, Thirty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, was defeated last night in a sixty-inning game by Joseph Van Loon, the inter-city champion of Chicago, by a score of 30 to 29.

In the second block of the 750-point match game at the Washington Heights Billiard Academy for a prize of $100 last night D. Weiner defeated Charles Garfinkle by the score of 250 to 217.

A. C. A. Monthly Smoker.

An interesting programme of music was provided last night for the monthly smoker of the Automobile Club of America, Fifty-fourth Street, west of Broadway. Nearly 200 members and friends enjoyed the entertainment, which proved one of the most successful of the season.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

Washington	8	Detroit	3
New York	3	Chicago	0
Philadelphia	2	Cleveland at St.	
Boston	0	Louis—Wet gr'ds.	

National League.

Brooklyn	4	Other games post-	
New York	3	poned—Rain.	

Eastern League.

Newark	3	Montreal	1
Toronto	2	Baltimore	0

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

American League.

Washington at New York.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at St. Louis.

National League.

New York at Brooklyn.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Chicago at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.

Eastern League.

Montreal at Providence.
Toronto at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Newark.
Rochester at Baltimore.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	8	4	.667	Boston	7	8	.467
Detroit	9	5	.643	Chicago	5	6	.455
Cleveland	8	6	.571	Washington	6	10	.375
New York	6	5	.545	St. Louis	3	8	.273

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	8	3	.727	Cincinnati	5	6	.455
New York	10	4	.714	Brooklyn	5	10	.333
Philadelphia	8	4	.667	Boston	4	9	.307
Chicago	7	5	.583	St. Louis	4	10	.286

Eastern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	11	1	.917	Toronto	5	7	.417
Buffalo	7	4	.636	Rochester	4	6	.400
Baltimore	6	6	.500	Montreal	4	8	.333
Providence	5	6	.455	Jersey City	3	7	.300

COLLEGE BASEBALL.

Harvard, 1; Holy Cross, 0.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 3.—A fast exhibition of fielding was displayed by both teams on Soldiers' Field to-day, when Harvard defeated Holy Cross by a score of 1 to 0. Up to the ninth Harvard had made but one hit. Then Lanigan sent a three-bagger over second base and came in on a long drive by McLaughlin, which closed the game. The score:

HARVARD.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carr, ss	4	0	0	1	1
Lan'gan,3b	4	1	1	0	2
M'L'ghl'n,lb	3	0	1	9	0
Aronson, cf	3	0	0	6	0
Kelly, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Babson, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Marshall,2b	2	0	0	1	1
Young, c	2	0	0	9	5
Hicks, p	3	0	0	1	0
Total	27	1	3	27	7

HOLY CROSS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mahoney,ss	4	0	2	1	1
Whalen, cf	4	0	0	3	0
Forde, 2b	4	0	0	3	0
Burns, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Schied, lf	4	0	0	0	0
Dowd, 1b	2	0	2	9	0
Cawley, 3b	3	0	0	0	2
Spillane, c	3	0	0	9	1
Foley, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	31	0	4	*25	9

*One out when winning run was made.

Errors—Aronson, Mahoney, Hicks.

Harvard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Holy Cross	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Dowd. Three-base hits—Lanigan, Mahoney. Sacrifice hits—Marshall, Young, Dowd. Stolen bases—Lanigan. Left on bases—Harvard, 3; Holy Cross, 5. First base on balls—Off Foley, 1. First base on errors—Harvard, 1; Holy Cross, 1. Struck out—By Hicks, 10; by Foley, 7. Wild pitch—Foley. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. McLaughlin.

Fordham Beaten by Rochester.

Fordham lost to Rochester yesterday on the Fordham diamond, the up-Staters owing their victory to Jim McCarthy in the first inning, who was directly responsible for the two runs scored by the visitors. With first and second bases occupied and one man out, Ramaker hit to McCarthy. He fielded the ball cleanly, but instead of touching third base for a force-out he threw to second in an attempt to get a double play, and all hands were safe, as the throw was late. The score:

ROCHESTER.	R	H	PO	A	E
Dunn, c	0	0	10	1	0
Claney, cf	1	0	1	0	0
R'gton, p	1	1	2	4	1
Ram'ker,2b	1	0	4	1	2
Lamson, rf	0	0	2	1	1
Brown, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Kaiser, ss	0	0	1	0	1
Carey, 1b	0	0	6	0	0
H'man, 3b	0	1	1	1	0
Total	3	3	27	8	5

FORDHAM.	R	H	PO	A	E
S. McCarthy, c	1	0	4	0	0
McCarthy, 2b	0	0	2	6	0
Scanlon, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Mahoney,cf	0	1	1	0	0
O'Schi's, 1b	0	1	14	0	0
Gargan, lf	0	0	0	0	0
Sharkey,2b	0	1	1	1	0
M'C'rey,ss	0	0	4	3	0
M'Keown,p	0	0	0	3	0
Total	1	4	27	13	0

Rochester	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Fordham	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1

Three-base hit—Mahoney. First base on balls—McKeown, 1; Harrington, 2. First base on errors—Fordham, 2; Rochester, 1. Struck out—By McKeown, 3; Harrington, 11. Stolen bases—Gargan, McCaffrey, Scanlon. Left on bases—Fordham, 5; Rochester, 2. Passed balls—Dunn, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Dietrich.

Scores of Other Games.

At Cambridge—Harvard, 1; Holy Cross, 0.

At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania, 7; Virginia, 1.

At New Haven—Yale Freshmen, 2; Dean Academy, 1.

At Medford, Mass.—Vermont, 6; Tufts, 5.

POLO SEASON OPENS.

Blues Defeat Greens in Squadron A May Regimental Tourney.

The polo season was formally opened yesterday at Van Cortlandt Park, when the Blue and Green teams of Squadron A competed in the first round for the May Regimental Cup, the former winning by the score of 8½ goals to 3. Park Commissioner C. U. Higgins threw in the ball at the start of the game. The Blues received the handicap of four goals, to which they added five earned in the play. Holt lost half a goal on a foul. The Greens scored three times and were not penalized. The contest was an interesting one and several of the players showed excellent form considering the early season.

The third and fourth teams will play to-morrow, and on Saturday the Blues will meet the winners of to-morrow's game. The line-up:

BLUES. (Handicap, 6 goals.)	GREENS. (Handicap, 10 goals.)
1—A. W. Perry.	1—A. D. Childs.
2—T. R. Strong.	2—A. D. B. Platt.
3—Howard Cram.	3—Lt. J. H. Hunt.
Back—Henry Holt.	Back—H. S. Kip.

Referee—Henry Goddard.

Horace Mann Juniors Win.

The juniors were winners by two-thirds of a point in the annual interclass games of the Horace Mann School, held on South Field yesterday afternoon, pulling out a victory over the seniors in the last event by the score of 40⅔ points to 40. A large contingent came over from the Morningside School in support of their classes, those present as spectators including many co-eds of the school. The best performance of the afternoon for the Prep. boys was the shot put of 45 feet 7 inches made by B. Wohlhaupter.

McElveen Credited with a Safe Hit.

Christy Mathewson will not be credited with pitching a no-hit game against Brooklyn on Monday. The official scorer of the Brooklyn team credits McElveen with a hit in the eighth inning. McElveen gets a single and Devlin an error for allowing the runner to reach second. There is a wide variance of opinion about the play, and the fact that Devlin had the ball over to first before the runner reached there led many to refrain from allowing McElveen a safe hit. The official scorer across the Bridge admits that there is foundation for "a most pronounced doubt" about it being a hit, but credits it so in the record, which is accepted by the National League.

American League Changes.

CHICAGO, May 3.—The following bulletin of the American Baseball League was issued to-day by President B. B. Johnson:

Releases—By New York to Bridgeport, W. Upham and F. Clunn; to Toronto, R. Carroll; to Montreal, T. Madden; to Jersey City, O. Johnson.

Contracts—With New York, J. Knight; with Boston, H. Lord; with Chicago, H. Duffy, R. Blackburn, G. White, E. Walsh, F. Smith, L. Tannehill, J. Scott, R. Zeider, F. Lange, W. Purtell, C. Gandil, A. Krueger, J. Collins, I. Young, R. Barrows, H. Suter, W. Burns, J. Block, F. Payne, F. Parent, E. Hahn.

Aeroplane Contest in School Games.

One of the features of the outdoor games of Public School 87, Manhattan, Seventy-seventh Street and Amsterdam Avenue, which will be held at Pastime Oval the afternon of May 28, will be an aeroplane contest for elementary schoolboys. There are three athletic events on the programme, a 70-yard dash, 100-pound class; a 220-yard run, unlimited weight class, and a 440-yard relay race, 115-pound class.

YANKEES TOPPLED OVER AT THE START

Doyle's Poor Pitching Permits Senators to Gain Five-Run Lead Before He Is Benched.

A group of ball players hailing from Washington, D. C., tore a big rent in the aspirations of the Yankees on the hilltop yesterday, and the hopes of a straight run of three victories against the Senators went glimmering in a score that stood 8 to 3 against Hal Chase's men. It was a ball game for eight innings, the last eight, for in the first the undervalued District of Columbia team pounded Doyle for a total of five hits and the same number of runs, and there is little question but that he was glad to retire to the bench and let Ford finish out the disaster he had started.

Doyle found his twisters attacked with a viciousness that was all unlooked for, the merry Senators having come into their own, and they let it be known from the first inning on that there was going to be no slip up at the finish such as snatched a near victory in the first game of the series. Four singles and a double was the quota which the Washingtonians tucked away as a result of Doyle's ineffectiveness, and it was enough to clinch the game for the credit side of the ledger by more than a safe margin. And it might be added that two bases on balls and a batter hit by a pitched ball helped the Senators materially at this time, for the pass given Street forced Gessler over the plate.

As for Ford he showed up in good shape, pulling himself out of the trouble that Doyle had left for him and holding the Senators fairly well in hand during the remainder of the game. Four hits, one of which was a triple to right field by Gessler, totaled all that Washington could get off him, and with the exception of the second and sixth innings the Senators could bring up only three men to face him in each inning.

Ford's wild throw in the sixth, however, was largely responsible for the two runs scored by the Senators at that time, as it came in an inning with two hits. After Groom had singled Ford messed things by throwing over Chase's head on Milan's infield hit, and Groom romped home with Milan going to third. The latter then strolled over the plate when Schaefer hit through Roach.

Errors showed a good bit in the column of the Senators, but McBride's fumble of Roach's hit was the only one that counted in the run getting. The tallies for New York came in the fifth, when two singles followed by a double and a base on balls sandwiched in counted up three runs. The one three-bagger which the Yankees drew fell to the lot of Chase, but it went for nought. There was but one down, and Cree who followed Chase was an easy out at first unassisted, and Laporte could not see the sphere and negotiated his second strikeout.

Milan was the first Washingtonian up in the initial inning, and he started the ball rolling for counts. He sent a single through Roach and Schaefer beat out a bunt. Lellvelt forced Milan at third, and with Doyle plainly rattled Elberfeld was hit, filling the bases. Gessler then added discomfort by stinging a two-bagger to centre, with the result that Schaefer, Lellvelt, and Elberfeld found their way home with little difficulty. Ford was even more up in the air when Unglaub faced him, and he presented a pass, and McBride followed with a single through short stop, and the bases were again filled. Street received a gift of first and Gessler was forced in. Groom capped the climax by singling to Austin, a scratch hit, and Unglaub crossed the plate with the last of the string of five tallies. Then Doyle gave place to Ford. Milan ordered a squeeze play on his second time at the plate, but failed to connect with the leather as McBride came down the base line and was an easy out for Sweeney. Milan drew a pass, and the bases were full for the third time in the inning, but Schaefer fouled out to Sweeney and ended the agony.

Washington scored another run in the second when a single by Elberfeld and a triple by Gessler sent the former home.

The three New York runs came in the fifth as sort of a consolation prize. Hemphill, the first man up, beat out a bunt. Doyle

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React After Rally—Call Money Rates 4@5½ Per Cent.

LIQUIDATION AGAIN FACTOR

Grain Markets Higher in Connection with Weather Reports—English Money Market Working Easier.

Where Wall Street looked for a sharp and sustained rally in yesterday's stock market, following the decline of 10 points or so in the prices of many of the most active shares in the list, it really witnessed merely an abrupt advance at the opening over Monday night's closing levels, the maintenance of these advances barely through the forenoon session, and thereafter steady declines under a renewal of both liquidation and short selling. At the end of the day a majority of stocks disclosed losses as compared with the corresponding figures of Monday. In the day's news, with the single exception of the weekly report of the Government on weather conditions over the crop country, there was nothing to explain the course of stocks. The unexpectedly strong opening perhaps kept out of the market a good many buying orders which would have been executed at quotations closer to those in effect at the close on Monday, but in the main the market seemed to suffer from the selling of discouraged holders of stocks and the ever-present pressure from bearish speculators. As regards the Government weather report for the week and its unfavorable findings, this attracted more attention than is ordinarily devoted to these periodical statements because it seemed to bear some relation to the rise of from 1 cent to 1½ cents in wheat prices. It must be remembered, however, that the same forces at work in the cotton market are also at work in wheat, and that the May option in particular offers in its price vagaries no trustworthy evidence of crop conditions. Favorable earnings statements from railroads operating in widely separated parts of the country were again submitted in some volume, orders for a substantial amount of new equipment were reported as reaching the locomotive and car builders, and railroad interests generally reported a rather unexpected absence of real opposition from shippers to the higher freight rates now being filed in Washington.

In the money situation the day's developments were of a kind to foreshadow very substantial improvement both at home and abroad within a reasonably short time. In London continued receipt of the gold shipped from this side has at last begun to affect the money market, where discount rates dropped again with the result of arousing discussion of the probability of an early reduction in the official rate of the Bank of England. Here quotations for call money were upon the average no higher than on Monday, while in the foreign exchange market there occurred another break in demand sterling.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
Prossed Steel Car Co. for dividend on preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.
Broadway and Forty-second Street Leasing Co.
Diamond Match Co.
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway.
Mexican Telephone and Telegraph Co.
Miller Mining and Smelting Co.
New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railway.
Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 4@5½ per cent., with the last loan at 5 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 5½ per cent.

Time money rates, 4½ per cent. for sixty days, 4½@4½ per cent. for ninety days, four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 3¼ per cent., off 3-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅛ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3 per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $619,806,323; balances, $27,451,887; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,390,798.

The local banks have lost $1,837,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was weak, with demand quoted at $4.8735@$4.8745, sixty days at $4.8425@$4.8445, and cables at $4.8780@$4.8790.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½ less 1-64@5.17½; for cables, 5.17½ less 5-64@5.17½ less 3-64 for sight, and 5.20⅝ less 5-64@5.20⅝ less 1-64 for sixty days; reichsmarks, 95¼ less 1-16@95¼ less 1-64 for cables, 95⅛@95 3-16 less 1-64 for sight, and 94 9-16 less 1-32@94 11-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 20c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, par; St. Paul, 50c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 24⅞d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 54⅛c per ounce. Mexican dollars unchanged at 44@48c.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 3.—This was the dullest day the market has experienced for some time. The small number of transactions was at unchanged prices, except United States Railway funding 5s, which lost ½, to 82½. Shares, 160; bonds, $38,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
1,000	Balt. City Pas. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Carolina Central 4s	90½	90½	90½
1,000	Coal & Iron Rwys. 5s	101	101	101
2,000	Cons. Gas 5s	107½	107½	107½
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s	68	68	68
1,000	Ga. & Ala. Con. 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
2,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	40¼	40¼	40¼
2,000	Md. Elec. 5s	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞
5,000	Seaboard Adjustm't 5s	71	71	71
7,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜
9,000	United Rwys., Inc.	58¼	58¼	58¼
2,000	United Rwys. 4s	85¾	85¾	85⅞
2,000	United Rwys. fdg. 5s	82½	82¼	82½

STOCKS.

25	Ala. Coal & Iron	35	35	35
25	Ala. Coal & Iron pf.	70	70	70
10	Maryland Casualty	90	90	90
50	United Rwys.	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 3.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Amal. Copper	66	66	66
10	Am. Window Glass pf.	22	22	22
605	Crucible Steel	13¼	12⅝	12⅝
220	Crucible Steel pf.	84½	82¾	83
175	Fireproofing pf.	25¼	25¼	25¼
25	Ind. Brewing	4	4	4
9,000	Interior Mining	.07	.06	.07
1,000	Mfrs. Light & Heat	21¾	21¾	21¾
30	Ohio Fuel	59½	59	59
34	Pittsburg Brewing	23¼	23¼	23¼
100	Pittsburg Coal	18	18	18
80	Pittsburg Coal pf.	69	69	69
15	River Coal pf.	23¼	23¼	23¼
25	Union Switch	100	100	100
30	U. S. Steel	80¼	79⅝	79⅝
45	Westinghouse A. B.	139	138½	138½
100	West. Elec. 2ds	31⅝	31⅜	31⅝

BOND.

$2,000	Pittsburg Brew. 6s	99½	99½	99½

UNLISTED.

1,000	Mount Shasta	.26	.26	.26
20	Ohio Fuel Oil	7	7	7

BOND.

$4,000	Jones & Loughlin 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅝

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales May 3, 1910 789,732
From Jan. 1, 1910 71,034,755
Corresponding period last year 64,666,011

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
32½	35	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	32	32	32	32	−1½
64	64⅛	83,200	Amalgamated Cop	66¾	66¾	63⅛	64⅛	−1½
41	41½	400	Am. Agricul. Chem	41½	41⅝	41½	41½	− ⅛
35	35½	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	35½	35½	35	35	− ⅛
9⅝	10	400	Am. Can	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
71	72	700	Am. Can pf	71¼	71¾	71⅛	71¾	+ ⅜
55⅞	56	2,500	Am. Car & Foundry	57⅜	57½	55⅝	55⅝	− ½
62	63	3,340	Am. Cotton Oil	62	64⅞	62	63	+2
5½	5¾	700	Am. Hide & Leather	6¼	6¼	5⅞	5⅞	− ⅛
21¾	32	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	32	32	32	32	+ ⅝
23½	24	200	Am. Ice Securities	24½	24½	24	24	...
33¼	34	800	Am. Linseed pf	33½	34¼	33	34	+1½
45½	45⅝	1,750	Am. Locomotive	47	47⅛	45⅝	45⅝	− ⅜
5½	6	200	Am. Malt	5½	5½	5½	5½	− ⅛
35	36	300	Am. Malt pf	35¼	35⅞	35¼	35⅞	− ⅛
74⅛	74⅜	44,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76⅜	76⅝	72¾	74¼	−1⅜
103	103½	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103½	103½	103	103	− ⅛
86½	87¼	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	87	87	87	87	−1⅛
98	99	100	Am. Snuff pf	100	100	100	100	+1⅛
56	56½	100	Am. Steel Foundries	57¼	57¼	57½	57½	− ⅛
120	121	400	Am. Sugar Ref	121⅞	121⅞	120⅝	120⅞	+ ⅛
119	121	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	119½	119½	119½	119½	− ⅜
133¼	133½	1,800	Am. Tel. & Tel	134	134⅛	133¼	133¼	− ¼
94¼	95	10	Am. Tobacco pf	95	95	95	95	...
32	33	100	Am. Woolen	32½	32½	32½	32½	+ ⅝
97⅜	98	100	Am. Woolen pf	97⅞	97⅞	97⅜	97⅞	+ ½
38⅝	39	4,000	Anaconda Cop. Min	40⅜	40½	38	39	−1
106⅛	106½	16,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	106⅝	107¼	105⅞	106¼	+ ⅛
102	102½	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	102	102	102	102	...
121	121¾	300	Atlantic Coast Line	122	121¼	122	121¼	+1
108	108⅛	3,125	Baltimore & Ohio	109	109	107⅝	108	+1
2⅝	3	100	Batopilas Mining	3	3	3	3	+ ⅛
74½	74⅝	8,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	76¼	76¾	73¾	74⅝	−1⅛
133½	140	314	Brooklyn Union Gas	136	136	133	133	−6
183	183½	4,025	Canadian Pacific	183⅝	184	183	183	+1½
39¼	39⅝	4,523	Central Leather Co	40½	40¼	39½	39½	− ⅞
105	106	50	Cent. Leather Co. pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	...
81⅞	82	4,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	82¾	83⅜	81½	81⅞	− ⅜
...	47	200	Chicago & Alton	48¾	48¾	46	46	−4
26	26½	400	Chicago Gt. Western	26½	26½	26	26	...
49¾	50	220	Chi. Gt. West. pf	50¼	50¼	49¾	49¾	−1⅝
135¼	135½	10,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	136⅝	137	135¼	135½	− ⅞
156	157½	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	158	158	158	158	+1
147	147⅜	600	Chi. & Northwestern	148¼	148¼	147¼	147¼	− ¼
4	4½	100	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. stf	4	4	4	4	...
80	81	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	81	81	81	81	+1
35¼	35⅝	300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	36½	36½	35⅝	35⅝	− ⅝
57	57¼	1,100	Colorado & Southern	58	58½	57¼	57¼	...
75	78	450	Col. & South. 1st pf	76½	76½	75	75	−2¼
75	78	100	Col. & South. 2d pf	75	75	75	75	−1
8⅞	11	250	Col. & Hock. C. & I	8¾	8⅞	8¾	8⅞	+1⅞
130¾	131	4,200	Consolidated Gas	133	133	130½	130⅝	−2
14⅜	15	600	Corn Products Ref	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	− ⅛
167	168¼	300	Delaware & Hudson	168	168½	168	168	+1
555	565	100	Del., Lack. & West	560	560	560	560	...
37½	37⅝	820	Denver & Rio Grande	38⅛	38⅝	37⅞	38	+ ⅛
...	78	525	Den. & Rio Grande pf	78	78	77	77	− ½
29	29⅜	800	Distillers' Securities	29¼	29⅝	29	29⅜	+ ⅝
14	14½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	14	14	14	14	− ⅜
24	24¼	310	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	24½	24¼	24	24	+ ½
26⅞	27¼	2,000	Erie	27	27¼	26⅝	27	+ ½
43½	43⅝	200	Erie 1st pf	43⅝	43⅝	43⅜	43⅝	+ ⅝
33½	34⅜	300	Erie 2d pf	35	34½	35	35	+1
...	...	10	Fourth Nat. Bank	197	197	197	197	...
145¼	146½	300	General Electric	146	146¼	146	146	...
131⅜	131½	3,600	Great Northern pf	133⅞	133⅞	131	131	− ⅛
61	62	900	G. N. certs. ore prop	62	62	61⅛	61⅛	− ⅜
132	133	700	Illinois Central	134	134	132	132	−2½
19	19¼	5,100	Interborough-Met.	19⅞	19⅞	19	19¼	− ⅝
51	51½	5,000	Interborough-Met. pf	52	53	51	51	− ⅜
89½	89⅞	200	Int. Harvester	90¼	90¼	89⅞	89⅞	− ⅝
118	122	100	Int. Harvester pf	122	122	122	122	...
11	12	1,550	Int. Paper	11⅛	11⅛	10½	10½	− ⅛
48¼	50	1,150	Int. Paper pf	49½	49½	48⅜	48⅜	−1¼
42¼	43½	100	Int. Steam Pump	42¾	42¾	42¼	42¼	+ ⅛
82	85	15	Int. Steam Pump pf	83	83	83	83	...
19	19⅜	300	Iowa Central	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+ ⅛
75	78	200	Kan. C., Pitts. & M. pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	+ ⅝
31½	31¾	700	Kansas City South.	32¼	32½	31½	31½	+ ⅛
64	65	200	Kan. City South. pf	64½	64¼	64	64	...
6	9	20	Keokuk & Des Moines	7	7	7	7	...
99½	100¼	300	Laclede Gas	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100	+ ½
...	98	100	Laclede Gas pf	95	95	95	95	+2
15½	18	200	Lake Erie & Western	16	16	16	16	...
142	142¼	1,300	Louisville & Nash	143⅞	143⅞	142	142	...
16½	17	400	Mercantile Marine pf	17	17	16¼	17	...
135	136	1,000	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	136	136¼	135¾	135¾	− ¼
39¼	39½	6,600	Mo., Kansas & Texas	40½	40½	39¼	39¼	− ¼
68½	70	100	Mo., Kans. & Tex. pf	69	69	69	69	+ ½
66	66¼	600	Missouri Pacific	67⅞	67⅞	66	66	−1½
121⅜	122	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	122	122	122	122	− ½
72¾	73	8,000	Nat. Lead Co	75½	75¾	72¾	73	−2
105	107	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf	107	107	107	107	− ¼
28⅜	28½	900	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	28¼	28¼	28	28⅛	...
71	72	270	N. Y. Air Brake	71	71	71	71	−1
117¼	117½	6,525	N. Y. Central	118⅜	118⅜	117⅛	117½	...
41⅝	42¼	500	N. Y., Ont. & West	42½	42½	41⅝	41⅝	− ⅝
99⅞	100	3,800	Norfolk & Western	100	100½	99⅞	100	+1
70	71½	600	North American	70¾	70¾	70⅛	70⅛	− ⅛
126	128	7,900	Northern Pacific	128	128	126	126	−1
26	26½	1,300	Pacific Mail	26	26½	25½	26	+ ⅛
33	35	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	34	34	34	34	...
130¾	131	25,010	Pennsylvania R. R	131⅜	131⅝	130¼	130⅝	+ ¼
105⅝	106	1,800	People's Gas, C., ex d	105⅜	107	105⅜	106	...
99	99¾	950	P., C., C. & St. Louis	99⅝	99⅜	98¾	98¾	...
17⅜	18	500	Pittsburg Coal	18½	18½	17½	17½	− ½
68	70	200	Pittsburg Coal pf	69	69	69	69	− ⅛
36½	37	300	Pressed Steel Car	36¾	37⅜	36¾	37¼	+ ¼
99	101	10	Pressed Steel Car pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
160	163	225	Pullman Company	162	162½	160½	160½	−1½
37½	38	100	R'way Steel Spring	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ¼
100	103½	100	R'way Steel Spring pf	103	103	103	103	+2¾
153¾	153⅞	113,200	Reading	156	156⅞	153⅜	153⅜	−1¾
98	99¾	400	Reading 2d pf	99	100	99	100	+2
32¼	32½	600	Rep. Iron & Steel	32	32½	32	32½	+ ⅛
96⅞	97½	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	96⅜	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	+ ⅝
42½	43⅛	10,950	Rock Island Co	42½	43⅛	41¾	41¾	− ½
45	45¾	1,100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	45	45¾	44½	44½	...
27	27½	1,000	St. Louis Southwest'n	27	27½	27	27	+ ¼
157	157	100	Sears-Roebuck	157	157	157	157	...
72	72½	300	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	72	72½	72	72	+1
119⅜	120⅜	42,750	Southern Pacific	119⅜	120⅜	117⅜	118⅜	...
25½	25¾	1,400	Southern R'way ext	25½	25¾	24⅝	25	+ ⅜
59½	59½	300	South. R'way pf. ext	59½	59½	59¼	59¼	+ ¼
26	27	1,100	Tennessee Copper	27	27	25	26	...
30½	30⅝	2,200	Texas & Pacific	30½	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	+ ⅛
86⅞	88	500	Texas Pac. Land Tr	88⅞	88⅞	86⅞	86⅞	+ ⅜
38	39	200	Tol., St. L. & West	39¼	39⅝	39¼	39⅜	+ ⅛
64	64¼	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	64½	64¾	64	64	+ ⅛
176⅛	176¾	88,400	Union Pacific	178⅛	178⅝	175⅝	176⅛	− ¼
94	94½	700	Union Pacific pf	95	95	94	94	− ⅛
10	...	100	United Dry Goods	106	106	106	106	+1½
63	63	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	63	63	63	63	−1½
20½	22	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	20¼	20¼	20	20¼	− ½
72	73	100	U. S. Realty & Imp	73	73	73	73	+ ½
5	5¾	100	U. S. Red. & Ref	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾	+ ⅛
37½	38	1,600	U. S. Rubber	38¼	38⅝	38	38	...
109½	110½	160	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	− ⅛
79½	79¾	195,300	U. S. Steel	80	80¾	78½	79½	− ½
117½	117¾	4,350	U. S. Steel pf	117½	118⅝	117½	117½	+ ½
40⅜	41½	5,800	Utah Copper	41⅜	42⅛	40⅜	41⅜	− ⅛
55⅛	55½	3,775	Va.-Caro. Chemical	56½	57	55¼	55¼	− ⅞
18⅛	18½	2,400	Wabash	19⅜	19⅜	18¼	18¼	− ⅝
40⅝	41	3,700	Wabash pf	42⅞	42⅞	40½	40⅝	− ⅝
42	42⅜	1,300	Western Md. R'way	44¼	44¼	42¼	42¼	−2¼
66¼	67	400	Western Union Tel	67⅛	67⅛	67	67	...
61½	62	500	Westinghouse E. & M	62½	62½	62	62	...
105	125	200	Westinghouse 1st pf	110	110	110	110	−18¼
3½	4	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	3½	3½	3½	3½	+ ⅛
8¼	8½	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼	Iowa C. pf.	87	88
2s, c., 1930	100¾		K. & D. M. pf.	35	45
3s, r., 1918	102½	103½	L. E. & W. pf.	45	60
3s, c., 1918	102½	103½	Long Island	64	68
4s, r., 1925	114¾	115	Mackay Cos.	85	86
4s, c., 1925	114½	115¼	Mackay Cos. pf.	75¼	76¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅝	101	Mah. C. R.	820	
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅝	101	Man. Beach	3¼	5¾
Philip'ne 4s	100½	..	Man. Elev.	130	132½
Adams Exp.	248	..	Mex. Nat. pf.	50	90
Alb. & S.	280	..	Mex. Marine	5	5½
Allis-Chalm. pf.	9⅞	10	Mich. Cent.	145	180
Am. Ag. C. pf.	98	101	M. & St. L.	82	84
Am. B. S. pf.	90	96½	M. & St. L. pf.	63	70
Am. C. & F. pf.	118	115	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	87	89
Am. Coal	80	150	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	146	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	103	N. C. & St. L.	130	136
Am. D. Tel.	15	80	Nat. Bis.	100½	106
Am. Exp.	255	280	Nat. Enam.	19½	21
Am. L. Co.	13	14	Nat. En. pf.	80	90
A. Loc. pf.	108	110	Nat. R. of M. 1st pf.	62¾	64
Am. Snuff.	250	310	N. Cent. C.	80	90
A. T. & C.	72	75	N. Y. C. & St. L.	55	68
Ann Arbor.	30	36	St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
Ann A. pf.	70	72	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	82½	87
B. & O. pf.	89	91	N. Y. D. Co.	29	38
Beth. Steel	27½	29½	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	80	85
Beth. S. pf.	53	55	N. Y., N. H. & H.	147	150
Bruns. Ter.	11½	12	N. & W. pf.	90	98
B. R. & P.	95	107	Nor. Cent.	200	..
B. R. & P. pf.	125	139	Ont. Mining.	1¾	2⅛
B. & S. pf.	38	38	Pac. Coast.	104	110
Can. Co.	30½	35	Pac. C. 1st pf.	90	110
Canada So.	61⅞	69	Pac. C. 2d pf.	80	80
C. R. R. of N. J.	270	295	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	104	115
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	118	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	85	93½
C. A. & C. pf.	200	210	Peo. & E.	18	25
C. B. & Q.	200	..	Pere Marq.	81	86
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	118	Pere M. 1st pf.	55	65
C. I. & L. pf.	60	80	Pere M. 2d pf.	36	45
C. & N. W.	200	210	Phila. Co.	98	99
C. & N. W. pf.	139	142	Phila. Co. pf. cts. st.	8	9½
C. St. P., M. & Om.	..	..	P., C., C. & St. L.	100	110
C. St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	167	Pitts. Ft. W. & C.	168¼	..
Chi. Ter. T. pf.	..	2¾	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. pf.	120	130
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. cts.	68	75	Pitts. Coal.	105	108
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. cts. st.	8	9½	Pitts. Coal pf.	..	..
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	110	Pitts. Ft. W. & C.	165	175
Cleve. & P.	171	..	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. pf.	168¼	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	114⅜	120	Pitts. Coal.	105	108
Colo. Coal.	80	150	Pitts. Coal pf.	55	60
Colo. Fuel & Iron pf.	97⅜	100	Pitts. & L. E.	55	60
Colo. Ind.	3	5	Pitts. & L. E. pf.	75	85
Colo. Ind. pf.	8	10	Pitts. & W.	30	41
Colo. & S.	60	70¾	Pitts. & W. pf.	60	70
Colo. & S. 1st pf.	90	95	Pitts. & W. 1st pf.	63	70
Colo. & S. 2d pf.	101	103	Pitts. & W. 2d pf.	60	63¼
Colo. & S. 4s	71¾	71¾	Pitts. & W. 3d pf.	30	32
Colo. & S. 5s	115	120	Pitts. & W. 4th pf.	15	20
Colo. & S. 5s	81½	..	Pitts. & W. 5th pf.	5	10
Colo. & S. 6s	97¾	..	Pitts. & W. 6th pf.	2	5
Colo. & S. 7s	100	..	Pitts. & W. 7th pf.	1	3
Colo. & S. 8s	100	..	Pitts. & W. 8th pf.	1	3
Colo. & S. 9s	100	..	Pitts. & W. 9th pf.	1	3

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$15,000 Kansas City Railway & Lgt. 6s
$10,000 Kings County Elect. Lt. & P. 5s
$10,000 Pittsburgh, Shawmut & Northern 4s
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$10,000 Kansas City, Mexico & Orient 4s
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Money Transfers to Frisco.

Again, yesterday, the New York Sub-Treasury was called upon to make telegraphic transfer of money to San Francisco for bankers in this city. There was transmitted in this way yesterday $450,000, which, with the transfer made on Saturday, brings up to $1,250,000 the amount so far transferred to the Pacific Coast. These transfers are an annual occurrence, just as the direct shipments of currency to the interior for crop moving purposes occur every Fall. The movement to the Pacific Coast, so far as this takes the shape of telegraphic transfers through the Sub-Treasury, usually does not exceed a few million dollars, but coming on this occasion so soon after the loss of more than $30,000,000 by gold exports, it serves to emphasize the fact that the New York banks are called upon to supply cash for widely separated points. With it all money in New York, despite two or three temporary increases in rates, has not shown any materially firmer tone in the last five weeks during which so much money has been sent out by the banks of this city.

***

Cotton Oil Dividend.

The Directors of the American Cotton Oil Company declared yesterday a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent. on the company's common stock, payable June 1. This is the first time a semi-annual payment has been made, the custom having been to declare an annual dividend payable in December. The dividend declared yesterday is at the rate which heretofore has been in the shape of one annual payment, the difference bting that instead of 5 per cent. at the end of the year, the stockholders are now receiving two payments of 2½ per cent. each. This move on the part of the Directors of the American Cotton Oil Company is in keeping with the course followed by the managements of other corporations in recent months of distributing their dividends at more frequent intervals than was their custom in the past. Stockholders usually prefer the receipt of their dividends in installments, and several important railroads, the Pennsylvania and the Atchison among them, which formerly paid dividends only twice a year, are now distributing them quarterly. This entails more work on the office of the corporation, but is welcome to the holders of corporation stocks.

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Rubber Cheaper in London.

The spectacle, unusual of late, of the withdrawal of rubber from the London auction sales owing to lack of purchasers was witnessed at yesterday's fortnightly sale of crude rubber in Mincing Lane. Lot after lot was withdrawn for lack of purchasers, and with no competition the prices ranged from 24 to 36 cents below the upset price of the sellers, some lots going at 30 cents below the price realized at the last auction. Buyers are said to be awaiting further knowledge of the American manufacturers who, on their part, profess to have bought enough for this season's requirements away back in the Fall, when rubber was below the present price. The effect of the poor business at the auction sales was felt in the rubber share market here, which had a further setback.

***

Reassurance on Southwestern Crops.

According to advices received by Edwin Hawley, Chairman of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, from President Allen, the crops and fruit in the territory of that road were not damaged to anything like the extent reported in the early dispatches which followed the visitation of the cold wave last month. While crops suffered to some extent, Mr. Allen reports that in no section was the damage as great as first reports indicated.

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Pig Iron Recessions.

The overproduction of pig iron, which is in the course of being remedied by curtailment of output, has had a marked effect on the average price for April. The Bessemer average price for April was announced from Pittsburg yesterday at $17.37½ at valley furnaces, against $17.58 in March, or a decline of 20 cents. The actual price at present is $17. These prices compare with the high price of $19 reached in November and running through January and February. Last year the lowest price was $14.58, reached in May. The average price of basic iron during April was $15.92 at valley furnaces, against $16 in March, and the present price of $15.75. The furnace interests profess that they cannot produce iron at the present levels and are blowing out furnaces rather than accumulate stock.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.10	Justice	.11
Alpha Con.	.00	Kentucky Con.	.15
Andes	.00	Mexican	1.37
Belcher	.04	Occidental Con.	.26
Bullion	.14	Ophir	1.42
Caledonia	.46	Overman	.90
Challenge Con.	.28	Potosi	.35
Chollar	.18	Savage	.36
Confidence	1.00	Seg. Belcher	.17
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.12	Sierra Nevada	.32
Con. Imperial	.06	Union Con.	.34
Crown Point	.05	Utah Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.28	Yellow Jacket	.95
Hale & Norcross	.40		

Silver bars, 54½; 46½; drafts, slight, par; telegraph, 2 to 2½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	8.75	Crackerjack	.01
Jim Butler	.15	Daisy	.07
McNamara	.01	Diamondfield	.01
Midway	.27	Goldfield C. M.	7.85
Montana	.02	Great Bend	.02
North Star	.02	Jumbo Extension	.20
Tonopah Extension	.85	Kendall	.01
West End	.35	Lone Star	.03
		Red Hills	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm	.04
Atlanta	.12	St. Ives	.10
Blue Bell	.02	Silver Pick	.09
Combination F.	.42	BULLFROG.	
		Tramps Con.	.08

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 3.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	7	7¾	Jackpot	6	7½
Elkton	69¼	70	McKinney	48	49
El Paso	80	81½	Old Gold	4	5
Findlay	7	9	Portland	105	107½
Gold Dollar.	12½	13	Vindicator	78½	79½
Isabella	166	167	J. Sample	9½	9¾

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	98¼	99¼
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	97¼	98
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	98½	99¾
Chi. & Alton 4s, March 15, 1913	99	99¾
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100¼	100⅜
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	101½	102¼
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98	98¾
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅜	100
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100	100¼
St. L. & San Fran. 5s, March, 1913	96¾	97⅜
Southern 5s, Feb., 1913	98⅛	98⅜
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101⅜	102¼
Western Tel. & Tel. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	99¼	99⅝
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100¼	100½

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY—			
Week end. May 1	$40,463	$38,237	$2,226
Jan. 1-May 1.....	681,938	642,322	39,616
WABASH—			
4th week April..	643,186	649,419	*6,233
Month	2,177,329	2,103,422	73,907
July 1-April 30..	23,880,952	21,423,531	2,437,421
*Decrease.			

BOSTON & MAINE for March—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Total op. rev...	3,622,954	3,295,678	2,878,914
Total op. exp...	2,820,900	2,551,708	2,322,807
Net op. rev.....	802,054	743,975	556,108
Outside op., net.	1,777	2,469	*4,947
Total net rev....	800,276	743,444	551,161
Taxes	181,766	153,022	141,636
Op. income.....	618,510	593,422	409,524
July 1 to March 31:			
Total op. rev....	32,542,463	29,497,865	30,093,653
Total op. exp....	23,238,612	21,270,863	23,548,045
Net op. rev.....	9,308,851	8,227,001	7,550,608
Outside op. (net)	52,276	80,681	48,520
Total net rev...	9,361,127	8,307,683	7,599,128
Taxes	1,580,411	1,324,492	1,292,793
Op. income	7,709,716	6,983,191	6,306,335
*Decrease.			

CHICAGO & ALTON for month of March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	998.06	998.06	.....

Op. revenue....	1,173,469	1,060,119	113,372
Op. expenses ...	755,944	657,209	98,735
Net op. rev.....	416,547	402,910	13,637
Taxes	46,000	30,000	16,000
Op. inc., (taxes deducted)	367,547	372,910	*5,363
Miscel. chgs. to income	68,411	88,890	24,520
Bal. avail. for interest	304,136	334,020	*29,883
Nine months ended March 31:			
Op. revenue....	10,374,323	9,654,524	719,799
Op. expenses....	6,626,181	5,708,828	917,352
Net. op. rev....	3,748,142	3,945,695	*197,552
Taxes	322,000	270,000	52,000
Op. inc., (taxes deducted)	3,426,142	3,675,695	*249,552
Miscel. chgs. to income	420,064	304,971	115,093
Bal. avail. for interest	3,006,078	3,370,724	*364,646
*Decrease.			

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY report as filed with the Inter-State-Commerce Commission for March—

Mileage	9,020.82	9,022.98	*2.16
Total op. rev....	7,910,775	6,861,502	1,049,273
Total op. exp....	5,414,372	4,385,743	1,028,629
Net op. rev.....	2,496,403	2,475,759	20,644
Out. op. (deb.)..	14,204	18,253	*4,049
Total net rev...	2,482,199	2,457,505	24,693
Taxes	215,576	212,900	2,676
Op. income	2,260,623	2,244,905	21,717
July 1 to March 31:			
Total op. rev....	67,147,796	59,901,514	7,156,281
Total op. exp....	46,801,589	39,293,231	7,508,358
Net op. rev.....	20,346,206	20,698,283	*352,076
Out. op. (deb.)..	133,916	133,370	22,545
Total net rev...	20,212,290	20,586,912	374,622
Taxes	1,940,264	1,913,400	26,864
Op. income	18,272,025	18,673,512	*401,486
*Decrease.			

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & GULF report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

Mileage	529.56	492.52	37.04
Total op. rev....	237,882	255,271	*17,389
Total op. exp....	183,631	167,053	16,966
Net op. rev.....	54,251	88,218	*33,966
Outside op. debit	232	253	*21
Total net rev...	54,019	87,965	*33,945
Taxes	8,592	6,261	2,331
Oper. inc.....	45,426	81,703	*36,277
July 1 to March 31—			
Total op. rev...	2,346,621	2,283,643	62,977
Total op. exp...	1,579,908	1,643,128	*63,220
Net op. rev.....	766,713	640,515	126,198
Outside op. debit	2,242	1,422	820
Total net rev...	764,471	639,093	125,378
Taxes	57,001	34,516	22,485
Oper. inc.....	707,469	604,277	103,192
*Decrease.			

DELAWARE, LACKWANNA & WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

Mileage	930.70	893.18	37.61
Total op. rev....	2,741,083	2,969,929	*227,845
Total op. exp....	1,545,558	1,521,369	24,189
Net op. rev.....	1,196,425	1,448,559	*252,134
Outside op., net	10,914	31,732	*20,818
Total net rev....	1,207,340	1,480,292	*272,952
Taxes	118,650	98,400	20,250
Oper. inc.....	1,088,690	1,381,892	*293,202
July 1 to March 31—			
Total op rev...	26,616,109	25,025,152	1,590,957
Total op. exp...	14,073,806	13,644,008	*429,797
Net op. rev....	12,542,303	11,381,143	1,161,159
Outside op., net	218,450	221,713	*3,262
Total net rev...	12,760,784	11,602,856	1,157,927
Taxes	1,160,050	799,200	360,850
Oper inc.....	11,600,734	10,803,656	797,077
*Decrease.			

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for March—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings..	1,955,958	1,676,302	1,310,319
Expenses	1,354,272	1,293,950	907,214
Net inc.....	601,685	382,352	403,105
Other inc.....	167,017	108,633	132,877
Total inc.....	768,702	491,005	535,982
Charges	454,953	350,818	293,819
Balance	313,749	140,188	242,163
Renew fd.....	10,000	10,000	10,000
Surplus	303,749	130,188	232,163
9 mos. gross...	17,731,571	15,545,000	15,890,471
Expenses	12,724,910	11,234,952	10,693,752
9 mos. net.....	5,006,661	4,310,048	5,196,719
Other inc.....	1,680,955	907,867	626,938
Total inc.....	6,687,616	5,217,915	5,822,777
Charges	3,998,512	3,029,465	3,050,340
Balance	2,689,104	2,188,450	2,772,412
Renew. fd.....	90,000	90,000	90,000
Surplus	2,599,104	2,188,450	2,682,417
Dividends	1,244,495	1,144,495	1,144,035
9 mos. sur.....	1,354,609	953,955	1,538,382

ILLINOIS CENTRAL for March—

Mileage	4,551.	4,551	
Gross earnings..	5,888,352	4,948,472	4,667,455
Exp. & taxes..	4,168,253	3,676,876	3,533,338
Net earnings....	1,720,099	1,271,596	1,134,117
9 mos. gross....	47,155,966	43,569,828	45,590,061
Exp. & taxes..	37,040,393	33,540,780	35,532,807
9 mos. net....	10,115,573	10,029,048	10,057,254

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for March—

Gross earnings..	252,167	158,101	141,199
Exp. & taxes..	177,556	135,135	115,861
Net earnings...	74,611	22,966	25,338
Other inc.....	17,902	8,962	15,320
Total inc.....	92,513	31,928	40,658
Charges	28,356	23,272	22,981
Surplus	66,157	8,651	17,977
9 mos. gross...	2,082,898	1,634,265	1,590,505
Exp. & taxes..	1,505,883	1,350,111	1,453,955
9 mos. net.....	577,015	284,154	136,550
Other inc.....	132,105	80,702	160,930
Total inc.....	709,124	364,856	297,480
Charges	237,683	208,590	199,856
9 mos. sur.....	471,441	156,266	97,624

LOUISIANA & ARKANSAS for March—

	1910.	1909.	Inc.
Mileage	255	226	29
Gross earnings..	123,164	105,479	17,684
Exp. & taxes..	74,294	68,774	5,519
Net income.....	48,870	36,705	12,165
Other inc.....	5,515	7,250	*1,734
Total inc.....	54,385	43,955	10,430
Charges	23,849	20,736	3,113
Surplus	30,536	23,219	7,316
9 mos. gross...	971,982	891,378	80,604
Exp. & taxes..	628,507	640,216	*11,653
9 mos. net.....	343,475	251,216	92,258
Other inc.....	75,413	67,235	8,178
Total inc.....	418,889	318,452	100,437
Charges	214,743	183,734	31,009
9 mos. sur.....	204,145	134,717	69,427
*Decrease.			

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE for March—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Mileage	4,795	4,788	8,706
Gross	4,790,530	3,907,398	3,548,706
Exp. and taxes.	3,850,926	2,661,247	2,705,806
Net	1,439,604	1,246,151	842,900
Gross, 9 mos...	39,276,980	34,630,639	34,663,731
Exp. and taxes.	25,864,767	23,535,722	27,328,766
Net, 9 mos.....	13,412,222	11,094,917	7,334,965

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS for March—

Mileage	3,072	3,072	3,072
Gross	2,261,802	1,960,188	1,785,690
Exp. and taxes.	870,551	1,470,397	1,421,480
Net	891,251	489,791	364,210
Other income...	82,916	9,073	21,880
Total income....	474,167	498,864	386,090
Charges	526,958	445,478	430,887
Deficit	52,791	*53,386	44,796
Gross, 9 mos...	20,455,568	19,617,767	18,547,453
Exp. and taxes.	14,990,954	14,614,875	12,997,365
Net, 9 mos.....	5,464,614	5,002,892	5,550,088
Other income...	190,185	90,510	307,691
Total income....	5,654,799	5,099,403	5,857,779
Charges	4,253,253	4,121,694	3,874,235
Surp., 9 mos....	1,401,546	977,708	1,983,544
*Surplus.			

NEW ORLEANS GREAT NORTHERN for March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	130,381	57,845	72,536
Exp. and taxes.	77,813	53,454	24,359
Net	52,568	14,291	38,277
Other income...	15,484	18,463	*2,979
Total income....	68,052	32,754	35,298
Charges	46,244	24,188	22,056
Surplus	21,818	8,586	13,232
Gross, 9 mos...	1,053,493	430,596	622,897
Exp. and taxes.	668,838	377,724	291,114
Net, 9 mos.....	384,655	52,872	331,783
Other income...	142,029	101,207	40,825
Total income....	526,687	154,079	372,608
Charges	415,864	195,689	220,175
Surp., 9 mos....	110,823	†41,610	152,433

*Decrease. †Deficit.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for March—

Mileage	3,947	3,990	*33
Total op. rev...	18,924,572	11,818,674	2,105,897
Total op. exp...	9,656,708	8,810,772	845,930
Net op. rev.....	4,267,868	3,007,901	1,259,967
Out. op. (debit).	144,096	96,015	48,080
Total net rev...	4,123,772	2,909,885	1,213,886
Taxes	197,526	197,526	.....
Op. income.....	3,926,246	2,712,359	1,213,886
July 1 to March 31:			
Total op. rev.	126,393,951	102,996,473	17,397,478
Total op. exp.	81,235,758	72,822,198	8,411,592
Net op. rev..	39,160,192	30,174,306	8,985,886
Out. op. (deb.)	956,335	79,137	877,198
Total net rev.	38,203,857	30,095,169	8,108,688
Taxes	1,777,735	1,777,735	.....
Op. income...	36,426,121	28,317,433	8,108,688
*Decrease.			

ROCK ISLAND LINES for March—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Mileage	8,034	8,017	7,984
Total op. rev...	5,520,993	5,114,417	4,904,292
Total op. exp...	4,391,745	3,591,395	3,517,226
Net op. rev.....	1,129,248	1,523,022	1,387,066
Out. op. (debit).	12,934	13,214	7,449
Total net rev....	1,117,214	1,509,808	1,379,615
Taxes	249,694	179,828	180,101
Op. income.....	867,520	1,329,980	1,219,514
Mileage	8,039	8,068	
Total op. exp...	36,037,695	32,650,570	33,087,293
Total op. exp...	36,037,695	32,650,570	33,087,293
Net op. rev.....	14,176,444	13,722,022	12,862,891
Out. op. (debit).	120,525	103,845	70,296
Total net rev...	14,055,919	13,619,077	12,792,595
Taxes	2,021,435	1,684,830	1,301,580
Op. inc., 9 mos.	12,034,484	11,934,247	11,491,015

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY for March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage.....	1,371	1,371	
Gross	900,254	818,762	911,994
Exp. and taxes.	719,158	729,017	791,322
Net	190,036	89,745	120,672
Gross, 9 mos....	7,987,664	7,916,558	8,044,738
Exp. and taxes.	6,708,001	6,926,271	6,987,690
Net, 9 mos.....	1,279,663	990,285	1,057,138

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for March—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Op. rev.	316,479	288,900	27,579
Op. exp.	205,102	174,541	30,560
Net op. rev. ...	111,377	114,358	*2,981
Taxes	13,900	11,500	2,400
Op. income	97,477	102,858	*5,381
Misc. chgs.	3,582	10,389	*6,807
Bal. avail., int..	93,895	92,468	1,426
Nine months ended March 31:			
Op. rev.	2,853,346	2,575,344	278,001
Op. exp.	1,828,037	1,628,218	199,818
Net op. rev....	1,025,309	947,126	78,183
Taxes	111,500	103,500	8,000
Op. income	913,509	843,626	69,883
Misc. chgs. and creds. to inc...	875,798	846,336	29,461
Bal. avail., int..	1,289,308	1,189,963	99,344
*Decrease.			

Miscellaneous Earnings.

GUANAJUATO CONSOLIDATED MINING & MILLING CO. for the year 1909—

Gross proceeds	650,548
Op. exp., taxes, and sundry exp....	457,560
Net	192,983
Interest on bonds	11,734
Surplus	181,249
Amt. disbursed for assets in 1909...	109,025
Surplus, 1909	72,224

MICHIGAN COPPER MINING CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Sales, (pounds)..	1,979,305	3,000,206	2,665,404
Price per pound.	13.16c	13.305c	15.41c
Rects.	260,551	592,846	401,708
Expend.	422,359	561,581	645,055
Bal., def.	$161,808	*$31,265	$234,349
Assessment	169,026	.....	.....
Surplus	7,218	31,265	†234,349
Prev. deb.	15,391	46,656	*187,690
P. & L. deb.	8,173	15,391	46,657

*Surplus. †Deficit.

U. S. SMELTING, REFINING & MINING CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

Net earns.	4,155,012	3,535,536	2,386,541
Deductions:			
Dep. & res. fds.	810,248	311,631	120,009
Adm. & leg. ex.	198,404	175,978	168,318
Int. on U. S. M. deb.	10,000	30,000	30,000
Total deduc....	1,018,652	517,609	316,327
Prof. for year..	3,136,360	3,017,947	2,070,214
Dividends:			
Minor stock subsidiary cos. ..	5,910	8,052	1,948
Pf. stk. U. S. S. R. & M....	1,700,963	1,700,801	1,672,348
Com. stk. U. S. S. R. & M....	701,961	701,931	1,096,282
Total divs.	2,408,834	2,410,784	2,770,528
Surplus	727,526	607,163	*700,314

*Deficit.

After allowing for the preferred dividend, the balance available for common stock equals $1,429,487, or 8.15% on $17,549,350 stock, as compared with 7.4% earned on same stock last year.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

OFFER OF $8,000,000 PHILADELPHIA CITY LOAN.
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
Philadelphia, April 15, 1910.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at the Office of the Mayor, Room No. 202, City Hall, Philadelphia, until TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON, MONDAY, MAY 16TH, 1910, for Eight Million ($8,000,000) Dollars, City Loan, on conditions as follows:

Eight Million ($8,000,000) Dollars, authorized by Ordinance of City Councils, aproved April first, 1910, entitled—"An Ordinance to authorize the creation of a loan or loans by the City of Philadelphia, for the sum of $8,000,000 for the following municipal purposes: For the purchase of sites and the erection of buildings for elementary schools; for children's playgrounds; for the completion of filtration work at Queen Lane; for repaving streets not occupied by passenger railways; for main sewers; for new bridges; for resurfacing with asphalt streets not occupied with street railways; for grading; for new macadam roads; for branch sewers; for paving intersections; for improvement of the harbor; for the high pressure fire system in the mill district; for sites and erection, improvement and alterations to police and fire stations; for fire and police apparatus and equipment for Cohocksink sewer; for League Island Park; for mandamuses; for Parkway; for Monument and History of Philadelphia Soldiers and Sailors in the Civil War; for restoration of Congress Hall, lighting Independence Hall and Square; for the erection of Hospital Buildings for Contagious Diseases."

The principal of this Eight Million ($8,000,000) Dollars authorized as above, will be payable thirty years after date of issue of the certificates. The rate of interest shall not exceed four (4) per centum per annum, and shall be payable at the office of the fiscal agent of the City of Philadelphia, half yearly on the first day of the months of January and July.

Bidders are advised that under the Ordinance certificates of the loan will be issued in such amounts as the lender may require in the sums of one hundred dollars and its multiples, in registered or coupon form, and shall be made "payable in lawful money of the United States, free from all taxes."

Proposals must be made upon the prescribed form of blanks, which may be obtained upon application at the Office of the Mayor.

No bid will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check or certificate of deposit, drawn to the order of the Mayor of the City of Philadelphia, for five per centum of the amount of the loan for which the bid is made.

Checks or certificates accompanying bids not accepted will be returned to the bidders within forty-eight hours after the opening of the bids. Deposits of successful bidders will be applied in partial payment of the amount of the loan awarded them. It is distinctly announced, however, that no allowance will be made for interest on deposits from the time of opening bids to the time of settlement. Should there be more than one proposal at the same price a pro rata award may be made.

Settlement in full for the loan awarded must be made with the City Treasurer on or before THREE P. M., WEDNESDAY, MAY 18TH, 1910.

The Mayor reserves to himself the right to reject any or all proposals, or to award only a portion of the loan for which bids were received, as he may deem best for the interests of the City of Philadelphia.

JOHN E. REYBURN,
Mayor of Philadelphia.

PROPOSALS FOR STEEL FLAT CARS, Steel Castings, Bronze, Munts Metal, Rivets, Deck Plates, Boat Spikes, Nails, Tacks, Wire, Pipe and Fittings, Valves, Cocks, Fusible Plugs, Drills, Drill Sleeves and Sockets, Stocks and Dies, Taps, Wire-rope Thimbles, Lathe Dogs, Wrenches, Hamm

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

A Half Million Dollar Deal on Washington Heights—Big Transfer of Realty to Holding Company—Sales in the Loft Zone.

An important deal in Washington Heights property involving over $500,000 has just been successfully negotiated by Henry Rawak. He has sold the new six-story apartment at the southeast corner of Audubon Avenue and 183d Street, 104.11 by 100, and the six-story apartment now nearing completion at the southeast corner of Haven Avenue and 180th Street, 100 by 100, for the Birch Realty Company (Raabe Brothers) to the Central Building and Improvement and Investment Company, Hyman Sonn President. The latter gives in part payment the block front on the east side of Haven Avenue, between 178th and 179th Streets, a plot 185 by 100. This will be improved with a six-story elevator apartment.

Sonn Brothers bought the Haven Avenue property in two parcels a year ago at the auction sale of the Fort Washington Syndicate. The auction price on April 21, 1909, was about $34,000. The plot is two blocks east of Riverside Drive and Fort Washington Park.

E. Feliman has bought from the Gunning S. Bedford estate the plot 100 by 55, on the west side of Haven Avenue, just north of 190th Street.

Big Realty Transfer to Holding Co.

The formal transfer of property aggregating in value over $1,500,000 was made yesterday by Joseph J. Steindler to the Steindler Holding Company, a realty and investment company just incorporated by Vogel & Vogel of 15 Broad Street under the laws of New York. The properties conveyed are the Murray Hill Building, 8 to 14 West Thirty-eighth Street, recently purchased by Mr. Steindler; the Victor Hall apartment, 622 West 113th Street; the Lancaster apartment, 359 West Eighty-fifth Street, and the Chesterfield apartment at 572 West 182d Street. The J. J. Steindler Company is capitalized at $1,000,000, and other properties owned by Mr. Steindler will soon be transferred.

Deal on Morningside Heights.

The Wormser estate has sold through William S. Baker a plot 150 by 100, on the north side of 121st Street, 175 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue.

The buyer is the Sethlow Realty Company, which will erect on the site an eight-story apartment house. The property, which has been reported sold several times during the past twelve months, has been in the possession of the Wormser family for over fifty years.

L. W. Vogel Increases His Holdings.

Leo W. Vogel has purchased through Frederick T. Barry & Co. 699 Madison Avenue, a three-story brownstone dwelling, on lot 20 by 100, adjoining the Hotel Leonori.

Mr. Vogel now controls a plot 40 by 100, on Madison Avenue, between Sixty-second and Sixty-third Streets, which he will probably improve in the near future with an apartment house.

$1,000,000 Mortgage on Columbia Bank Building.

Hammond & Hammond have closed a loan of $1,000,000 at 4½ per cent. for five years on the Columbia Bank Building and adjoining buildings on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street. Felix Isman is the owner of the property, which covers a plot 73 by 100. An English investor is the mortagagee, negatiations having been carried on through the Mercantile Trust Company of New York.

A report was current in the Fifth Avenue section a few days ago that some arrangement had been made between Mr. Isman and the McAdoo tunnel interests by which the latter would secure control of such portion of this corner as the company may need it for station purposes in the extension of its subway from Sixth Avenue and Thirty-third Street to the Grand Central Station.

Haines Co. Buyer of 507 Fifth Ave.

The Haines Realty Company is the buyer of the twelve-story building 507 Fifth Avenue, near Forty-second Street, the sale of which was reported yesterday.

In part payment the Haines Realty Company gives the eighteen-story structure 28 and 30 Waverley Place, 37.9 by 80.9, adjoining the American Book Company's building at the southeast corner of Waverley Place and Washington Square East.

Building for Hungarian Newspaper.

The four-story and basement building 178 Second Avenue, on lot 25 by 100, has been purchased by Morris Cukor for a client, Mrs. Margaret Berko. The building is to be occupied by The American Hungarian Peoples' Voice, a Hungarian daily newspaper, as soon as the alterations shall have been completed.

George Dudley Waring has sold for Lavina M. Kennedy the three-story dwelling on lot 20 by 98.9, at 107 East Twenty-ninth Street, to a client of N. A. Berwin & Co. This property has not changed hands in over forty years.

The same broker has sold for Charles L. Hoit the adjoining three-story dwelling on lot 20 by 98.9 at 105 East Twenty-ninth Street.

Monroe Street Tenement in Trade.

Daniel London has sold to Daniel & Levi Merovitz 94 Monroe Street, a six-story tenement, on lot 25 by 45.3 by irregular, for $17,750. In part payment the buyers gave the buildings 501 and 595 East Third Street, Brooklyn, valued at $13,000.

Sales in Loft Zone.

Jefferson M. Levy has sold 200 West Twenty-ninth Street, a four-story building, on lot 19 by 98.9. S. B. Goodale & Son were the brokers.

Amelia Bunout has sold to George A. Plimpton 6 West Thirteenth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 77.9, for $25,000.

Van Vliet & Place have sold for Morris Weinstein the premises 290 Eighth Avenue, near Twenty-fourth Street, on lot 25 by 100.

Reckling Vallender has purchased from Bridget McCabe and J. O. Murphy 251 to 257 West Thirty-seventh Street, four story dwellings, on plot 65.4 by 98.9, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues.

The Private Dwelling Market.

The Thomts L. Reynolds Company has sold for Isidore Hirsch to the Corn Exchange Realty Company, 240 West Seventy-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 102.2.

The Thomas L. Reynolds Company has sold for Emma Irvin 173 West Ninety-fourth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 17.6 by 100.8, to Isidore Hirsch.

Frederick Zittel & Sons have sold for Ernest J. Gaben of Berlin, Germany, 124 West Ninety-seventh Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 100.8.

Resale of 74th Street Parcel.

A. L. Mordecai & Son have resold 235, 237, and 239 West Seventy-fourth Street to the Joseph H. Davis Building Company, who will improve same with the erection of an eight-story fireproof apartment house.

Senator Brough Sells Harlem Flat.

H. C. Senior & Co. have sold for Senator Alexander Brough, represented by R. H. Jackman & Co., the five-story flat house 360 West One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, on a lot 18.9 by 100, to a client for investment.

Bronx Sales.

Sterling & Sterling have sold for Charles A. Furthmann 422 East 134th Street, a three-story and brick dwelling on lot 16.8 by 100.

David Vogel and the Murphy-Dumont Company have sold for John Woell, represented by Hahn & Dipp, the plot 100 by 100 on the west side of Wilkins Place, 170 feet south of Boston Road.

Fetzer & Fetzer have sold for Mrs. Louise Kueh the three-story business building, 504 Robbins Avenue, to Julius Klass.

Brooklyn Sales.

Henry Pierson & Co. have sold 415 to 421 Clinton Street, between President and Carroll Streets, two five-story buildings, to private investors for occupancy, 25 by 100 each. The property was formerly occupied by the House of St. Giles the Cripple, nd recently remodeled at large experse by the Henson Company.

The same firm has also sold 194 Lincoln Place, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, a three-story and basement dwelling, for Eliza Gordon, to a client for occupancy. It will be remodeled by the Henson Company, general contractors, of Brooklyn.

Buys Long Island City Waterfront.

At the Vesey Street auction room yesterday Joseph P. Day sold to the Bottlers and Manufacturers' Supply Company for $41,000 the plot fronting 12 feet on Vernon Avenue, Long Island City, running back about 600 feet to the East River, with a frontage of 85 feet on the river.

Staten Island Sales.

Edward A. Johnson has sold the house at 455 Richmond Road, New Dorp Manor, S. I., for John Schroll to a client. The same broker has also sold for William J. & Edward Maxwell to a client six lots on the northwest corner of Gannon and Sheriden Avenues, Staten Island.

Recent Buyers.

Samuel J. Harriot of Seabright, N. J., is the buyer of 252 West Seventieth Street.

The Coller Construction Company, William W. Coller, President, is the purchaser of the unfinished apartment house at the northeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 172d Street, sold recently by John H. Behrens.

Mary B. Hughes is the buyer of the twelve-story loft building 28 East Tenth Street. Mrs. Hughes gave in part payment for the loft, which was held at $350,000, 229 Lenox Avenue, a four-story flat, on lot 25 by 100.

Russell Hopkins of Irvington-on-the-Hudson is the buyer of 3 Riverside Drive sold Monday by William Guggenheim.

Ann Street Houses for Offices.

Plans have been filed for converting two old houses at the southeast corner of Ann and William Streets into a four-story office building for Charles F. Noyes. Frederick P. Platt, the architect, estimates the cost at $9,450.

New Apartment in Fifty-fifth Street.

Schwartz & Gross, architects for the Wellsmore Realty Company, have filed plans for an eight-story apartment house to be erected on the north side of Fifty-fifth Street, 200 feet east of Ninth Avenue, at a cost of $150,000. The building will have a frontage of 100 feet and a depth of 85.5 feet, and will contain apartments for ninety-five families. The façade will be of brick, limestone, and terra cotta and a base of polished granite.

Houses for Lenox Library Block.

Plans have been filed for the erection of two six-story private dwellings on the south side of Seventy-first Street in the Lenox Library block, 300 feet east of Fifth Avenue, for C. W. Livingston, Jr., at a cost of $35,000 each. The buildings will have a frontage of 25 feet each and a depth of 70.5 feet, and rear extensions of 15.4 by 20 feet. The façades will be of limestone with a marble coping. John H. Duncan is the architect.

Plans Filed for 25th Street Loft.

Plans have been filed with Building Superintendent Miller for a twelve-story mercantile building to be erected on the north side of Twenty-fifth Street, 249.2 feet east of Seventh Avenue, with a frontage of 34.6 feet and a depth of 90 feet, and a one-story rear extension 34.6 by 8.9. The façade will be of brick, with lin estone and terra cotta trimmings, and is to cost $150,000. Mary Walter Garden is the owner and William H. Birkmire the architect.

Hotel Bristol Leased.

Among the very important changes in the hotel situation in New York City is the making of a twenty-one-year lease on the Hotel Bristol by the Wynotel Realty and Hotel Company. T. E. Tolson is the President of this company and David H. Knott the Treasurer.

It is the purpose of the new lessees to run a very high-class moderate-priced hotel. Extensive alterations will be made in the hotel during the early Summer months, which, when completed, will make the Hotel Bristol one of the best-arranged family transient hotels in the Times Square district.

Catholic Protectory Lot Sale To-day.

Bryan L. Kennelly will sell at absolute auction sale to-day at 11 A. M. at the Exchange Salesroom 389 Bronx lots on the line of the new Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway route, situated on Unionport Road, Walker Avenue, Protectory, Archer, and Olmstead Avenues, and Odell, Gray, and Starrow Streets, adjoining the Van Nest station on the Harlem River Division of the New Haven Road, and being part of the property of the New York Catholic Protectory. At the same time Mr. Kennelly will also sell about eleven acres of land on Westchester and Seeberry Creeks, also property of the protectory.

Hotel Pierrepont Sale.

The Hotel Pierrepont in Thirty-second Street, between Broadway and Fifth Avenue, will be sold at auction by Joseph P. Day on May 19. The building is a fire-proof brick and stone, twelve stories, cellar and subcellar. It has 170 rooms, single and en suite, 90 bathrooms, and all the modern hotel conveniences. It is 59 by 98.9.

Queens Records.

The number of papers recorded in the Queens County Clerk's office for the month of April, 1910, was 2,708, as against 2,754 in 1909 and 3,288 in 1906, the banner year. The total for the first four months of this year aggregated 10,217, compared with 10,058 in 1909 and 10,769 in 1906.

Notes.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned to Sarah Tod Buckley $40,000 for five years on the four-story brick and stone store apartment property located at the northwest corner of Park Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street.

Jacob Finkelstein represented Michael and Bernard Flynn in the purchase of the property 100 Bowery, on lot 25 by 100, from the estate of Norman Cook, which property was to be sold at public auction on May 5.

William H. Sinsheimer, who has assumed the management of the leasing department of Edward McVickar, has leased the Farmer-Little building, corner of Beekman and Gold Streets, for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of $135,000.

A. N. Gitterman was the broker in the sale of the northeast corner of 225th Street and Marble Hill Avenue.

Peter P. Sherry was the broker in the recent sale of 320 and 322 West Sixteenth Street for Charles B. Gumb to D. O. Harren.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Cherry St, 82 and 84, n s, 25 ft e of James St, 50x59.0x irregular, two two-story buildings; executors' sale, to Louis Kinstler, $15,900; also

Crotona Av, n e corner of 183d St, 100x80; vacant; executors' sale, to De Leon Realty Co., $10,050; also

9th St, n s, 100 ft w of Vernon Av, 125x100 to 10th St, 100x100, Long Island City; vacant; executors' sale, to Max Friedman, $18,100; also

East End Av, s e corner of 12th St, Long Island City, 25x100; vacant; executors' sale, to Edgar Souza, $2,300; also

East End Av, w s, 100 ft n of 9th St, Long Island City, 25x100; vacant; executors' sale, to John Mason, $1,850; also

Van Alst Av, n w corner of Harris Av, Long Island City, 115.1x39.2x irregular; vacant; executors' sale, to James A. Hennessey, $8,700; also

Vernon Av, 693, w s, 149.1 ft n of Webster Av, Long Island City, 12x200, with plot abutting, 50x479.4 to East River, two-story house; executors' sale, to the Bottlers and Manufacturers' Supply Co., $41,100; also

Vernon Av, 713, w s, 114.1 ft s of Washington Av, Long Island City, 12x200.2, with plot abutting, 85x472.2 to East River, two-story house; executors' sale, to W. J. Fitzgerald, $40,000; also

Washington St, 95 and 97, e s, 26.1 ft s of York St, Brooklyn, two three-story dwellings; executors' sale, to Theresa M. Poggi, $10,500; also

Bronx River Road, 551, n w corner of Miles Square Road, Yonkers, plot containing three-quarters of an acre of ground with a two-story dwelling and stable; executors' sale; estate of William Nelson, deceased, to Louis Kinstler, $9,000.

17th St, 12, s s, 220 ft w of 5th Av, 30x92, two-story dwelling; Maurice Deiches, referee; partition, to the plaintiff, G. Wheelwright, $56,000.

Audubon Av, 11 to 17, s e corner of 166th St, 70.3x100x83.5x95, two six-story flats; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Jacob Wener, $72,869.

Houston St, 128, n e corner of Sullivan St, 25x100, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to A. S. Burns, $72,831.

Eagle Av, 824, e s, 247.7 ft n of 158th St, 50x100, two-story dwelling and vacant; foreclosure sale, to Mt. Sheehan, $5,800.

Avenue C, 27, w s, 42 ft n of 17th St, 20x66, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Levi Munson, $8,000.

70th St, 508, s s, 212 ft e of Avenue A, 37x100.5, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale, adjourned to May 13.

152d St, 104 e s, 145.3 ft e of 7th Av, 19.10x99.11, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Joseph Wielar, $11,325.

By Hugh D. Smyth.

2d Av, 2,181, w s, 74 ft s of 110th St, 27x75, four-story tenement; executor's sale; estate of Wilhelmina C. F. Hauser, deceased, to E. Marks, $15,000.

Bassford Av, n w corner of 182d St, 152.8x0.7x irregular; vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, $8,100.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

53d St, 246 and 248, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 33.4x100.5, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Elkau Holyman, $41,600.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

25th St, 147 and 149 West, for a twelve-story brick mercantile building, 34.6x90; Mary W. Garden, 396 Broadway, owner; W. H. Birkmire, architect; cost, $150,000.

71st St, s s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, for two six-story brick dwellings, 25x70.5; C. W. Livingston, Jr., 200 West 86th St, owner; J. H. Duncan, architect; cost, $70,000.

17th St, 113 to 119 West, for a six-story brick loft and store, 77.6x80; E. Jansen, 112 West 18th St, owner; L. Joseph and L. A. Goldstone, architects; cost, $160,000.

55th St, n s, 200 ft e of 9th Av, for an eight-story apartment, 100x85.5; Wellsmore Realty Co., 505 5th Av, owner; Schwartz & Gross, architects; cost, $150,000.

Tinton Av, w s, 267½ ft n of 161st St, for two five-story brick tenements, 41.3½x99.6; Weisman & Herman, 830 Westchester Av, owners; George F. Pelham, architects; cost, $130,000.

135d St, n s, 67.4 ft w of Cypress Av, for a one-story brick engine house, 37.8x20; Jacob Doll & Sons, 149 Southern Boulevard, owners; John J. Boylan, architect; cost, $1,000.

Grand Boulevard and Concourse, w s, 152.57 ft s of 165th St, for a three-story brick dwelling, 20x45; James Lawler, 551 9th Av, owner; Schaefer & Jaeger, architects; cost, $7,000.

163d St, s s, 115 ft e of Ogden Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x88; Louis Meeks, 1550 Ogden Av, owner; Moore & Lansiedel, architects; cost, $50,000.

Sedgwick Av, w s, 97 ft n of 171st St, for a one-story frame shed, 25x75; M. J. Fitzgerald, Broadway and 187th St, owner; Thomas F. Dunn, architect; cost, $3,000.

Boston Road, s s, 165 ft w of Reed's Mill Road, for a frame dancing pavilion, 30x50; Henry Dickert, 4,018 Boston Road, owner; William Tilden Koch, architect; cost, $1,500.

Anthony Av, e s, 52 ft n of 176th St, for four four-story brick tenements, 33x68; 176th St and Anthony Av Improvement Co., owners; Abraham Berres, architect; cost, $80,000.

176th St, n s, 103.6 ft e of Anthony Av, for two two-story brick dwellings, 20x62; 176th St and Anthony Av Improvement Co., 150 Nassau St, owners; Abraham Berres, architect; cost, $16,000.

Kelly St, e s, 125 ft n of 163d St, for eight four-story brick tenements, 38x81; Winnie Construction Co., 836 Westchester Av, owner; Keppe & Daube, architects; cost, $200,000.

189th St, n s, from Lorillard Place to Hoffman St, for a four-story brick school, 166.66x127.33; City of New York, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, architect; cost, $300,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $6,000 omitted.

Ann St, s e corner of William St, to a four-story brick building; C. F. Noyes, 99 William St, owner; F. P. Platt, architect; cost, $9,450.

Broadway, 81, 1,432, to a three-story brick store, A. Hayman, premises, owner; Townsend, Steinle & Haskell, architects; cost, $7,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, MAY 3.

4TH AV, 830 and 832, w s, 49.4x100; Abraham Schwab to Isabella Schwab, Abraham Schwab, ¼ part, (mtg $155,000;) May 2, H. B. & D. W. Blumenthal, 35 Nassau St., $100.

4TH AV, 830 and 832, w s, 49.4x100; Abraham Schwab to Leo L. Schwab, ¼ part, (mtg $155,000;) May 2, attorney, same, $100.

4TH AV, 830 and 832, w s, 49.4x100; Abraham Schwab to Marcus R. Blumenthal, ¼ part, (mtg $155,000;) May 2, attorney, same, $100.

5TH AV, s e corner of 42d St, 23x100; American Safe Deposit Co. to Felix Isman of Philadelphia, Penn., April 30, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100.

5TH AV, 495 to 501, s e corner of 42d St, 73.3x100; Columbia Bank to same, May 2, attorneys, same, $100.

5TH AV, 495 to 501, s e corner of 42d St, 73.3x100; Felix Isman to Edwin Wolf of Philadelphia, (mtg $1,162,000,) May 2; attorneys, same, $100.

34TH ST, n s, 248 ft e of 6th Av, 24x98.9; City Real Estate Co. to Kate I. D. Harnett, (mtg $85,000;) March 31, attorney, L. E. Warren, 261 Broadway, $100.

64TH ST, n w corner of Park Av, 82.3x73.5; Allene T. Nichols to Sarah T. Bulkley, (mtg $40,000,) April 13; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100.

ROGERS PLACE, w s, 408.10 ft n of Westchester Av, 25x71.10; Augusta J. Fink to Katie Freyer, May 2; attorney, Hugh Cohn, 19 Avenue A, $1.

WHITLOCK AV, n e corner of Hunt's Point Road or Av, 211.5x290.1; George F. Johnson's Sons Co. to Ryan Realty Co., April 30; attorneys, Ferris, Roester & Strock, 165 Broadway, $100.

ANDREWS AV, e s, 223.11 ft s of Fordham Road, 75x100; University Heights Realty Co. to Modena Realty Co., April 29; United States Title Guarantee and Indemnity Co., 20 Vesey St., $1,000.

ANDREWS AV, e s, 273.11 ft s of Fordham Road, 25x100; Modena Realty Co. to George H. De La Vergne, (mtg $6,500,) April 30; H. D. Patton, 55 Liberty St., $100.

75TH ST, s s, 220 ft e of West End Av, 20x102.2; Isidore Hirsch to Corn Exchange Realty Co., (mtg $25,000,) May 2; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $1.

107TH ST, 67 East, n s, 17x100.11; Louis Simon to Frances, wife of Louis Simon, (mtg $7,000,) May 2; A. Fred. Silvestone, 150 Nassau St, $100.

30TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9; Samuel J. Ashley et al to Lithuanian Alliance of America, May 2; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100.

5TH AV, e s, 77.2 ft s of 85th St, 25x100; Robert Ward to Joseph F. Cullinan, (mtg $35,000,) May 2; Attorney, Samuel W. Weiss, 45 Wall St, $100.

165TH ST, s s, 80.2 ft w of Rogers Place, 28.5x72.6x irregular; Charlotte F., wife of Miner Trowbridge, to Timothy F. Sullivan, May 3; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $1.

26TH ST, 323 East, n e s, 25x98.9; Frederick and Charles Flaccus to Louis Rosenwalke, (mtg $8,000,) May 3; Attorney Jacob M. Guedalla, 120 Nassau St, $10,000.

SAME PROPERTY; Frederick Flaccus et al., heirs, &c., to same, (mtg $8,000,) May 3; attorney, same, $100.

247TH ST, 30 and 32 West, s s, 50x98.9; Ruth Livingston to Normac Construction Co., April 9; Richard Westcott, Consul to U. S. at London, England, $100.

79TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x102.2; William W. Morgan to Vadrick Realty Co., (mtg $10,000 and all liens,) April 29; attorneys, M. S. and I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St, $100.

LOTS 284 and 319, map of 327 lots of Hunter estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Nellie B. Wilson, all liens, Jan. 31; address 1,445 St. Nicholas Av, $1.

ARTHUR AV, 2,301, w s, 647 ft s of 187th St, 25x114.7; Vincenzo Laporta to Concenzio L. Fusilli, (mtg $4,500 and all liens,) May 3; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $1.

Elliot, Jr., to Charles A. Munn, April 30; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $100.

MORRIS AV, e s, 125 ft s of Field Place, 25x139; Abraham Warren to Franklin R. Bruns, (mtg $11,000,) May 2; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $1.

94TH ST, 173 West, n s, 17.6x100.8; Emma Ervin to Isidore Hirsch, (mtgs $17,000,) May 2; $1.

BROOME ST, 85, s w corner of Goerck St, 25.3x100; Isaac Male and others to Hannah Straus and Ferdinand, Samuel, and Fanny Rosenstock, B and S and correction deed, April 23; Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway, $1.

2D AV, e s, 44 ft n of 29th St, 17.10x75x25.1x to centre line of old Maria St, x76; John Dorn to William Botzenmayer, (mtg $13,000,) May 2; Morton Stein, 37 Liberty St, $100.

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 183d St, 104.11x100; Birch Realty Co. to Central Building Improvement and Investment Co., (mtg $135,000,) May 2; Sonn Brothers, 149 Church St, $100.

152D ST, 522 West, s s, 45x99.11; Alfred Raabe to Birch Realty Co., April 29; attorneys, Phillips & Avery, 41 Park Row, $1.

87TH ST, 68 West, 20x69.11; Alfred J. Weston and another, executors, to Codington Co., March 1; address 1,487 Broadway, $70,000.

79TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18.8x102.2; Annie L. Fitz Gibbon to Vadrick Realty Co., April 29; M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St, $1.

19TH ST, 151 and 153 West, n s, 40.7x90.1x48.4x90.1; Alphonse Kursheedt and others, trustees, to Douglas Realty Co., (mtg, $7,500,) May 2; Andrew Wilson, 154 Nassau St, $50,000.

10TH ST, 28 East, s s, 148.3 ft e of University Place, 46x92.3; Garfield Building Co. to Mary B. Hughes, (mtg $225,000,) May 2; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100.

79TH ST, s s, 233 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x102.2; Laura V. Ross to Vadrick Realty Co., May 2; M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St, $1.

TIEBOUT AV, s w corner of 184th St, 23.3 ft to n s of old Clark St x90.6x38.6x91.9; Walton Building Co. to Elizabeth J. Wellwood, (mtg $12,000,) April 22; J. H. Wellwood, 2,229 Andrew Av, $500.

AMSTERDAM AV, 144, w s, 25x90; Dora Groll to Barbara Seufer, (mtg $16,000,) May 2; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $100.

LOTS 407 and 408, map of Section A, Vyse estate; Stebbins Av, s e corner of Freeman St, 25.11x110x41.8x111.1; Lewis V. La Velle to Margaret Knox, (mtg $15,800,) March 15; Arthur Knox, 108 Broadway, $1.

81ST ST, n s, 325 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100; Marie Mangils to Hudson Trust Co., March 25; Hahn & Whitlock, 35 Nassau St, $100.

123D ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 97x—; 123d St, n s, 220.3 ft w of 1st Av, runs n 100.11x e 116.8x s w 152.9 to beginning; Elizabeth Egan to Mary A. Gillis, July 16, 1909; Peter Egan, 220 Broadway, $100.

6TH ST, 419 East, s s, 18.9x90.10; George Lambert to Barnet Klar of Brooklyn, April 30; Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway, $1.

109TH ST, s s, 187 ft w of Park Av, 17x100.11; Joseph M. Davis to Elizabeth A. Wintermute of Summit, N. J., Oct. 7, 1909, (T. G.;) A. Meyers, $100.

183D ST, 588 to 572 West, s s, 75x104.11; Joseph J. Steindler to J. J. Steindler Co., (mtg $110,000,) April 26; Vogel & Vogel, 15 Broad St, $100.

KELLY ST, 1,046, e s, 255.3 ft n of 165th St, 25x100; Charles A. Benkiser to David Heck, (mtg $17,500,) April 29, address 1,806 McGraw Av., $100.

ALEXANDER AV, 208, e s, 14.3x60; Florence A. Dunbar to James J. Curtin, April 29, James J. Donovan, 540 East 138th St, $100.

79TH ST, s s, 286.8 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x102.2; Emma D. Warner to Vadrick Realty Co. $100.

181ST ST, 621, w s, 64.11 ft e of Wadsworth Av, 20x100; Bertha Beck and others to Charles C. Marshall, April 29, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, $17,500.

17TH ST, 119 West, n s, 17.8x—; Catherine McVey to Edward Jansen, (mtg $7,000,) April 14, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $100.

91ST ST, 57, n s, 244.1 f w of Park Av, 17x100.8; Gussie Kleinbaum to William P. Collins of Hempstead, L. I., (mtg $12,000,) May 2, attorneys same, $100.

EDGECOMBE AV, 191, w s, 17x100; Herman Ahrens to Wilgro Realty Co., April 29, attorneys, Krakower & Peters, 309 Broadway, $100.

CHRISTOPHER ST, 27, n s, 20x70; William H. Housner to The Margaret and Sarah Switzer Memorial Institute, (mtg $5,000,) April 13, attorney, Irving H. Brown, 424 5th Av, $100.

79TH ST, s s, 283.4 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x102.2; Lawrence E. Embree and others to Vadrick Realty Co., April 29, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, $100.

CARPENTER AV, w s, 82.1 ft s from n s of Lot 1,136, map of Wakefield, 27.4x105; Matilda S. Gilbert to Helen R. Viele, (mtg $5,000,) Ronald K. Brown, 320 Broadway, April 28, $1.

KATONAH AV, e s, 23 ft s of 236th St, 25x85; Alonzo Howell to Charles H. Zumbuehl, (mtg $4,000,) Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av., April 28, $100.

113TH ST, s s, 117.6 ft e of Riverside Drive, 77x100.11; Joseph J. Steindler to J. J. Steindler Co., (mtg $165,000,) Vogel & Vogel, 15 Broad St, April 26, $100.

85TH ST, 353 West, n s, 75x102.2; Joseph J. Steindler to J. J. Steindler, (mtg $200,000,) Vogel & Vogel, 15 Broad St, April 26, $100.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 84.4 ft s of 85th St, 40x100; Jaeger Brothers Realty Co. to Lionel Jaeger, (mtg $57,000,) Aaron H. Schwartz, 130 Fulton St, May 2, $100.

88TH ST, 8 to 14, s s, 145 ft w of 5th Av, 75x98.9, lot begins 145 ft w of 5th Av and 85 ft s of 88th St, 12x28.8; Joseph J. Steindler to J. J. Steindler Co., (mtg $700,000,) Vogel & Vogel, 15 Broad St, April 26, $100.

STANTON ST, n s, 104.8 ft w of Cannon St, 20x75; Rudolph Rapp to Rosa Cohn, (mtg $15,000,) May 31; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St., $100.

26TH ST, 127 West, n s, 21.10x98.9; Theresa Mannheimer and others to Louise M. Stevens of Borough of Queens, N. Y., May 2; attorney, Robert D. Elder, Jr., 30 Broad St., $43,750.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, s w corner of 71st St, 100.5x125; William Schneider to Charles W. West, mtg $100,000, May 3; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., $1.

104TH ST, 306 West, s s, 20x100.11; Antoinette B. Witte to Clara L., wife of G. Ellis Reed, (mtg $15,000,) May 3; Attorney, John F. Brosnan, 160 Broadway, $100.

42D ST, n s, 225 ft e of 11th Av, 100x100.5; Consolidated Gas Co. to Frank C. Burk, May 2; attorney, A. Stern, 31 Nassau St., $1.

7TH ST, 117 and 119 East, n s, 42x irregular; Martin Seidner to Jacob Reitman of Brooklyn, mtg $66,200, May 3; attorney, Max L. Shalleck, 160 Broadway, $100.

52D ST, 43 East, n s, 15.10x100.5; Florence Estell and another of Jackson of Mora County, New Mexico, (mtg $10,000,) April 28; attorneys, Bowers & Sand, 31 Nassau St, $100.

7TH ST, 262 East, s s, 22.8x90.10; Kate M. Bowe to William Grossman, (mtg $8,000,) April 28; Thomas F. Coen, 471 Chauncey St, Brooklyn, $100.

CARPENTER AV, w s, 27.4 ft s from n s of Lot 1,136, map of Wakefield, 27.4x105; Matilda S. Gilbert to Louisa Randell, (mtg $5,000,) April 28; Ronald K. Brown, 320 Broadway, $1.

GRAND AV, n e corner of Buchanan Place, 25x100; also property in Brooklyn, N. Y., and plot in Woodlawn Cemetery; Patrick Hughes and others to Elizabeth Hughes of Brooklyn, B. and S., Nov. 13, 1909; James C. McEachen, 45 Broadway, $1.

152D ST, n s, 235 ft e of Robbins Av, 25x143.6x28.9x157.9; Abram Bierer to Jacob M. Miller, (mtg $12,000,) April 30; Louis Diamant, 132 Nassau St, $1.

92D ST, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 50x100.8; Morris Welnus to Yorkville Holding Co., May 3, all liens, Monfried & Feinberg, 150 Nassau St., $100.

TAYLOR ST, e s, 1,220.1 ft s of Morris Park Av, 19.10x100x16x100; Bridget A. Whalen to N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.; April 27, Charles M. Sheafer, Jr., Grand Central Station, $3,500.

26TH ST, 17 West, n s, 25x98.9; 26th St, 15 West, n s, 19x irregular; Edith L. Bailey to Realty Holding Co.; April 8, De Forest Brothers, 176 Broadway, $100.

CHRISTOPHER ST, 31 and 29, n e corner of Waverley Place, 173 and 175, 40x70; William C. Burniston and others to the Margaret and Sarah Switzer Memorial Institute; May 2, Irving H. Bower, 424 5th Av., $100.

81ST ST, 39 and 41 West, 50x98.9; 32d St, s s, 189.10 ft e of Broadway, 41.4x98.9; Thomas A. Sperry to Harold J. Hirst of Ridgewood, N. J.; Feb. 17, Woodford, Bovee & Butcher, 1 Madison Av., $100.

26TH ST, 129 and 131 West, n s, 43.8x98.9; Jacob Mannheimer and others to Louise M. Stevens of Borough of Queens, May 2; Robert D. Edder, Jr., 30 Broad St, $87,500.

70TH ST, 176 East, s s, 18x100.5; Park E. Bell to Lydia L. Blagden, (mtg $10,000, May 2, Lawyers Title Co., $100.

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 275 ft s of Tiffany St, 175x irregular; Whitlock Av, e s, 450 ft s of Tiffany St, 236.10x irregular to Lafayette Av; George F. Johnson's Sons Co. to Frederick Johnson, April 30; attorneys, Ferriss, Roeser & Storck, 165 Broadway, $100.

107TH ST, 313 West, n s, 20x100.11; Rose Brown to Ricka Kaufman, (mtg $35,000, April 8;) attorneys, Uhlfelder & Weinberg, 132 Nassau St, $1.

106TH ST, 111 East, n s, 25x100.11; Jacob Miller to Josephine Mueller, May 3; Jacob Spiro, 132 Nassau St, $100.

108TH ST, 9 East, n s, 25x100.5; Anna Garner to Bertha Hirschfeld, (mtg $20,000, May 8;) George C. Goebel, 38 Park Row, $1.

HOE AV, e s, 75 ft n of 172d St, 2 lots; Mary R. Kiely to James Kelly, (mtg $6,000,) May 2, Charles F. Kelly, 203 Broadway, $1.

GRAND AV, n e corner of Buchanan Place, 25x100; Anna H. Blanks to Elizabeth Hughes of Brooklyn, Feb. 14, James C. McEachen, 45 Broadway, $125.

SAME property; Mary and Catherine Hughes to same, April 29, same, $1.

SAME property; James Hughes and others to same, Dec. 8, 1909, same, $1.

SAME property; Elizabeth Hughes and another to Stella Jackson, April 25, same, $1.

81ST ST, 39 and 41 West, n s, 50x98.9; 32d St, s s, 189.10, ft e of Broadway, 41.4x98.9; Harold J. Hirst to Arena Construction Co., April 27, Woodford, Bovee & Butcher, 1 Madison Av, $100.

AVENUE A, w s, 120.4 ft s of 71st St, 25x100; Henry M. Stevenson, referee, to Meyer Jarmulowsky, (mtg $22,500,) May 2, Bernard Alexander, 165 East Broadway, $2,000.

KELLY ST, 1,046, e s, 25x100; Albert Gerhards, Inc., to Charles A. Kenkiser, April 26; T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway, $1.

WHITLOCK AV, e s, e corner of Barretto St, 100.9x124.1; Whitlock Av, s w corner of Barretto St, 100x100; George F. Johnson's Sons Co. to George F. Johnson, April 30; Ferriss, Roeser & Storck, 165 Broadway, $100.

PLOT 26, map of 55 plots of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Central Building, Improvement and Investment Co. to Birch Realty Co., (mtg $10,000,) May 2; Phillips & Avery, 41 Park Row, $1.

22D ST, 126 to 130 West, s s, 56.3x98.9; Mayer S. Auerbach to Aurora Investing Co., (mtg $63,500,) May 2; Stroock & Stroock, 30 Broad St, $100.

79TH ST, s s, 283.4 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x102.2; Lawrence E. Embree and another, executors, to Vadrick Realty Co., April 29

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION

IMPORTANT FACTS

THE ASTOR FORTUNE was made by buying and holding New York City vacant property along the main lines of transit.
REMEMBER that the completion of the present subway in 1905 caused a tremendous rise in value of Bronx property along the line of same.
THINK—follow the Astor Example—
SEIZE THE OPPORTUNITY and buy at the

Absolute Trustees' Sale of 389 Lots

on line of new BROADWAY-LEXINGTON AVENUE SUBWAY, adjoining Van Nest station of N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., and near Westchester and Boston Railroad, to be sold at auction
BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE
New York Catholic Protectory
To-day at 11 A. M.
AT EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 14-16 VESEY STREET.
70% may remain on mortgage for 1, 2 or 3 years at 5%. Titles insured free.
ON SAME DAY,
11 80-100 ACRES
OF LAND ON WESTCHESTER AND SEEBERRY CREEKS, Adjoining Gebrie Park, Town of Unionport (Bronx). Send for Bookmap.
The Above Acreage and Water Front Plot Will Be Sold Before the Lots.
BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer
156 BROADWAY.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auc'r,
will sell at auction
Monday, May 9, 1910,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.,
Estate of Sarah A. Morgan, Dec'd,
129 BANK ST.,
ADJOINING WASHINGTON ST.
The three-story brick Dwelling; size of lot, 16x31x16.1x28.6.
735 WASHINGTON ST.,
ADJOINING BANK ST.
The three-story and basement brick Dwelling; size of lot, 20x67.1x19.9½x64.9½.
39 PERRY ST.,
NEAR WEST 4TH ST.
The four-story brick Dwelling; size of lot, 17.6x74.
60% on Mtge., 1 or 3 Years, at 4½%
McCurdy & Yard, Attys., 66 Broadway.
Wednesday, May 11, 1910,
Estate of Thomas Kane, Dec'd.
67 Choice Villa Plots
and One Dwelling,
LARCHMONT MANOR
Westchester County, N. Y.
SITUATED ON
Boston Post Road, Beech, Kane, Loretto, Linden, Jochum Avs.
70% on Mtg. for 1-2-3 Yrs. at 5%
Titles insured by Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company and policies delivered to purchasers free of cost.
J. H. Mahon, Atty., 38 Park Row.
Maps, &c., with attorneys, or at auctioneer's office, 156 Broadway.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

INVEST NOW AND MAKE BIG PROFITS THIS SUMMER
WHEN THE PENNSYLVANIA AND BELMONT TUNNELS OPEN FOR TRAFFIC.
THE WELDING TOGETHER OF QUEENS AND MANHATTAN WILL NOT ONLY INCREASE THE POPULATION OF QUEENS, BUT WILL BRING COMMERCIAL PROSPERITY AND WITH THIS UNION WILL BEGIN AN ERA OF GROWTH UNDREAMED OF FOR BEAUTIFUL
ELMHURST HEIGHTS,
THE PRETTIEST HOMESITE IN NEW YORK CITY.
NOW BUT 18 MINUTES FROM MANHATTAN BY TROLLEY. WE HAVE ONLY A FEW CHOICE PLOTS LEFT. DON'T DELAY. WRITE AT ONCE FOR PARTICULARS.
BANKERS LAND CORPORATION,
887 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Have Beautiful Water Site
30 minutes to Herald Square; fine bathing beach; plot 40x100; price $1,300; must have $100 cash at once, balance in five years. B. Thomas, 146 East 34th St., City.

A very desirable new house with all improvements, near station and trolley lines, half hour from City Hall and Herald Square; bargain price; payments as rent. Write or call, N. E. Freeman, Hollis Court, Queens, L. I.

FLUSHING.—Brick and stone dwelling; all improvements; 18 rooms; 2 bathrooms; large lawn; Washington and Lawrence Sts.; $85,000, or will rent. Elliott & Bush, 194 Broadway, New York, or local agents.

EXAMINE OUR HOUSES on 20th St. and Broadway, Flushing, before buying or building; it will pay. Your own terms. CHRISTENSEN, 1 West 34th St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Flatbush houses my specialty; cottage or mansion; 47 varieties; one special 8-room house, perfect gem, $5,500; worth $7,500. Open Sundays. Edwards, Church Av. Station, Brighton Beach "L."

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

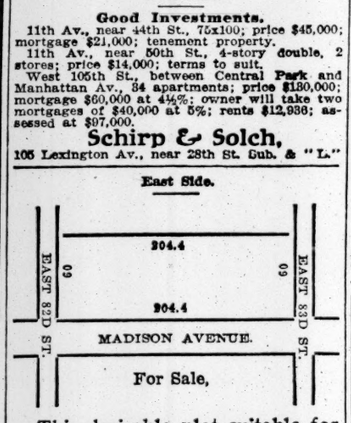
Our circular
on Tax Registration should be in the hands of every Real Estate owner. It will be sent on application.
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

For Sale—Fifth Av. business property near 23d St.; immediate possession; would consider something smaller in exchange with cash; brokers protected. Henry Marks, 200 Broadway.

West Side.

Good Investments.
11th Av., near 44th St., 75x100; price $45,000; mortgage $21,000; tenement property.
11th Av., near 50th St., 4-story double, 2 stores; price $14,000; terms to suit.
West 105th St., between Central Park and Manhattan Av., 34 apartments; price $180,000; mortgage $60,000 at 4½%; owner will take two mortgages of $40,000 at 5%; rents $12,936; assessed at $97,000.
Schirp & Solch,
105 Lexington Av., near 28th St. Sub. & "L."

East Side.



For Sale,

This desirable plot suitable for first-class private dwellings or for a fire-proof apartment building. One of the best remaining plots on the East Side.
Particulars from
POST & REESE,
160 East 60th St.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

$50,000 Vanderbilt stone mansion, good as new, for $15,000; details free. J. S. DRAKE, 42 Broadway.

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Larchmont Park,
Larchmont-on-the-Sound.
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Nearly thirty-six million more passengers carried in 1909 than the year previous. Already overcrowded and becoming worse. Not much hope for the strap-hanger, is there? Well, yes, other lines of electric transportation are open without the noise, smell and overcrowding, maintaining better schedule during the rush hours; 30 minutes from Grand Central Station, a soothing cigar and a chance to read your newspaper in comfort.
When you get home, added comforts contribute to the joy of living. A word to the wise.
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Into Villa Plots to Suit Purchasers
Commutation is 40 minutes to Grand Central.
I have installed sewers, water, gas, paved the roads, etc.
The estate commands unlimited views. Is beautifully wooded, and an ideal location for all-year homes.
Fifty fine families now building homes. References demanded, as none but cultured people are desired.
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The Scarsdale Estates
Robert E. Farley, Pres.
White Plains, New York, and 28 E. 42d St., N. Y. City.

Tarrytown, northwest corner of Washington and De Peyster Sts.; for sale, to close estate, house 12 rooms; all improvements; on plot 100 x142; a big bargain at $8,000; $7,500 has just been refused. Apply sole broker, Emberson, 101 West 42d St., New York.

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FURNISHED, UNFURNISHED HOUSES.
BURKE STONE, BRONXVILLE.

White Plains.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED.
White Plains Select Section
10-room house, fine lawn, $175 per month, for 3 to 5 months, to suit tenant.
E. Nelson Ehrhart
7 East 42d St. and Tel. 4545 Murray Hill. Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

COSY COTTAGE 4 RENT. At White Plains; nearly new; 2 baths and hardwood polished floors; $45 monthly. COOLEY & WEST, INC., White Plains, N. Y. 'Phone 413.

Yonkers

PINECREST.
A Gem in an exquisite setting of Hudson River landscape on immediate banks of the river in North Yonkers. 5c. trolley ride from Broadway Subway. Lots $600 up. Acreage. Write PINECREST CO., 87 Nassau St.

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For Sale.—Fourteen-room house and plot, 175 by 150 feet; fine lawn, with large shade and fruit trees; handsome shrubs, &c.; small barn; modern improvements; delightful location; ten minutes from D., L. & W. station; terms reasonable. Address Box 134, Millburn, N. J.

Splendid new house on a hill in Westfield; big plot; heat, gas, electricity; full plumbing; beautiful decorations; hardwood trim; stone-walk, sewer, &c.; $5,250; only $750 cash; near depot, &c. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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Colonial home, adjoining Long Branch; thirty acres; improvements, outbuildings, baths, lake. 54 West 68th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Factory, 50x95; 6-story and basement; fireproof; whole or part; light on 4 sides; 415 and 417 East 93d St. Inquire Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Little Bungalow Farms at RIVERDALE NEW JERSEY

$97 UP
$10 Down. $5 a Month.
In the beautiful Pompton Lake country—in the forks of two sparkling, swift flowing rivers—a mountain range on either hand, upon a level plateau is Riverdale Estates.

Carefully restricted Little Bungalow Farms, ¼ acre and larger, many river front plots—5 minutes' walk from station, 11½ cents commutation from New York. The beautiful mountain scenery—fertile soil—boating—bathing—fishing.
If you act at once you can spend this whole summer in your own little bungalow at less than the cost of your usual short vacation.

No Such Summer Home Bargain Ever Offered Before

Don't take our word for it. Come out and see for yourself. Be our guest on our

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WELL, YOUR CHANCES ARE GETTING SMALLER EVERY DAY OF GETTING YOUR PICK OF THE CHOICEST HOUSE SITES OR BUNGALOW PLOTS IN LOVELY
MORSEMERE
WE DIDN'T WAIT WHEN WE HAD THE CHANCE TO ACQUIRE THIS PROPERTY. IT ISN'T WISE FOR YOU TO WAIT NOW THAT YOU'VE GOT A CHANCE TO BUY.
SPECIAL SALE
SATURDAY, MAY 7th, 2 P. M.
HINT NO. 12.
HOW CAN YOU, BY STAYING AT HOME, DECIDE NOT TO START A LITTLE FORTUNE IN REAL ESTATE? COME OUT AND SEE WHAT THE HUDSON RIVER BRIDGE IS GOING TO DO.
Send for folder.
COLUMBIA REAL ESTATE COMPANY
"ALL THAT'S BEST IN NORTHERN NEW JERSEY"
TIMES BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Bungalow Farm $99
10,000 square feet of land for $99; $10 down, $5 monthly; charming suburb; one hour from City; fine schools, churches, stores, and banks; 52 trains daily; fare 15c.; title guaranteed; enough land to build your own house, raise your own chickens, vegetables, keep a horse and cow, and enjoy the peace and happiness of country life.
FREE 100 peach trees with each acre that will yield $400 a year; send a postal for full information. Telephone 4309 Beekman.
B. LANE, Room 324 World Building.

Baldwin Park—South Orange Heights
300 feet elevation; extended mountain view; 40 minutes to Hudson Terminal Building, D., L. & W. R. R.; 60 trains daily; select residential suburb; restricted property; all improvements; fifty New York families have already made this their home; houses range from $7,000 to $15,000; also a few choice building plots for sale; terms and payments made satisfactory; write or call for booklets. Cornelius A. Baldwin, 30 Church St., N. Y., or 451 Summit Av., So. Orange, N. J.

SMALL FARM $99.
25 4-room bungalows given free to purchasers of $550 worth of our small farms; $50 down, $15 monthly. Charming suburb, 56 minutes from Broadway. Boating, fishing. Fare, 11c. Apple and cherry trees; near depot. Write or call, W. Nichols, No. 258 Broadway.

An absolute bargain, elegant new cottage, six rooms, bath; every improvement; hot water heat, sewer, water, gas, electricity; macadamized street; hardwood trim; finest location, restricted; half hour out; two railroads, trolleys; commutation 7 cents; price, $4,000; cash, $300, balance as rent; photo sent. Carl Haliberg, owner, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Write for FREE TICKETS to
ASBURY PARK
To Visit ASBURY PARK ESTATES.
Large Bungalow plots $275 to $375.
Easy terms. Improvements.
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Artistic Nutley houses, $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

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Four rooms and ¼ acre of land; charming suburb, 56 minutes from City Hall; boating, bathing, and fishing; raise your own chickens, vegetables, and enjoy the peace and happiness of country life; 15 trains daily, fare 11c.; 15 minutes' walk to depot. Apple and cherry trees; price only $550. Small monthly payments. Write, call, or telephone 6371 Barclay. K. NICHOLS, No. 258 Broadway, opposite City Hall.

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Purchases beautiful cottage with modern improvements; electric lights and high elevation; large plot; near school and station; 25 minutes out; Lackawanna R. R. Call, write, Nicholson Co., Lindhurst, N. J.

$250 CASH
$50 monthly, of which one-half goes toward principal; builder must sacrifice house just finished, every improvement; nearby Jersey; beautiful location. Address J. B., Box 208 Times, Times Square.

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A big plot in Westfield, 100x100, covered with forest trees; near trolley and depot; only $650; $10 cash, $6.50 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Westfield plot, 50x203, between two good houses, near to everything, only $600; $10 cash, $6 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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Southwest Corner 16th Street.
These desirable lofts are now
POSITIVELY OFFERED FOR RENT.
Store and Basement are already leased to Anton Wedl, Importer of Linens.
Building absolutely fireproof. 5 Elevators, Sprinkler System and all modern improvements.
12,000 Square Feet in Plot.
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71 West 23d St.
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New Office Building with All Modern Improvements
A LOCATION WELL WORTH CONSIDERING
Apply to Superintendent on Premises

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Opposite Museum of Natural History
Corner Store Excellent for Florist } $1500
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8 Rooms and Bath Apartment $1400
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88-90 Walker St.; loft 25x85; elevator service, steam heat, power. Inquire engineer, or HELLINGER, 309 Broadway.

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Very desirable, 25x100; possession; reduced. AMES & COMPANY, 26 West 31st.

10,000 square feet, two lofts, to lease; reasonable rent; good light; steam heat; near Hudson Tunnels, 61 Bishop St., Jersey City.

Store, Second Av., 1,272, corner 67th Street; fireproof; rent, $45. Janitor or R. T. Mackay, 6 Wall Street.

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Loft, 25x72; suitable for light business purpose. Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

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Desirable offices en suite or singly. All improvements; rents $120 to $600.
ALSO
Large Hall, Suitable for Palm Garden, Caterer, Societies, Lodge Rooms, Bowling Alleys.
Open for inspection. Full particulars.
PORTER & CO.,
159 WEST 125TH ST.

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Loft containing 8,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

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Bronx.

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ENTIRE BLOCK NEW STORES SUITABLE FOR EVERY BUSINESS.
100 new apartments just filling up. Come quick and secure the trade.

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JUST BELOW BOSTON ROAD,
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Brooklyn.

LOFTS WITH POWER
60x90, 50x100 AND UP TO 80,000 SQ. FT.
LIGHT ALL SIDES; HEAT. ELEVATOR. NEW BUILDING.
SPRINKLED. LOW INSURANCE.
Ins. Rate Less Than 10c. Per $100.
Splendid location to get help, either skilled or unskilled, in textiles, white goods, metal goods, shoes, etc. Owner on premises, 257 Classon Av., near De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

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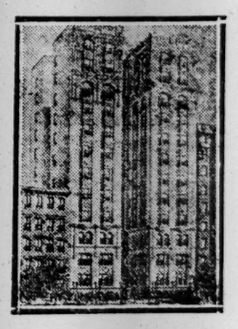
Co-operative Ownership in its Simplest and Most Practical Form.



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Suites of 8, 9 and 10 Rooms—3 and 4 baths.
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$8,900 to $12,000.
Decorated to Suit.
Apartments of 6 or 12 Rooms—2 and 4 baths—can be secured if desired.
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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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If You Are Looking for an Elevator Apartment, 4 to 8 Rooms Inclusive.
For elegance, plans, convenience to "L" and Subway stations (two blocks to either); half block to surface cars; every worthy improvement; vacuum cleaning; absolutely permanent light and air; overlooking Colonial and Jumel Parks, Speedway and Long Island Sound.
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Largest and Best Finished Apartments on Washington Heights,
Suites of 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath with 6 & 7 closets to an Apartment.
Bedroom, size 12x15; Dining Room 12x16
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4, 5, 6 Rooms and Bath, Parquet Floors, with ample closet room.
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Choicest "home" apartments in Upper New York for the price; near Park, "L" station and surface lines; 6 and 7 rooms, bath; full service, elevator, and generous treatment; only $40 to $57. Diagrams and particulars of Superintendent or
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Beautiful 5 room Apartments, $37.00; telephones, etc.

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414 WEST 118TH STREET
Six rooms and bath, $40 to $50.
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Thoroughly modern elevator houses. All-night service. Vacuum cleaner for tenants. Apply on premises.

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5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

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LOWEST RENTS, ELEVATOR APTS. St. Thomas, corner 178th St. and Amsterdam Av.; 4, 5, 6, 7 outside rooms; every improvement conceivable; facing Highbridge Park; $35-$55.

No. Manhattan apartment at the same rental equals the luxurious Belfort, corner Post Street and Hamilton Av., near Van Cortlandt Park; 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, $45, $50, $60, $70. Gerbereux Co., 369 South Broadway, Yonkers.

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Seven-room apartment, furnished or unfurnished, at sacrifice until Oct. 1st. 507 West 111th St.

West Side.

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Riverside Drive, Cor. 99th St.
A new 11 story Fireproof Building.
Just Completed.
Largest rooms of any house on Riverside Drive.
7, 8 AND 9 ROOMS,
WITH LARGE FOYER,
2 AND 3 BATHS.
Rents, $1,500 to $2,600.
Concessions to those renting now.
Agent on premises, or
Calder & Nassoit,
B'way and 105th St. Tel., 8380—River.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
316 W. 20TH ST.
THE ADRIAN.
All improvements, including elevator service, electric lights, 'phone, &c.; SUITES OF FOUR AND FIVE ROOMS, rent $540-$660.
Booklet on application. Apply on premises or
CUSHMAN, 240 WEST 23D.

BERKELEY ARMS,
220 to 232 West 95th St.,
OVERLOOKING RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Handsome, up-to-date apartments; beautiful view of Hudson River; telephone in each apartment; Subway express station; 5-6-7 rooms; rent $45-$75. Telephone 4174—River.

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Corner of 51st Street.
Exclusive New Apartments. All outside rooms.
ONE APARTMENT ON EACH FLOOR
Ten and Twelve rooms and five baths. Servants quarters separate.
Refrigerator, vacuum cleaner, &c.

Duplex apartment, two bedrooms, bath, large, sunny parlor, at 35 East 30th St., from now till October; make your own offer. For appointment telephone Mr. Wagstaff, Rector 1040, or write 25 East 30th St.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET, Handsome apartment; 8 large, light rooms.

West Side.

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318-328 West 51st St.
Beautiful modern apartments, 6 and 8 large, light rooms; electricity; elevator. Apply Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van-load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

93d St., 102 West.—Overlooking Park; all improvements; 7 rooms and bath; rent, $70. Janitor on R. T. Mackay, 6 Wall St.

88d St., 320 West.—8 rooms and bath, overlooking Riverside; rent, $80. Janitor or R. T. Mackay, 6 Wall St.

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The feeling of being "cooped in" need never be yours!
Just take one of these Apartments with the Private Park. Play tennis—breathe the fresh air—live out in the open, though right in New York City.
Rentals, too, are very moderate in
The A-RE-CO Apts.
At Simpson Street Subway Station
Only 30 minutes from Downtown
ELEVATOR 4 to 6 rooms All-night Service
NON-ELEVATOR 4 to 6 rooms $21 to $33
Large, light, perfectly ventilated rooms. Electric lights. Hardwood floors. Artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Free Tennis Courts, Swings, Sand Piles, etc., in our Private A-RE-CO Park
Apply to Rental Office, 1028 Simpson Street (at Simpson Street Subway Station). Take Lenox Ave. Express.

"The Hunts Point"
Most Modern Elevator Apartment in City.
163D AND SIMPSON STS. SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
Come here FIRST, then look the entire city over, if you please.
You will be convinced that there are none better anywhere.
Others APPRECIATE and KNOW the BEST Apartment besides yourself. COME TO-DAY. To-morrow may be too late.
Faces THREE wide streets and a PRIVATE PARK. Tennis and Croquet for the sole use of the tenants.
HANDSOMEST ENTRANCE HALL IN THE CITY
Conveniences that every woman has wanted and been unable to find until now.
Apartments of 3 and 4 rooms, kitchenette and bath; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 1 to 3 baths, at the extremely low
Rents, $300 to $1,000
HENRY MORGENTHAU CO.,
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Open for inspection day and night.

The Glenmore JUST OPENED
Seven light, large rooms; high-class locality. RENTS $33.
VYSE AV., CORNER 167TH ST., two blocks north from Simpson St. Subway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

TO RENT FOR THE SUMMER TO DESIRABLE TENANT. A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT ON THE MOST ATTRACTIVE PART OF RIVERSIDE DRIVE. ELEVEN ROOMS AND THREE BATHS. OVERLOOKS THE RIVER, WITH VIEW NORTH AND SOUTH AND IS IN SIGHT OF THE SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' MONUMENT. COOL AND EXCEEDINGLY COMFORTABLE, WITH EXQUISITE SUNSETS. INQUIRE SUPT., 194 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

A party leaving town for the Summer will sublet, cheaply, their five-room bath apartment, fully furnished; electric light, shower bath, private telephone; convenient to Subway, elevated, and Drive. F. H. Turner, 515 West 124th St.

Handsomely appointed, elegantly furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; 38th St., near 5th Av.; reasonable terms to desirable tenant. Can be seen upon application to L. J. Phipps & Co., 432 5th Av.

478 CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Six windows and balcony facing Park; 7 rooms; artistically furnished; high-class building; every convenience; $75 month, June 1 to Oct. 1. Newton, 'phone 1386 River.

101st St., West.—Cosy, comfortable furnished 5-room apartment; will sublet 4 rooms or all; all conveniences; reasonable. Miss Nellson, 10 Manhattan Av.

Furnished or unfurnished five-room elevator apartment to September; near 110th St. Subway; Park Court, Apartment 64, 403 West 115th St.

Elegant bachelor apartment, front; completely furnished; piano; telephone 2190 Audubon. Pickett, 542 West 147th St.

Sublet, June to October, furnished, five-room apartment; references. L., Apartment 61, 504 West 122d St.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

To Rent—At Spuyten Duyvil; furnished or unfurnished; country house; 10 rooms and stable; for Summer or by the year. Address John Ewen, 45 Cedar Street.

High-class Furnished Rooms and Boarding Houses in desirable locations advertised on Page 19.

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WATER FRONT PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN
Buildings, Floors, Yards and Piers FOR LEASE
Direct Connection With All Railroads
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$100 DOWN; $8 MONTHLY.
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3 lots near trolley and depot; fine bathing beach; good boating and fishing; select neighborhood; all improvements; sidewalks, curbing, shade trees, macadamized streets; only 32 minutes to City Hall; worth $1,600; will sell for $900 cash, or cheap on terms to suit; this is a good chance to make several hundred in six months; must sell; write for maps and particulars. Bledenkapp, 1,100 Broadway, Brooklyn. (1 flight up.)

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New 9-room house, all improvements, in best section, including 3 lots; terms $500 down, balance $25 monthly; free commutation for one year. Also, have few choice lots desirable for investment or speculation; sold on payment of $10 down, balance small monthly installments. Write for tickets and particulars. Owner, Box 7 Floral Park, N. Y.

BELLEROSE.
Villas and Villa Plots.
Artistic high-class homes at minimum prices. Landscaped streets. Fully restricted. Beautiful $10,000 Pennsylvania, main line, station on property, 23 minutes from Herald Square; also trolley; elevation 85 feet. Booklet upon request.
UNITED HOLDING COMPANY,
1,007 Flatiron Building, N. Y. C.

SOUTHAMPTON
& SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to rent. Lists on application. Plans and photographs of houses at office.
J. METCALFE THOMAS
19 LIBERTY ST., N. Y.

Large, elegant house to rent at Locust Valley for Summer season; completely furnished, including stable, garage, automobile, two cows, and gardeners to care for farm and grounds; garden planted with all kinds of vegetables and small fruits; everything in first-class condition; owner going abroad. Apply Hand, 1,270 Broadway.

If you want HOMESITES or SMALL FARMS in nearby suburbs on Long Island, send for a free copy of the
A. B. C. OF SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.
It tells what you want to know.
J. F. MINCHER, Dept. E, 351 5th Av., N. Y. C.

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3 CENTS A DAY buys a lot at Beautiful Patchogue Manor, adjoining 4 R. R. stations. Titles free and guaranteed. Write for particulars H. 150 Times, Times Sq.

Will dispose of one-acre chicken farm, 30 minutes from city; near depot; best of soil; price $1,000; $100 cash, $10 monthly until paid. Rogers, 393 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A.—A NEW ROW OF $14,000
three-story brick and limestone two-family houses, conceded the best planned houses in Bronx. Near Grand Concourse, Jerome Av., and line of new Broadway-Lexington Av. Subway. Price for next 30 days, $12,700 each. Buy now before the boom. Apply on premises. Wm. E. Diller, Walton Av. and 165th St.

ONE-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES,
Briggs Av., North of 194th St., Fordham.
ALSO ONE-FAMILY FRAME HOUSES, 263-265 Kingsbridge Road, facing Poe Park.
Wm. H. Wright & Son, Inc., Builders.

Bathgate Av., corner, 55x87, with brick house, barns; $15,000. Edward Polak, 4,030 3d Av.

Owner will sell two freehold lots; only 25 minutes from city; for $1.25 weekly you can build your own house. Suburbs, Box D 119 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FARM WANTED
About one hundred acres, within commuting distance of New York City; lease for a term of years with privilege of buying.
ROBERT S. FINNEY, 103 Park Av., N. Y.

Wanted, from owners only, first-class suburban hotel costing $25,000 or less, market value. J. S. Drake, Broker, 42 Broadway.

CASH buyers for Bronx and Westchester County properties. CLEMENT H. SMITH. 464 Tremont Av.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Sullivan Co.
A city man's country home. Situate halfway between the County Seat and Liberty, on the line of the new State road to be built from New York to Buffalo. Good farm of over 73 acres; house 15 rooms, with all improvements, including hot water heat; 7-room tenant house; new wagon house, 40x60; stable with room for five horses and 18 cows; many other buildings. Trout brook, good woodland, large orchard. Elevation above the sea, 1,200 ft. Owner is dead and entire property will be sold for less than cost of dwelling. Terms easy.
JOHN D. LYONS, Monticello, N. Y.

Summer Cottages
Fisher's Island, N. Y., off New London, Ct.
Sound and ocean boating, bathing; fine roads; golf course, tennis courts; all outdoor sports; very accessible; cottages nicely furnished; modern conveniences; meals at Mansion House if desired; housekeeping and non-housekeeping. Booklet.
A most desirable place to spend the Summer.
WM. F. INGOLD, MGR.,
Hotel Arlington, 18 W. 25th St., N. Y.

For sale or rent, 2 new cottages, 6 and 11 rooms, furnished or unfurnished; overlooking beautiful lake; 600 feet shore front; also farm 218 acres; keep 25 cows; cuts 60 tons hay; new 15-room house; 4 large barns; 6 springs; large brook; must dispose of to settle estate. Address Owner, Box 9, Monticello, N. Y.

Harvard, Delaware County, N. Y.—House and farm of 20 acres, 20 rooms and bath; fruit trees, range, and cellar; price $6,500; mortgage $2,500; take good Brooklyn property and $1,000 cash in exchange; 1,500 feet from depot. Schirp & Solch, 105 Lexington Av., near 28th St. Subway and "L."

For Sale, or will rent furnished for the season, camp on East Shore of Lake Placid; one mile from Brewster's Landing; suitable for family of five persons; full supply of firewood and ice on hand. For particulars apply to owner, J. W. Clark, 31 Nassau St.

For Sale or Rent.—8-room cottage in Chappaqua, N. Y.; all improvements; 7 minutes' walk from station; also farm near Danbury, Conn.; new buildings. For particulars write A. K. Heath, Mount Kisco, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Delightful country home; 90 acres; twelve-room brick house; spring water, trout brook; near golf links; two miles depot; $3,500, $2,000 cash. F. L. Wentworth, Winsted, Conn.

Moderate-priced building sites, bungalows, and shore cottages for sale; to rent, furnished and unfurnished, at Shorelands, Sound Beach, Conn. P. O. Box 84.

If you want competent Help read the Situation Wanted advertisements on Page 19.

MAY STOP ALL WORK ON NEW CATHEDRAL

Carpenters Forced to Strike and Delegates Threaten to Call Out Other Trades.

A FIGHT ON CONTRACTORS

Union Declares Boston Woodwork Firm Is Unfair—The Company Gets Out an Injunction.

All building work on the Cathedral of St. John the Divine may be abruptly stopped and the long-heralded opening of the cathedral's choir and crossing may be indefinitely postponed merely because the architects of the cathedral happened some time ago to let the contract for installing the organ casement to a certain Boston fancy woodwork firm. Because it has maintained an "open shop" this firm, Irving & Casson ,has been on the "unfair list" of the United Carpenters and Joiners of America for the last four years. Since 1906 many of Irving & Casson's contracts have been "struck" by the union, according to evidence presented to the United States Circuit Court here yesterday. The carpenters' union has been trying to force Irving & Casson to maintain a union shop or to force various architectural firms to break their contracts with Irving & Casson, the affidavits say.

A representative of the Carpenters and Joiners' Union visited the cathedral a fortnight ago, called off all the union men who were installing the organ casement at the cathedral, and announced that if Irving & Casson put non-union men on the job he would "pull out all the other trades."

Facing a general strike, every one who is connected with the cathedral is anxious, fearing that the opening of the choir and crossing may be indefinitely delayed. As for Irving & Casson, they have decided to make the long attacks which the Carpenters and Joiners' Union has made on them a test case. They are going to carry it from court to court until they find out whether or not they shall be allowed to manage their business without fear and threat. They hold that the sympathetic strikes which the unions have threatened to call against their various jobs in the last four years are "conspiracies." Through their attorney, Walter Gordon Merritt, they have asked Judge Ward, in the United States Circuit Court, for an injunction restraining the carpenters' union delegates from practising the various forms of "interference" which they have practiced in the past.

More than this, Irving & Casson have asked Judge Ward to restrain the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America from publishing and circulating the following sections of the union's by-laws:

> Any member proved guilty of using the product of any person, firm, or mill, who has been declared unfair by their District Council, or working for any person, firm, or mill who have thus been declared unfair, shall be fined ten dollars ($10) for each offense.

And the following section:

> Any person of this United Brotherhood who is required to put up material not bearing this union label (the carpenters' union label) shall forthwith report the facts to the business agent in writing. Failing to do this he shall be fined.

If the United States Circuit Court agrees to enjoin the union permanently from printing and circulating these by-laws, and if the higher courts sustain the United States Circuit Court's injunction, the "unfair list," which is frankly published by the carpenters' and other unions in this country, will become illegal and will be suppressed, according to lawyers and labor men yesterday.

The trouble at the cathedral between Irving & Casson and the Carpenters' Union began two weeks ago, according to the affidavit of one of the carpenters. The carpenter was installing the organ casement with three union carpenters when Delegate Daniel French of the union strolled into the catthedral and told the four men, in the name of the union, to quit work because all woodwork such as casements, &c., made by Irving & Casson was "unfair." By "unfair" is meant, according to the papers, merely that it has been made by non-union labor. The carpenter, not wanting to quit his job if he could help it, went down to the union headquarters next morning.

"When can we go back to our work in the cathedral?" he says he asked Delegate Joseph Crimmins.

"Not until Irving & Casson have a 'fair' shop in Boston—a shop in which all the carpenters are members of the Brotherhood," he says the delegate answered. "If you put a non-union men, I will close up that job as tight as a drum."

The carpenter then hunted up Delegate French in a Lexington Avenue saloon.

"Won't you let the men come back on the job?" he says he asked.

"No, not until Irving & Casson have a union shop," he says the delegate answered. "If Irving & Casson put non-union men on the job I will pull out all the other trades, too."

Since these conversations took place, two weeks ago, nothing more has been done toward installing the beautiful woodwork and carvings of the cathedral's organ casement. The Trustees, architects, and other contractors of the cathedral have lived in daily terror of having a general strike called which would tie up the progress of the edifice entirely.

Last Saturday Irving & Casson obtained an order from Judge Ward, in the United States Circuit Court, restraining the Carpenters' Union and all its delegates from calling the work on the cathedral "unfair" or "on strike," or inducing any men to cease work on it because of Irving & Casson's connection with it. Whether or not an injunction against the union shall be issued will be argued in the Circuit Court on Friday. Yesterday United States Marshal Henkel spent most of his time serving the union's delegates with Judge Ward's order, while Mr. Casson searched the town for non-union men to finish installing the casement.

Mr. Casson's affidavit tells a remarkable story of how a business firm may be pursued by unionism. The firm has had a branch office in this city at 376 Fifth Avenue. For many years prior to 1906, according to Casson, his firm, although it paid union wages and gave union hours, found itself in constant difficulties with the union in different cities. Then it posted up a shop notice that it intended to run an open shop.

The firm shortly after got the woodwork contract for the R. H. Beard house, in East Sixty-eighth Street. The Carpenters' Union, according to the affidavit, first threatened the architect with a general strike if he didn't break his contract with Irving & Casson, and then it called out all the carpenters. An officer of the local Carpenters' Union subsequently called on Irving & Casson and said he would make it his business to see that the firm would work in no buildings in this city so long as it maintained an open shop.

Because of persistent persecutions of the union, according to Mr. Casson's affidavit, the woodwork firm had to install the mantelpieces of the Gainsborough Studios in Fifty-ninth Street, at night.

Mr. Casson's affidavit describes his experiences with the union during attempts to install woodwork in other New York houses. He points out that the name of his firm was catalogued as "unfair" without any attempt at concealment by the union in various pamphlets widely circulated by the union and in The Carpenter Magazine.

Garden City Golf Tournament.

Champions past and present have entered for the invitation golf tournament to begin over the links of the Garden City Golf Club to-morrow. Walter J. Travis, the metropolitan title holder, will be on hand, as usual, prepared to continue his sequence of victories, unbroken for a number of years. Frederick Herreshoff will again endeavor to lower the veteran's colors, and so will Jerome D. Travers of Montclair. The former National champion sent in his entry yesterday and report has it that he is rapidly getting on his game.

An entry from Harold Wilcox, an erstwhile metropolitan champion, has also been received. Another who has sent in his name is Percy Pyne, second, a former intercollegiate champion and runner-up to Wilcox in the 1904 metropolitan. "Spotty", Bowers of Brooklawn and James D. Foot of Apawamis will also compete. Already upward of ninety entries have been received. Players will qualify in the sixteens.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Entries and Withdrawals Cannot Be Made After Regular Office Hours.

The principle was laid down yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that customs officers are not required to accept entries or permit withdrawals of imported merchandise after the official closing hour.

The case decided yesterday by the board stands in the name of Gallagher & Ascher of Chicago. It appears that on Aug. 5, 1909, the date of the passage of the Payne tariff law, the importers called at the office of the Collector of the Port of Chicago, and, finding the door open, entered and tendered to a Deputy Collector whom they found inside withdrawal entries of certain goods, and offered to pay the duties thereon, which the Deputy Collector refused to accept.

The importers were desirous of withdrawing the merchandise from bond before the new tariff became effective in order to escape the provisions of the new law as regards charges. The entries were made on the following day and the rates specified under the Payne act exacted. The contention of the importers is that their offer to enter the goods at 5:30 P. M. Aug. 5 should be treated as tantamount to an entry and duty assessed under the Act of 1897. General Appraiser Hay, however, in his decision denies the contention.

The General Appraiser overrules the claim in this language: "There is nothing in the testimony to show that the hours designated had been prolonged by the Collector, or that there was any necessity or interest of the public service that required it. The testimony does not show that the office of the Collector was kept open any longer on the 5th of August than the regular time, 4:30, and the mere fact that a Deputy Collector was found in the office out of office hours and the office doors unlocked does not give an importer any more right to make an entry at that time than if a Deputy Collector should be found in the office on Sunday, or the importer should meet him on the street and offer to make his entry."

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF Appeals—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—27—Matter of Barge Tommy. 208—Guffey Pet Co v. Coastwise Co. 209—Coastwise Co. v. Guffey Pet Co. 240—Leonard v. Harlem. 248—Tweedie Trading Co v. Vangstad. 249—Press Pub Co. v. Newkith. 261—Newman-Erb Tug & Manf. Co. 262—Alexander v. Richmond. 263—Taylor Dredging Co v. P R R. 264—In re Coin. 265—Hudson Oil Supply Co v. Tug H A Baxter.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J. Jury calendar. 46—Ohman v. City of N Y. 111—Hartigan v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 128 U S v. Bolognesia. 132—Calasurdo v. C R R of N J. 145—Susswein v. Penn Steel Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 334—Le Compte Mfg. Co v. Aschenbach & Sons Co. 335—Chenkin v. Lapinkan. 253—Walker v. Abarn. 336—Schnaier v. Onward Const Co. 322, 323—Saracena v. Lambrecht. 337—Prezewski v. Bardsley. 280—Kershaw v. Steuer. 340—Reynolds v. Ireland. 344—White v. Glauer. 345—Silberzweig v. Liverpool & London & Globe Ins Co. 347—Saxner v. Wingate Co. 349—People v. Idone. 350—Berger v. Hermann. 353—Knaisch v. Joline. 354—Clinton v. Boehm.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—Seabury, Guy, and Bijur, JJ.—For hearing appeals from City and Municipal Courts.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—McCall, J.—Lltigated motions. 1—Packer v. Wolworth. 2—Arnold v. Greene Gold-Silver Co. 3—In re White Plains Road. 4—Gadonneix v. Gadonneix. 5—Kolb v. City of N Y. 6—Dittenhoefer v. same. 7—Sala v. Sala. 8—Jack's v. Pagano. 9—Riley v. Pincus. 10—Weitz v. Goldstein. 11—Bates v. Yankee Girl Gold Mines. 12—Eisner v. Krulewitch. 13—Whitten v. Bouton. 14—Jones v. Jones. 15—Wynne v. Wechsler. 16—In re Iron Masters' Realty Co. 17—Gadonneix v. Gadonneix. 18—Corkrey v. Daniels. 19—Essayan v. Essayan. 20—Salbach v. Salbach. 21—Hall v. Tevis. 22, 23—Henderson v. Nelson. 24—Gorlitzer v. Woltberg. 25—Van Hise v. Underhill. 26—Hassam v. Platt. 27—De George v. De George. 28—Widmer v. Widmer. 29—Haenelt v. Haenelt. 30—Freeland v. Smith Co. 31—Winkler v. Levin. 32—Jones v. Kelly. 33—Marron v. Marron. 34—De Hirsch Home for Working Girls v. Greenblatt. 35—Polizzi v. Consol Chandelier Co. 36—Morrison v. Levine. 37—King v. Herbst. 38, 39—Ziegler v. Ziegler. 40—Gosnell v. Houseman. 41—Hollander v. Gruber. 42—Camp Mfg Co v. Wiley. 43—Petzo v. Petzo. 44—Switzerland Gen Ins Co v. N Y C & H R R R. 45—Herburger v. Herburger. 46—Lippinier v. Lippinier. 47—Steinfeld v. Case. 48—Harrison v. Hartford Life Ins Co. 49—Collins v. Pennell. 50—Hottenroth v. Flaherty. 51—McCulloch v. McCulloch. 52—Gutherr v. Gutherr. 53—Caracena v. Caracena. 54—Buchler v. Tragidis. 55—Brown v. Brown. 56—Oppenheimer v. McHeffrey. 57—Gasstrom v. Bjork. 58—Ruhle v. Sackett, &c, Co. 59—Turk v. Thompson, &c, Co. 60—Vahey v. same. 61—Comhekas v. Georgeadis. 62, 63—Ernst v. Hugo Stinnes Av Const Co. 64—Allen v. Allen. 65—Jennings v. Jennings. 66—Bank of Montreal v. U S Banking Co. 67—Green v. Felton. 68—Lutz v. Lloyd. 69—In re Scott. 70—Morris Heights Realty Co v. Murphy. 71—Hapole v. Wright. 72—In re Sparrow. 73—Palmer v. Risch-Haef Realty, &c, Co. 74—Bloodgood v. Kings County Trust Co. 75—Wormser v. Rosendale. 76—Mulqueen v. Duffie. 77—McNamara v. City of N Y. 78—Page v. Globe, &c, Fire Ins Co. 79—Mallory v. Ehrlich. 80—In re Gould. 81—Jefferson Bank v. Garey. 82—Montague v. Goodwin. 83—Wood v. Wood. 84—Harrison v. Hartford Life Ins Co. 85—Grant v. Canada Con Copper Co. 86—People v. Board of Education. 87—Mash v. State Bank. 88—Benson v. Westergreen. 89—Chaiman v. State Bank. 90—Bloodgood v. Kings County Trust Co. 91—Wood v. Stow. 92—Leerburger v. Hennessey Realty Co. 93—Chelsea Realty Co v. Uhlfelder. 94—Deutsch v. Robinson. 95—Miller v. Douglass. 96—East v. East. 97—Marks v. United Bank Note Corp. 98—Bickmore v. Miller.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Whitney, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Mctions. Demurrer. 2501—Schwartzkopf v. McLarney. Preferred cases. 5141—Budd v. Quinn. General calendar. 3206—White v. Waters. 4484—Elgar v. Boyle. 4930—Hayes v. Sobel. 4439—Leach v. Leach. 4694—Thomas v. Thomas. 4804—Berger Mfg Co v. Met Mero and Realty Co. 4702—Edit v. Edit. 4321—Ward v. Ward. 3211—Sheehan v. Eastern Beef Co. 4905—Maloney v. Katzenstein. 4408—City Equity Co v. Housman. 4499—Eagle v. Eagle. 4502—Middle v. Holden. Undefended divorces. 5706—Guggenheim v. Guggenheim. 5710—Craig v. Craig. 5711—Koerncke v. Koerncke. 5718—Gerlach v. Gerlach. 5714—Dennis, Jr, v. Dennis. 5649—Freed v. Freed. 5654—Jenikoff v. Jenikoff. 5657—Rott v. Rott. 5721—Johnson v. Johnson. 5680—Hanover v. Hanover. 5861—Duross v. Duross. 5862—Fluhart v. Fluhart. 5863—Tuckerman v. Tuckerman. 5864—Johnson v. Johnson. 5865—Whelan v. Whelan. 5866—Leonard v. Leonard. 5867—McShaffrey v. McShaffrey. 5868—Bopp v. Bopp. 5869—Brandies v. Brandies. 5870—Axt v. Axt. 5871—Willard v. Willard. 5872—Mishkind v. Mishkind. 5873—Schrater v. Schrater. 5874—Gatling v. Gatling. 5875—Hoffman v. Hoffman. 4690—Sharp v. Sharp. 4623—Hurwitz v. Hurwitz. 4824—Sanborne v. Sanborne. 5049—Zinn v. Zinn. 5049—Gibbs v. Gibbs. 5051—Stez v. Stez. 5681—Carter v. Carter. 5651—Stewart v. Stewart. 5281—White v. White. 5693—Sandler v. Sandler. 5700—Hill v. Hill. 5708—Whitton v. Whitton. 5715—Atwater v. Atwater. 5862—Francone v. Francone. 5354—Hodde v. Hodde.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Certiorari and special franchise cases.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Fitzgerald, J.—1—Morris Ray.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part II.—Newburger, J.—7868—Carpenter v. Fox. 7315—People ex rel Dyer v. McClellan. 7382—Gleichenhaus v. Bishop & Babcock Co. 7268—Coy, Hunt & Co v. Jurginson. 7492—Friedman v. Korn. 7262—Kurland v. Korn. 7261—Adler v. Washington. 7404—Same v. Garry. 7418—Susswein v. Gainsborough Construction Co. 7411—Tanerstein v. German Union Fire Ins Co of Balt. 6995—O'Beirne v. Kelly. 6981—Racich Asbestos Mfg Co v. Wolf. 7434—Tetlow, Madine, & Co. 7407—Lord Baltimore Press v. Dattilo. 5675—Hudson Trust Co v. Judd. 7476—Drayton v. Bates. 7402—J W Cooney Co v. Davis. 6980—Pratt v N Y Mercantile Exchange. 6875 — Grissler v. Grissler. 7237—Kempner v. Darlington. 6340—Hammond v. Bamcroft. 7032—Miller v. Douglass. 6965—Hess v. Frank. 6516—George v. U S Light. 6616, 6617, 6618—Hammond Packing Co v. Harvey.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part III.—Blanchard, J.—1205—Whitney v. Central R R of N J. 1245—Ruda v. Joline. 1240—Mahan v. same. 1056—Mandelberg v. Nassau Elec R R. 58—Mullerielle v. Int R T Co and City of N Y. 1134—Sullivan v. Int R T Co. 730—Walter v. Joline. 854—Ulrich v. Bklyn Union El R R. 1653—Lauterbach v. City of N Y. 1215—Dwyer v. N Y City-Int Ry. 849—Vacarezza v. S I R T Co. 880—Young v. Cent R R. 916—Frey v. same. 984—Doyle v. same. 1016—Liebman v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 1074—Jenkins v. C I & B R R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Hendrick, J.—7241—Hausman v. City of N Y. 3811—Helger v. Schulthels. 3718—F Miller v. Hayden. 3719—H Miller v. same. 2966—Erlauschek v. Kramer. 3757—Nadelman v. Leventhal. 2970—Garfinkel v. Segesshneider. 3038—Gismano v. City of N Y. 3851—Bley v. same. 3834—Malaverneri v. Turner Const Co. 3856, 3857—Jasper v. Rosenberg. 3759—Benson v. Westergreen. 3820—Wise v. Schlesinger. 3190—Poirier v. Acme Bldg Co. 3871—O'Keefe v. O'Beirne. 3875—Kearney v. Knitzer. 3879—Viscausi v. Olson. 3894—Kearney v. Seymour. 3868—Tasker v. Upper Saranac Assn. 3900—Brush v. Buffett. 2215—Troiano v. Cohen. 3480—Duffie v. Dennis. 3554—Williams v. City of N Y. 7312—Prialo v. C H Southard Wreck & Truck Co. 7268—Pfeiffer v. City of N Y. 7244—Vahey v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 2941¼—Peters v. Marvin. 3155—Bedell v. Press Pub Co. 3881—Wechster v. Pinto. 3893—Hoesel v. Ernst. 3727—Kantrowitz v. Schwartz. 3772, 3773—Fischer v. Gies. 88—Vedral v. Roebling Const Co. 90—Quarles v. same. 92—Eagan v. Same. 93—Mayer v. same. 94—Kelly v. same. 97—Whalen v. same. 3705—Herman v. City of N Y. 3737—Volz v. same. 3973—Singer v. Gibbons. 3983—McNulty v. Straus. 3915—Constantino v. City of N Y. 3917, 3918—Falk v. Greenspan. 3919—Goldman v. same. 3927—Levy v. Barris. 3937—Warn v. McCollum. 3945—Claar v. Kelly.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J. Inquest 5268—Filler v. Clentano. Inquest 5422—Peck v. McCabe. 4979—Reilly v. Kelly. 4415—Aldrich v. Thompson. 4066—Sulinsky v. Zimmerman. 2584—Cornell Mills v. Brettill & Bray Co. 4347—Speers v. Leonard. 4877—Frawley v. City of N Y. 4266—Rosenstock v. Metzger. 3963—Asphalt Pav & Const Co v. City of N Y. 3964—Same v. same. 3073—Condict v. Onward Const Co. 3940—Southeimer Emb Mfg Co v. same. 4528—Strinsky v. Mayer. 4414—Ohio German Fire Ins Co v. Du Four. 3913—Crompton v. Search. 6772—City of N Y v. Matthews. 5212—Axelrod v. Tandler. 5306—Blair v. Milazzo. 5315—Goldberg v. Rashkin. 5345—Condin v. Bleekman. 5361—Harris v. Mausel Mfg Co. 5380—Conley v. Bregstein. 5381—Fonda v. same. 5419—Conell v. Williston. 5449—Daily v. Browne. 5104—Ring v. Phillips. 4554—Diederick v. E Spencer Hall Co. 4925—Carpenter v. Hammond. 5140—Jackson v. Vail. 3549—Sand v. White. 6702—Fitzgerald v. City of N. Y. 7296—Barry v. same. 4963—Ladd v. N Y Handle Wrecking Co. 4521—Ortelero v. Centrade. 4716—Oriental Bank v. Am Bonding Co. 4842—Shields v. Fenhart. 1561—Schulthies v. Caughey. 4462—Universal Talking Mach Co v. Lauday. 3718—Gross v. Newman. 4090—Newman v. Gross. 5458-59—Reyhil v. Valentine. 5511—Westminster Presb Church v. Trustees, &c. Pressbytery. 5550—Kennedy v. Stein. 5568—Hoffman v. Brooks. 5575—Gartner v. Twingston. 5582—McNicholas v. Meade. 5633—Crounse v. Buffalo German Fire Ins Co. 5861—Matthews v. Grombach.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S. —Wills for probate. Ann Gray, Samuel H. Michelsin, Francis Jordan, Congetta Dinola, Philip D. Nash, Lawrence McDermott, Francis A. Watson, Peter Handebode, Joseph M. Alexander, Bridget Mulqueen.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., McAvoy, J.; Part II., Finelite, J.; Part III., Smith, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., La Petra, C. J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 7099—Arnold v. Schmeidler. 7109—Moulton v. Whitridge. 7110—Brandford v. same. 7121—Schussler v. Hudson Automobile Co. 7134—Epstein v. Myers. 7146—Bruno v. Levy. 8205½—Goldstein v. Penn R. R. 7052—Shultz v. Lollatan. E. & R. 7156—Bell v. Wenius v. Light. 7156—Fitzsimmons v. Bell. 7159—Glaser v. Wisoff. 7160—Failing v. Calumet Const Co. 7163½—Wolinski v. Wagner. 7168—Agide v. Ochse. 7169-70—Stechler v. McManus. 7171—Low v. Newman. 7173—Mofsie v. Empire Realty Co. 7177—Zelle v. Lipper. 7178—Mazzocco v. McCreery. 7181—Osofsky v. 21st St Building & C Co. 7184—Alkins v. Howard. 7185—Schroeder v. Interborough R T Co. 7187—Brody v. same. 7188—Tellenne v. Wells. 7191—Sullivan v. Schlesinger. 7192—Riddnilz v. Woolverton. 7193—Rage v. Hubner. 7194—Cohen v. Starr. 7195—Hoffman v. Barnett. 7196—Same v. same. 6650—Musher v. Rosenthal. 7197—Rose v. Bendel. 7198—Ribner v. Rosen. 7206—Gorman v. Am Credit Indemnity Co.

CITY COURT—Special Trial Part IV.—Cowper, C. J.—Short causes. 2087—Costello v. Illinois Surety Co. 2074—Italian Ben Soc. v. same. 2075—Caramonte v. same. 2076—Parascondola v. same. 2018—Damiano v. same. 2057—Guarrio v. same. 1901—Nadelman v. Flomerfelt Co. 2034—Konla v. Berndt. 2059—Wagner v. Rosenthal. 2063—Terry v. Mercadante. 2082—Bates v. Feld. 2089—Pabst Brew Co v. Fletcher. 2091—O J Gude Co v. Hurtig & Seamon. 2096—Warner v. Drachsel. 2098—Graham v. Bunting. 2101—Grundman v. Stein.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Whitney, J.—St. Helens v. Reese—Walter T. Wood. McConihe v. Duffy —Edward R. Finch.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Schneider v. McKee—Philip S. Hill.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—In re Davies —Isaac F. Russell. Commercial Trust Co. v. Cockerill—William C. Arnold. Hammer v. Arnold—James A. Farrell. In re White—Leo Leventritt.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Clara Lion v. Moses Salm—Leon A. Rains.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Woodward, Jenks, Burr, Thomas, Carr, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 461—Wells v. Howard. 462—Schwartz v. Lewis. 463 M. A.—Sanders v. N Y & B Brew Co. 464 M. A.—Burr Mfg Co v. Quick. 466—Raab v. Hudson Tel Co. 467—Porter v. Baldwin. 469 M. A.—Buchanan v. Stout. 471 M. A.—Lustig v. Livingston. 429—Wright v. Keesler. 408—Round v. McKay. 447—McGowan v. Blake. 172 N. E.—Dominge v. Dominge. 472—Kratenstein v. Weiss. 473 M. A.—Goldblum v. Mayor Co. 474 M. A.—Same v. Maynor Co. 475 M. A.—Breuner v. Hickler. 476—Wagner v. Astoria Mills. 477 M. A.—Dick v. L I R R. 478—London v. Epstein. 479—Jackson v. Meister. 480 M. A.—Peres v. Kleinert. 481 M. A.—Gordon v. Dancig. 482 M. A.—Sorapure v. Schaeffer. 483—Berner v. B H R R. 484 M. A.—Berns v. Braccini. 485 M. A.—Wetter v. Kleinert. 486—Overton v. Williams. 489 M. A.—Solomon v. Gavrelewich. 490 M. A.—Ott v. McCormick.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Clark, J.—Demurrers. 4770—Cehio v. Fischer. 4371—Heffernon. v. N Y Taxicab Co. Issues of fact. 4404—Shipman v. Co of Westchester. 2948—Edwards v. Edwards. 2902, 3038—Felicekok (2 cases) v. Cowperthwait. 4687—Schwenn v. Dartmouth Realty Co. 4689—Jackson v. same. 4696—Oelrich v. Oelrich. 4707—Cary v. Coney Isl R R Co. 4710—Spore v. Spore. 4720—Hauxhurst v. Hauxhurst. 4110—Kammerer v. Panitz. 4725—Pollak v. Pollak. 4726—Ketchum v. Beneficial Realty &c., Co. 4730—Speciale v. Vitblo. 4235—Kelly v. Buck. 4645—Strittmatter v. Strittmatter.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Blackmar, J. Part II.—Maddox, J. Part III.—Stapleton, J. Part IV.—Scudder, J. Part V.—Kelly, J. Part VI.—Jaycox, J. Part VII.—Marean, J. 7345—McMahon v. Nassau Trust Co et al. 8679—Smith v. Smith. 1297—Eisler v. B H R R. 2654—Hanley v. Friedman. 2669—Knoeckel v. Friedman. 2151—Danziger v. Gregory. 7410—Bklyn Fire Proof Sash Co v. Nesbitt & Co. 2785—Pittman v. City of N Y. 2731—Kastner v. B H R R. 3005—Finocchio v. Findley. 3006—Reid v. L I R R et al. 3007—Johnson v. L I R R et al. 3014—Keenan v. L I R R et al. 3009—Rumlowsky v. American Ice Co. 3017—Danzer v. Nathan. 3019—Meyers v. Edison Elec Co. 1962—Casey v. B H R R. 6400—Hirschberg v. Friedman Bros & Co. 2984—Nolan v. Nassau R R. 232—McDermott v. B H R R. 6015—Lane v. Conway. 3026—Casey v. Warner. 3027—Whidbee v. Foster Pump Works. 3029—Gibson v. Abernethy. 3036—Brown v. B H R R. 3038-3039—Murphy v. Nassau R R. 3040—Smith v. B H R R. 3043—Huther v. Nassau R R. 3045—Weiss v. B H R R. 3047—West v. New Express Co. 6126—Baumgold v. Baumgold. 3048—McDonough v. Rocky Road to Dublin. 3051—Walfeusohn v. C I & B R R. 3052—Dahlman v. C I & B R R. 3053-3054—Levinsky v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 3055—Woglom v. B H R R. 3058—De Bruyn v. Nassau R R. 287—Burns v. B H R R. 8396—Conti v. Prudential Ins Co. Highest number reached on regular call, 3060.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.—Part I.—Case on. 1023—Barnett v. Degnon Realty and Terminal Co. 1034—Barrell v. Gains. 1093—Nagel v. Astoria Veneer Mills. 1009—Volk v. Friedman. 999—Appel v. L I R R. 987—Zachman, as administrator, v. N Y & Queens Co Ry. 627—Paiscik v. B H R R. 996—Falne v. B, Q Co & Sub Ry. 1883—People ex rel. Daly v. Gresser, as President. 919—Donnelly v. B H R R. 1003—Dahlbender v. same. 992—Connelly v. same. 78—Kiely v. Rosenthal. 918—Kreier v. Bklyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry. 997—O'Donnell v. B H R R. 481—Swift v. N Y & Queens Co Ry. 1105—Whitbread v. L I R R. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 889—Thomerson v. Dunning and another. 1021—Meigs v. Royal Typewriter Co. 897—Etna Finance Co v. Bamberg. 846—Wolffe v. B H R R and another. 1273—Zucchino v. Hamburg-American S S Co. 984—Olsen v. McMullen. 834—Nugent v. Degnon Const Co. 695—Hughes v. L I R R. 756-7—Gordon v. City of N Y. 55—Schraub v. Kuhne et al. 988—Bedell v. L I R R. 752—Meyer v. Redmond et al. 550—Olsen v. Bainster Realty Co. 1011—Jannace v. Erie Ry. 113A—Gowdey v. Maltin and another. 1043—Monastic v. Naughton Co and another. 1092—Carson, as administratrix, v. Bklyn Union Elevated Ry. 1118—Arnold, as administrator, v. Murray. 1036—Olsen v. McMullen and another. 1037—Ferrazzuolo, as administratrix, v. Degnon R & T Co. 1038—Franz v. McDermott. 1039—Geyer, as administratrix, v. Wille. 1040—Appel v. L I R R. 1041—McNamara v. Senger and another. 1042—Birn v. Sperry & Hutchinson. Highest number reached on general calendar in its order, 1042.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J.—2700—People v. Dennis Timms. 2700—Same v. Joseph Sharkey. 2518—Same v. David Cunningham. 2549—Same v. Carmine Langone. 2550—Same v. same. 2551—Same v. Giovanni Solzano. 2552—Same v. same.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Keogh, J.; Part II., Morschauser, J.—647Malone v. King, Jr. 285—Bedford v. Powell. 743—Kendall v. Rec'r Westchester Elec R R Co. 744—Same v. same. 668—Fellows v. Card, individually and as executor, &c. 712—Pagnillo v. Mack Pav & Cons Co. 45—Curley v. City of New Rochelle. 65—Reider v. City of Mount Vernon. 165—Schirmer v. Rehill. 216—Wooh v. Westchester Lighting Co. 298—Bergin v. Halcyon Park Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 353—Dietz v. Maxwell-Briscoe Co. 360—Jaeckel v. Village of Briarcliff Manor. 396—Robertson v. Rec'r Westchester Elec R R Co. 367—Jacobert v. Green. 379—Brown v. Graff. 385—Powers v. Habishaw Wire Co. 387—Gilman v. Fox. 388—Jackman v. Berolzheimer. 390—Lott v. Lott. 391—Valentine v. Brown. 404—Rabinowitz v. Martin et al. 406—Jenkins v. Kahler et al. 408—Kassav v. Mack Pav & Cons Co. 415—Crissey v. Adams. 417—Nolan v. Kayser. 422—Cole v. Hatters' Fur Exch. 424—Coaney v. Stamford Motor Co. 425—Lent v. Walsh. 430—Sieman v. Ahman. 432—O'Meara v. N Y & Stamford Ry Co. 433—Messini v. Brunswick S S Co. 439—Manning v. Westchester Lighting Co. 442—Harris v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 444—Brockhausen v. same. 445—Fitzpatrick v. same. Highest number reached, 480.

NEW POINT IN BETTING LAW.

No Crime, Says Lawyer, Unless the Horse Wagered on Runs In the Race.

A legal pointof interest to the betting fraternity was raised yesterday on the argument of a writ of habeas corpus for John Stairs, one of ten men arrested recently in a raid on an alleged poolroom located in a hotel on the Bowery.

Matthias Radin, attorney for the prisoner, declared that his client should be released, because there was no evidence to show that the horse race on which Policeman Frederick C. Pel had said he had bet with Stairs had ever taken place. Radin argued that, in order to prove the crime of gambling under the statute, it must be shown that the horse bet on actually ran in he race alleged. Radin said Magistrate Barlow had erred in holding Stairs on incomplete evidence.

Assistant District Attorneys Johnson and Koenig appeared for the prosecution. Supreme Court Justice Whitney adjourned the argument till noon to-day to consult the authorities on the novel point raised. Several local betting men came to the Court House to await the outcome of the argument yesterday.

San Francisco Population 450,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—In an official statement made yesterday by Capt. George B. Baldwin, Director of the Census Bureau, he estimated that the census now being taken would show San Francisco's population to be approximately 450,000. Capt. Baldwin also estimates that there are fully 150,000 people residing at neighboring bay points interested in business in this city.

Denounces Ballinger's Critics.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 3.—A resolution indorsing Secretary Richard A. Ballinger and denouncing his critics as "enemies of good government and assassins of character" was adopted by the City Council last night. A copy of the resolution will be sent to the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

CHARLES GANS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Charles Gans, paper dealer at Port Chester, N. Y., show liabilities of $4,161, and assets of $1,465, consisting of stock, $500; accounts, $600; cash, $25; wagon and truck, $40, and claim in suit, $300.

PETER EISENSTEIN & CO., INCORPORATED.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Peter Eisenstein & Co., Incorporated, manufacturing jewelers, 5 Maiden Lane, show liabilities of $2,963, and assets of $1,585, consisting of stock, $200; machinery, $1,200; accounts, $175, and cash, $10.

MILES BROTHERS, INCORPORATED.—Judge Holt has appointed Guernsey Price receiver in bankruptcy for Miles Brothers, Incorporated, dealers in moving pictures, films, &c., at 259 Sixth Avenue, with a bond of $3,000, and authorized him to continue business twenty days, on application of Arthur Butler Graham. The liabilities are $20,000.

LEOPOLD LENZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Leopold Lenz, dealer in painters' supplies at 194 Rivington Street, by these creditors: August Koch, $375; Leopold Ascher & Co., $127, and Flohr & Harris, $38. Seaman Miller was designated special master. Judge Holt appointed Taylor More receiver. The liabilities are $15,000 and the assets $3,000.

RUBIN FELD.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rubin Feld, shoe dealer at 1,788 Madison Avenue, by these creditors: Samuel Sax, $200; Henry Frankel, $260, and Morris O. Braff, $240. It was alleged that he is insolvent, made preferential payments of $1,000, and transferred merchandise valued at $1,000. Judge Holt appointed John W. Loveland receiver. The liabilities are $3,000, and the assets, $2,000.

EDITH C. FORD.—Edith C. Ford, instructor of expression, elocution, reading, and music of 66 West Thirty-eighth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $7,896, and no assets. The debts are principally for loans, rent, advertising, books, chairs, drugs, doctor's bills, gowns, groceries, furniture, insurance, and telephone. Among the creditors are W. B. Coggswell, Syracuse, $3,700, loans; Miss Hattie Hill, Ithaca, $350, loan; Mr. Simons, $1,800, lease of 4 West Fortieth Street; Davenport & Laighton, $400, rent, 66 West Thirty-eighth Street.

ETHEL EDELMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Ethel Edelman, dealer in millinery at 1 Clinton Street, by these creditors: Bernard Radow, $134; Max Hoist, $178; Postman & Marksamer, $112; Solomon Flaum, $76, and Samuel Jonas, $74. It was alleged that she was insolvent, made preferential payments of $500, transferred merchandise valued at $1,000, and allowed several judgments to be rendered against her. Judge Holt appointed Henry P. Butler receiver. It was stated that all the stock, valued at $1,500, has been removed, and only the fixtures, worth about $25, were left. The liabilities are about $5,000.

GILLEN PRINTING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Gillen Printing Company of 608 to 614 West Forty-third Street by Guthrie, Bangs & Van Sinderen, attorneys for these creditors: James C. Higgins, $114,684, on an assigned claim for loans to the company made by one of the officers and directors of that officer; August Eltzen, $1,125, rent, and Davies & Nicol, $400, services as accountants. William H. Willis was designated as special master. The company was incorporated in 1893 with a capital stock of $25,000, which was afterward increased to $40,000. It made a specialty of theat

Lost.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—$200 reward, no questions asked; Monday night, April 25, either at Sherry's or between Sherry's and the Ansonia, or in a taxicab, crown-shaped diamond pin with star set at top, three stars in cents, and fourteen projecting diamonds around the sides; was lost between the hours of 11 and 1. Address F. Ziegfeld, Jr., New York Theatre Building.

LOST.—On April 30, in Long Island R. R. station, on special Long Island R. R. train, or on road from Westbury station to Wheatley, a pear-shaped emerald, ¾-inch long. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to Dana, 1 5th Av., city.

LOST—From 32d St. entrance of Hotel Imperial to 33d St. elevated station, or in Hotel Imperial, open face gold watch, initials "A. S. H.," with fob attached. Reward if returned to 7th floor, 14 West 38th St.

LOST—Monday afternoon, May 2, on 5th Av., between 17th and 26th Sts., silver watch, owner's name inside, small silver chain purse, both on silver fob; $10 reward, no questions asked, if returned to 21 East 9th St.

LOST—On April 27, white enameled four-leaf clover pin, small diamond, between St. Denis Hotel, Columbus and 23d St.; valued association; reward. Apartment 6, 152 East 22d St.

LOST.—Field glasses in case with initials "J. L. S.," at Belasco's Stuyvesant Theatre, back of stalls, last Tuesday night. J. L. Shine, Portland Hotel, West 47th St.; reward.

LOST—A gold watch, "H. B." on back; gold chain and knife attached; lost between 108th and 109th Sts. and Broadway; reward offered. Address 355 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—Saturday, brown stamped-leather bill fold, containing currency and cards. Finder notify 18 Lincoln St., New Rochelle; liberal reward. W. W. Fahnestock.

LOST.—Sunday between Sumner Av. and Prospect Park, wold bowknot pin; liberal reward when returned. Busing, 494B Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Amethyst brooch, Friday morning, between 56th and 57th Sts. Liberal reward if returned to B. Souto, 200 West 56th St.

LOST—Gold antique brooch, 23d St. ferry, Amsterdam Av. car; reward. Trantor, 90 Morningside West.

LOST—Tuesday morning, second floor Oppenheim-Collins, cut amethyst heart, gold chain. H 164 Times.

LOST—Bank Book No. 220,588, Harlem Savings Bank; payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—Passbook 1,369, Bronx Savings Bank, Tremont Av. Return before May 16.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Scotch collie; sable and black; white collar. Reward return 2,114 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

LIBERAL REWARD, no questions asked, for return horse and wagon lost Wednesday, 156th St. and Broadway. H. Fisher, 1,491 Amsterdam Av.

REWARD.—Lost, bulldog, with white breast; license of Norwich, Conn., 1909. Notify Alice Randolph, 222 West 58th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.
THE LAW:

"A person who finds lost property under circumstances which give him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use, or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without having first made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny."—New York State Penal Code.

Lost and Found advertisements for The New York Times may be left at any Advertising Agency, or call 1000 Bryant.

FOUND.—Lady's solitaire diamond ring. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av. and 37th St.

FOUND, May 4.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two packages.

FOUND, May 4.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Packages, umbrellas.

FOUND, May 4.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master's Office, Weehawken, N. J.: Package, grip.

FOUND, May 4.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Five packages, two pocketbooks, umbrella, small handbag.

FOUND, May 4.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: RAILROAD TRAINS—Pair shoes, four packages, neck fur, book, comb and brush and toothbrush, cloth bag, shaving brush, pajamas, overcoat, cape, papers, stickpin, military brush, coat hanger, spectacles, pants, pajama coat, four umbrellas. JERSEY CITY STATION—Suitcase. 23D ST. BOAT—Umbrella.

FOUND, May 4.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Bureau, Grand Central Station: Umbrella, package, bag, shawl, wallet.

FOUND, May 4.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA Fall River Line—Lady's neckpiece, nightshirt and comb, pipe and tobacco, 2 nightgowns, shaving soap, bath towel and feathers, rubbers, 1 glove. S. S. NEW HAMPSHIRE—Box stick pins, 2 combs, shoe horn. S. S. PROVIDENCE—Neck chain, 2 gloves, nail file, 2 empty pocketbooks, nightshirt, umbrella, sweater, pants hanger, key, night dress, overcoat, cap, book, pocketbook.

FOUND, May 4.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrellas, purse, wall paper, key, overalls, jumper, jug. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, book, music, newspaper, gloves, calendar, book, overalls, jumper, samples, package cloth, iron, fittings, coffee, cloth. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, purse, pocketbook, glasses, coin case, books, magazine, gloves shoes, letter, clothes, shirt, oil, 2 jars, &c. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, gloves, book, overalls. SUBWAY—Four umbrellas, pocketbook, pair glasses, pair spectacles, cuff button, pin check, cigars, &c., 4 pairs gloves, book, &c., papers, wall paper, blue prints, books, lace, portfolio, gun, pail, case, can ink, nails, paint brush.

FOUND, May 2—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED: Gloves, pen, keys, rosary, stationery, overalls, shoes, apron, bag, &c. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Five umbrellas, purse, 2 books, advertising matter, keys, 2 pairs gloves, rubbers, flag, jumper, 2 pairs trousers, feathers, necktie, dress, coat, towel, necktie, shirt, apron, &c., jacket, overcoat, razor, liquid, box, package tidies and fan, instrument, whisky, tea. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Eight umbrellas, package books, samples, plans, paper gas, gloves, keys, shoes, paper, dry battery, bag, book, shirt, &c., asbestos covers, brass. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Five umbrellas, pair gloves, rosary, book. SUBWAY: Three umbrellas, parasol, watch, bag, purse, stick pin, cigars, blue print, books, gloves, leather, pencils, shirt, jumper, cloth bag, painter's supplies, package clothes, sheets, overalls, tie, belt, coffee pot.

FOUND, May 3—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA, Fall River Line: Cigar holder, gloves and post cards, stick pin, locket, razor strop, package of papers, cup, pajamas.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
47 W. 42d St. Telephone 3872 Bryant.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:
Otto T. Bannard, President; Jacob H. Schiff,
John R. MacArthur, V. Pres.; Robert W. De Forest,
Paul M. Warburg, Treasurer; Frederick G. Bourne,
V. Everit Macy, Secretary; George Blumenthal,
Francis L. Hine.
EDWARD W. CARPENTER, Manager.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING REQUESTS FOR MALE STENOGRAPHERS AND SALESMEN, AND FEMALE BOOKKEEPERS AND STENOGRAPHERS; COMPETENT APPLICANTS FOR THE ABOVE POSITIONS WILL BE GIVEN OPPORTUNITY TO ACCEPT ANY POSITION WE MAY BE REQUESTED TO FILL, PROVIDING THEIR REFERENCES ARE FAVORABLE, AND THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ORDER.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, office assistants, cashiers, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. Franklin 973.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, competent office help, male, female, wanted immediately. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th.

Domestic Help.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4690—38th.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Domestic Help.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent servants supplied after a careful, thorough investigation of their references.

MISS WILD, Registry Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1,011-1,015-1,017.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

MRS. KERNAGHAN'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.—High-class help, male and female; established 19 years; references most carefully investigated. 6th Av. 'Phone 683—Bryant, New York.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th; bc...; $1,000, guarantees colored help; 1119 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

The Waldorf Bureau of Employment, 12 West 33d St.—Reliable English-speaking servants of all classes and nationalities, (male and female,) with good references, wanted immediately; city and country; bright, airy waiting rooms and no fee charged until placed. Telephone 300 Madison.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, man, wife, useful men, country. Henderson, 110 West 134th St.; telephone 486 Morningside.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET,
BROOKLYN.

Require thoroughly experienced saleswomen for the following departments: Ladies' Shoes, China, and Laces.

ALSO

UPHOLSTERY WORKROOM.—Require several experienced operators on slip covers and awnings. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

BOOKKEEPER.—A1 bookkeeper, 20-25 years of age; must be neat, accurate, Protestant, come well recommended; state salary. H 160 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, experienced double entry; must also be stenographer. Lask Mfg. Co., 110 West 26th St.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—Colored; sleep in; wages $25; good references required. Apply 55 West 55th St., New York City.

FITTERS.
ALTERATION DEPARTMENT requires several thoroughly experienced and competent fitters; applicants must be accustomed to high-class work and come well recommended. Apply in person to Manager of Workroom, fifth floor.

Abraham & Straus,
Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.—With automobile experience preferred; must be a capable stenographer, able to take dictation at a fair rate, and transcribe correctly; knowledge of bookkeeping necessary; work in Tarrytown, N. Y., until September, then New York City; state experience and salary expected. E. D. Perrin, Box 652, Tarrytown, N. Y.

WANTED—Protestant girl for simple general housework; good wages, good home, permanent position; family two and boy; must be neat, able to answer telephone; physician's house. 159 West 91st St.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

YOUNG WOMAN, educated, of good address and refinement, accustomed to meeting business class of people; must be capable of earning $25 per week. Century Company, Union Square.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET,
BROOKLYN.

HANDY MEN.—Require several men handy with tools for coating and boxing, delivery department. Apply to Superintendent of Traffic and Building.

BANK CLERK—21 to 30 years old, living in Brooklyn, who is familiar with ordinary banking practices and who is ambitious to make quick improvement in situation, may form connection with old-established commercial house of Brooklyn; all inquiries strictly confidential. Address H 165 Times.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 2,430, Rochester, N. Y.

HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN for exclusive line, with no competition; commission basis only; must have best references. 830 Trinity Building, New York.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.
Experienced men to sell Lynbrook Estates, consisting of 450 lots in the best residential district; seven minutes from depot; prices low; expenses paid; liberal commission. Frank L. Ferguson, 1,328 Broadway, New York City.

SAILORS for the yacht Volna, about to start on a voyage across the Atlantic. Apply mornings to Count Festetics, Columbia Yacht Club, foot West 86th St.

SALESMAN TO TRAVEL IN THE STATE OF OHIO TO SELL OUR STRONG LINES OF EMBROIDERIES, LACES, AND HANDKERCHIEFS. APPLICATIONS WILL RECEIVE CONSIDERATION ONLY IF ACCOMPANIED BY REFERENCES AND EXPERIENCE. FAMILIARITY WITH THE LINE AND ACQUAINTANCE WITH RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE ESSENTIALLY NECESSARY. CORRESPONDENCE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. ADDRESS IMPORTER, ROOM 600, TRIBUNE BUILDING.

SALESMAN TO REPRESENT LARGE NEW YORK EMBROIDERY AND LACE IMPORTING HOUSE IN THE STATES OF KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE. APPLICATIONS WILL RECEIVE CONSIDERATION ONLY IF ACCOMPANIED BY REFERENCES AND EXPERIENCE. FAMILIARITY WITH THE LINE AND ACQUAINTANCE WITH RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE ESSENTIALLY NECESSARY. CORRESPONDENCE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. ADDRESS RELIABLE, ROOM 600, TRIBUNE BUILDING, NEW YORK.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; hundreds of positions now open, paying from $100 to $500 monthly. Our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get one of them. Write (or call) for it today. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 D., Flatiron Building, New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced salesman for ladies' lingerie dresses for New York City and vicinity; none but those commanding department store trade need apply; good inducements to right party. Altman & Sivins, 34 West 22d St.

SALESMEN wanted; best-advertised real estate proposition in Greater New York; any good salesman can make good on this property; call before 1 o'clock; special arrangements with good men. Johnston, 150 Nassau St., Room 804.

SALESMEN.—A few good stock salesmen can make liberal commissions interesting capitalists and investors in diamond and rubber concessions company; exceptional opportunity. Room 1,103, 505 5th Av.

SOLICITOR.—An excellent opportunity is offered a bright, enegeitc young man soliciting orders for a high class financial weekly; salary and commission to the right man. Address, giving previous experience, if any, H 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.—With automobile experience preferred; must be a capable stenographer, able to take dictation at a fair rate, and transcribe correctly; knowledge of bookkeeping necessary; work in Tarrytown, N. Y., until September, then New York City; state experience and salary expected. E. D. Perrin, Box 652, Tarrytown, N. Y.

LIFE INSURANCE SPECIALTY.—Wanted, experienced field men for special contract work; no competition. Liberty Life Insurance Co., 111 Broadway.

WANTED—Salesmen well acquainted with department store buyers of cloaks and suits, to handle a strong line of ladies' washable suits and auto coats for city and vicinity; liberal inducements to right party. Address in own handwriting, D 133 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A man conversant with banking to assist in sale of stock of large real estate company, now earning good profits and having great possibilities; references given and required. Address Real Estate, D 136 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Office boy for law office; age 15 to 17; Christian family. H 159 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American Protestant, 18-19 years old, in the filing department of a large corporation. B. H. C., 138 Times Downtown.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Agents, Salesmen, we insure men's wages against loss, either accident or illness; pay monthly indemnity; death benefit, any cause, natural or accidental; costs $1 monthly; assets over $200,000; $50 weekly to right men. New York Safety Reserve Fund, 150 Nassau St.

AGENTS.—Sell Waltham watches; $1 weekly payments. World Watch Co., 110 W. 34th.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, six years' experience; moderate salary; good references. D 123 Times Downtown.

COLUMBIA STUDENT, experienced visiting governess, (German and English,) desires Summer engagement in family about June 1; references. Miss J., Teachers College.

CORRESPONDENCE CLERK and STENOGRAPHER.—Unusually capable and efficient; several years' experience; $25 to start. H 147 times.

LADY'S MAID wishes position; does hairdressing, manicuring, and facial massage; call or write to 2,070 Belmont Av., Bronx. Miss Anna Fjader.

LADY'S MAID.—German; good seamstress; best reference. 529 Lexington Av. Telephone 3458 Murray Hill.

RESPONSIBLE position by refined masseuse and trained nurse; reliable, bright, neat, obliging; experienced companion for invalids traveling, housekeeping; highest references. H 154 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Few months' experience; good education; can take and transcribe accurately 100 words a minute; $7. May Connery, D 105 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; good education; can be trusted with confidential correspondence; efficient and intelligent; best reference. D 144 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Touch operator; thoroughly competent all lines; 100 per cent. in grammar, punctuation; refined, educated. Miss Maguire, 247 West 21st St.

STENOGRAPHY and TYPEWRITING.—Expert work at reasonable rates. Miss Hallock, 44 West 38th St.; telephone 4873 Murray Hill.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, careful; any machine; transcribes accurately, intelligently; $12; references. D 71 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, educated; capable of handling any work; operates any machine. Expert, 11 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; competent; capable taking difficult dictations; high-class work. H 144 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young lady; excellent penman and figurer; salary, $9. Hutchison, 316 East 89th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; reads notes well; operates machine neatly; $8. W 44 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY (21) desires position as companion or to take care of children to go away for the Summer. F. B., Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St., City.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.
156 Fifth Av.
Room 923; telephone 2458 Gramercy; audits, investigations, systematizing, reports; books kept for small concerns, trustees, and estates; highest references; reasonable rates.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT BOOKKEEPER examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, familiar all lines, desires opening, closing, auditing, keeping books; terms to suit client. Telephone 2327 John, and I will call.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, cost system expert; reliable work; reasonable charge. Y 138 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, or assistant; American young man; good education; address; experienced; rapid; accurate; understands stenography, typewriting; present employers retiring; furnish exceptional credentials, character, ability. Greer, care of Laurie, 205 West 101st St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2825 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier; 32; high-grade; capable; executive; wide experience; sterling character; ability; best references. Watson, Room 1,822 Park Row Building, N. Y.

CARETAKER.—Very respectable Jewish man and wife, over 50, as caretaker of house, or watchman; willing; useful in any capacity. H 119 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (26,) 4 years experience as garage mechanic and private driving, desires position, any gasolene car; salary, $20 per week; city references. French, Springfield Road, Queens, L. I.

CHAUFFEUR. — German-American, married; position on Buick car; business house or private; city, country; references. Gus, 1,174 Washington Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR or MOTOR BOATMAN.—Mechanic; single; 34; steady, reliable; best of references. Address H. Rostad, 400 West 36th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, single, good mechanic; 3 years' A1 references; city or country. Pierce, 554 West 50th St.

CLERK.—Young man, 22, well experienced assistant bookkeeper and bill clerk, wishes position with reliable house. D 134 Times Downtown.

COACHMAN.—Married; English; 5 feet 4; strictly temperate; good rider; country preferred; references. W. H., care of Atkins, 78 Madison Av., Morristown, N. J.

COACHMAN.—Single man; thoroughly understands his business; present employer can be telephoned, 7244—River. Larkin, 9 West 83d St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COACHMAN AND HANDY MAN.—SINGLE; GOOD REFERENCE. APPLY BOX 377, GREAT NECK, L. I.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY STUDENT EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE can furnish thoroughly competent men and women tutors and companions; also clerks and draftsmen for part time and Summer work. Employment Committee, Sub-station 84, City. Telephone 1400 Morningside.

DESIRE INDOOR position; many years' experience; eight years with last employers. Address Moderate Salary, D 131 Times Downtown.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

DRUGS.—Reliable drug clerk wants position. H., 162 Times.

EIGHT YEARS' experience large merchandise houses and manufacturers. Lewis Rockmore, 1,587 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

FIREMAN.—Young man, 15 years' experience, wishes position. Anderson, 448 West 35th St.

GARDENER or useful man; understands horses; good references. A. Seaman, care of Falkner, 11 Morris St., New Rochelle.

GOOD, neat appearing young man of 21 wishes to connect with wholesale house as salesman; commission only; good talker and can make good. Address Y., 1,418 5th Av.

JAPANESE COOK, butler, (two males,) positions in family needing aristocratic, respectable services, adaptability to style, economical management; references. Wakimoto, 121 West 64th.

MANAGER-SALESMAN, experienced, is open for quantity proposition; city or road; can finance accounts if necessary; exclusive agency considered for live line. Box 25, Richmond Hill, L. I.

MASSAGE.
Scientific, manual, electrical, and vibratory treatments in your home by appointment; graduate Bellevue Hospital. 'Phone 4590 Audubon. 241 West 137th St.
ARTHUR G. ELOOD, R. N.

PHYSICIAN.—Experienced tutor; University graduate; camping, hunting, travelling experience; sociable; Summer opening. H 151 Times.

POSITION WANTED by young man, graduate of law; six years' experience management of large properties; knowledge shorthand, &c. Address H 161 Times.

RELIABLE man, 28; experienced in general where responsibility is required. H., 163 Times.

RESPECTABLE young man, colored, wants position in a respectable old family as general useful man. McCallum, 225 W. 134th St., N.Y.

SALESMAN.—American, 26, married, now employed, wants position traveling in Connecticut and adjacent States; has traveled this territory; is acquainted with general trade and business conditions; open any legitimate proposition; best references. H 156 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced motor truck salesman, executive ability, friction transmission preferred, references furnished. Address D. D. Davis, 722 West 180th St.

SALESMAN AT CLOAKS, knows the line from A to Z, can manage place, wishes to make a change. H 152 Times.

SPANISH technical translations; speedy; accurate; cheap; references. W. Beers, 3750 Broadway. Telephone 490 Audubon.

STENOGRAPHER.—Twelve years with large Broadway house; efficient correspondence clerk; highest qualifications; $12 to start. D 135 Times Downtown.

STONE MASON.—First class; want steady work, city or country. F. Roma, 34 2d St.

VALET, Secretary, Companion.—Never uses tobacco or liquor. Honest, Box H 153 Times.

WANTED—A position as Superintendent of high-class elevator house; good references. G. H. T., 114 West 90th St.

YOUNG MAN, 16, no experience, wants clerical work, office or factory; good penman; neat appearance; start at anything. D 113 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position as bookkeeper or assistant; experienced; best references. W. W., 455 Grand St., Brooklyn.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms, with board; front parlor; Southerners accommoda. I.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; telephone; good table.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Second-story front rooms, excellent surroundings; Summer rates; telephone.

20TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, square room, second floor; bath adjoining.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; comfortable; homelike; parlor; telephone; with good board; $7.

58TH ST., 135 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near "L" and Subway; parlor dining; references.

58TH ST., 358 WEST.—Lady having vacancy for few select boarders; pleasant rooms; conveniences. Sinclair.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Rooms; high-class accommodations; cuisine unexcelled; moderate; references; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, large closets; with or without bath; parlor dining room; excellent table; fine neighborhood; rates reasonable; table board; telephone; doctor's offices; references exchanged.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Pleasant medium rooms; suitable one or two; telephone; references; table boarders.

79TH ST., 185 WEST.—Desirable rooms; single or en suite; transient and permanent guests; excellent table; Summer prices; references exchanged.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Large and hall rooms; high-class house; moderate; table board; references.

82D ST., 8 WEST.
Highest grade cuisine; exceptionally fine rooms; cleanliness; parlor, dining room; individual tables; summer rates.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, with board; large parlor floor room; private bath; furnished to suit; references.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; Summer terms; table guests; telephone; reference.

82D ST., 126 WEST.—Rooms; table board; American family; telephone; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Superior home table, $4; attractive, south, single room, with board, $7.50.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Desirable large, medium rooms; all conveniences; telephone; near "L"; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Large pleasant room; all conveniences; fine closets; near Park, Drive, "L."

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; southern exposure; moderate; telephone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; southern cuisine; refined home service; parlor dining; table guests.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Airy, large, well-furnished rooms; first-class board optional; moderate; references.

126TH ST., 108 WEST.—Desirable rooms; conveniences; Summer terms; near Subway; telephone; table board.

149TH ST., 540 to 546 WEST, Near Broadway Subway.—Most beautiful, healthiest section in city.

"THE AUDUBON."
Comfortably furnished, large, bright, clean rooms, bathroom adjoining; meals the best and plenty; parlor dining rooms; large porch and gardens; a real home.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway at 215th St., OPPOSITE SUBWAY STATION; ONLY PLACE OF ITS KIND IN CITY; FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS; large, small rooms; suites; immense grounds, overlooking Hudson, Palisades, Harlem River. Telephone.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d St.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars; beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; superior table.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

15TH ST., 18 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Front parlor, suitable light business or small family; table board; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small rooms, suites; reasonable; excellent table; transients.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large suites; separate rooms; second floor; private bath; elevator; excellent board.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Second floor; suites and separate rooms, with excellent board; reasonable.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 100.—Desirable river view rooms; private baths; first-class table; fifteen minutes to Manhattan.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Country Board.

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

Long Island.

JEWISH FAMILY with a cottage at Far Rockaway, desire few boarders for Spring and Summer; special rates May and June. Sea View Cottage, Atlantic Av. Phone Far Rockaway 799.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Young foreign gentleman wants board in private family around 113th St. and Broadway. H 142 Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, clean, light rooms; running water; telephone; references.

17TH ST., 44 WEST.—Light parlor, other rooms; $2 up; convenient for transients; shopping district; attractive those appreciate quiet, well-ordered house.

34TH ST., 214 WEST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; baths; hot and cold water; telephone; rent moderate.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, for two men; breakfast optional; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Large room; all conveniences; homelike, comfortable, and quiet; references exchanged.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Large, cheerful rooms; private bath or otherwise; pleasant home.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—One floor; rooms separate, en suite; private house; gentlemen; reference.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, private baths; furnished or unfurnished.

47TH, 53 WEST. — Exceptionally beautiful; with or without private bath; 'phone; breakfasts; clean, refined.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Private American family; elegantly furnished large room, conecting bath; gentleman; reference.

50TH, 156 WEST.—Private room and bath; $2 per day; tourists accommodated.

64TH, 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; all improvements; low rental until September.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath; also suite; select house; Summer rates.

69TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large room, next bath; dressing room, running water, telephone; meals optional.

69TH ST., 129 WEST.—Newly and well-furnished rooms for rent; private bath; references.

71ST ST., 235 WEST.—Large front south room, second floor; private house. Tel. 470 Col.

72D ST., 105 WEST.—One large, finely furnished room; bath; telephone 8380 Columbus.

74TH ST., 180 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room for gentleman; telephone; no other roomers. Raymond.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; private bath; electric light; telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large third-story front room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.
Desirable small room; gentleman; reasonable.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; medium-sized room; southern exposure; newly furnished, decorated; references.

80TH ST., 135 WEST.—Two rooms, rented together or singly; light, airy; Summer rates; references.

81ST ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable large parlor; running water; convenient "L" and Subway; private house.

81ST ST., 200 WEST.—Newly furnished double, single rooms; one flight; telephone convenient. Apartment B.

81ST ST., 202 WEST.—Desirable room; kitchen and piano privileges if desired; $18 month. Hull.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large room; one flight; southern exposure; also parlor floor; sitting, bedroom; bath; electric light; piano; summer rates.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; southern exposure; bath, telephone; gentlemen only; references. Inquire mornings.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable large room, bath; all modern conveniences; also parlor for doctor.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, medium room, dressing room; running water; telephone; convenient "L," Subway.

82D, 113 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, adjoining bath.

82D ST., 125 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, dressing rooms; running water, telephone.

83D ST., 202 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor suite; also single front room, bath; independent entrance; second apartment; private; gentlemen; reference; terms moderate. Johnson.

83D ST., 54 WEST.—Desirable second floor suite or separate; private house; telephone; reasonable.

83D ST., 65 WEST.—Elegant two, three rooms; bath extension; conveniences; $15 weekly; near Park.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful, large room, with bath; private house; references.

85TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large, light room, running water, telephone; private family; reference. Ackley.

85TH ST., 255 WEST.—Furnished room, with connecting bath; two gentlemen or couple; Subway; references.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortable, newly furnished rooms, near bath; running water; select; telephone.

93D ST., 111 WEST.—Sunny, furnished front room; hot, cold running water; private house.

94TH ST., 142 WEST.—Large room, suitable for two; bath adjoining; first-class accommodations; reasonable.

94TH ST., 205 WEST.—Three well-furnished rooms; phone, elevator; reasonable; single, $3.50; evenings. Sander.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Newly furnished pleasant rooms, large and small; near L; moderate. Henderson.

105TH ST., 156 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor suite in apartment, ground floor; all improvements; independent entrance; "L," Subway; no other roomers. Michel.

112TH ST., 504 WEST. (near Broadway.)—Parlor, single or en suite; other rooms; elevator. Wells.

118TH ST., 430 WEST, corner Amsterdam. (Apartment 46.)—Large desirable outside room

MISSING BOOKS AID DEFENSE OF HEINZE

Prosecution Has Difficulty in Connecting Copper King with Pool of 1907.

MOTIVE MUST BE SHOWN

Schulze, the Pool Broker, Remembers Little of the Lost Records—Rulings Against District Attorney.

The combination of missing books, a hostile witness, and adverse rulings of the court on several lines of attempted inquiry brought the Government's case against F. A. Heinze to a virtual standstill at the close of yesterday's session, in so far as that branch of it is concerned which seeks to connect the defendant legally with the speculative manipulation of United Copper stock in the Spring and Summer of 1907 by his brother, Arthur P. Heinze, through the brokerage house of Otto Heinze & Co., composed of the two brothers of Fritz Heinze and Max Schulze.

Heinze is being tried before Judge Hough in the United States Circuit Court on charges of misapplication of funds and overcertification as President of the Mercantile National Bank. The Government depends largely upon its allegation that F. A. Heinze was interested in the United Copper pool to supply the element of intent requisite to spell out a case of misapplication in the long series of loans by the Mercantile National Bank to Otto Heinze & Co. or allied interests on which the pool was supported during nearly its entire existence. Hence the situation created by the combination of circumstances referred to, unless removed by subsequent developments in the trial, means trouble for the misapplication counts of the indictment. A motion is pending from counsel for the defense to dismiss the overcertification counts on which a technical case has been made out.

There were facts elicited at yesterday's session showing that in April, 1907, an F. A. Heinze dividend check on United Copper common went into the bank account through which Max F. Schulze was handling the distribution of dividends to the members of the pool. Similarly it was demonstrated that in October, 1907, F. A. Heinze owned or "represented" holdings of United Copper common which underlay an account that Schulze was then handling for A. P. Heinze. Many checks to F. A. Heinze drawn against the bank account which Schulze admitted he used in his operations for the pool were produced by the Government. But always when a critical point was reached in the testimony the witness declared that he would have to get access to the missing books in order to answer.

Court Ruling Favors Heinze.

The course which this evidence took, although it followed the production the night before of a guarantee from F. A. Heinze on any and all accounts of A. P. Heinze and Max H. Schulze with J. S. Bache & Co., where A. P. Heinze carried a large amount of the pool stock, failed to impress Judge Hough that a legal connection had been established between F. A. Heinze and the pool operations, and he called the lawyers in the case together at the close of the morning session yesterday and told them that, thus far, after listening for two days with the particular view of discovering the legal connection between F. A. Heinze and the pool, he had been unable to see any evidence establishing it. Accordingly last night's adjournment was taken with the defense freely predicting that the case would be taken from the jury before the end of the trial, and there was general rejoicing in the Heinze camp over the generalship represented by the absence of the vital books of Otto Heinze & Co., those pertaining to the Heinze pool in United Copper stock and those of the United Copper Company applying to the transactions in question. The pool books and the private ledgers of Otto Heinze & Co., showing the contributions of the members of that firm to its capital were abstracted from its office some time between Oct. 14 and the receivership of Otto Heinze & Co. The records of the United Copper Company which have been made way with formed the basis of a good deal of litigation last Spring when the Federal Grand Jury had the Heinze case under its consideration.

Yesterday's witness was Max F. Schulze, the floor member of the brokerage firm of Otto Heinze & Co., who was employed individually as broker by his partner, A. P. Heinze, to conduct the pool operations which A. P. Heinze in his individual capacity managed through the firm of which both were members. Otto Heinze & Co., the defense contends, also acted in the matter as an entity quite distinct from the individuals composing it, and the remaining brother, Otto Heinze, was so distinguished from those who were his associates in other matters that in the United Copper pool he was able to call in on his own responsibility the stock that A. P. Heinze had contracted to buy, although not himself a participant in the purchases.

Letter Confronts Schulze.

Schulze found the absence of the books a great help in maintaining this theory of relationships, for invariably where United States Attorney Wise got him in a corner he took refuge behind the statement that he would have to look in the missing books in order to reply. There were some things that bothered Schulze. One was a letter he wrote to the National Park Bank, which the prosecution put in evidence, to this effect:

"This is to advise you that the credit balance to my account is the property of Otto Heinze & Co. You are to honor the signature of Otto Heinze & Co. or that of Otto Heinze in respect to this account."

Leaving the Park Bank letter for the moment, Mr. Wise asked the witness when the first dividend on United Copper was paid during 1907.

"There were various dividends paid in 1907," replied the witness.

"Were there various first dividends paid?" asked Mr. Wise.

Schulze then testified that the first dividend of 1907 was paid on Jan. 30, at the rate of 1½ per cent. quarterly and one-quarter of 1 per cent. extra, out of which F. A. Heinze got a dividend check of $142,652. Asked how much stock F. A. Heinze then held, Schulze said it was some 44,000 shares.

Mr. Wise read the amounts of the dividend checks drawn by the United Copper Company at this time, and all that he read until stopped by Judge Hough, after objection by John B. Stanchfield, chief counsel for the defense, were to the Heinzes, the members of their families, or representatives of their interests. The objection which resulted in the interruption of the reading was based on the contention that it was wasting time to read all the checks into the record.

Mr. Wise passed to the April dividend of 1¾ per cent. on United Copper common stock, and ran down a check for $130,109 to F. A. Heinze. Then he showed the deposit slip of Schulze in the Mercantile National Bank, indicating that on the day this dividend was paid, April 29, Schulze made very heavy deposits in the Mercantile Bank, which included the check for $130,109 to F. A. Heinze. There were also withdrawals from the account of the substantial part of the money deposited. Schulze explained that the entries which might explain these deposits were contained in some of the missing books, but added that the bank was only used as a "clearing house."

As Schulze Explains It.

Mr. Wise asked Schulze to explain what he meant by having the Mercantile Bank a clearing house for these transactions, and the witness explained that he was acting as a trustee for various individuals in respect to their United Copper dividens; that he received the dividend checks as they came in from a variety of sources where the stock was held, deposited them in the Mercantile Bank and other accounts, including that in the National Park Bank, and then checked them out again proportionally to the holdings of the persons for whom he acted. The District Attorney asked to whom the stock belonged on which the dividends were handled in this way, and the witness said that he didn't recall—that the names of the individuals and their proportions were handed to him from time to time by Frederic Eckstein, a clerk in the offices of the United Copper Company.

There was a "little gray book" which the witness consulted from time to time during the operations of 1907. It contained his own entries, but is now among the missing volumes. Mr. Wise asked him if this was the book that he consulted when Otto Heinze got home from Europe in October of 1907 and undertook to ascertain the standing of the pool which Brother Arthur Heinze had been operating for his own amusement during the preceding months. Schulze said he didn't know. He would have to see the book in order to reply.

Mr. Wise asked if the witness had looked into the little gray book in connection with transactions made through such brokerage firms as Bache & Co. and Gross & Kleeburg, who were employed in the United Copper manipulation for the A. P. Heinze account. Schulze said he might have done so.

"Was the name of F. A. Heinze in the book?" asked Mr. Wise.

"I object," said Mr. Stanchfield.

"Objection sustained," remarked the court.

Making a Chain of Evidence.

Schulze said that the transactions which the little gray book contained included a record going back into the pool years of 1905 and 1906, when, it was admitted by the defense, F. A. Heinze was participating in market operations in United Copper. This led the prosecution back to the year 1907, to which it had previously been confined, and Mr. Wise got from the witness the further information, after a long series of questions, that the stockholdings shown in the little gray book in 1907 resulted from these earlier purchases and sales. Schulze even admitted that the stockholdings contained in the little book had to do with the dividend distributions which he made as Trustee, but a moment later he reverted to his original statement that the dividend distributions were apportioned according to papers which Eckstein, the clerk, gave to him.

Mr. Wise produced two sheets of yellow paper containing statements of participation in a holding of over 300,000 shares of United Copper common, at the top of which was the caption "Insiders United Copper Company." The papers, Schulze admitted, were in the handwriting of Eckstein, and he also identified a memorandum in his own handwriting pinned to them, showing that a block of 225,000 shares, exactly half the common stock of the United, had been separated from the larger stockholding covered by the papers.

The United States Attorney wanted to know when Eckstein gave Schulze, or showed him, this statement and when the memorandum was pinned on. The witness squirmed, finally saying that he couldn't remember. Judge Hough announced a ten-minute recess, during which Mr. Stanchfield, Fritz Heinze, and Schulze conferred in the corridor. When Schulze came back on the stand he remembered that the paper had been given to him by Eckstein in 1905 and was entirely clear in this recollection.

"Wasn't that paper given to you on March 20, 1906?" demanded Mr. Wise, referring to the date on which the three admitted earlier pools in United Copper terminated, "and didn't it show the distribution at that time?"

"As far as I now remember, it was 1905," said Schulze.

Mr. Wise tried to introduce the yellow sheets into evidence, but they were ruled out by Judge Hough.

Stand of the Defense Indicated.

Schulze made the admission that there was an account on the pool books which are missing, showing debit and credit entries in the name of F. A. Heinze from 1905 down to August, 1907, but that was as far as Mr. Wise could get in that direction. Mr. Wise tried a new tack, bringing out evidence that between the termination of pools 1, 2, and 3 in March of 1906, and the end of that year, there was a Pool 4, in which F. A. Heinze was a member.

Schulze said that F. A. Heinze objected to the way this pool was being run in August of that year, and directed that nothing further should be done in it for his account, and that the pool was closed, so far as active operations went, on Nov. 12, 1906. But he could not say without the books whether the stock in Pool 4, including F. A. Heinze's shares, were distributed, and was similarly unable to state without the missing books whether Pool 5 of 1907, which A. P. Heinze operated under an agreement whereby his brothers were "to leave the market to him," had its foundation in the stock gathered up in Pool 4.

Mr. Wise gave up Schulze as a witness for the time being, and Mr. Stanchfield, in a brief cross-examination, got A. P. Heinze's personal broker to identify a passbook of the Mercantile National Bank showing a loan of $500,000 to Otto Heinze & Co. on Oct. 14, 1907, and a transcript of the bank account of Otto Heinze, in which a like entry appeared. It is understood that the defense will contend that a loan was actually made to the firm of Otto Heinze & Co. on Oct. 14, 1907, before Vice President O'Brien protested against such action, and that the books were altered after F. A. Heinze decided to provide $500,000 more for his brothers' firm by borrowing the money himself.

GRAPE-NUTS

FAMILY FOOD

Crisp, Toothsome and Requires No Cooking.

A little boy down in N. C. asked his mother to write an account of how Grape-Nuts food had helped their family.

She says Grape-Nuts was first brought to her attention in Charlotte, where she visited.

"While I was there I used the food regularly. I gained about 15 pounds and felt so well that when I returned home I began using Grape-Nuts in the family regularly.

"My little 18-months-old baby shortly after being weaned was very ill with dyspepsia and teething. She was sick nine weeks and we tried everything. She became so emaciated that it was painful to handle her and we thought we were going to lose her. One day a happy thought urged me to try Grape-Nuts soaked in a little warm milk.

"Well, it worked like a charm and she began taking it regularly and improvement set in at once. She is now getting well and round and fat as fast as possible and on Grape-Nuts.

"Some time ago several of the family were stricken with La Grippe at the same time, and during the worst stages we could not relish anything in the shape of food but Grape-Nuts and oranges, everything else nauseating us.

"We all appreciate what your famous food has done for our family."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

ASKS PAY FOR SALE OF HEINZE MINES

Broker Sues Ryan, Whose Syndicate Absorbed Butte Properties, for $252,000.

FORMERLY STENOGRAPHER

Ryan Denies Employing Him to Carry on Negotiations with Heinze for Mines Taken Over.

Supreme Court Justice McCall heard a motion yesterday which derives some collateral interest from the trial of F. Augustus Heinze in the Federal courts. A suit for $252,000 was brought by William W. Johnston, a broker, for services rendered in connection with the transfer of the Heinze copper properties to the Ryan-Cole syndicate. John D. Ryan, President of the Amalgamated Copper Company, is the defendant.

The case came before Justice McCall yesterday on a motion made by H. B. Culver of 37 Liberty Street, attorney for the plaintiff, Johnston, to vacate an order obtained by Sherman & Sterling, attorneys for Ryan, for the examination of Johnston before the trial of the action. Attorney Culver characterized the proposed examination of his client as a fishing excursion.

Johnston alleges in his complaint that Ryan employed him on March 17, 1905, as an intermediary and agent in connection with negotiations with F. Augustus Heinze for the purchase of his mining, smelting, and other interests in Butte, Mon. Johnston says that after his engagement for this work he rendered services from March 17, 1905, until Feb. 13, 1906. He says he gave valuable information and data to Ryan, and arranged meetings between Ryan and Heinze. As a result of these alleged services, he says, the Red Metal Mining Company was incorporated on Feb 24, 1906, with a capital stock of $11,000,000 to take over Heinze's properties. Of this $11,000,000 Heinze is said to have received all but $500,000 in cash, the odd half million going for legal expenses, fees, and disbursements. Johnston alleges he assisted in the actual transfer of the properties.

Some time after the incorporation of the Red Metal Mining Company, Johnston says, the Butte Coalition Mining Company was incorporated for $15,000,000 in New Jersey. Ryan, Johnston alleges, was the chief promoter of this company. Of the $15,000,000 capital of Butte Coalition, Johnston says, $11,000,000 represented the Red Metal Mining Company, and $4,000,000 the Silver Mining Company, which Attorney Culver says was of only nominal value. According to Johnston's complaint Ryan had control of all the stock of the Butte Coalition. In performing his alleged services Johnston says he expended $3,000 of his own money, and that Ryan only gave him $1,000 on account.

Ryan in his answer states that Johnston was formerly his stenographer when he was President of the Anaconda Copper Company, and denies that he employed Johnston to act as his intermediary or agent with Heinze. He says that if any one employed him to act as intermediary it must have been Heinze. He admits paying $1,000 to Johnston, but asserts that it was not on account of any services in arranging the transfer of the Heinze properties to the syndicate of which he and L. A. Cole were the heads.

In a further affidavit Johnston says that he met Ryan in the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria in December, 1904, and Ryan told him:

"You'll be on Easy Street if this deal goes through." Later he met Ryan and asked him what he was going to get for his services, and Ryan said:

"I am carrying 200 shares of Butte Coalition for you."

Johnston admits that he was formerly stenographer to Ryan, but says he resigned to perform the services for which he seeks to collect.

EXPLAINING A TRUST.

Du Pont Powder Company Methods Upheld by Employes in Federal Suit.

The commercial price of dynamite and its fluctuations since the E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Company gained the ascendancy, and the available amount of nitroglycerine in the world's markets formed the chief subjects of consideration in yesterday's testimony in the Powder Trust hearing before a special United States examiner at 90 West Street.

Ex-Senator Spooner, head of the Du Pont corps of attorneys, drew from G. P. Eaton, an employe of the company's development department, that the Du Pont Company used only 10,000 tons of raw materials for the manufacture of dynamite, while there was actually produced in that year 60,000 tons.

The forcing of the Buckeye Company out of business by cutting prices in its territory figured in an effort made by two Du Pont salesmen to explain that the real reason they cut prices was that the Buckeye Company really led the way, and they had to do it to keep even.

The real reason why many powder mills were bought in the West, or mills built to match the output of rivals that would not sell out to the trust, was explained by J. A. Haskell, Vice President of the Du Pont Company, who said it was not a desire to control the market that caused the inauguration of this policy, but the high freight rates which compelled them to manufacture their product as near the consuming centres as possible. Mills bought and abandoned, he said, only indicated that explosions so disastrous had occurred in them that it did not pay to rebuild.

The hearing yesterday was the final one scheduled for this city. The next hearing will be in Washington on May 11.

A SWIMMER, BUT HE DROWNED

Young Boatman Failed to Come Up When He Fell Overboard.

While George Greenwood, a young boatman, of Plum Beach, Sheepshead Bay, was trying yesterday evening to shove free with an oar a motorboat in which he and his brother Jeremiah and a friend, Herbert Montgomery, had been fishing, when it ran aground on a sandbar in Jamaica Bay off the foot of Nostrand Avenue, the boat suddenly lurched forward, and Greenwood fell into the water.

Despite the fact that he was a good swimmer, he did not reappear. His brother and Montgomery dived into the water repeatedly in search of the body, but could neither find it nor touch bottom. Police of the Sheepshead Bay Station dragged the spot with grappling hooks later in the night, but had not recovered the body at midnight.

New Port Surveyor Makes the Rounds.

Major Gen. Nelson H. Henry, who has been appointed Surveyor of the Port by President Taft, started out yesterday on a tour of inspection of his district. He used an automobile and a revenue cutter alternately to cover the territory. The new Surveyor is especially interested in the weighing of sugar and other commodities, and yesterday's inspection gave him the opportunity he desired of seeing conditions as they exist on the piers. He will take office on June 1.

State Spent $326,560,000 in Ten Years.

ALBANY, May 3.—State Controller Williams in a statement to-day said the total receipts of the State during the ten years following Oct. 1, 1899, amounted to $342,025,805, while the disbursements were $326,569,532. The biggest item of expenditure, for the support of State hospitals for the insane, amounted to $54,018,361.

Haskell Trial Adjourned.

TULSA, Oklahoma, May 3.—The trial of Charles N. Haskell, Governor of Oklahoma, and five other men in the Muskogee town lost cases was continued this afternoon until the next term of the Federal Court. The postponement precludes any further hearing in the case during the next five weeks.

FIREMAN HURT SAVING WOMEN

Quirk Ran His Horses Into Elevated Pillar to Avoid Running Her Down.

To avoid running down an old woman who was crossing the street, Fireman Edward Quirk, who was driving the tender to Engine 21, turned his vehicle into an elevated railroad pillar at Second Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street early to-day. Quirk was thrown violently against the pillar and received a scalp wound and a broken leg. Several other firemen were thrown off the tender, but were not hurt.

The fire engine ahead of Quirk made the turn into Twenty-sixth Street, but when Quirk came to turn, the woman was directly in his path. He could not avoid her by swinging his horses to the other side of the street because another engine was coming from that direction, so he headed deliberately for the pillar.

He was hurreid to Bellevue Hospital in Deputy Chief Scully's runabout.

PICKLED PIKE KILL A BULL.

Bovine Walked Into Deserted Cornell Laboratory and Devoured Seven.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 3.—A valuable bull died in the barn of the State College of Agriculture at Cornell University this morning as the result of eating seven pickled pike.

One of the students had been working in the laboratory of the department of limonology and left the door open. The bull, which was loose in the yard, strolled into the room and devoured the fish before the student returned.

The student thought the joke was on him, but it proved to be on the bull.

TETLOW ACCUSED OF BIGAMY.

Twenty-Year-Old Wife Charges Him with Marrying Her Young Sister.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 3.—Col. James T. Tetlow, according to his first wife here, has committed bigamy in marrying her eighteen-year-old sister. Mrs. Tetlow, formerly Miss Clare Jordon, to-day entered suit against her husband, "Col. James T. Tetlow, U. S. A., retired," to whom she has been married less than five months, on this charge. She has furnished her marriage papers to the police. The marriage license records show that Tetlow last Saturday took out a license and was married to Miss Ethel Jordon, the young sister of the woman who claims to be his first wife. Tetlow swore that he had not been previously married. Mrs. Tetlow No. 1, who is only 20 years old, has asked the police to have New York searched for her husband and her sister. Tetlow is 45 years old.

From papers furnished by Mrs. Tetlow her husband was one of the first to reach the crest of San Juan Hill under Roosevelt. It is also stated that he was some years ago decorated with the cross of the French Legion of Honor and that he was the recipient of a commendatory letter from Lord Roberts for bravery on the field in the Boer war, when he was a member of the Fifth Lancers. His wife says he was formerly connected with the First United States Volunteer Cavalry. Last year at New York Tetlow took first prize at the mounted sword contests.

For some months Tetlow has been chief car inspector of the Pressed Steel Car Company at Pittsburg.

GRIGGS HELD FOR PERJURY.

Charged with Misstating Ages in Marrying High School Girl.

TERRYVILLE, Conn., May 3.—Leverett Griggs, son of John C. Griggs, a Vassar College professor, was arrested here this morning on a warrant charging perjury in connection with his marriage at Danbury to Helen B. McLean, a Poughkeepsie schoolgirl.

It is alleged that young Griggs overstated his age and that of Miss McLean in order to obtain the marriage license.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, May 3.—Mrs. Helen B. Griggs, whose elopment with Leverett Griggs, son of Prof. Griggs of Vassar College, has resulted in the young man being arrested for perjury, is still attending the Poughkeepsie High School, and she says she expected to graduate.

She has been practically ostracized by her schoolmates, and there is a movement on foot to prevent her being photographed with the other members for the class picture. Prof. Knowlson, Principal of the High School, says he will not in any way interfere with the girl, as she has a right to attend school if she chooses, and if she quits it will be of her own volition. Mrs. Griggs was selected as one of the commencement day speakers, and she will not be prevented from taking part in that event because of her marriage. She is one of the honor girls of the graduating class. Her marriage, however, will prevent her entering Vassar next Fall.

OLD BOOK FIRM FAILS.

Publishers Are the Chief Creditors of Ammon & Mackel.

Julia G. Ammon and Adolph Mackel, who compose the firm of Ammon & Mackel, booksellers at 81 Chambers Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $33,000 and assets of $25,418, consisting of a stock of 90,000 volumes new and second-hand books valued at $21,000; fixtures worth $500, accounts $3,500, and cash $418.

There are 240 creditors, among whom are the A. L. Burt Company, $1,090; F. A. Archambault, $7,500; the Bobbs-Merrill Company, Indianapolis, $1,067; the Century Company, $699; D. Appleton, $469; Dodd, Mead & Co., $869; the Franklin Building Company, $3,500 rent; the J. B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia, $1,180; Lothrop, Lee & Shepard, Boston, $1,092; the Macmillan Company, $2,044; Anna Petro, $1,000; Harper & Brothers, $37, and Charles Scribner's Sons, $1,188.

Judge Holt appointed Frederick J. Stimson receiver, with a bond of $10,000, and authorized him to continue business twenty days. The business is a very old one, having been established in 1855 by Leggat Brothers, and the firm of Ammon & Mackel purchased it in October, 1901, it is said, for $20,000. Business has been dull for some time past and profits were not as large as in former days.

Julia G. Ammon has individual liabilities of $7,500 and actual assets of $5 cash in bank. Mr. Mackel has individual debts of $36.

YALE SENIORS WON'T MOVE.

Will Remain in Vanderbilt Hall, Though Majority Was for Berkeley Oval.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 3.—The Yale senior class held an all-day ballot today on the question whether to go over to the Berkeley Oval next year or pick quarters in the Vanderbilt dormitory, where Yale senior classes have roomed for years.

The vote resulted in 123 votes for the Oval and 99 in favor of Vanderbilt Hall, but it had been agreed not to move unless three-fourths of the class favored the change in the vote.

STUDENT-TUTORS DO WELL.

A Round Dozen at Princeton Averaging More Than $1,000 a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 3.—In a report issued by the Princeton Tutors' Association to-day appears the statement that $14,000 is the amount which in the last year has found its way into the pockets of the students who make a business of tutoring less studious undergraduates at the rate of $1.50 to $2 an hour. As the total membership of the association is about twelve or thirteen, each tutor averaged a little over $1,000, or more than enough to pay his college expenses for one year.

The Tutors' Association was organized about two years ago, when a number of men who found it necessary to work their way through college established a Summer school for the benefit of men who needed help. It was decided to continue the school during the college year, and now it is a regular unit of the university life.

These tutors also do a profitable business in relieving "pensums." A pensum is an assignment of from five to ten hours' tutoring, and it is imposed upon a student by the Faculty as a punishment for excessive absence from recitations.

The members of the association expect in the very near future to enlarge the scope of their school by preparing men for the taking of the college entrance examinations.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
6:00—1,952 2d Av.; unknown	Slight
9:30—534 E. 11th St.; Meyer Perowsky	$300
11:50—55 E. 103d St.; Annie Greenberg	$25
P. M.	
2:10—289 E. 98th St.; Mrs. Birnbaum	Trifling
2:30—261 Broome St.; Leo Mohel	$400
2:45—338 West 49th St.; John Banzer	Trifling
5:20—292 Grand St.; Simon Cohen	Trifling
8:50—256 E. 10th St.; Maurice Brown	$5
7:20—11 Avenue B; Nathan Grossman	$10
8:00—178th St. and Boston Road; Union Railway Company	Trifling
8:20—312 East Houston St.; Julius Lorber	$20
10:05—198 Chrystie St.; unknown	$5

What Doctors Say About ALCOHOLISM

Continual and abnormal indulgence in whisky, beer or wine eats away the stomach lining and creates a morbid craving for a stimulant. No amount of "will power" can restore the tissues burned and seared by alcohol.

Practically all physicians advise medical treatment in cases of chronic Intemperance. Hospitals and sanitariums all over the land treat patients for the disease of Drunkenness, many of them using the Oppenheimer Treatment, recognized as the best and most effective Treatment for Alcoholism.

Write, call or phone for free literature (mailed sealed, in plain envelope) about the Oppenheimer Treatment. Absolute secrecy and privacy are assured.

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FINDS CRAMSEY HEIR VICTIM OF TRUSTEES

Surrogate Removes Two Aunts from Control of Estate, Accusing Them of Fraud.

RIGHTS OF BOY RESTORED

His Interest, Worth $11,000 or More, Had Been Taken from Him for $500—Called Him Illegitimate.

Surrogate Thomas removed yesterday Mrs. Maria P. Sterling and Mrs. Hannah E. Brown, aunts of J. Edward Cramsey of Dover, N. J., as executrices of the estate of Mrs. Harriet Cramsey and as trustees of the trust fund provided for young Cramsey in the will. He assessed against them the costs of their own removal, and stigmatized their conduct to their ward as highly improper.

Mrs. Harriet Cramsey died in 1897, leaving property valued at $55,000. Of this young Cramsey's share was $11,000 and more. He was induced by what Surrogate Thomas calls fraud and deceit to part with his interest for $500 in cash. At the time he was living in New Jersey under another name, and was not aware of his identity till informed by Charles Archer Sterling, his cousin and son of one of his trustees, who engineered the transaction which deprived him of his rights.

Young Cramsey was the son of Benjamin P. S. Cramsey, and under the terms of his grandmother's will was to inherit his father's share. Young Sterling said he had immediately deeded his interest he had obtained from young Cramsey to his mother and his aunt. The Cramsey boy took the case to the Court of Appeals and established his legitimacy and his rights under the estate of his grandmother, and obtained an order to set aside the transfer of his interests.

Surrogate Thomas refers to the contention of the respondents that they believed their nephew to be illegitimate, and says:

"I agree that a strong belief of this kind may explain why the improper acts of the respondents were performed, but it cannot make those acts right or honest. The respondents searched him out, informed him that he had rights, but tricked and deceived him as to their value; prepared documents for signature in which the fact that he was the legitimate child of his father was recited; demanded and received from him an affidavit of his birth and identity; taught him to sign his real family name to these documents, and then paid him a thoroughly inadequate consideration therefor. I am of opinion that they did believe him legitimate, and the evidence in this proceeding is in accordance with the solemn judgment of the Court of Appeals that he is legitimate.

"To deal with him as legitimate, secretly planning to justify their evil treatment of him by asserting his illegitimacy, was not honest. The respondents were trustees and owed trust duties to the petitioner.

"I am unable to see how I can impute innocence or lack of intention to them. The use by the respondents of trust funds in which the petitioner had an interest, that fact being concealed from him, to induce the transfer by him of his share in the trust fund to other persons, was an 'improper application of money and property in their charge,' and was 'misconduct in the execution of their trust.'

"Restitution says it was too long delayed, and it does not afford complete indemnity for the expenses of the contest and the assaults upon his mother's memory and his own legitimacy."

AMERICAN 42d St., nr. B'way. DAILY MAT. 25c.
AN INSTANTANEOUS HIT!!
LA SONAMBULE
Introducing the Most Sensational of All Dances, LA ROBE DE LA NUIT with NINA PAYNE.
A Bewilderingly Startling, Sensational Offering by G. MOLASSO.
HERALD—"Received with applause."
WORLD—"Clever. Best seen here."
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TRIBUNE—"A decided treat."
PRESS—"Nightgown dance new twist for vaudeville."
TELEGRAPH—"A sensational hit."
COMMERCIAL—"Original, poetic, fascinating."
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"Bon Voyage" means more than a salutation when accompanied by a gift of RIPIN'S BON VOYAGE WINE BASKET. Seasick persons relish sparkling wines when unable to partake of the lightest food. After the wine is gone—*the basket makes a convenient luggage carrier.*

A USEFUL AND SENSIBLE SUBSTITUTE FOR PERISHABLE FRUITS, FLOWERS, Etc.

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WHITE LABEL CHAMPAGNE
SPARKLING BURGUNDY
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At $50, $45, $40 and $35 we have suits made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx that $75 could hardly buy otherwhere.
Exclusive fabrics, exclusive styles and the best of good tailoring. Greater values, in other words, than you can find anywhere in New York.
For the man who wishes to pay $25 we have this to say: We specialize at $25. We insist that at this price Hart, Schaffner & Marx give us Value Extraordinary—and they do. For our $25 lines offer beyond a doubt the greatest clothes values in the world.
We have made some sweeping statements here—but we can prove them CONCLUSIVELY by our clothes. Come in and let us show you the actual garments of which we have spoken.
Suits, $18 to $50
Overcoats, $15 to $40

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME
Entire Block, 6th Ave., 43d-44th Sts. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Eves. 8, 25c.-$1.50.
Entire Circus by 50 Little People | A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth
Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35. Beg. To-morrow Evg.
MARIE DRESSLER TILLIE'S NIGHTMARE
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:20.
DE WOLF HOPPER in A Matinee Idol, with Louise Dresser.
Nazimova's 39TH ST. Theatre 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day, 2:30. MME. NAZIMOVA In Ibsen's LITTLE EYOLF.
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15.
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY This Theatre. Will be Transferred to the Hackett Theatre Monday, May 9. Seats at Hackett To-morrow.
LYRIC THEATRE SPECIAL. Beginning TUESDAY, MAY 10
The WM. A. BRADY (Lim.) ALL-STAR PRODUCTION OF
JIM THE PENMAN
Wilton Lackaye : John Mason
Theodore Roberts : Arthur Forrest
Florence Roberts : Marguerite Clark
Jeffreys Lewis : Grace Reals
Thurlow Bergen : Ernest Glendinning
Frederick Paulding : Louis Massen
Staged by Lawrence Marston.
Seats on Sale To-morrow, 50c. to $2.
Greatest Crime Play Ever Written
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:30.
Mabel Barrison LULU'S HUSBANDS Harry Conor
BROADWAY Thea. B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15.
The JOLLY BACHELORS with NORA BAYES
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:20.
CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15 $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15.
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MADISON SQR. GARDEN Now Twice Daily, 2:15-8:15 Last Two Weeks.
Buffalo Bill's Personal Farewell to New York.
BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST | PAWNEE BILL'S FAR EAST
See the girl that startled New York on Sunday by riding a plunging horse in Central Park without a bridle.
Sensations — Thrills—Hurrahs—Cowboys—Indians—Riders—Cavalry—Battle of Summit Springs—Prairie Fire—Military Tournament All Nations.
Prices, 25c., 50c., 75c., $1, $1.50, according to location. Box Seats, $2.50. Children, Half Price to Matinee Only. Let The Youngsters SEE BUFFALO BILL FOR THE LAST TIME.

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ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. To-day Mat. 50c.-$1.50.
Greatest Comedy Hit in 20 Years. SEVEN DAYS
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Prices 25c. to $1.00.
Two Weeks. THE LION AND THE MOUSE
Bargain Matinee To-day, 25c. and 50c. Regular Mat. To-day & Sat. 2. Evgs. 8:15.
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50.
9TH MONTH H. B. WARNER IN ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. ROSE SYDELL'S LONDON BELLES
COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 25c. to 50c. Eves. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
ALL STAR CAST In T. W. Robertson's Famous Comedy CASTE
GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Closed this week.
NEXT MONDAY.... Seats To-morrow, Henry Miller & CO. in "HER HUSBAND'S WIFE."
THE SPITFIRE Sails 8:15 daily from Lyceum Theatre Wharf.
LYCEUM B'way & 45th St., at 8:15 Mats. Thurs. & Sat 2:15.
Charles Cherry in the new comedy, "THE SPITFIRE."
HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
THE SPENDTHRIFT with EDMUND BREESE.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. Only at 2:15.
"As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy, FRANCIS WILSON and 3 times as funny." THE BACHELOR'S BABY.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. Only at 2.
LAST 10 NIGHTS BEST OF ALL MUSICAL PLAYS. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS.
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:15. Montgomery and Stone In THE OLD TOWN. Note: Last Wednesday Mat. To-day.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St. West of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
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